ENGAGED TO BE MARRIED.

Considered in the abstract, the spectacle of two young people engaged to be married ought to be agreable and interesting. Young people so situated are, generally speaking, happy. Indeed, we have been informed by persons who have gone through the process of falling in love, and being engaged and finally marrying, that it is one of a deeply gratifying character, looked back upon in after life as a bright spot round which many sweet and pleasant recollections cluster. We ought, therefore, to rejoice in beholding young people serenely passing through so important a phase of their existence. We fear, however—such is the perverseity of human nature—that the spectacle is neither agreeable nor interesting to any except doting parents on either side. In fact, at the risk of being deemed unfeeling, we must confess that, as a rule, young people engaged to be married are rather a bore than otherwise. We will assume the engagement to be one of a perfectly satisfactory nature. The gentleman is not notoriously profligate, nor conspicuously ill-bred. He not only possesses a moderate income of his own, but he has the advantage of a fixed profession or employment. Other advantages are his—a father of indulgent temperament, with a perpetual balance at the banker's, an elder brother imprudently devoted to steeple-chasing, a maiden aunt wealthy, and in very indifferent health, an uncle, owner in fee of half-a-dozen houses, with a warm heart and weak intellect. The young lady, too, is not destitute of attractions. Her face is tolerable, her figure not ungainly; there is a *post obit* of a thousand pounds coming to her on "dear papa's decease;" and she will be entitled, as one of five sisters, to a fifth share of the family jewels "when dear mamma is taken from us." We will assume also, as a point not without some slight importance in matrimonial engagements, that the young couple are tenderly attached to one another, or—what for our purpose is much the same thing—imagine themselves to be so. Assume all this to be the case, and yet we adhere to our original position that the presence of the young couple in the social circle is rather a bore than otherwise. Having a short period of leisure at your disposal, you run down from town to pass a few days with an old friend in the country. His eldest daughter is about to be married, and the fortunate man to whom she has given her hand is one of the guests whom you are invited to meet. To this arrangement you make no manner of objection. Narrow and churlish must be that heart which refuses to sympathise with two young people about to enter the married state under the happiest auspices. You quite look forward to the pleasure of offering your sincere congratulations to Araminta Brown, and to the privilege of being introduced to her intended—Captain Spoonbill of the 221 Lancers—a good-natured young fellow with moderate expectations, and a promising pair of moustaches. But your very first evening at Mr. Brown's comfortable mansion somewhat blunts your tender regard for Araminta, and entirely dissipates your interest in Spoonbill. First of all, though faint with hunger—a sensation to which you are not accustomed—you are kept waiting an unconscionably long time for dinner. All the guests are assembled, and the second bell rang twenty minutes since. The butler is hovering about the front hall, and in his uneasy expression of countenance you can plainly read the information that the dinner is rapidly cooling. What is the cause of this mysterious delay? It is entirely on account of Spoonbill and Araminta. The young people have been enjoying a romantic drive in the pony carriage, and had no notion how time flew by. At length they make their appearance—Araminta blushing, Spoonbill absurdly smiling, as if there was anything to smile about—and dinner is announced. You take in a lady in every way suited to your taste, and likely to prove an agreeable companion. But, just as you are cautiously subsiding into your chair, amidst encircling folds of crinoline on either side, the voice of Mrs. Brown, in a tone of soft but irresistible authority, is heard inviting you to be so kind as to sit on the other side of the table. Why? In the confusion of taking places, Araminta and Captain Spoonbill are unfortunately separated, and of course this will never do. Eighteen persons must be shifted to and fro, and made supremely uncomfortable, in order that the young couple may be posted side by side. At length you sink into a chair, and find a deaf old lady on your left, and a stout man—with whom you particularly wished not to be intimate—on your right. During dinner you have to shout common-place remarks into the ear of the lady on the left until you are hoarse, whilst over the wine your stout friend—with whom you did not wish to be intimate—unbosoms himself of a small octavo volume of family secrets, which he assures you he would on no account have communicated to anybody but yourself. However, dinner is a reviving operation, despite all drawbacks, and you wend your way to the drawing-room in a tolerably amiable frame of mind. Araminta chances to be alone on the sofa. Your heart warms towards the daughter of your old friend, and sitting down beside her, coffee-cup in hand, you begin to congratulate her affectionately on the vista of conjugal happiness expanding before her young mind. Very soon you perceive that Araminta is not listening to a word you are saying. Her innocent blue eyes are fixed with an expression of meek adoration on a distant corner of the apartment. Why is this? Surely it is needless to inquire. Yonder stands Spoonbill, twirling his moustache with rather a foolish expression of countenance, conscious that the object of his affection is waiting for him to approach her, yet hesitating to do so whilst the place by her side is occupied. Of course you spring from the sofa at the risk of upsetting your coffee on the Wilton carpet, and resign your place to the embarrassed Spoonbill. The next moment your stout friend—with whom you do not wish to be intimate—grasps you by the arm, resumes his recital of family secrets at the exact point where he left off at the dinner-table, and does not release you until it is time to retire for the night. So much for your first evening at your old friend's house. But the young couple have not done with you yet. Scarce a day passes without special annoyance to some one or other in the family circle entirely on their account. Brown seizes you one morning affectionately by the arm, and hurries you to his library to show you a shelf full of valuable books recently purchased. He opens his library door barely six inches, and suddenly pauses as if he had caught sight of a burglar. A low murmur is heard within. Brown closes the door with the tenderest solicitude, and beats an abrupt retreat. The young couple are engaged in earnest converse, and must not be disturbed. You wander into the shrubberies and plantations, pleased with the notion of roaming just where you please. On turning a corner in the prettiest part of the grounds, of course you come suddenly upon the young couple, and must turn on your heel without a moment's delay, walking in the flurry of the moment head foremost into a holly bush remarkable for its severity of foliage. You take a fancy to fish in Brown's trout stream. An hour's walk under a hot sun brings you to a delightful pool in the river—sheltered, quiet, and shady—where the fish are rising half a dozen at a time, apparently eager for a little sport. You have scarcely entered thoroughly into your work, and have tossed an undersized trout or two into your basket just to get your hand in, when your ear catches a low murmur of voices behind you. You shudder and look round. Spoonbill and Araminta are approaching. There is no help for it. You have a character to maintain for ready tact and innate delicacy of feeling. You decamp without delay, and start for a distant part of the stream where the fish are sulky and unsociable, and the gnats and midges malignantly lively. Again—"the course of true love," as we very well know, does not always run smooth. One evening there is a manifest perturbation in the family circle of the Browns. The young couple are not visible. You catch sight, indeed, of the familiar figure of Spoonbill moodily pacing up and down the flower-terrace—varying his occupation by occasionally stopping to gaze at the moon. Araminta is in her bed-room. Thinking you ascertain by an untasted cup of tea being brought back to the drawing-room by a sister in a state of incipient hysterics, who has vainly endeavoured to effect an entrance into the bed-room. Mr. and Mrs. Brown simultaneously leave the room. Friends and relatives talk in whispers, and a mantle of unmitigated discomfort descends upon the company. After some delay, however, the anxious parents return with smiling countenances. The hysterical sister overcomes an inclination to laugh and sob by hastily swallowing Araminta's discarded tea. The familiar figure of Spoonbill no longer decorates the flower-terrace, but suddenly appears in the outer drawing-room, accompanied by Araminta, smiling sweetly through her tears. The young couple had a little misunderstanding, or "tiff" we believe is the correct expression—a quarrel about the colour of somebody's eyes, or the age of somebody's grandmother, or whether Araminta looked best in muslin or watered silk, or whether Spoonbill's moustaches were as long as Harry Johnson's of the Carbineers, or whether it was Thursday the 21st or Friday the 22nd when the diamond brooch arrived from town—or, to tread upon more delicate ground, a disagreeable and point blank inquiry whether Captain Spoonbill of the 22nd Lancers would solemnly asseverate that he never, in the whole course of his life, entertained the smallest affection for any young lady on the face of the globe save and except his present amiable intended? But whatever the origin of the little unpleasantness, all is now made up and happily settled. The family circle takes courage and begins to talk. Lights are brought in—tea once more handed round—the younger girls sit down to the piano—and Brown, with a face beaming with benevolence, challenges you to chess or billiards as if nothing had happened. This is all very well, but meantime you have spent an exceedingly unpleasant two hours; and, were it not that you are under a solemn compact to attend the wedding, you feel a strong inclination to go to town by the first train to-morrow. On the whole, you arrive at the conclusion, in common with the majority of the family circle, that, as the marriage is to be, the sooner it comes off the better. Parents, however gratified, and friends and relatives, however sympathetic, are apt to feel a trifle exhausted after three or four weeks' entire subservience to the tastes, wishes, and caprices of the happy pair. It is a relief to the household in general when the marriage knot is fairly tied, and the travelling carriage stops the way.

Fresh Arrivals.

THE subscriber has received, per recent arrivals:—
50 hhds. choice retailing Molasses
12 do Muscavado Sugar
250 bbls. Flour, Superior, Extra, State and Superfine.
25 bbls. Navy Bread
25 do Onions
15 boxes Cheese
10 casks Kerosene Oil (best)
20 cans do 5 gallons each (do).
To Arrive, and hourly expected—
40 hhds. Molasses
12 do. Chcice Grocers' Sugar
150 bbls. Flour
50 sides of Sole Leather.
All of which, together with Stock of
Teas, Tobacco, Cigars, Boots, Shoes, &c. &c.
ARE OFFERED AT VERY LOW PRICES.
J. S. CARVELL.

LUMBER.

SPRUCE DEALS and DEAL ENDS,
PINE BOARDS,
Pine Palings
Cedar Shingles,
Sawn do.
Laths and Deal Edging for Sale.
JAMES PURDIE.
Charlottetown, Aug. 12, 1862.

PASTURAGE! PASTURAGE!

GOOD well watered Pasturage, one mile from town. Apply to
GEORGE COLES.
Charlottetown, May 26, 1862.

Scythes! Scythes!!

NASH'S SUPERIOR SCYTHES, 44, 46 and 48 inch. Also, SNEATHS, RAKES, FORKS, &c. &c.
BEER & SONS.
Charlottetown, July 14, 1862.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby cautions all persons from having anything to do with a Note of Hand given by him to one Edward Carragher, Lot 30, for seven pounds, payable on the 1st May, 1863, he not having received value for the same. HENRY C. YOUNG.
Bonshaw, 14th August, 1862.

Fresh Fruit, Spices, Candied Peels, &c.

RAISINS, Currants, seedless Raisin, Candied Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels, Flavoring Essence; Spices; Whole, Ground and Mixed Pure Durham Mustard; Pickles, and Sauces of all kinds; India Curric Powder; Olives, Capers, Baking Powder; Sago; Tapioca, Corn Starch; Rice; Ground and Whole Barley, Pearl and Patent; Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Farina, Scinala, Salad Oil, White Wine and Cider Vinegar; Bromo, Chocolate and Prepared Cocoa, all of best quality and low prices, just received and for sale at
APOTHECARIES' HALL.
Charlottetown, December 23, 1861.

Grain, Grain.

THE highest price given for BARLEY and OATS at
Coles's Brewery and Distillery.
Constantly on hand at prices cheaper than can be purchased in the Market, the best of Rum, Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, and a superior article of old Malt Whiskey. Also —X, XX, and XXX Ale.
Charlottetown, November 14, 1861.

ARCHIBALD WHITE, Blacksmith & Carriage Fitter,

RETURNS thanks to the inhabitants of CHARLOTTETOWN, and the Island generally, for the liberal custom he has received for the last eight years, and begs to acquaint them that he is still at the same stand, SOUTH SIDE of KINGS SQUARE, opposite the store of Messrs. BEER & SONS, where he respectfully solicits a continuance of their PATRONAGE.
He is prepared to execute on liberal terms and at short notice—
Forging and Turning for machinery of all descriptions,
Cast Steel Axes, warranted of the best quality.
☞ CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS and SHIP WORK always on hand.
—ON SALE—
A few superior CARRIAGES very cheap, if applied for immediately.
Ch. Town, P.E.I., June 16, 1862. 3m

ALBERTINE OIL.

THE subscriber has in store 20 Casks ALBERTINE OIL, (made from New Brunswick Coal), which is warranted to burn LONGER and BRIGHTER than any other Oil in the market. For sale very low.
J. S. CARVELL.
August 11, '62. 6i

SUGARS! SUGARS!

THE subscriber has in Store 20 Hhds. SUGAR, Bright Porto Rico and Muscovado, which will be sold as cheap as can be imported.
J. S. CARVELL.
August 11, '62. 4i

Hats and Caps,

IN PANAMA, Leghorn, Felt, Tweed and Cloth. The best variety to be found in the city. BEER & SONS.
Charlottetown, June 9, 1862.

1,500

PAIRS BOOTS and SHOES, in Ladies', Gents', Misses', Youth's and Children's, for sale low by BEER & SONS.
Charlottetown, June 9, 1862.

The London and Liverpool FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, Two Millions Sterling.

THE Subscriber having been appointed from England the Agent of this long established and well known Company, ranking amongst the first in Britain, is prepared to accept proposals and take risks for insurance on all descriptions of property.
W. A. JOHNSTONE, Agent.
April 7th, 1862.

MAILS By Steamer 'Westmorland.'

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THE MAILS for the neighbouring Provinces, etc., will, until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows:—

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, twice in each week, as follows:—The week in which Mails are forwarded to England, on MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, and WEDNESDAY, at 8 o'clock, p.m.; and the following week, on MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For New Brunswick, Canada, and the United States, via Shediac, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY morning, at a quarter past eight o'clock.

For Newfoundland every MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For England, Bermuda, and West Indies, every alternate MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, viz:—

Monday, June 24th		Monday, Sept. 1st	
"	July 7th	"	Sept. 15th
"	July 21st	"	Sept. 29th
"	Aug. 4th	"	Oct. 13th
"	Aug. 18th	"	Oct. 27th

SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS for England and Newfoundland will be made up every Wednesday, in the same week as the above dated Mondays, at 8 o'clock, p.m.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.
General Post Office, June 16, 1862.

THE MAILS

FOR Saint Eleanor's, Princetown, Barrett's Cross, Summerside, and all Mails for delivery by the Western Route, also all Mails for Bedeque, Tryon, &c., and all Mails for the Southern Route, viz: Georgetown, Murray Harbour, Belfast, &c., will, on and after TUESDAY, the 1st of April, be forwarded from the General Post Office at Eight o'clock, a.m., instead of nine, as formerly.

Newspapers to be sent by these Mails must be posted the previous afternoon. Those for the Mail of Monday mornings must be posted on Saturday afternoon.

Letters to be Registered must in all cases be posted at least a quarter of an hour before the time for closing the Mail by which they are to be sent.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.
General Post Office, 27th March, 1862.

NOTICE!

THE Public are requested to take notice that on and after the 1st JULY next, all Letters and Packets posted in any Post Office in this Island, for delivery within this Island, must be PREPAID by STAMPS. Letters posted unpaid, or prepaid in part, will be forwarded to their destination—subject on delivery to the postage chargeable thereon, and also to a FINE of TWO PENCE, currency.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.
General Post Office, Ch. Town, May 28, 1862.

Notice.

WHEREAS, by Order, dated the 10th of August last, made by His Honor the Master of the Rolls, I have been appointed Committee of the Estate of PAUL MABEY, Esquire, who has been adjudged to be of unsound mind, I therefore require all Persons indebted to the said Paul Mabey, for RENT, or otherwise, to make immediate payment to me of the amounts due from them respectively.

And Whereas it appears that the said Paul Mabey, while in such unsound state of mind, executed Conveyances of portions of the Land and Real Estate belonging to him in Charlottetown, Charlottetown Royalty, and elsewhere, I do hereby CAUTION all Persons against dealing in, or conveying any such Lands, or accepting any Conveyances thereof, until the question of the validity or invalidity of such Conveyances, from the said Paul Mabey, shall have been decided by the Court of Chancery. JOSEPH HENSLEY, Committee of Estate.
Office, Lower Great George Street, Charlottetown, 16th December, 1861.

Notice.

WHEREAS by order made in the Court of Chancery by His Honor the Master of the Rolls, dated the 10th day of August instant, the management of the Estate of Paul Mabey, of Charlottetown, Esquire, has been committed to and vested in me the undersigned. Now, therefore, all tenants of the lands of the said Paul Mabey, and other parties indebted to him, are required henceforth to pay the amounts due and to become due from them respectively to me at my Office, in Charlottetown.
JOSEPH HENSLEY.
Charlottetown, August 26, 1861.

Notice of Administration.

ALL PERSONS having any Demands against the ESTATE of the late JAMES W. CAIRNS, of Charlottetown, deceased, are hereby requested to furnish the same, duly attested, on or before the FIRST DAY of OCTOBER next.

And all persons indebted to said Estate are required to come forward and settle the same; as, from various circumstances, legal proceedings must be resorted to immediately for collection, without further notice.

MARY CAIRNS, Administratrix.
Charlottetown, May 14, 1862. tf [May 19.

DENTIFRICE SOAPS, &c.

Rimmell's White Rose Dentifice Soap.
Robinsons' Indexical DentalSoap.
Pelletier's Antiseptic and Aromatic Tooth Soap.
John Gosnell and Co's Cherry Tooth Paste.

THESE DENTAL SOAPS, which are offered as substitutes for all the Powders and Washes heretofore used, are prepared expressly for the TEETH, of

The purest Materials of which Soap can be Made.

They are tasteless, save an agreeable aromatic flavour, imparted to them by the Antiseptic and Astringent properties with which they are combined.

They effectually rid the mouth of the fœtid matter and tartar, which render the breath so impure and disagreeable. They give tone and strength to the gums, and a clear pearly whiteness to the Teeth, preventing the premature decay of those priceless organs, the full value of which is never realized until they are lost to us forever.

THE STEREODESMIC,
OR
DENTISTS' TOOTH BRUSHES.

These TOOTH BRUSHES have been extensively introduced, are highly recommended by the most eminent Dentists, and are warranted to purchasers by JOHN GOSNELL & CO., Inventors and Patentees of the TRICHOSARON HAIR BRUSH.
Only sold in this City by
WM R. WATSON.
☞ A supply of SILVER SOAP recommended as the BEST ARTICLE EVER SEEN for cleaning Plated and Silver Ware.
January 6, 1862. W. R. W.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND CLOTH MANUFACTORY, TRYON.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the very liberal support received in the Cloth dressing business, begs to inform the inhabitants of P. E. Island that he has imported from the best makers in the United States,

Machinery for Carding, Spinning and Weaving,

and shortly (in addition to finishing Cloth) will be prepared to receive Wool for manufacturing into the various descriptions of Cloth usually made in the Colonies. The charge for Picking, Oiling, Carding, Spinning, and Weaving will be

One shilling and three pence per yard.

Other branches in the same proportion. Wool, which must be washed and dried, may be left with H. J. Caldbeck, Sydney Street, Charlottetown, or any of the agents for the Mill, from whom further particulars can be learned.
CHARLES E. STANFIELD.
Tryon, April 21, 1862.

REFRESHMENT and OYSTER SALOON.

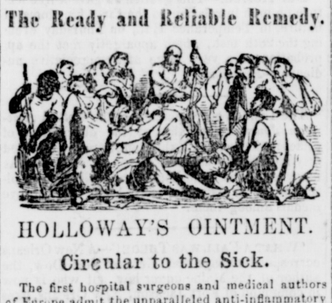
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to announce that he has now OPENED the above SALOON, where he is prepared to furnish every REFRESHEMENT of the season.

The Best of Liquors, Refreshments, and Oysters,

served in all styles, in three minutes, constantly on hand.

The SALOON is furnished in a style of convenience and comfort never before attempted in this City, and the Proprietor trusts that his assiduous attention will warrant a share of public patronage in this enterprize.
J. G. ECKSTADT.
Queen Street, Aug. 4, 1862. 1m

The Ready and Reliable Remedy.



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Circular to the Sick.

The first hospital surgeons and medical authors of Europe admit the unparalleled anti-inflammatory and healing properties of this Ointment; governments sanction its use in their naval and military services; and the masses in this country, and throughout the world, repose the utmost confidence in its curative properties. It penetrates the sources of inflammation and corruption which underlie the external evidences of disease, and neutralizes the fiery elements which feed and exasperate the malady

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas

These are among the most terrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antidote to pain and inflammation.

King's Evil, Fever Sores, Stiff Joints

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every receipt of the pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever Sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

Discharging Ulcers.

A most remarkable and happy change is produced in the appearance of malignant ulcers after a few applications of this Ointment. The surrounding redness vanishes, and granules of healthy flesh begin to take the place of the discharged matter. This process goes on more or less rapidly, until the orifice is filled up with sound material and the ulcer is radically cured.

A Word to Mothers.

The young are the most frequent sufferers from external injuries, and therefore every mother should have this healing preparation constantly at hand. It is an absolute specific for burns, sprains, and bruises, and quickly removes the excrusted sores which sometimes disfigure the heads and faces of children.

Heated Blood, Scorbutic Eruptions.

This Ointment is universally resorted to with the happiest effects by seafarers for easing and curing the skin diseases resulting from the continued use of salted provisions. It is largely and successfully employed by sailors of all nations for curing the scurvy and the annoying eruptions which spring from overheated blood. Its fine cooling properties are invaluable in inflammation, ulcers, or sores, of the legs or feet, and it gives greater ease than any other application to the aches and darting pains, produced by varicose veins or neuralgia, resulting from exposure to cold or wet.

Wounds, Bruises, Burns, and Scalds.

The extent to which mechanical and manufacturing industry in this country has reached, is greater than in any other, therefore the liability to bodily accident has increased in the same ratio. Accidents are lamentably frequent, and often when seemingly trivial in themselves, are made to end fatally from want of due attention and proper remedies. The most powerful curative ever applied to wounds, bruises, burns, or sores of any sort, is Holloway's Ointment. Every tradesman, in fact, every man to whom an accident may happen — and who is there exempt? — should be provided with it against the physical dangers which, though never foreseen, are of hourly occurrence.

Bad Legs, Piles, and Fistulas.

The cures which this Ointment effects in healing Ulcers of long standing, and which have resisted all other applications, as well as in curing bad legs, Piles and Fistulas, have been so countless and so notorious throughout the world, that any effort to give an adequately detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to say that the Ointment has never proved ineffacious.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs	Corns (Softs)	Rheumatism
Bad Breasts	Cancers	Scalds
Burns	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Sore Nipples
Bunions		Sore-throats
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies	Elephantiasis	Skin-diseases
	Fistulas	Scurvy
Coco-bay	Gout	Sore-heads
Chiego-foot	Glandular Swellings	Tumours
Chilblains	Lumbago	Ulcers
Chapped Hands	Piles	Wounds
		Yaws

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s 1½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, 22s, and 33s each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.
June 16, 1862.

Dr. La'mert on Self-preservation.

Price, with Engravings and Cases, 25 cents; by post, 30 cents.

SELF-PRESERVATION; a popular Essay on Nervous and Physical Debility, resulting from injurious habits contracted in youth, or excesses in maturity, which, by prematurely exhausting the functions of Manhood, destroy the happiness of Married Life, or prevent the fulfilment of engagements that constitute the most cherished objects of existence.

By Dr. La'Mert, 37 Bedford Square, London, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh;
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, &c.

The above work contains most useful and interesting information on the physiological changes which occur in the Reproductive System during the periods of youth, puberty, and manhood; and on the due attainment of that degree of functional vigour upon which the hopes of posterity depend. It also points out how all the attributes of Manhood can be preserved to an advanced period of life, how they are lost, and how they can be recovered. It is free from the gross exaggerations, alarming descriptions, and dangerous remedies so generally resorted to by persons, who, practising with false medical qualifications, inflict most serious injuries, and render judicious treatment frequently abortive.

The Author is the only legally qualified practitioner whose name stands on the 'Medical Register' (the sole test of medical qualification), who has been exclusively engaged for a series of years in the treatment of the various functional disorders of the nervous and reproductive system, which, owing to the great discoveries of modern science, are rendered subservient to a rational, simple, and easy mode of treatment.

At home for consultation daily from ten till two, and from six till eight, either personally or by letter.—37 Bedford Square, London, England.

Patients residing in the colonies can be successfully treated by correspondence, and remedies can be forwarded in secresy and safety to any address.

"SELF-PRESERVATION"

may be had of the undermentioned Agents, price 25 cents, free by post, 30 cents:—

HALIFAX, N. S.—Mr. E. G. Fuller, Express Agent.
YARMOUTH, N. S.—Messrs. Young and Baker, Booksellers.
SYDNEY, C. B.—Mr. J. P. Ward, 'News' Office.
ST. JOHN, N. B.—Messrs. H. Chubb and Co., 'Courier' Office.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.—Mr. J. Ings, 'Islander' Office. March 31, 1863.

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR
Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From Emery Edes, a well-known merchant of Oxford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sewin, Houston St., New York.

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sores began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Sloat, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases where more active remedies failed to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Lieu, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness,

are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia,

when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

W. R. WATSON, Wholesale Agent for P. E. Island, and sold by Merchants throughout the Province.
July 21, 1862.

Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.

Cures Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchial Complaints, and all Throat Irritations, leading to

ACTUAL CONSUMPTION.

Its great feature is a freedom from every component which produces debility, and its unerring certainty in all of the above Complaints rests with the fact that it may be used every hour without restraint. Therefore from childhood and its terror, *Whooping Cough*, to old age and its infirmities, allow it to be the companion from the cradle, and the grave will be spared many of its early victims.

Make it your *pocket companion* by day, and your *bedside* friend by night, using it whenever you please.

Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne Cures all Complaints of Nervous and Spasmodic character, such as Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, St Vitas Dance, Tooth and Ear-Ache, Bowel Complaints, Nervous and Spasmodic Sick-Head Ache, to that terror of all nervous dispositions, and probably the chief cause of Insanity,

"LOSS OF SLEEP"

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills. Designed as special assistant to the above-named preparations, when aggravated by Billiousness or Indigestion, and the great substitute for all Mercurial preparations.

THE ECLECTIC PILLS, without the common fatal necessity of almost making a meal of such, will in most cases, by the application of a single Pill, produce all the requirements of a sure, gentle, and reliable

FAMILY PHYSIC.

Let me have your confidence to make trial of the above-named Remedies, as the only sure tribunal by which real character can be attained, and my declaration is that such confidence will not be misplaced. The greater justice is to procure and read the descriptive Pamphlets to be found with all dealers, or will be sent free, by

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL,
Proprietor.
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist, Boston, Mass.
To whom please address all communications.
Prices within reach of all.
Fac-simile of signature over cork of genuine only

W. R. WATSON, General agent for Prince Edward Island; also for sale by T. DESBRISAY, Apothecaries' Hall, and M. W. SKINNER, Charlottetown; and also by all dealers throughout the Island. J. D. B. FRASER, General agent for Pictou, N. S.
Oct. 21, 1861. 1y

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to trust Capt. E. Evans, formerly of the Steamer 'Westmorland,' on my account, as he has not for some time past been in my employ; also, all persons are forbid paying any freight or other bills due the 'Westmorland,' to him, as if they do, they will have to pay the amount again to the subscriber.
C. BOULTENHOUSE.
Charlottetown, P.E.I., 2d June, 1862.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE Medicines have now been before the public for a period of THIRTY YEARS, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

IN MANY THOUSANDS

of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were acquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and indeing them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name.

Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries which boast of vegetable ingredients, the LIFE MEDICINES are purely and solely vegetable; and contain neither *Mercury*, nor *Antimony*, nor *Arsenic* nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

The first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and crudities constantly settling round them; and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual Costiveness with all its train of evils, or sudden Diarrhœa with its imminent dangers. This fact is well-known to all regular anatomists who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of these well informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder; and, by this means, the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs, before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind: *Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-Temper, Langour, and Melancholy*, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence: all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

DIARRHŒA and CHOLERA, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucuous membrane.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in such cases, and the thorough