

MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.

Head Quarters, Charlottetown, June 18, 1842. HIS EXCELLENCY the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to order that the annual inspections of Militia for the present year do take place as follows:— Monday, August 8th—Charlottetown Ferry, Meeting House, Lot 49, Cross Roads to Cherry Valley, Vernon River and Orwell. Tuesday, 9th—Belfast and Flat River. Wednesday, 10th—Cross Road, Montague River, Georgetown, and Meeting House at Brudenell. Thursday, 11th—Lewellin's Cross Road, Clow's Shipyard and Murray Harbour, by the senior Officer present. The Company at the Launching Place by Captain Goff. Monday, August 22d—Tracadie Cross Road, St. Andrews and Morel. Tuesday, 23d—Head of St. Peter's Bay, Goose River, Saint Margaret's and Tulloch. Wednesday, 24th—Surveyor's Inlet. Thursday, 25th—Souris and Bay of Fortune. By Command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, A. LANE, Lt. Col. & Adjutant General

FINAL NOTICE.

WHEREAS many persons are still in the habit of throwing dirt and other nuisances from the yards into the gutters or watercourses, to the obstruction of the water, notwithstanding repeated notifications to the contrary; and also, of leaving carts, trucks, gigs and other vehicles, in the Streets and Squares, contrary to law; and complaints have been preferred to me every day in consequence thereof: Now, after this PUBLIC NOTICE, I am fully determined to prosecute all persons so offending to the full extent of the law. And I also give this last notice to persons in the Country, living in the Seventh District, that if all encroachments on the roads, and obstructions, are not immediately removed, and the roads thrown open to the width required by law, I shall enforce the law against offenders. And whereas many persons, in making new fences, have been in the habit of throwing stumps, stones and rubbish in the Highways, this is to give such persons notice, that they will be proceeded against unless they immediately remove such obstructions. And whereas Hogs have been allowed to run at large, without being ringed, and consequently have greatly injured the roads by rooting and turning them up, this is to inform the owners thereof that all such animals found at large after this notice will be taken up, and disposed of as the law directs. JAMES COLES, Commissioner, 7th District. Charlottetown, 20th June, 1842.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND BOOKS.

The following Works may be had at the Colonial Herald Office, at very low prices:— Henry's Exposition of the Old and New Testament, 3 vols. — Miscellaneous Works, 2 vols. Jenks's Comprehensive Commentary, 6 vols. Horne's Introduction to the Critical Study and Knowledge of the Holy Scriptures, 5 vols. Cruden's Concordance to the Holy Scriptures, 1 vol. Wood's Dictionary of the Bible, 2 vols. Barnes's Notes on the Gospels, 2 vols. Powell, on Apostolical Succession. Edmonson's Elements of Revealed Religion. Clarke's Discourses, on various subjects, 2 vols. The Scottish Pulpit—Sermons by eminent Scottish Divines, 5 vols. Garioch's Sermons, on various subjects. Esdaile's Christian Theology. Innes's Christian Ministry. Russell's Original and Mediatorial Dispensations. Wilson's Popular Inquiry into the Doctrine of Scriptural Types. Clayton's Sketches in Biography, designed to show the influence of Literature on Character and Happiness. The Holy Bible and Book of Common Prayer; with Notes, practical and explanatory, by the Rev. Henry Stebbing, A. M. M. R. S. L., 1 vol. The Church Service; comprising the Book of Common Prayer, New Testament, and proper Lessons; with Notes, by the Rev. Henry Stebbing. The Book of Common Prayer, &c., with Notes, by the Rev. H. Stebbing. Johnson's Lives of the Poets, with Critical Observations on their works, 2 vols. The Spectator, 6 vols. The Diorama, or Amusing Sketches of Life and Manners. Paley's Horæ Pauline. Simi's Records of the Christian Church. The Missionary Gazetteer. The Bee, Fireside Companion, and Evening Tales, containing a great variety of interesting Articles, calculated to blend instruction with delight. The Pleasures of Human Life examined and enumerated; with an entertaining Treatise on Mistakes respecting Pleasure and Happiness, &c., by the Rev. J. Platts. Mrs. Inchbold's Nature and Art. Sketches from Real Life, being Pages from the Portfolio of a Chronicler. Lives of eminent Scotsmen, by the Society of Ancient Scots. Shakespeare's Dramatic Works, embellished with beautiful Wood Engravings, 1 vol. Several Numbers of Blackwood's Magazine. Chambers' Journal, Historical Newspaper, and Information for the People. The Domestic Oracle; a complete System of modern Cookery, &c., by Alexander Murray, M. D. Practical Family Cookery, by Louisa Johnson. Sir Richard Phillips's Million of Facts. Arcana of Science and Art, illustrated with Engravings, 9 vols. Moat's Stenographic Standard. Parker's Parliamentary System of Short Hand. Goldsmith's Animated Nature, 3 vols. 8 vo. The American Negotiator, by J. Wright. Gordon's Geographical Grammar and Gazetteer, 1 vol. 4to. A General Atlas, containing Maps illustrating some important periods in Ancient History, and distinct Maps of the several Empires, Kingdoms and States in the World. Ainsworth's, Walker's, and other Dictionaries, &c. Also, A lot of Juvenile Works, among which are the following:— Miriam and Ellinor, a juvenile Story. Instruction for young Inquirers, &c., by the Rev. W. Innes. Frequent Communion; a series of Letters, by the Rev. John Mason, A. M. Isabella Scott; or Religion better than Riches. The Shipwrecked Irish Boy. The Shipwreck of the Shannon, of Hull, by John Campbell, Surgeon of the Shannon. Youth's Historical Companion, by E. Bellchambers, &c. &c. &c. Charlottetown, August, 1842.

ALL Persons whose Accounts were due to JAMES PURDIE & Co. previous to the First of January last, and those who agreed to pay in Grain or Money during the past Winter, and have neglected to do so, are hereby informed, that unless they pay the amount of their respective Accounts on or before the 10th day of August next, they will be put into the hands of an Attorney, for collection. All Notes, Bonds, &c. now due, are also requested to be settled. Charlottetown, July 29th, 1842.

HEREBY give notice to all persons indebted to me, by Bond, Book-Account, or otherwise, that I have this day appointed Mr. T. Dawson, of Charlottetown, Tanner, my lawful Attorney, to manage all my concerns during my absence from Prince Edward Island. All outstanding debts must be immediately settled, to prevent legal expenses. W. SMARDON. 30th June, 1842.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by Letter of Attorney to recover the outstanding debts of Mr. William Smardon, Saddler, &c. during his absence from the Island, requests all persons indebted to him to make immediate payment to Sylvester O'Keefe, or Edward Mawley, at the Shop of Mr. W. Smardon. THOMAS DAWSON. July 21st, 1842.

FOR BOSTON. The fine, fast-sailing Schooner MAYFLOWER, Horatio Webster, Master, will sail for the above Port on Wednesday next, calling at Pictou. For Freight or passage, apply to the Master, on board, or to Mr. K. Mackenzie, Charlottetown.

WANTED, TO CHARTER FOR BERMUDEA, A VESSEL of 50 or 60 tons burthen, to load with Produce in the Hillsborough, about the first week in October. Inquire of Peter Macgowan, Esquire, Charlottetown, or of the undersigned, at Three Rivers. E. THORNTON. July 27th, 1842.

CONFIRMATION.—Those persons who may be desirous of receiving the rite of Confirmation, and have not yet made application for certificates of qualification, are requested to do so without loss of time, as the Bishop of the Diocese may shortly be expected. The Rector will feel happy in devoting the afternoon of each Wednesday and Saturday, during the interval, to the reception of such pious and well disposed candidates as have already attained the age of 16 years.

STEAM NAVIGATION.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY having every reason to expect the immediate arrival of the St. George, Steamboat, from Liverpool, deem it necessary to call upon the Shareholders for a Third Instalment of Twenty-five Pounds per cent. per Share, to be paid to the Treasurer, on or before THURSDAY, Sept. 1st; and all Shareholders who have not paid up their First and Second Instalments, are requested to do so without further delay. By order of the Directors, CHARLES HENSLEY, Chairman. Aug. 1st, 1842.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

THOSE persons to whom Policies have been issued by the Subscriber, on behalf of the "LONDON LIFE & FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY," are hereby notified, that unless the said Policies are renewed on the day that they become due, they will lose all benefit by the said Insurance. The subscriber still continues to issue Policies from the above office, at moderate rates of premium. CHARLES YOUNG, Agent. Charlottetown, Aug. 2, 1842.

THE JEWS.

ISRAEL RESTORED; or The Scriptural Claims of the Jews upon the Christian Church: Lectures delivered during Lent, 1841, at the Episcopal Chapel, West Street, London, by TWELVE CLERGYMEN OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

Several individuals in this Town having perused the above Lectures (of which, it is believed, there is but a single copy in the Island) with great satisfaction, and very many others being desirous of obtaining the volume containing them for a similar purpose, it was suggested, that their re-delivery, in some convenient place—to which any persons who felt interested in the subject might have access—would be hailed with satisfaction, and at the same time carry out the wishes of the pious and learned authors, that "a mass of scriptural truth and valuable research might be brought before the public, which would be eminently calculated to produce sobriety of judgment concerning those great events which are coming on the earth, and prepare both Jew and Gentile for the advent of Messiah." This suggestion has been adopted, and a suitable Room secured and prepared for the purpose. The Introductory Lecture, by the Rev. T. S. GRIMSHAW, A. M., Rector of Biddenham, Bedfordshire, was read to a tolerably large audience on Wednesday last, although the public generally had not been made acquainted with the circumstance. The attention and interest manifested on this occasion, however, were such as to induce those who have taken an active part in the matter to give the subject greater publicity, through the medium of the press, in order that all who are interested in the subject of these Lectures may, if possible, have an opportunity of hearing them read. The Second Lecture, On the Principles of Prophetic Interpretation, by the Rev. T. R. BIRKS, A. M., Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, will (D. V.) be read on Wednesday evening next, commencing at half past 8 o'clock, in the large Room under the Colonial Herald Printing Office; and all who take an interest in the subject are respectfully invited to attend. The other Lectures (Ten in number) will be delivered in consecutive order, and are as follow:—

- LECTURE III.—The Abrahamic Covenant.—By the Rev. J. W. BROOKS, M. A., Vicar of Clarendon, Retford, and Chaplain to the Right Hon. Lord Fitzgerald and Vesci.
LECTURE IV.—The Covenant with David.—By the Rev. C. J. GOODHART, A. M., Minister of St. Mary's Episcopal Chapel, Reading.
LECTURE V.—The First Restoration from Babylon.—By the Rev. W. W. PYM, Rector of William, Herts.
LECTURE VI.—The Better Covenant considered as the National Covenant of Israel in the Latter Day.—By the Rev. FRANCIS GOODE, M. A., Lecturer of Clapham, Morning Preacher at the Female Orphan Asylum, and late Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge.
LECTURE VII.—The present Dispersion a Moral Warning to the Gentiles, a literal fulfilment of Prophecy, and a sure pledge of their future return.—By the Rev. W. R. FREMANTLE, M. A., Minister of West Street Episcopal Chapel.
LECTURE VIII.—The Recovery of Jerusalem from its long Desolation, and the Restoration of Judah and Israel to the Land of Canaan, in connexion with their Conversion.—By the Rev. E. BICKERSTETH, Rector of Watton, Herts.
LECTURE IX.—The Restoration of Israel, to be anticipated from the unchangeable Nationality of the Jews, and God's miraculous dealings towards them.—By the Rev. A. DALLAS, Chaplain to the Bishop of Winchester, and Rector of Wonston, Hants.
LECTURE X.—The last Tribulation of the Jews, as connected with their Repentance, and preparatory to the Revelation of the Messiah.—By the Rev. HENRY GIRDLESTONE, Rector of Landford, Wilts.
LECTURE XI.—The Advent of Messiah.—By the Rev. W. DALTON, M. A., Incumbent of St. Paul's Church, Wolverhampton.
LECTURE XII.—Practical Improvement.—By the Rev. W. TILSON MARSH, Incumbent of St. Mary's, Leamington Priors, Chaplain to the Marquis of Cholmondeley and to the Earl of Carnarvon. Charlottetown, 5th August, 1842.

G. & W. HEARD,

IN returning thanks for past favours, beg to inform their friends of their REMOVAL to the premises lately occupied by Mr. Smardon, Saddler; and having received their SPRING GOODS, feel assured, from the low prices at which they are marked, of receiving continued support. Also, 25 Tons of Welsh and Scrap Bar Iron; a handsome Mahogany Side-Board, with carved back; Mahogany Sofa; Piano Forte; Cane-seat Chairs, &c., cheap for cash.

LOCK AND GUN SMITH BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public, for the patronage he has hitherto received, and begs leave to inform them, that he has removed from Mr. C. C. Davison's shop to Mr. Cantelo's buildings, opposite the Market-house, where he will continue to work in the above branches as usual. WILLIAM TOOLE. N. B.—Bell hanging, brands neatly cut, & trusses for ruptures made upon an approved principle.

COMMERCIAL INN.

THE Subscriber begs leave to acquaint the public that he has taken the above well known Premises, and having furnished the same with every article requisite for a comfortable BOARDING HOUSE, hopes, by the moderation of his charges, and strict attention to the wishes of those who may favour him with their custom, to merit a continuance of that patronage which was for so many years awarded to his predecessor in that Establishment. DAVID CONNORS. Charlottetown, July 8th, 1842.

PLASTERING.

ALEXANDER MACBETH, PLASTERER, begs to intimate, that he is prepared to contract, on moderate terms, with such persons as may feel disposed to favour him with their support in his line of business; and flatters himself that, by punctuality and good workmanship, he may be favoured with a share of the public patronage. Application to be made at Mr. PALLISTER'S Hotel. Charlottetown, July 30th, 1842.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

MISS M-MURRAY begs leave to acquaint the Inhabitants of Charlottetown and vicinity, that she is now disposing of her Stock, consisting of Ladies' and Children's Bonnets, Men's and Boy's Hats, Dress Caps, Ribbons, Satins, Crapes, Flowers, &c. at Cost. The articles are of a superior quality, and will be disposed of at very low prices. Residence in Sydney Street, next door to Mr. P. Mabey's.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Receiver of the rents and profits of those parts of Lots Eight and Fifty-two, conveyed by the late General Fead, of the Royal Artillery, to the late Andrew Macdonald, requests the Tenants residing thereon to pay all rents and arrears of rent to him without delay. DAVID ROSS, Receiver in Chancery. Hillsborough River, May 1st, 1841.

HALIFAX, Aug. 3.—Her Majesty's ship Illustrious, Vice Admiral Sir CHARLES ADAM, K. C. B. Capt. ENSKINE, arrived on Friday from Bermuda. Sir CHARLES and Lady ADAM, we are happy to state, have returned in good health.

Secretary's Office, July 30th, 1842.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased provisionally to appoint Edward Palmer, Esq. a Member of the Executive Council of this Island.

T. H. HAVILAND.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, accompanied by the Hon. Mr. Haviland, left Charlottetown on the 25th ult., on a tour to the Westward, and returned on Friday, much pleased, we understand, with the fertile appearance of that part of the Island, particularly the Districts of Bedeque, Tryon and Crapaud. During his tour, His Excellency visited St. Eleanor's, where an address was presented to him—Port Hill—Lennox Island, on the anniversary of St. Anne, which gave him an opportunity of seeing assembled, as is their custom on that day, the whole of the tribe of Micmac Indians belonging to this Island, with whose interesting appearance, decked out in their holiday and fanciful dresses, His Excellency was much struck—Princetown Royalty, Bedeque, Tryon, Crapaud and De Sable, calling at Mr. Irving's, of Bonshaw, whom he accompanied over his farm, and greatly extolled his praiseworthy perseverance in redeeming from a dense forest, in the course of four years, the large extent of land which he has in productive cultivation.—Gaz.

We are pleased to see the extensive Emigration contemplated by the British American Association. The Society is just established, with a capital of a Million, sterling, for colonizing these parts of Her Majesty's Dominions; the Duke of Argyll, President, and upwards of Sixty noblemen and influential Gentlemen, Vice Presidents and Council. These efforts to relieve the mother country from her distressed population, and transplant them to these Colonies, where they may, by common exertion, not only obtain the necessaries, but the comforts of life, cannot be too highly appreciated, as relieving her of a superabundant population, and by the Colonies, as a means of developing their dormant treasures and resources.

A branch of the Association has lately been formed for carrying on a Fishery in the Gulf, and have acquired on this Island a large tract of land, at Holland or Casumpeque Harbour. The situation is the most eligible that could have been selected for the purpose, and the land of first rate quality. After the Reports upon the Fisheries we have published in our last and this week's paper, shewing the wealth and advantages they must be to the British nation, it is astonishing that England, with so large an unemployed capital, has not before taken up the enterprise.

It is matter of no trifling congratulation to the Island, that she is selected by the Association, as the seat of the establishment; a ready market will be found for her agricultural produce, and an impetus given to the farmer for further industry and greater exertion.

Settlers will be sent out this Season to prepare for the reception of a large body next year.—Gaz.

LOT THIRTEEN TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—A Tea-party was held in connexion with the above Society, at Mr. Thomas Dougherty's new House, when One hundred of the members and friends partook of the "Cup that cheers, but not inebriates." The tables were tastefully laid out by the young Ladies of Lots Thirteen and Fourteen; the room was decorated with flags, banners, and appropriate mottoes; the whole management, the good order, the peace and harmony that prevailed, drew forth the admiration and applause of all present. At 7 o'clock, the doors were opened to the public; the chair was taken by Mr. John Francis, who addressed the meeting at some length, shewing the advantages resulting from the adoption of Total Abstinence principles, Mr. Rogers, blacksmith, Lot 16; Mr. Grigg, Bideford; and Mr. Bell, Trout River, made appropriate appeals to the audience, and such was the effect produced, that thirty-four new members were added to the Society.

The thanks of the meeting were presented to Mrs. and Miss Yeo, of Port Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Dougherty, and family; Miss Heal, and Miss Montgomery, for their praiseworthy exertions on the occasion. The proceedings closed at half past nine, and all seemed highly pleased, and resolved it should not be the last meeting of the kind in this neighbourhood.—Gaz.

Passengers.

In the Civility, (at Egmont Bay) for Bideford, Messrs. G. Heard, Christopher Cross, Miss Widgery, Miss Abbott.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

- ENTERED. July 30.—Schr. Mayflower, Webster, St John's, N. F.; Goods. Nora Creina, Lund, Pictou; Coals. Aug. 2.—Temperance, Burhoe, Newfoundland; Fish. 3.—Lady Huntley, Harris, Sydney, C. B.; Coals. Relief, Powell, Richibucto, N. B.; Boards. 4.—Mary, Boutillier, Miramichi; Deals. CLEARED. Aug. 1.—Barque Northumberland, Jones, Pugwash; 143 tons Hardwood Timber, 14 Cords Lathwood, 260 Spars. Schr. Helen, Leblanc, Chimegic; Ballast. 2.—New London, Leblanc, Fishing Voyage. 3.—Temperance, Burhoe, Newfoundland; 40 head Cattle, 20 Sheep, 16 quarters Dry Fish. Albion, Fanning, do.; 10,000 feet Boards, 6,000 Shingles. Cousins, Cox, do.; 5,000 feet Plank, 10,000 Shingles. Lark, Howatt, Pictou; ballast. 4.—Saucy Jack, Harrington, Wallace; do.

RICHMOND BAY.

- ENTERED. Schr. Susan, Macdonald, Halifax; Goods. CLEARED. Schr. Elizabeth, Mackay, Miramichi; 25 bls. and 30 bags Flour, 40 bags and 55 bls. Oatmeal, 6 head horned Cattle, 20 Sheep, 16 quarters Dry Fish. Laurel, Bell, St. Pierre; 20 Cords Firewood, 100 Spars, 2 head Cattle, 20 Sheep.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—Sailed, the Steamer St. George, for St. John's, N. F., and Charlottetown, P. E. Island, calling at Cork, for Passengers.

Sailed, on Saturday last, H. M. Brig Sappho, Capt Parry, for England. Arrived, on Thursday last, and remains, H. M. S. Racehorse, Capt. Peel, from Halifax.

MARRIED.

On the 7th July, at the Cathedral, by the Rev. Archdeacon Forster, Edward, son of the late John Sirangman, Esq. of Summerland, Waterford, to Anna Amelia, daughter of the late Hon. F. Goff, of Prince Edward Island. On Wednesday, the 13th ult., by the Rev. Donald Macdonald, Mr. Peter Campbell, Cape Traverse, to Ann, youngest daughter of Mr. Peter Schurman, Bedeque. At Sable, on Thursday last, by Thomas Fairbairn, Esq., J. P. Mr. Augustus Drew, Printer, to Miss Sophia Parkin, both of Charlottetown.

DIED.

At Quebec, on the 16th ult. at the residence of Jeffery Hale, Esq. in the 36th year of his age, the Rev. Joseph Brown, Minister of St. Paul's Chapel, Diamond Harbour, and Evening Lecturer in the Cathedral of that city. The deceased, who resided in this Island for the benefit of his health during the past year, was a clergyman of singular devotedness and worth. His amiable manners, unaffected humility, and habitual piety, endeared him to the heart of every genuine Christian. His weekly lectures, which he continued so long as his health permitted, were so rich in Christian experience, and showed such an intimate acquaintance with the workings of the human heart, and the trials of the Christian warfare, that they were held in high estimation by the pious of all denominations, who crowded to hear them. Mr. Brown was a Divine of the old Puritan School, being a warm advocate of the Doctrines of Grace. Though sincerely attached to the Established Church, he by no means thought it free from imperfection; for, in common with many of her clergy, distinguished for their piety and learning, he was devoutly anxious for such alterations in her forms, and amendments in her discipline, as would increase her purity and secure her efficiency. Though he longed to see the Church restored to her primitive simplicity, spirituality and holiness, he did not think it necessary, in order to uphold his own glory, he did not think it necessary, in order to uphold his own ministerial authority, to disallow the qualifications of those who belonged to other Christian denominations, much less to unchurch or unchristianize them. He was content to stand by the side of or unchristianize them. He was content to stand by the side of the great Apostle, and to say with him, both by his lips and in his heart—Grace be with all who love our Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity.—Eph. vi. 24. He died with a firm reliance on that Saviour, whom he had so often and affectionately exhibited to others, and was followed to the grave by the Bishop and Clergy of his own Church, and the Ministers of every Protestant denomination in the city and neighbourhood, who felt a mournful satisfaction in the city and neighbourhood, who felt a mournful satisfaction in paying this last tribute of respect to one whom they loved in life, and from whom, by faith, they were assured even death should not long divide them.—R. Gaz.

INSTRUMENT FOR BRANDING DESERTERS.—A circular has been issued from the Horse Guards, recommending that the marking of deserters shall hereafter be conducted on an uniform system throughout the army, and directing attention to an instrument recently invented. This instrument, which is of brass, is shaped at the end into the form of the letter D, from the outline of which is protruded, by means of a spring, a series of needle points, which are regulated, by a screw at the end, and by turning which their length may be increased or diminished. By pulling back the nut, after the points are regulated, they recede into the box, when the instrument may be considered charged. A slight pressure on a small lever delivers the needle points, inflicting a puncture on the skin the exact shape of the instrument. These punctures, on being rubbed with a marking fluid composed of a quarter of a pound of pulverised indigo, two sticks of Indian red, and enough water to render it liquid, leave an indelible mark upon the arm or hand of the deserter. This punishment is only to be administered on parade, in the presence of the officers; in the cavalry by the trumpet-major, and in the infantry by the bugle-major, who are to be instructed by the military officer how to apply the instrument. It is, more-over, only to be inflicted in the presence of the surgeon. If marking deserters is considered indispensable, there is no possible means by which it can be accomplished with less pain and more certainty.—United Service Gaz.

THE UNFORTUNATE CIPHER.—The Marseilles Gazette, a few weeks ago, told a curious anecdote relating to one of the first commercial men of the town. This gentleman, having a correspondent on the African coast, bethought him, that, as some members of his family had shown a partiality for monkeys, he might gratify them by sending for one or two specimens from Africa. Accordingly, he wrote to his correspondent to procure two or three of the finest and most admired species, and transmit them to Marseilles. Chance so ordered it, that the merchant, in putting down the ou (in English or), between the figures 2 and 3, made the 0 very prominent, while u remained scarcely visible. Some months afterwards, a ship-porter came in all haste to the old merchant, and announced to him that his menagerie had arrived. "Menagerie!" cried the merchant. "Yes, a menagerie; a whole cargo of monkeys had arrived with his consignment!" The merchant could scarcely credit the announcement, until the letter of his correspondent was put into his hands. In that letter, the African negotiator, a man of the most uncompromising exactitude, excused himself very earnestly for not having been able, with all his exertions, to procure more than 160 monkeys, in place of the 203 ordered; but promised, as soon as possible, to fulfil the entire demand.

The gigantic chimney of the St. Rollox chemical works, Glasgow, was completed last week, and is probably the highest in the world. It rises to the elevation of 436 feet above the ground, or 32 feet higher than the cross which surmounts the enormous pile of St. Paul's Cathedral. The base at the surface of the ground is 40 feet 3 inches in diameter, from which it contracts to a diameter of about 11 feet at the summit. Two millions of bricks have been used in this remarkable structure, which is nearly two hundred feet higher than the loftiest chimneys existing in the neighbourhood of Glasgow.

The Colonial Herald.

CHARLOTTETOWN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1842.

The Steamship COLUMBIA arrived at Halifax from Liverpool, on Saturday morning last, after a passage of only ten days and a-half. We are thus put in possession of English papers to the 19th ult. For the following summary we are indebted to the American News Letter, of July 19, and other sources:—

The proceedings in both Houses of Parliament had been of such a character as to possess no interest to American readers. Each branch of the Legislature is engaged on measures preparatory to closing the present session.

DEATH OF THE DUC D'ORLEANS.—An extraordinary Express from Paris announces the death of the Duke of Orleans on the 13th of July, by being thrown from his Cabriolet, at 12 o'clock, and so injured that he breathed his last at half past 4. The event has caused the greatest excitement. He was the eldest son of the King of the French, and heir to the Throne. The Chambers of Peers and Deputies have been summoned to meet for the choice of a regent—to secure the succession in the family of Louis Philippe, the ministerial party have proposed the Duc de Nemours—the opposition the Duchess d'Orleans—and both parties are preparing for a contest on this point.

The accounts from the manufacturing districts of England continue to be of the most alarming and fearful character. The distress and starvation that exists in every part of the country is appalling in the extreme; and without some improvement in trade immediately takes place, it is difficult to say what will be the result of the movements which are every where taking place. In Staffordshire and other districts of the Potteries, the colliers are going about in bands demanding contributions from the tradesmen; and unless they shortly return to their labours, the potters will be thrown out of work by the want of coal.—Yeomanry and troops are pouring into Newcastle-under-Lyne, and the adjoining places, and serious collisions are hourly expected, though as yet it does not appear that any serious disturbances have occurred. In Manchester, Leeds, and Stockport, the excitement is immense, and some idea of the state of things in the first-named place may be formed from the fact that the following resolution has been adopted at a meeting of the Anti-Corn Law Association held at that place:—

"That believing this country to be on the eve of a revolution, and being utterly without hope that the Legislature will accord justice to the starving millions, a requisition be forthwith prepared, signed, and forwarded to the members for this borough, calling upon them (in conjunction with other Liberal members), to offer every opposition and impediment to the taxation of a prostrate people, for the purpose of a bread-taxing aristocracy—that the wheels of government may be at once arrested through the rejection or prevention of votes of supply."

Public meetings have been held at Leeds, Liverpool, and a variety of other places, at which the speakers have indulged in a strain of language of the most dangerous and revolutionary character. In Stockport, it is stated that the amount paid in wages has been reduced £8,000 per week, and from 8 to 10,000 persons have been deprived of work. A number of additional mills have been closed in Manchester, by which upwards of 600 hands have been deprived of the means of subsistence.

The Anti-Corn Law Conference have issued another Circular, calling upon the people to hold meetings and send deputations to London, to consult with the league, and to seek an interview, not only with Sir Robert Peel, but the whole Cabinet, and lay before the members of the same such an account of the state of trade as shall, it is thought, induce them to prolong the sitting of Parliament, and reconsider the question of a repeal of the corn and other provision laws.

The 56th, 69th, and 76th Regiments have all been ordered home from British North America.

An order has been given for building a stupendous War Steamer—double the size and horse power of the first class steam ships now in the service. Her name is to be the Dragon.

Sir Henry Pottinger is about attempting to bring the Chinese War to a close by a simultaneous attack on Pekin by sea and land.

John Bean, the deformed fellow, who lately snapped a rusty pistol at the Queen has been committed to Newgate for Trial.

Copious extracts from late English papers will be found in previous columns.

LATER FROM JAMAICA.—The Baltimore Sun has received a file of Jamaica papers to the 9th inst. A proclamation has just been issued by Vice Admiral Sir Charles Adam, declaring the port of San Juan de Nicaragua to be blockaded. Grievous exactions on the part of the authorities of Central America, on several of H. B. M. subjects in that country, and refusals of redress, when applied to, are the reasons assigned for the above movement.