

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1888.

VOL. 22.—NO. 98.

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Advertising at moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

## ALMANAC FOR MARCH, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter 4th day, 11h., 13.6m., p. m., W.  
(below horizon.)  
New Moon 12th day, 0h., 8.5m., p. m., S.  
First Quarter 20th day, 4h., 30.9., p. m., S. E.  
Full Moon 27th day, 5h., 55.9m., p. m., E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
	rises	sets	rises	water	length
1 Thursday	6 43	5 41	9 58	0 41	1058
2 Friday	42	42	11 14	1 26	11 1
3 Saturday	40	43	morn	2 14	47
4 Sunday	38	41	0 23	3 11	8
5 Monday	33	47	1 38	4 40	11
6 Tuesday	34	48	2 37	5 53	14
7 Wednesday	32	50	3 32	7 15	18
8 Thursday	30	51	4 20	8 17	21
9 Friday	29	53	5 1	9 7	24
10 Saturday	27	54	5 36	9 47	27
11 Sunday	25	56	6 10	24	31
12 Monday	22	57	6 32	10 56	35
13 Tuesday	21	59	7 2	11 28	38
14 Wednesday	19	6	7 21	11 59	41
15 Thursday	17	1	7 44	morn	44
16 Friday	15	2	8 14	0 30	47
17 Saturday	13	3	8 41	1 2	50
18 Sunday	11	5	9 7	1 39	54
19 Monday	9	6	9 43	2 20	57
20 Tuesday	7	7	10 27	3 9	12 0
21 Wednesday	5	8	11 14	4 13	3
22 Thursday	2	9	12 5	5 33	7
23 Friday	6	10	1 17	6 53	0
24 Saturday	5	58	12 16	8 1	14
25 Sunday	56	13	3 40	8 54	17
26 Monday	54	14	4 57	9 42	20
27 Tuesday	52	15	6 15	10 24	23
28 Wednesday	50	16	7 30	11 4	26
29 Thursday	49	18	8 52	11 46	29
30 Friday	48	20	10 9	12 33	32
31 Saturday	5, 46	22	11 22	1 10	1236

## L. ARTHUR & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
RECEIVERS OF  
Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS  
Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &  
Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,  
BOSTON, MASS.  
May 18, 1887.

## MEDICAL.

Dr. Jenkins & Dr. S. B. Jenkins,

OFFICE:  
GREAT GEORGE STREET,  
Opposite St. Dunstan's Cathedral.  
Feb 24—2m wky tf wky pat her

## B-O-S-T-O-N

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

## THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE  
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Port  
Land, every Tuesday and Thursday at 5.00 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd  
class; \$3.50, 1st class.  
For tickets and other information apply to  
G. A. SHARP, P. E. I. R. Y., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.  
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

Feb. 24, 1888—24 wky

AMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

## MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

BROKERS

—AND—  
Commission Merchants,  
HALIFAX.

Consignments of Island produce will receive  
prompt attention.  
REFERENCES: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier  
Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George  
Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia  
Charlottetown.

## WARREN & JONES,

TEA MERCHANTS,  
71 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINING LANE,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Represented in Canada by MORRISON &  
MUSGRAVE, Halifax.  
Oct. 24, 1887—

## ANOTHER LIST.

OUR LAST SPECIAL OFFERS brought hundreds of extra customers to our Store, and in order to still keep up the supply of Bargains, we have prepared a new list, and ask you to read every item.

As only a few DOLMANS, REDINGOTES and SACQUES remain, we will, in order to make a clean sweep, offer them at ridiculously low prices—so now is your chance. In FANCY ULSTERS and SACQUE CLOTHS, you can have your choice at large discounts, and in TWEEDS our values are of the very best.

Our DRESS GOODS trade has been very large this season, owing to the excellent value we have been giving; but our new reduced prices we expect to cause a genuine rush. Remember, our Stock is Fresh, and we are offering the most Fashionable Trimmings at Large Discounts, and you only need see them to find just what will suit you.

We are to the front with a Choice Stock of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES and INSERTIONS, CASH'S FRILLINGS EDGINGS of all kinds, and a Stock of WHITE COTTONS—the best value we have ever offered.

It Pays to buy your Dry Goods and Millinery at  
**BEER BROS.**

Charlottetown, Feb. 10, 1888.—cod & w

## OVERCOATS, SUITS.

Heavy All-Wool Pants, a Specialty.

KNIT SHIRTS, ALL STYLES.

Flannel Shirts, Linders, &c.

## ALL AT AWAY DOWN PRICES.

**GEO. E. FULL,**  
SIGN OF THE LION, QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Feb. 18, 1888.

## The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

Assets 1st January, 1887. \$38,046,884.56  
Assets in Canada. 673,375.05

This Company offers every advantage of the most undoubted security, liberal contracts, low rates, and prompt payment of losses to the insured.

Policies issued for three years on Dwellings, Churches etc., at reduced rates.

LEONARD MORRIS, Agent, Summerside.  
R. R. FITZGERALD, Agent, Charlottetown.

February 11, 1888—3m 2aw pd

## HOME MANUFACTURES,

VERSUS  
IMPORTED.

OUR New Factory is furnished with the most Modern Labor Saving Machines. We are now able to offer good, reliable home-made Furniture as cheap in price as any imported and guarantee the buyer

**25 Per Cent Better Value for his Money**

We invite careful comparison of Goods and Prices, and feel confident that our patrons save money by trading with us.

Large Stock! New Designs! Cut Prices!

## MARK WRIGHT & CO,

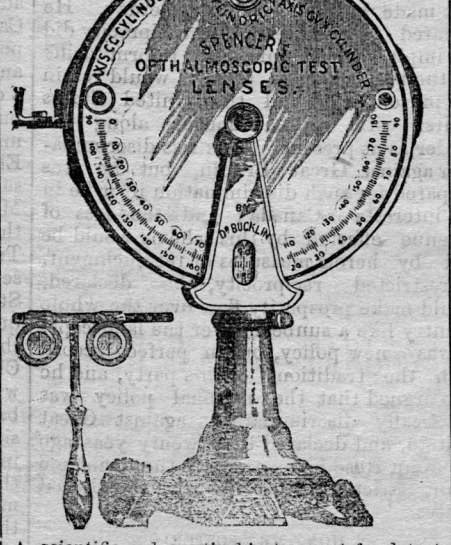
Manufacturers of House, Store, Office, Church and School Furniture.

## UNDERTAKING.

Jan. 6, 1888.

## SPENCER'S OPHTHALMOSCOPIC TEST LENSES

Will Detect All Visual Defects.



A scientific and practical instrument for detecting all optical defects of the eye, and determining the lenses required for their correction. As we use this instrument in adjusting Spectacles and Eye Glasses, we can guarantee satisfaction to our customers in all cases of MYOPIA, or Near Sight, HYPEROPIA, or Far Sight, PRESBYOPIA, or Old Sight, and ASTIGMATISM, or Poor Sight.

Caused by oval eyes, which causes some figures on a clock dial at fifteen feet to look larger than others. This instrument measures each eye separately, a method which all oculists agree is the proper one.

Persons who have had difficulty in obtaining Spectacles to suit them are cordially invited to call and acquaint themselves with the merits of this instrument. SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES always in stock, of the several grades, in frames of Steel, Rubber, Nickel, Celluloid, Silver, Gold, and Spectacles and Eye Glasses other than regular goods in quantities.

Oculists' Prescriptions carefully filled.

## E. W. TAYLOR,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,  
Charlottetown, P. E. I.  
Feb. 28, 1888—2aw & wky

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have this day entered into Co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on a GENERAL COMMISSION AND PRODUCE BUSINESS. The business will be carried on under the firm style of

**RITCHIE BROS. & CO.**  
GEORGE W. RITCHIE,  
J. ANDREW RITCHIE.  
February 1, 1888. 31—mch17

## 1888. MARCH. 1888.

## GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

## OF

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

I intend having the usual Clearance Sale for the month of March. I will offer my entire stock of BOOTS AND SHOES at 20 PER CENT off my usual low prices. This is a genuine Clearance Sale, as all who have bought from me at the last sale know. My stock is the largest and best assortment of Boots and Shoes on P. E. Island. Come right along and get first choice, as I expect to have a big rush for my goods, as I have always done in the past sales.

J. C. SPRAGUE,  
Feb 29—4w eod dy & wky Market Square.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the Sixth day of April, A. D. 1888, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, under a power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the Twenty-sixth day of August, 1879, and made between Angus McDonald, and Mary McDonald, his wife, of the one part, and Francis P. Taylor, of the other part:

ALL that tract, piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being in Lot or Township Number Thirty-two, in Queen's County, Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a stake fixed in the shore of Boughton River; thence running south forty-five degrees west for the distance of ninety-nine chains; thence running north forty-five degrees west for the distance of ten chains; thence running north forty-five degrees east to the shore of Boughton River, and following the course of the shore of said River to the place of commencement, containing One Hundred Acres of Land, a little more or less.

For further particulars apply to Edward J. Hodgson, Solicitor, Charlottetown.  
Dated this Sixth day of March, 1888.  
EDWARD J. HODGSON,  
Assignee of Mortgage.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1888, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Court House in Charlottetown:

ALL that tract, piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being in Lot or Township Number Thirty-two, in Queen's County, Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say:—All that tract, piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being on Lot Number Thirty-two aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: By a line commencing on the west side of the North River Road, at the south-east angle of a Farm of Land in possession of Hugh McEwen, and running westerly along the southern boundary thereof to the south-west angle of said Hugh McEwen's Farm; thence running south five chains; thence east to the North River Road aforesaid; by a line parallel with said Hugh McEwen's southern boundary; thence north along the western side of said road to the place of commencement, containing Thirty-Five Acres of Land, a little more or less.

The above sale is made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the Seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1883, and made between Penelope McKenzie, of the one part, and Johanna Carroll, of the other part.

For further particulars apply at the Office of McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie, Solicitors, Charlottetown.  
Dated this 2nd day of March, A. D. 1888.  
JOHANNA CARROLL  
mch2—4l law mon

## THE PIRATE.

By Sir Walter Scott.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.  
Fly, Fleance, fly!—Thou mayst escape.  
MACBETH.

It was one branch of the various arts by which Norma endeavored to maintain her pretensions to supernatural powers, that she made herself familiarly and practically acquainted with all the secret passes and recesses, whether natural or artificial, which she could hear of, whether by tradition or otherwise, and was by such knowledge, often enabled to perform feats which which were otherwise unaccountable. Thus, when she escaped from the tabernacle atburgh-Westra, it was by a sliding board which covered a secret passage in the wall, known to none but herself and Magnus, who, she was well assured, would not betray her. The profusion, also, with which she lavished a considerable income, otherwise of no use to her, enabled her to procure the earliest intelligence respecting whatever she desired to know, and, at the same time, to secure all other assistance necessary to carry her plans into effect. Cleveland, upon the present occasion, had reason to admire both her sagacity and her resources.

Upon her applying a little forcible pressure, a door which was concealed under some rich wooden sculpture in the screen which divides the eastern aisle from the rest of the Cathedral, opened, and disclosed a dark narrow winding passage, into which she entered, telling Cleveland, in a whisper, to follow, and to be sure he shut the door behind him. He obeyed, and followed her in darkness and silence, sometimes descending steps, of the number of which she always apprised him, sometimes ascending, and often turning at short angles. The air was more free than he could have expected, the passage being ventilated at different parts by unseen and ingeniously contrived spiracles, which communicated with the open air. At length their long course ended, by Norma drawing aside a sliding panel, which opening revealed a wooden, or box-bed, as it is called in Scotland, admitted them into an ancient, but very mean apartment, having a latticed window, and a grained roof. The furniture was much dilapidated; and its only ornaments were, on the one side of the wall, a garland of faded ribbons, such as are used to decorate whale-vessels; and, on the other, an escutcheon, bearing an Earl's arms and coronet, surrounded with the usual emblems of mortality. The mattock and spade, which lay in one corner, together with the appearance of an old man, who, in a rusty black coat, and slouched hat, sat reading by a table, announced that they were in the habitation of the church-warden, or sexton, and in the presence of that respectable functionary.

When his attention was attracted by the noise of the sliding panel, he arose, and, testifying much respect, but no surprise, took his shadowy hat from his thin gray locks, and stood uncovered in the presence of Norma with an air of profound humility.

"Be faithful," said Norma to the old man, "and beware you shew not any living mortal the secret path to the Sanctuary."  
The old man bowed, in token of obedience and of thanks, for she put money in his hand as she spoke. With a faltering voice, he expressed his hope that she would remember his son, who was on the Greenland voyage, that he might return fortunate and safe, as he had done last year, when he brought back the garland, pointing to that upon the wall.

"My cauldron shall boil, and my rhyme shall be said, in his behalf," answered Norma. "Waits Paolet with me to the horses?"  
The old Sexton assented, and the Pythones, commanding Cleveland to follow her, went through a back door of the apartment into a small garden, corresponding, in its desolate appearance, to the habitation they had just quitted. The low and broken wall easily permitted them to pass into another and larger garden, though not much better kept, and a gate, which was upon the latch, led them into a long and winding lane, through which Norma having whispered to her companion, that it was the only dangerous place on their road, they walked with a hasty pace. It was now nearly dark, and the inhabitants of the poor dwellings, on either hand, had taken themselves to their houses. They saw only one woman, who was looking from her door, but blessed herself, and retired into her house with precipitation, when she saw the tall figure of Norma walk past her with long strides. The lane conducted them into the country, where the dwarf waited with three horses, enclosed behind the wall of a deserted shed. On one of these Norma instantly seated herself, Cleveland mounted another and, followed by Paolet on the third, they moved sharply on through the darkness; the active and spirited animals on which they rode being of a breed rather taller than those reared in Zealand.

After more than an hour's smart riding, in which Norma acted as guide, they stopped before a hovel, so utterly desolate in appearance, that it resembled rather a cattle-shed than a cottage.

"Here you may remain till dawn, when your signal can be seen from your vessel," said Norma, consigning the horses to the care of Paolet, and leading the way into the wretched hovel, which she presently illuminated by lighting the small iron lamp which she usually carried along with her. "It is a poor," she said, "but a safe place of refuge; for were we pursued hither, the earth would yawn and admit us into its recesses ere you were taken. For know, that this ground is sacred to the Gods of Valhalla.—And now say, man of mischief and of blood, are you friend or foe to Norma, the sole priestess of these disowned deities?"

"How is it possible for me to be your enemy?" said Cleveland.—"Common gratitude," said Norma.—"Common gratitude," said Norma, interrupting him, "is a common word—and words are the common pay which fools accept at the hands of knaves; but Norma must be requited by actions—by sacrifices."

"Well, mother, name your request."  
"That you never seek to see Minna Troil again, and that you leave this coast in twenty-four hours," answered Norma.

"It is impossible," said the Captain: "I cannot be soon enough found in the sea-stores which the sloop must have."  
"You can. I will take care you are fully supplied; and Cathness and the Hebrides are not far distant—you can depart if you will."  
(To be continued.)

## Which is the Best Wheat?

PROFESSOR SAUNDERS GIVES THE RESULT OF SOME INTERESTING EXPERIMENTS.

To the Immigration and Colonization Committee, a few days ago, Professor Saunders explained that so far, this season, 680 samples of seed grain had been tested. He also spoke of Ladoga wheat obtained from a district in Russia, 480 miles north of Ottawa and 600 miles north of Winnipeg. They had 67 returns in of results obtained. Three pounds of grain having been sent out in each instance. Only twenty returns had been received from Ontario. The smallest yield was 10 lbs., and the highest 60, an average of 27, which would make an average of 18 bushels to the acre. The earliest ripening in Ontario was 69 days, the latest 112, average 90. In Quebec the largest return was 40 lbs., and the smallest 6, an average of 19 lbs., making about 12 bushels to the acre. The earliest period of ripening was 79 days and the latest 100, an average of 85. In Nova Scotia the largest yield was 89 lbs., the smallest 20, an average of 53; the earliest period of ripening 95 days, and the latest 126, average 102. In New Brunswick the largest yield was 60 lbs., the smallest 8, average 32; the average period of ripening 57 days. In Manitoba the largest yield was 165 lbs., the smallest 30, an average of 76, which would be an average of about 58 bushels to the acre; earliest period of ripening 75 days, latest 139, average 102. Out of 83 cases there were 37 reported to have rusted and 12 affected with smut. In the Northwest Territories no cases of rust were reported. The earliest period of ripening was 80 days, the latest 125, the average 105, which would make about 50 bushels to the acre; the largest yield was 236 lbs., the smallest 21, the average 85. This was a very exceptional case. In British Columbia the largest yield was 112 lbs., the smallest 64, the average 88; average period of ripening, 93 days. Over the whole Dominion the average period of ripening was 96 days, and the average yield 53 lbs., or equal to about 38 bushels to the acre. They were getting some other varieties of wheat as well as oats and barley from farther north in Russia from the Arctic circle. Professor Saunders outlined his experiments for the coming season with reference to grasses for stock raising, fruit trees and forest trees. The experimental station for the Maritime Provinces would be placed six miles from Amherst, near the point of junction between Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. In answer to a question, Professor Saunders said he would recommend that wherever Red Fife wheat could be grown, it should be continued; but there were many districts in the Northwest Territories where Red Fife could not be grown on account of early frosts. The reports which had been received would tend to show that the Ladoga wheat would succeed there, and as to its quality reports differed, but it was fair to assume from general opinion that it would grade very close upon the best quality of Red Fife.

## The Bulgarian Question.

The Czar has had his way in his efforts to humiliate Prince Ferdinand. He did not succeed in persuading the powers to send a collective note calling for the Prince's deposition. They had all long since conceded—as they could not help doing—that Prince Ferdinand had been premature in starting for Sofia. They could not deny that he had been legally elected through Russia's contention all along has been that the process by which the expression of the popular will was obtained was illegitimate. It has never recognized the authority of the regency, affecting to look upon it as a usurpation. But Prince Ferdinand knows well enough that, if he had waited till the powers should confirm his election, there was one of them that would withhold confirmation. As he was determined to accept the position offered him, he thought he might as well go at once as defer his departure indefinitely. The Powers knew of his departure and could have protested, but they allowed him to go, trusting to the chance of Russia accepting his accession as an accomplished fact. Turkey, after virtually acquiescing, has stultified itself now by yielding to Russia and serving on the Prince a notice to quit. But, if, as seems certain, he, with the support of his people, will continue to disregard the notice, what is the Porte to do? It surely will not try to force his resignation, and even Russian audacity is likely to stop short of a resort to arms to eject a prince from the country which he was invited to rule. Even if he resigned or were driven out, the question would be as far from solution as ever, as long as Bulgaria has the elective power and declines to elect Russia's nominee.

A gentleman travelling, in the Northwest writes as follows on Feb. 24:—

"Arrived here after a beautiful trip from Calgary, scenery fine, reminding one of Switzerland after a hot call in a hot cave of 100 feet in circumference; temperature 95. We start for the new hotel—4 miles off—then to hotter springs, then to the anthracite coal region, passing through all the finest ranches, seeing number of Blackfoot Indians on their horses in native costume. After leaving Calgary we rode through thousands of horses and cattle on south side of track, and sheep on north side. The country from Winnipeg to Broadview was very prosperous and productive, and there again I am to-day. The farmers are all well contented, and all the trouble comes from Winnepegors."

## Children Starving to Death

On account of their inability to digest food, will find a most marvellous food and remedy in Scott's Emulsion. Very palatable and easily digested. Dr. S. W. Cohen of Waco, Texas, says: "I have used your Emulsion in infantile wasting. It not only restored wasted tissues, but gives strength, and increases the appetite." ma 41