The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1882 VOL 11.--NO. 72.

THE DAILY EXAMINER
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, - - P. E. Island.

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Three Months, - - - 1 25
One Month, - - - 0 50

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ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Third Quarter 6th day, 2h. 0m., a. m., S. E.
New Moon 13th day, 4h. 58m, p. m., W.
First Quarter, 21st day, 8h. 42m. p. m., S.W.
Full Moon, 28th day, 5h. 5m , p m., E.

D M	DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Days len'h.
		h m	h m	att'n	morn	
1	Tuesday	4 47	7 25	8 14	11 52	
2	Wednesday	49	23	8 44	aft 32	
3	Thursday	50	22	9 14	1 13	
4	Friday	51	21	9 47	1 58	
5	Saturday	52	19	10 24	2 48	
6	Sunday	53	18	11 6	3 54	14 25
7	Monday	55	16	11 54	5 16	
8	Tuesday	56	15	morn	6 37	
9	Wednesday	57	13	0 49	7 49	
10	Thursday	58	12	1 47	8 42	
11	Friday	59	10	2 48	9 25	
12	Saturday	5 1	9	3 49	10 4	
13	Sunday	2	7	4 52	10 37	14 07
14	Monday	3	6	5 53	11 8	
15	Tuesday	4	4	6 54	11 39	
16	Wednesday	6	2	7 56	morn	
17	Thursday	7	1	8 54	0 10	
18	Friday	8	6 59	9 54	0 41	
19	Saturday	9	57	10 55	1 4	
20	Sunday	11	56	11 56	1 51	13 47
21	Monday	12	54	aft 56	2 35	
22	Tuesday	13	52	1 55	3 30	
23	Wednesday	14	40	2 50	4 42	
24	Thursday	15	48	3 40	6 11	
25	Friday	17	46	4 24	7 30	
26	Saturday	18	45	5 4	8 34	
27	Sunday	19	43	5 39	9 25	12 26
28	Monday	21	41	6 11	10 11	
29	Tuesday	22	40	6 41	10 53	
30	Wednesday	23	37	7 13	11 33	
31	Thursday	5 24	5 24	7 46	aft 13	

Bank of Nova Scotia.

ESTABLISHED 1832,

Paid Up Capital . . . $1,000,000
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on Monday next, 19th inst., in the building lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward Island, under the management of the undersigned.

Deposits will be received on interest, and on current account.

Drafts granted on the various Agencies and correspondents of the Bank.

Sterling and other Exchange bought and sold, and general banking business transacted

D. C. CHALMERS,
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—tf Agent.

INSURANCE OFFICE.

Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

City of London Fire Insurance Company.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Insurance effected on all kinds of property at current rates. Losses settled promptly and equitably.

F. KENNEDY,
General Agent.
Office—South Side, Queen Square.
Ch'town, Feb. 3 1882.

W. C. BISHOP,

SHIPPING
—AND—
FORWARDING AGENT,
Marine Insurance Broker,
—AND—
General Commission Agent,
BEDFORD ROW.
P. O. BOX 1 . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks thereon.

Hulls, Cargoes, and Freights insured in first-class offices at most favorable rates.

Consignments of Produce solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed.

Correspondence solicited and answered promptly.

Nov. 14, 1881—1yr

To Shippers of Produce to Newfoundland.

BOWN & WOODS,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
ST. JOHN'S, N.F.,

Give particular attention to Shipments from Prince Edward Island. Consignments Solicited.

REFERENCES—
The Manager Union Bank, St. John's, N.F
Messrs. C. F. Bennett & Co., "
Messrs. Ayre & Marshall, "
John H. Cathrae, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
April 24, '82—pat 2m eod w 2m

BRITISH WAREHOUSE,

QUEEN SQUARE.

—:o:—

IN the month of May W. & A. BROWN & CO. opened about

148 CASES DRY GOODS,

from which they are still supplying largely to the WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE at very close prices.

Every Department of their Establishment is Kept Replenished
BY WEEKLY STEAMERS.

100 Chests of Superior Congou Tea,
IN STOCK AT VERY LOW PRICES.

6072 GRAIN BAGS Daily Expected.

Charlottetown, July 26, 1882.

GREAT CLOSING UP AT

83 QUEEN STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS in Dress Goods, Tweeds, Winceys, Silks, Curtains, and all kinds of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS. Come early and secure Bargains.

N. B.—Customers will please not ask credit, as sales are for cash only; hence bargains. Parties owing accounts will please call and settle without delay.

D. A. BRUCE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that can be had in the market, in

Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian Tweed Suits.

A magnificent range of

GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
—IN—
AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS

Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.

Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises, fashionably cut, well sewed, and having good trimmings,

Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.

We invite you to inspect our Goods.

D. A. BRUCE,
72 Queen Street.
Charlottetown, May 22, '82.

Beautiful Summer Resort.

—o:o—

THE SEASIDE HOTEL,

(UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE),

Rustico Beach, - - P. E. Island.

—:o:—

THIS beautifully-situated and well-known establishment will be opened from July 1st till September 10th, for the accommodation of Guests and Visitors.

RATES—$1.75 per day; $10 per week; $32 per month.

TO REACH THE HOTEL—Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a m. Also, arrangements have been made with Mr Bagnall to meet trains from all points at Hunter River, for passengers to Seaside, seven miles.

Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6.45, 9.20, a. m., and 4.20 p. m.
" " Hunter River for Charlottetown, 9 a. m., 2.11 and 7 p m.
" " Hunter River to Summerside 7.45, 11.10 a. m., and 5.42 p. m.

Address,
JOHN NEWSON & CO.,
CHARLOTTETOWN.
June 24, 12

EDWARD T. RUSSELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
213 STATE STREET
BOSTON, MASS.
May 19, 1882—6m

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
Particular attention given to the sale of Island produce.
121 Atlantic Avenue & 20 Essex Avenue,
BOSTON, MASS.
May 17, 1882—wkly

ENCOURAGE
Home Manufactures.

THE Subscriber has on hand and is always manufacturing
SINGLE, DOUBLE and BOW BACK CHAIRS,
ARM and NURSE ROCKERS,
CHILDRENS' and MISSES' CHAIRS, in Great Variety,

All made of Hardwood and the best material. Warranted Cheapest and Best in the City.

WANTED—A smart, steady Boy, to learn the trade.

THOS. GREEN,
Great George Street,
Second door from W. E. Dawson's Hardware Store, Charlottetown.
aug2

Tickets to all Points
WEST AND NORTH WEST,
Over the Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Railways.

For sale at Post Office at Pictou Landing by
D. A. McLEOD.
May 2, 1882.

BAGNALL & ROBINS,
SURGEON DENTISTS,

NEWSON'S BUILDING,
OPP. POST OFFICE, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.
June 5, 1882—1aw

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
COAL DEPOT.

ALWAYS ON HAND, PICTOU ROUND and NUT COAL, which will be sold as cheap as any in the city.
Terms cash.
CAPT. J. HUGHES.
Ch'town, June 7, 82—6m 2aw pat pres

NOVA SCOTIA
Marine Insurance Association.

THE undersigned has been appointed Agent in P. E. Island for the above Association, and is prepared to cover Hulls, Cargoes and Freights at current rates.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN.
Ch'town, July 17, '82—2aw tf pd

Dental Notice.

DR. EATON, with a view to introduce his practice of Dentistry in this City, will be prepared to give his services for the next few months, at greatly reduced prices. Satisfaction in every Branch of Dentistry guaranteed.

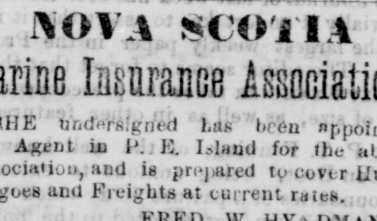
Office of Drs. Hyde & Eaton, Great George Street, Charlottetown.

RECOMMENDATION.

From a personal acquaintance with G. W. EATON, Esq., for some years past, and with his practice of Dentistry, I take much pleasure in recommending him to any who are in need of a competent Dentist.

A. C. COGSWELL, D. D. S.
Halifax, July 4, 1882.
jy 25 1w, wkly 2w, 1aw 2m

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE



Is a Sure, Prompt and Effectual Remedy for *Nervousness in ALL its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweat Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, and General Loss of Power.* It repairs *Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative Organs.* The experience of thousands proves it an INVALUABLE REMEDY. The Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box contains sufficient for two week's medication, and is *the cheapest and best.* Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at 50 cts. per box, or 12 boxes for $5, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by addressing

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada
Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries' Hall Co. Agents for Prince Edward Island, and by all Druggists everywhere. 1y 11'00 wk

The Canadian Suspects.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Cornelius and Matthew Flaherty, who, on a recent visit to Ireland, were captured by the Irish police and locked up on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Lord Cavendish and Mr. Burke, have given a full description of their experience as Canadian suspects. Cornelius, in an interview, says:—On the afternoon of the 11th of July, shortly after having finished dinner, we were sitting comfortably in a room of the house of our aunt at Ballyduff, when we were rather surprised to see three officers step into the house. One of them walked up to each of us and tapped us on the shoulder, saying, "You're my prisoner in the Queen's name." This was about four o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, and we asked the cause of our arrest, but no reason was given. We were then taken to Ballybouin, and kept in custody until 11 30 in the evening, when they came to take us away again. I (Cornelius) objected to go out at that late hour on account of Mat's delicate health, but they paid no attention to what we said, and we were compelled to go to Listowel, some nine miles away. On reaching that place we were lodged in the police station, where they wanted to lock me in the cell, but Mat said he would accompany me, and so they let me stop in an outer room. We were kept here until one o'clock on the following afternoon, when we were taken up-stairs to the office of Mr. Massie, the magistrate. There was no examination at all, but the magistrate told us we were remanded for eight days until they could get further evidence of our being concerned in the murder of Cavendish and Burke. Then we produced the certificates given to us before we left this city by Mayor Meredith, and having the seal of the city of London, but they said anyone could write that, sneered at the papers, and hardly looked at the credentials. They next marched us off to Tralee gaol, which we found in a dirty, filthy condition. The fare was very poor, and the dishes seemed not to have been cleaned for a long time. When the doors of the prisoners' cells were opened the stench was terrible, and could hardly be borne at first. The tea they gave us was served in a dirty tin, and was so greasy and bad that it served the purpose of both physic and medicine. The first time I drank it I became sick, and was ill for three days from the effects of drinking the stuff. We were kept in confinement from Tuesday until the following Friday, when we were released, and the officers said they were sorry to cause us so much trouble, but we told them if they had examined our papers there would have been no need for the trouble.

Preserving Eggs.

Much scientific attention has been devoted in France to the preservation of eggs. The leading principle of all processes is the protection of the interior of the egg from the action of the atmosphere, and, consequently, it has long been settled that only the freshest eggs are eligible for preservation. To the solution of the problem (says *The Grocer*) of how to prevent the air from penetrating the shell of the egg, the experiments of such eminent *savants* as Musschenbroek, Reaumur and Nollet have valuably contributed. They all agree that the most practicable method is to envelop the newlaid egg in a light coating of some impermeable substance, such as wax, tallow, oil, or a mixture of wax and olive oil, or of olive oil and tallow. Reaumur suggests an alcoholic solution of resin, or a thick solution of gelatine. Nollet experimented successfully with Indiarubber, collodion, and various kinds of boot varnish. In practice, the most successful method has been that of Cornier of Mans. This consists in covering the egg with a varnish, the composition of which is kept a secret. The eggs are packed on end in sawdust, and, it is said, will preserve their freshness during quite nine months in any climate. Cadet de Vaux suggested the plunging of eggs for twenty seconds in boiling water in order to coagulate that portion of the albumen nearest the shell, and then to pack them in vessels half filled with sifted cinders. This process—which, by-the-bye, has been well known in some parts of Scotland for many years—yields excellent results, but if neglected for a second or two, the eggs are liable to harden. The process known as "liming" in England, and as the Cadet-Gassicourt process in France, is very popular; on the other side of the Channel, however, "limed" eggs are never eaten *a la coque*, but only in the shape of omelettes, &c. Some preservers claim to obtain better results, as far as the taste of the eggs is concerned, by substituting ordinary salt for lime. The solution, it is said, penetrates the shell, and so acts upon the organic matter as to diminish its susceptibility to decomposition. The eggs are immersed during several hours. Appert, the Columbus of food preservers, gave some attention to the subject of egg-preservation. His favourite process was to introduce the eggs into a bottle half-filled with bread crumbs to prevent breakages. After carefully corking the bottle, he placed it for several minutes in a sand bath, the temperature of which he kept at 70 deg. For home consumption the French peasantry have for ages preserved their eggs in a very simple fashion. They take a wooden case, or a large barrel, and pack them in thick layers of sawdust, fine sand, chalk, bran, cinders, or coal-dust, so that they do not touch each other. In the European maritime provinces the peasants use layers of ashes moistened with salt water. Both these processes are successful. Drying eggs and reducing them to powder (an invention patented by Chambard in 1852) is another method of preservation that is profitably pursued in France.

The singing of a burlesque hymn in a London theatre, intended to ridicule the Salvation Army, was furiously hissed by the audience.

Egyptian War Notes.

ARABI'S POSITION,

with his plans, becomes daily more formidable. The "Superb" was unable, as it turned out, to prevent his forward movement. All the shots she fired flew too high, owing to the difficulty of discovering the exact position of the earthworks. These are to be distinctly seen from Ramleh, some 500 or 700 yards in advance of where they were two days ago. There appears to be more than a hundred guns mounted on the three lines of entrenchments, and the whole position, protecting as it does and protected as it is by Lakes Aboukir and Mareotis, seems nearly unassailable, without a very much larger force than we have or are likely to have for some time. To turn it with our present army and dislodge the enemy would require first the capture of Rosetta, then the ascent of a branch of the Nile as far as the village of Deimtte, thence a southward march, skirting the southern fringes of Lake Etko, so as to attack his flank from Damnhour, a plan of campaign which it would take weeks to carry out. When Sir Garnet Wolseley arrives some decisive plan of action will be adopted.

MISCHIEF BREWING.

Osman Bey, the Khedive's Master of the Horse, has just escaped from Cairo and arrived here. He stated that the rebels are fortifying Nefissa Junction, where Suez, Ismailia, and Cairo lines of railroad meet, with the evident intention of commanding the approaches to Zagazig. They have four guns and 2,000 infantry there. There is as yet no force strong enough to oppose the enemy there.

PORT SAID AND THE INTERIOR.

The town is now so well protected by the ships of war that no outbreak against the Europeans is likely to take place. The Canal is also pretty effectually policed by the English gunboats, which are continually patrolling it. Ismailia is guarded by a number of marines, while Arabi's men are keeping behind their intrenchments at Tel-el-Kebr. Of any disposition to attack there is no sign. At Cairo all is quiet.

AMERICAN SYMPATHIZERS WITH ARABI.

It is stated that three Irishmen will soon sail from Philadelphia for Egypt to fight in Arabi's army. A member of the Grattan branch of the Land League has offered five hundred dollars to defray their expenses.

Farm Notes.

There are about 10,357,000 horses in the United States, or one to every five human beings.

Care should be taken in grooming horses not to use anything rough in cleaning the legs from the knee down. A scratch or bruise may be the start for some troublesome disease. A curry comb should not be used on the legs at all. A brush or cloth will do the work just as well, leaving no risk of injury.

Black-leg, a disease which has prevailed for some time among the cattle on the frontier, has made its appearance in Texas. The first symptom of the disease is lameness in one of the hind legs, which continues until death ensues. Those who have died, upon being skinned, exhibit the leg black from the hip joint to the hock; that, prievous to dying, they graze as usual, lying down at intervals, apparently to rest.

A Derbyshire, England, farmer and poultry fancier, Mr. James Shirt, of Town End Farm, Fairfield, near Buxton, is the owner of a Norfolk goose, which this year has sat no fewer than three times. She was first set on nine eggs, and hatched out nine goslings on February 12th; on the second occasion she hatched out seven goslings from nine eggs, and on the 9th instant she hatched out six young birds from seven eggs.

There are 4,008,907 farm "holdings" in the United States, of which 2,984,306 are inhabited and cultivated by their owners, while 702,244 are partially and 322,257 let in their entirety to tenants. Small holdings are the exception rather than the rule, for there are only 4,352 under three acres, 134,889 over three and less than ten acres, 254,749 over ten and less than twenty acres, and 781,474 over twenty and less than fifty acres; whereas there are 1,032,910 between fifty and a hundred acres, 1,695,983 between one and five hundred acres, 75,972 between five hundred and a thousand acres, and 28,578 of over a thousand acres.

A telegram from Ottawa announces that Mr. W. Kowalwsky, of Moscow, one of the most distinguished scientific men of the Russian Empire, has received an invitation from the local committee to be present at the convention of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He intends bringing with him a complete collection of specimens of the fossil genera of northern and central Europe, about which comparatively little is known by our scientific men.

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE is a positive remedy for nervous exhaustion and all weakness of the generative organs in both sexes. Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries Hall Co. See advertisement in another column
[july 22 2w wkly

To save the heels of your boots from wearing get a pair of heel protectors, only 10 cents, at DOYLEY, GOFF & CO. [au28 tf