

Pullets EGGS Wanted NOW.

For the next four months the demand will be large. Get your pullets to laying by October. A well-filled egg basket now is what makes poultry pay. You can obtain these much desired results by good care, proper foods, and the use as directed in the morning mash of

Sheridan's Powder.

It causes perfect assimilation of the food elements needed to form eggs in the winter.

If you can't get the powder sent to us. One pack, 25 cts. Two, 45 cts. Large can, \$1.25. Six, \$5.00.

EPPE'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavour Superior Quality, and Highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in 3-lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPE & CO., Ltd. Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER
EPPE'S COCOA

CARD.

DR. DICKEY

has resumed practice
Office Hours 9.30 to 1 p. m. 2 to 4 p. m. Evenings by appointment.

CARD.

W. F. H. CARVELL, B. A.

BARRISTER-AT-LAW

Bank of Nova Scotia Building
CHARLOTTETOWN.
Telephone No. 170
Money to Loan.

DR. GORDON ALLEY

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

(Graduate McGill University.)

Office and Residence—Dorchester Street
Office Hours—9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Prompt attention to country calls.

DR. CLIFT.

Cures CHRONIC-DISEASES and RUPTURE by Salisbury treatment. Send stamps for information, or call at Truro, Nova Scot. OMC Montreal, Black of the Montreal.

Mr. Arthur J. B. Mellish

Barrister and Attorney at law, being about to proceed to South Africa for the winter on active military service in response to Her Majesty's call, begs to announce that in his absence his law office at Souris will be kept open and all legal business will be promptly attended to under competent management. Correspondence may be addressed to him at Souris as usual.

ACHING TEETH

Carefully treated and filled and crowned with gold.

DR. J. P. MURRAY,
QUEEN STREET

'SUNNYSIDE DENTISTRY'

Office in New Prowse Block, first door to the right up stairs.

DR. AYEPS

Both Rich and Poor

have occasion to use stationery, we keep the lines to suit. Call at 145 Queen Street for your next supply.

CHAS. J. MITCHELL,

Bookseller & Stationer
145 Queen Street,
Opp. Prowse Bros.....

THE DAILY EXAMINER

OCTOBER 30, 1899.

A BISHOP'S OPINION.

Decidedly Adverse to the Boers

The Right Rev. Anthony Gaughran, Roman Catholic Bishop at Kimberley, South Africa, in a letter to the Boston Herald, furnishes some information and opinions with regard to the difficulties now merged into war, between the British and the Boers. His letter is dated Sept 19 h, previous, to the outbreak of hostilities. He then championed the cause of the Uitlander population of the Transvaal Republic, and views the question from the standpoint of one who desires equal rights for all in that country. A residence of 13 years in South Africa has enabled the Bishop to acquire a thorough acquaintance with the conditions existing in that country. That part of the letter which is of most interest is as follows:—

"Now for my personal opinion about the matter. I can, with a safe conscience say that I think that England very seldom had a more just cause for war. The state of things in the Transvaal was a scandal to the nations. That a handful of men, some of whom were very illiterate, and all of them were very prejudiced and selfish, should expect to be allowed to make laws forever for those who spent their money in buying up property in that country and developing its wealth is preposterous.

Chamberlain's indictment of the Transvaal Government was perfectly fair. I have no hesitation in saying so, and I have had 13 years to study this question. I am not an Englishman, as you know, nor are my sympathies in general with England; but in this case I do believe that England will do credit to our common humanity by forcing a small state calling itself a republic to give equal rights to all.

Whatever one may call England's title to interfere in this matter, it is certain that in former years most of the Boers, the president at their head, asked England to come to their aid and take over the State. She did so, and then when the debts of the little republic were paid by England, and Kruger received his salary, which was in arrears for a long time, he started a rebellion against the new authority. Gladstone gave them back their country under certain conditions. The fourth clause of the convention conveyed the idea that all who go into the country should have equal rights. The Boers and their Volksraad did not keep that promise; they did not give equal rights to all.

"When the rush to the Transvaal began there was a very simple law for the franchise. I am writing from memory, but I think it must have been a residence of two years and paying taxes. A few years afterwards this was increased to six years, then to nine years, then to fourteen years; and no one could say how many more years might be added.

"Those who have invested their money in the country had no hope of every having a voice in the government of the country, and yet the Uitlanders were twice as numerous at least, as the original Boers. For in my mind I do not give to the Boers of the Transvaal the title of nationality. They simply killed the Kaffirs 50 years ago, and they took their place. There is nothing in this that implies proscription for a nation.

Now comes the question of Paul Kruger and his advisers. He had a clever man for some years who kept him from committing himself too far; but he has left him, and now the whole government seems to be the boat without a rudder. Oom Paul is shrewd. But when one considers that the president of the small republic which has only 60,000 inhabitants or thereabouts receives a salary as large as that of the president of the United States one can imagine that patriotism is not the very first characteristic of his life.

"I cannot enter into the details of concessions which, I believe, were most iniquitous as regards the interests of the country, the dynamite question, etc., etc. These I do not care to consider.

"I have always held that a man in any country has the same right as another if he conducts himself as he ought, and that there should be no distinction beyond that which is necessary to test his sincerity. Let the United States be the model for republics in this matter.

"There must not be at the end of the 19th century a government calling itself a republic, while it is in reality a close oligarchy."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—It will be conceded, says the St. John Sun, that the Canadian corps for the Transvaal is well supplied with officers. Whether it is political influence or personal influence that has led to the appointment of this imposing aggregation of staff officers is not at this moment known. It seems that special permission had to be obtained from the war office to make the corps thus top-heavy. Naturally the home government did not like to refuse the request of the Minister of Militia, who seems to have been equally incapable of refusing the request of other people. It appears that Colonel Hughes, who was the first to offer to raise a corps, and had already made great progress when he was threatened with the law if he did not desist, is to stay at home.

WAR NOTES.

A London despatch says: The plans of Sir Redvers Buller, subject to finding on his arrival that the complexion of the campaign is not entirely changed, are to have four divisions, each a little army in itself, and each capable of meeting the full strength of the Boers. As his force will exceed 80,000 men, this is regarded as feasible. With three armies, he intends to invade the Transvaal from different points, personally leading the principal force through the Free State, sending the other to hold Natal. Expert military opinion is inclined to favor a single line of operations, unless the invader has a tremendous preponderance of strength. Although few are willing to criticize General Buller's admitted military genius without knowledge of the information upon which he has based his estimate of the Boer forces, there is a growing feeling that the war will eventually resolve itself into a guerilla campaign; and many references are made in this connection to the progress of the American forces in the Philippines.

Several Englishmen who have lived among the Boers, but are now in London, assert that the Boers will never stick to their artillery; and there is a unanimous feeling among those who know the Transvaal and its inhabitants that the Boer artillery will cut a small figure after the first month. The explanation of this is twofold. In the first place, most of the Boers are unaccustomed to fight according to the methods required in conjunction with heavy artillery; and secondly, most of them are armed with the rifle only. Comparatively few have bayonets, revolvers or swords; and it is a military impossibility for men to stand up against a cavalry charge unless they possess some arm in addition to the rifle. Hence, the only alternative when cold steel threatens is to desert the guns. It is not believed that the Boers will suffer so much by the loss of artillery as might at first be thought. Unencumbered by guns, they regain the mobility which, in the previous war, proved such a thorn in the side of our organized troops.

Mail and Empire: While a few stray Irishmen, out of order with things in general, are crying out against the Boer war, their martial countrymen, who are of the very flower of British soldierhood, are performing prodigies of valour in Natal. Mr. Redmond, Mr. Dillon, and Mr. O'Brien are probably talking against the impulses of their Irish hearts. At all events, the voice of Parnellite obstruction in Parliament was hushed as soon as the subject of the brave dead and wounded was introduced. Expressions of Boer sympathy coming from the countrymen of the valiant Dublin Fusiliers can hardly be taken seriously.

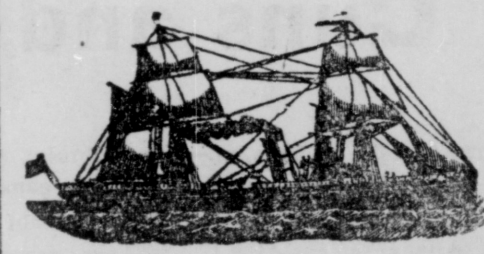
Catarrh Can Be Cured. Japanese Catarrh Cure

has successfully coped with this most dangerous disease, and cured to stay cured.

Miss A. Knott, of Beachville, Ont., writes: "I had only known of Japanese Catarrh Cure years ago, my father would have been saved from spending hundreds of dollars, and I would have been free from the constant pain and annoyance of this most disgusting disease. I have had catarrh for years. My head was stuffed up so that I could not breathe through my nostrils. My breath was very impure. I had almost a constant pain in my head and over my eyes. Nothing I could get gave me any permanent relief, until using Japanese Catarrh Cure. From the very first it gave me relief, and in a short time had removed the accumulation so that I could breathe freely through the nostrils. The pain left my head and eyes. Its effect upon my breath was truly wonderful, purifying and removing every vestige of the unpleasant odor, and during the past year since using this remedy have not felt the least sign of my former trouble. I can highly recommend it, and know of several others in our neighborhood whom it has cured." Sold by all druggists, 50 cents. Six boxes, with cure guaranteed, for \$2.50. A free sample sent to any address. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address, The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto.

Sold by Geo. E. Hughes.

BLACK DIAMOND LINE



The S. S. "BONAVISTA" sailing from Montreal, Saturday evening, Oct. 27th, will be due at Ch'town, Tuesday evening, Oct. 30th, and sails for St. John's, Nfld, via North Sydney, carrying horses, cattle and sheep on deck and produce under deck at lowest possible rates. For further particulars as to freight and passage apply to

PEAKE BROS & CO.,
Ch'town, Oct 25-'99

DR. H. L. DICKEY

Late of Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, and Central London Throat & Ear Hospital

Specialist in diseases of the
Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat
Office—CAMERON BLOCK,
Residence—"HOTEL D'ARIES."
Office Hours—9.30 to 1 p. m., 2 to 3 p. m. p. 120
p.m. Eyes tested for glasses

LANCASHIRE Fire Insurance Company OF ENGLAND

This Company is prepared to take Fire Risks on Property in Prince Edward Island at very moderate Rates of Premium. Persons having property to insure will find it very much to their advantage to apply to the undersigned for quotations of Rates.—Unscrupulous Agents are endeavoring to persuade persons from insuring in the "Lancashire" by circulating a report that the company never pays its Losses.—This gives us the opportunity of stating that during the Twenty-Five Years in which the "Lancashire" has been operating in the Maritime Provinces it has never had a Law Suit therein, and further more that on the occasion of the Great Fire of 1877 in St. John N. B. the "Lancashire" was the first Company to complete payment of its Losses, having paid, through us, nearly Half a Million of Dollars in Claims, within 28 days after the Fire. (See St. John Daily Telegraph, 19th July, 1877.)

The only outstanding Losses which we have in our books are for Fires occurring within the last four weeks; and which will be all paid before 24th inst.

It is to be regretted that the representative of any Company should consider it necessary to resort to inaccurate statements in the hope of being able to retain his business at rates higher than those which the "Lancashire" is prepared to charge.

J M & C W HOPEGRANT,
Gen. Agents for Maritime Provinces
J J JOHNSTON, Barrister-at-Law,
Special Agent
Charlottetown P E Island
245 - 6.



NOISE OR HARMONY

If you just want noise any old instrument will do.
If you want harmony you must have the best goods obtainable. We handle the best.

They are made to make music—and sold to make satisfied customers.

Up-to-date Sheet Music

Come to us when you want musical instruments—we guarantee them.

Miller Bros.,
QUEEN STREET
CONNOLLY'S BUILDING

IT... CERTAINLY

Never pays to carry an unreliable watch. You never know the time and are constantly missing appointments on that account. We sell

Reliable Watches Only

We don't care to handle anything else. Call and give us the verdict of your inspection.

W. N. TANTON
EWFLER

CLOTHING

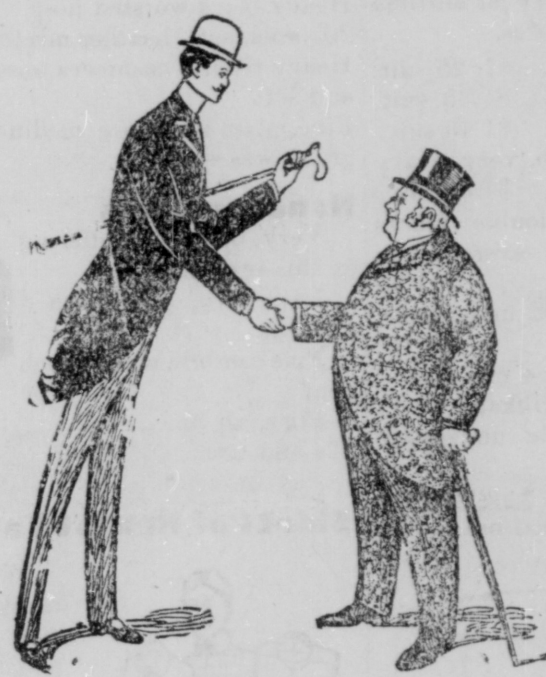
Which Shall it be

Rightly-made, ready-made or cheap custom-made—prices about the same, but how different the CLOTH.

Rightly-made, ready-made, or best custom-made—cloths about the same, but how different the PRICES.

If interested we'll be glad to put you in touch with the best ready made clothing in Canada.

Fit-Reform



When we say that FIT-REFORM o'coats and suits are the best ready made garment in Canada to-day, we know what we are talking about and can prove it by thousands of the best dressed people in the cities and towns all over the Dominion.

FIT-REFORM garments are the best at any price. WHY

Because it is impossible to buy better materials, impossible to get better workmanship or fit, and if they are not perfectly satisfactory to you we give you your money back.

O'coats \$10, 12, 15, 18

Suits \$10, 12, 15, 18

Pants \$3, 4, 5

PROWSE BROS

The Wonderful Chap Mn