

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 7.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, JUNE 24, 1880.

NO. 29

LONDON HOUSE.

HAT DEPARTMENT.
Silk Hats,
Drab Shell Hats,
Felt Hats,
Straw Hats,
Linen Hats,
Indian Pith Hats,
FOR HOT WEATHER.

Great Variety.
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
READYMADE
CUSTOM Tailoring
Is Full With WORK
NEW CUTTER.

GROCERIES.
Our Usual Good Stock
CHOICE TEAS
In CHESTS,
HALF-CHESTS,
and BOXES.
FLOUR!
The Best Brands in the Market.

The General Stock comprises the Newest and Best Styles in every department. Wholesale and retail. Cheap for Cash.

Charlottetown, May 31, 1880.

G. DAVIES & CO.

Great Summer Resort West India Warehouse.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.
LORNE HOTEL.

THIS New and Commodious House, situate at North Shore, offers great attraction for Tourists who are wanting recreation, sea bathing, fishing, etc.
It is within easy access of the City, being only thirteen (13) miles by rail or carriage.
Charges moderate. For further particulars apply to the Manager, or address

LORNE HOTEL COMPANY.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

June 12, 1880.

LORNE RESTAURANT!

FRUIT DEPOT.

THIS First-class Establishment (situated on Grafton Street, one door east of Beales' corner) is now open for the accommodation of the public. Everything to be found in a first-class Oyster and Refreshment Saloon always on hand. Being conducted by an experienced person, satisfaction is guaranteed. Our up-stairs Lunch Rooms are neatly and tastefully arranged, and far excel anything of the kind in the city. Call and see for yourselves.

A. McDONALD, Proprietor.
June 3, '80—1m to th s

PACIFIC Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK MARINE.

Assets 31st Dec., 1879, - \$744,149.00

Insurance effected on CARGOES and FREIGHTS, covering \$15,000 and upwards on first-class risks.

Certificates issued payable in London at the office of MORTON ROSE & Co., Bankers, or in New York.

Risks taken and rates fixed without being referred to Head Office.

FENTON T. NEWBERRY, Agent for P. E. Island.
May 11, 1880.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

Valuable Property for Sale.

TWO BE SOLD, all that part of Town Lot No. 74, in the first hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown; having a front of 67 feet, Dorchester Street, and running back 80 feet, to gether with the buildings thereon erected.
For further particulars apply to Messrs. HENSON & McLEOD Charlottetown.
Sept. 18, 1879.

THE Subscriber has now in Store the following well assorted Stock, consisting of
400 bbls. Superior Extra FLOUR,
100 bbls. Extra FLOUR,
50 bbls. CORNMEAL,
20 bags Nos. 1 and 2 NAVY BREAD,
30 chests Choice Congou TEAS,
50 half chests }
10 puns. Barbados } MOLASSES,
10 puns. Trinidad }
5 hds. } Bright Porto Rico SUGAR,
20 bbls. }
Boxes and Caddies TOBACCO,
5 bbls. Split PEAS,
10 casks Washing SODA,
100 doz. BROOMS,
20 doz. WASHBOARDS,
20 tins CREAM TARTAR,
20 cases } Illuminating Rock OIL,
10 casks }
3 casks MILK DISHES,
10 doz. Assorted FLOWER POTS,
3 casks Nutritional CONDIMENT for horses and cattle,
200 boxes TIN PLATES,
50 blocks Grain TIN,
50 pigs LEAD,
3 bars 1/2 COPPER,
2000 (2 bush.) GRAIN SACKS.
All of which can be sold at lowest current rates.

HORACE HASZARD,
61 Water Street.
Ch'town, June 3, 1880—2w eod

THE NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
Of Edinburgh and London,

ESTABLISHED IN 1809

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,322.00
Paid up Capital, - 1,216,666.00

Transacts every description of Fire, Life and Annuity Business on the most favorable terms.

FIRE DEPARTMENT—Insurances may be effected at the Lowest current rates.
Insurances upon Public and Private Buildings effected on especially favorable terms.
Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

LIFE DEPARTMENT—New and Reduced premiums for Dominion of Canada.

G. W. DEBLOIS, General Agent for P. E. Island.
Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.
April 14, '80—pat her ne sj ka tf eod

NEW LIVERY STABLE,

—ON THE—
Northwest Corner of Prince and Kent Streets.

P. McPhail's Old Stand.
TERMS MODERATE.

J. MILLNER.
Ch'town, May 31, 1880—1m eod

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownal Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 16 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlocking a door. Apply on the premises to
MRS. BOSWALL.
April 26, 1880—tf

1880.

BRITISH WAREHOUSE,
QUEEN SQUARE.

Spring and Summer Goods,
COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,
VALUE UNSURPASSED.

THE Subscribers have, by the S. S. "Prince Edward," "Ethel Blanche," and other later arrivals, completed the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF
British and Foreign Dry Goods
AND GROCERIES

Ever imported by them, which they will dispose of at the lowest Cash prices.

Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.
June 1, 1880. [j 14

CHOICE SYRUPS.

GET your SYRUPS at "THE CONFECTIONERY," opposite the Market House. I use only the best Sugar and the purest and freshest flavorings in manufacturing Syrups. No glucose to make it thick. Parties ordering, will please do so early, so that they may get the Syrups made fresh, and consequently nicer than when old and stale.

WM. KENNEDY.
June 21, 1880—pat ne

REOPENED.

I have reopened my ICE CREAM SALOON, where I will be glad to meet all my old customers, and as many new ones as will favor me with a call.

ICE CREAM supplied to Parties and Balls. The quality of the Cream will be, as before, the best that can be bought.

June 9. 4w W. F. CARTER.

JUST LANDED

PER STR. *Miramishi*, another lot of
10 BARRELS

"Montserrat Limetta Champagne,"
In lots of 1, 2 and 4 dozen, to suit buyers.

W. E. DAWSON & CO.
May 31, 1880—tf

At the Fish Market.

FRESH HALIBUT, Codfish and Mackerel; also, Smoked Alewives and Finnan Haddies.
Charlottetown, June 3, 1880.

DORIES.

FOR SALE, Two American DORIES, in thorough repair. Apply at the
FISH MARKET.
May 20, 1880.

BUY the DAILY EXAMINER for the latest news—local and telegraphic.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—
Quem Deus vult perdere, prius dementat.
To see children sporting on the brink of a precipice, or caressing a Cobra di Capello; to think of the degenerate Nobility of France, about an hundred years ago, dancing and singing on the very edge of the Crater of a revolutionary Volcano,—their Queen, the unhappy Marie Antoinette, playing on her Harpsichord that splendid Carillon which afterwards was prostituted to the fearful words of "Ca ira!" and was the last Music which she heard on Earth, for it accompanied her on her "via dolorosa" to the Guillotine;—all this is enough to set one thinking very seriously, especially when something analogous to it exists at this moment. A few days ago, I received a letter from a dear and early friend of mine, in England, a Gentleman of high standing and connexions, rich, both in land and money, amiable and intelligent; but, unfortunately, a Whig. The following is an extract from his letter:—

"We have indeed had a complete change in our Ministry here. I own I had no idea of such a thorough defeat as the Conservatives have met with. I am not given to betting, but I took two to one that the Conservatives had a majority at all. I was sure they would lose a good many seats. People got tired of a Government after six years, and wish for a change. Some are disappointed and grow lukewarm. On the other hand, those who are out of office are very keen to get in again. The present Government have a very strong majority, and I dare say we shall jog on somehow; but the change of feeling was brought about by the eloquence of Gladstone working on the constituencies, who had all been suffering from hard times, and were dissatisfied. There was no one else to blame, so they turned against the Government. Gladstone's chief motive, in my opinion (though probably unknown to himself) was hatred of Lord Beaconsfield, and a belief that no one but himself could properly govern the country."

My version of my friend's words, would be that by talking stoutly while out of office, (and apologizing for the same on entering upon office,) and on the ground of personal hatred, together with a very exalted opinion of his own abilities, Mr. Gladstone has succeeded in tossing the destinies of Great Britain and her dependencies from hand to hand, like a shuttlecock. If the crew and passengers of a ship were to elect a captain, to change him for another at their pleasure; to steer first towards one port, and then towards another and another—what sort of a voyage would the said ship accomplish? What would be the probable fate of her owners, and the crew and passengers, if in the various courses steered, the reckoning should be lost, and the ship strike on some unexpected rock? Or, if a leak were to be discovered only when the ship was going down, and "universal suffrage" end in universal suffering?

There is frequently great Truth and true Prophecy in Poetry. In Gray's Ode to Eton College are lines that may well be applied to the wealth and aristocracy of England and Scotland at this moment:—

"Alas! Regardless of their doom
The little victims play!
No sense have they of ills to come—
Nor cares beyond to-day—
Yet see, how all around them wait,
The Ministers of human fate,
And black Misfortune's baleful train!
Ah! show them where, in ambush stand,
To seize their prey, the murderous band!
Ah! Tell them they are men!"

and again:—
"Ambition this shall tempt to rise,
Then whirl the wretch from high,
To bitter scorn a sacrifice,
And grinning Infamy."

But, after all, Gray concludes with:—
"Yet, Ah! Why should they know their fate,
Since sorrow never comes too late."

"And happiness too swiftly flies!
Thought would destroy their paradise.
No more!—Where ignorance is bliss,
'Tis folly to be wise."

I am, sir, your obedt. servant,
VICH DIOMNUL NAN ORD.
June 18th, 1880.

Personal.

Rev. Canon Cochran, D. D., one of Nova Scotia's most eminent sons, died recently. Dr. Cochran was 82 years of age, and had been an active minister of the Established Church for 56 years, 28 years of which he was rector of the church at Lunenburg, and 28 in charge of Salem and Trinity Churches in this city.

It is said the purpose of Hon. John O'Connor's visit to Manitoba is to make certain arrangements in connection with the postal service of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

George Cowan, one of the tenant farmers' delegates from Scotland who visited this Country last year, has purchased "Prairie Dell Farm," Manitoba, which comprises 800 acres. Mr. Cowan is expected there by the end of July to take possession.

Jottings from the Old Country.

AN AWKWARD POSITION.—Very ugly rumors, as the new magazine, the *Statesman*, announces, are abroad in India concerning the jewels and plate, valued at about \$400,000 which are property of the Marharajah of Mysore. During the Prince's minority these articles have been, or have been supposed to be, in the custody of our Indian officials. The Prince will come of age a few months hence, and will then have a claim to his hereditary treasures; but no one knows where they are.

AN ILLITERATIVE PARAGRAPH.—Two teetotallers took the trouble to teach three tailors to talk Tamil.* The tailors, through taciturn, turned towards their teachers to tell them that talking Tamil tried their temper terribly. The teetotallers told the tailors that talking to their teachers tempted them to teach them trigonometry. Those terrified tailors then tremblingly tried to talk the Tamil tongue. Thinking that this tortured them, the teetotallers took the tailors to town to take tea. The tailors, thanking them, treated them to tickets to the Tottenham Theatre. The tailors tell the tale that those two temperate teetotallers then took toddy together.

* "Tamil," a dialect spoken by the natives of Southern India.

SERVANTS AND MASTERS IN HIGH LIFE.—Last week I gave a "scene from London low life," this week I give you the following, clipped from the "Gentleman's Magazine."

There has been much correspondence of late of the grievance sort concerning men-servants and maidservants. It is true, indeed, to remark that there are faults on both sides, i. e., on that of the masters and mistresses, as well as on that of their dependants; but how great and glaring they sometimes are is scarcely creditable. Nevertheless, the following examples can be vouched for.

A lady of fashion, Lady A—, was showing a friend of hers, Mrs. B—, the other day, a necklace of gold and turquoises, concerning which she requested her opinion. "I think it is very pretty," said Mrs. B—; "is it for a marriage present?" "A marriage present!" replied the other with some contempt; "it is not quite good enough for that; why, it only cost me fifteen pounds. I bought it for my maid, Julia, who is going to an upper-servants' party at the Duke of C—s to-night. I have got her a claret velvet dress which becomes her admirably, and with the necklace I think she will be—what it is my wish she always should be—the best dressed maid in the room."

Mrs. B— was too wise a woman to suggest that velvet dresses and turquoise necklaces were not perhaps the most judicious gifts that could be bestowed upon a lady's maid; but, upon a subsequent occasion, happening to meet Julia, she expressed a hope that she had enjoyed her evening at the Duke's.

"Yes ma'am, it was beautiful, and everybody was so polite. Indeed, I've always found as the high-born servants is allus the best mannered."

That use of the term "high-born" in a transferable sense is surely very pretty!

Again, an old bachelor baronet, Sir W. D—, whose name has been long associated with London society, went up to Scotland in August last to shoot with the Earl of C—. On the second morning after his arrival, however, he announced his intention of returning to town.

"Good heavens!" said his host; "why, you promised me to stay a month! Have you had bad news?"

"No," stammered the old buck, "it's not exactly that; it's something that has happened here, only I'd rather not tell you."

"Pray tell me," said the Earl; "it will not distress me, whatever it is, one-half so much as your leaving in this way without my knowing why you're going."

"Well, the fact is it's my Charles. You know my Charles!—the most invaluable of servants, and absolutely indispensable to me everywhere. I could not live a day without him."

"Well, what of your Charles? What on earth can he have to do with your leaving us?"

"Why, this; you see, he complains—I'm very sorry, and I know it's very wrong of me to have spoilt him so; but the thing is done—he complains that in your steward's room there is no champagne, and he cannot live without his champagne."

"Then let him die!" cried the Earl irascibly, "let him die and be —!"

"Just so," interrupted Sir William just in time, "that is how it ought to be, of course; I knew you wouldn't give way in the matter, upon principle; no more will Charles; so I've got to go."

MUSICAL.—A concert was given by Messrs. Saint-Saens and Ovide Musin at the Seeway Hall, on Tuesday afternoon, was rendered interesting by the performance of a sonata for piano and violin by M. G. Faure, a young French composer of promise. The work is not only musically, but the ideas are pleasing, and the harmonies distinguished by a certain wild and pathetic feeling quite individual in its way. The French element prevailed largely among the audience, and it was curious to note the difference in the general demeanour to that which prevails when the Germans are in the ascendant. Then not a sound is heard until the close of the movement. Here applause and bravos broke forth at odd times, apparently without any