

The Daily Examiner

SEPTEMBER 23, 1885.

The West River Meeting.

ANOTHER of the numerous meetings with which Mr. Davies and his friends are amusing themselves and the country, was held at Long Creek last evening. It is well that the people should be occasionally diverted from the more serious occupations of life; and, certainly, no fault can be found with Mr. Davies for taking advantage of the recess of Parliament to give his constituents his account of his stewardship. Public meetings are a proper means of informing the electorate as to the Political Situation; and if statements are made at them which are rather more funny than truthful, they can be corrected by the Press.

THE EXAMINER has already dealt with some of the more important of the mis-statements made at the Grit meetings; and we need not waste much time over such remarks as "the credit of the country is being destroyed," and "Sir John's Government is intensely unpopular," seeing that the Government can now obtain all the money it wants on easier terms than ever before in the history of Canada, and that Sir John is winning every bye election, with scarcely an exception.

BUT a statement was made by Mr. McKenzie which is, perhaps, worthy of some attention. He said that taxation in Canada now amounts to about \$7 per head, while in the United States it is only about \$4 per head. Mr. McKenzie counts the whole expenditure of the Government as taxation, and by a simple calculation brings out this result. Mr. McKenzie's method is evidently unfair. No fair comparison can be made between the expenditures of the Federal Government of the United States and the Federal Government of Canada. The Federal Government of the United States pays not a single dollar of interest on the State debts; the Federal Government of Canada has taken over the debt of every Province in the Union, and is compelled to expend large amounts as interest on those debts. In the United States, the cost of almost all the public works and buildings is borne by the several States; in Canada it is borne for the most part by the Federal Government. The Government of the United States gives nothing whatever to the respective States in support of penitentiaries; here all the penitentiaries are maintained by the General Government. The Government of the United States does not own or operate a single mile of railway or a single canal; our General Government is at the expense of the Intercolonial and P. E. Island Railways, and of a great system of Canals; and is always building both railways and canals. In the United States, the militia is maintained by the State Governments; in Canada it is maintained by the General Government. It is stated that \$16,000,000 of the yearly expenditures of the Dominion Government are for services which, in the United States, are paid for by the Government of the respective States. Yet, forsooth, Mr. McKenzie and all the Grits compare the expenditures of the two Federal Governments, and declare as a result that we are taxed at the rate of \$7 a head, while the people of the United States are taxed at the rate of \$4 a head! Even the total amount of the expenditures is not correctly given. Mr. McKenzie says it is \$35,000,000. The official papers show that the estimated expenditure of the Dominion Government chargeable to income for the fiscal year 1885-6 is \$32,700,679, or over \$2,300,000 less than Mr. McKenzie told the intelligent electors of West River that it is. But a trifling error of \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000, is, perhaps, hardly worth noticing!

By the way, it is not long since Sir Richard Cartwright said that the taxation of Canada was not a third of that of the United States, when National, State, and municipal taxes were all (as they ought to be) taken into the account.

Bishop Foster preached a somewhat remarkable sermon at the Methodist camp meeting at Martha's Vineyard the other day. The occasion was the dedication of a new chapel, and the text was the question, "What shall be the character of the services held in years to come?" The answer was in substance, "not a camp meeting revival service at all events." This, of course, surprised his hearers, and elicited critical comment among the Methodists. He takes the ground that modern religious revivals in the long run do more harm than good. People go to camp meeting now-a-days not so much because it is a religious gathering as because it is a place where they can find bodily comfort, rest and recreation, a place where they can sing and shout more easily than in the city. They seek more their physical welfare than spiritual. Dr. Foster frowns on revivals and denounces "noisy services and religious crudities." He calls upon his followers to cease calling a man a sinner because he does not shout.

Alex. Debar, a notorious whiskey seller of the Northwest, has been convicted before Judge Richardson and sentenced to five months' imprisonment with the option of two hundred dollars fine. Mr. D. L. Scott, Mayor of Regina, prosecuted. They seem to have a proper horror of the liquor traffic in Regina, and the officials are evidently not afraid to do their duty.

The Meeting at West River.

A LARGE meeting of the electors of Long Creek and vicinity, was held at New Dominion School-house last evening. Mr. James McLean occupied the chair.

MR. L. H. DAVIES delivered his account of his stewardship, and charged the Government with many crimes and misdemeanors. He received an attentive hearing, but at some of his more characteristic statements, such, for instance, as that the public debt would have to be paid, and perhaps their farms would have to be sold to pay it—the assembled farmers would smile a broad smile, and Mr. Davies would obtain the longed-for applause. He said the country was on the brink of ruin; that the credit of the country fast being destroyed; that the Government was everywhere obnoxious to the electors,—and Sir John knew it.

For the rest, Mr. Davies' speech was (minus the stories) in effect, the same speech that he delivered at Mount Stewart, Clifton, Charlottetown, Belle Creek and everywhere else.

MR. A. B. MCKENZIE followed in a speech which waxed the more vehemently eloquent the longer the speaker continued. He backed up all the statements of Mr. Davies, of course, though he said Mr. Davies' speech had knocked all the ideas out of his head; and he declared in effect that in his opinion, Mr. Davies would make a better leader of the party than Mr. Blake, and he, at any rate, would like to see him lead the party.

MR. FARQUHARSON then held forth. He rallied absent Conservatives on the fact of their absence, and said that the Editor of THE EXAMINER, who was present, should explain why Dr. Jenkins was not present to defend himself. Then he "came down to business" and charged Sir John with preventing us from having free access to the United States markets.

MR. W. L. COTTON, being called upon by the Chairman and others, said that he was totally unprepared to make a speech, having come to the meeting merely to obtain a short report for THE EXAMINER. He assumed that Dr. Jenkins and other leading Conservatives were absent because they were so sure of the strength of the Government's cause, so well aware of the weakness of the cause of the Opposition, and relied so confidently upon the intelligence of the electors, that they felt that it was quite unnecessary to defend the Government at this juncture. When both sides were heard, there could be no doubt as to the side that would be taken by the majority of the electors. He referred briefly to the question of reciprocity and congratulated the assembled farmers on the fact that neither they nor their farms, nor premises showed signs of the extreme poverty and "blue ruin" which was predicted as a result of the N. P., but on the contrary exhibited every sign of prosperity.

HON. DAVID LAIRD followed, criticizing the few remarks the previous speaker, contending that the farmers had nothing to thank Sir John for, and giving an interesting account of the Indians of the Northwest, who, he said, were peaceable, honest, and well inclined towards the Government when he lived among them. Riel was a bad, mischievous man, no doubt; but one match cannot make a conflagration, and if the materials for the late rising were not present in the shape of well grounded discontent, Riel could not have prevailed upon the half-breeds and Indians to take up arms.

A vote of thanks was then tendered the Chairman; and as the audience emerged from the schoolhouse into the moonlight, three cheers for Mr. Davies and three for the Grit Party rent the quiet air.

The Storm.

THE storm signal was hoisted yesterday, at noon, by instruction of the Meteorological Office, Toronto. This morning, about seven o'clock, a heavy gale set in from the southeast, which caused considerable damage. It was heaviest at eleven o'clock this forenoon, when the wind averaged forty miles an hour, but the gusts would exceed this velocity. The storm abated somewhat at noon, but it is still blowing hard.

The steamer St. Lawrence, which started for Picout at her usual time, was obliged to return, and is now lying at anchor off Ferry Wharf. The steamer Princess of Wales did not leave Summerside for the Point until twelve o'clock.

The breastwork in front of the residence of F. W. Hyndman, Esq., Brighton, was considerably damaged, and a long lumber shed on Connolly's breastwork was upset. The steam launch La. Lorne was sunk at Railway wharf, and the yacht Syndicate had several planks broken.

The storm was severe in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and telegraph communication was interrupted.

Wedding Bells.

This morning, at the Presbyterian Church, Summerside, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. James A. Morrison, of Halifax, with Miss Marion McKay, daughter of the Rev. Neil McKay. The ceremony was performed by the father of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Mr. McMillan, of Malpeque. Miss Lefurgy was bridesmaid, and Mr. James W. Richards acted as best man. After the ceremony, which was witnessed by a large number of friends and well-wishers of the bride and groom, the wedding party drove to the Mansie and partook of breakfast. The presents were numerous, and many of them very handsome. Mr. and Mrs. Morrison leave by steamer Princess of Wales to-day accompanied as far as Point du Chene by a number of friends. We extend our heartiest congratulations to the newly married couple, and wish them every happiness.

Over 700 Chickens Roasted at Amherst.

MR. C. W. MAIN, of Amherst, had his poultry house destroyed by fire on Saturday night last, about one o'clock. The building was 20x50, and recently finished on the most approved plan for rearing and fattening poultry, and contained 730 chickens, &c., at the time of the fire. Nothing was saved. Among his different breeds were some fine specimens of Wyandottes and Plymouth Rocks. Mr. Main had hatched most of this large flock by means of the "incubator" which machine, fortunately, was not destroyed, being in a separate building, about 20 feet distant. From one to two hundred chickens may be hatched

at a time with this latest invention, in egg(2)tion.

The fire is supposed to have originated by the lamp used in the "brooder." Mr. Main estimates his loss at between \$400 and \$500. No insurance.

Fishing Bounties, 1885

INSTRUCTIONS TO CLAIMANTS.

Boats.

1. Claimants to fishing bounty must have been engaged at least three months in sea-fishing, exclusive of salmon, shad, lobster and other fish and fisheries exempted from the operations of the Washington Treaty, and have caught no less than 2,500 pounds of sea-fish per man.

2. No bounty will be paid to boats measuring less than 13 feet keel, and not more than three men (the owner included) will be allowed as claimants in boats under 20 feet.

3. Dates and localities of fishing must be stated in the claim, as well as the quantity and kinds of sea-fish caught.

4. Ages of men must be given.

5. Returns must be sworn to as true and correct in all their particulars.

6. Only one claim will be allowed in each season, even though the claimant may have fished in two vessels, or in a vessel and a boat, or in two boats. Any person or persons detected making false returns, will be debarred from participation in the bounty.

7. Claims must be filed on or before the 31st December.

8. Customs officers and fishery overseers will supply the requisite blanks free of charge, and after certifying the same, will transmit them to the Department of Fisheries.

Vessels.

9. Canadian registered vessels of 10 tons and upwards (up to 80 tons) which have been engaged during a period of three months in the catch of sea fish not exempted under the Washington Treaty, are entitled to a bounty of \$2 per ton; one half of which is payable to the owner or owners, and the other half to the crew.

10. Owners of vessels may, after the present season, and before proceeding on a fishing voyage, be required to procure a license from the nearest Collector of Customs, who will, subsequently, grant a certificate stating that all the requirements of the statute have been complied with, and upon which certificate being filed with the claim, the bounty will be paid.

11. Directions contained in paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 apply to vessels as well as to boats.

A. W. McLELLAN, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Department of Fisheries, Ottawa, 1st September, 1885.

A Stampede in Court.

CAUSED BY A JURYMEN WHO HAS SMALLPOX IN HIS FAMILY.

DR. McNiece assistant health officer of Montreal was informed on the 16th inst., that there was a case of smallpox in an eating house opposite Bonsecour's market. Proceeding there with officer Moir they found that they would not be allowed to enter. He forced an entrance and saw six men eating their meals, and in a room adjoining found a young lad very ill with smallpox. The boy was removed to the hospital. Dr. McNiece discovered that the boy's father was sitting on the jury in the Court of Queen's Bench in the Considine trial for murder. Going to the court he informed the Crown counsel who informed the judge, asking leave to have the jury discharged. Counsel for the defence opposed this as a man was on trial for his life and threw the onus on the Crown of keeping a man in suspense. Counsel for the Crown repudiated this and said it was a case without precedent. The judge sent for the health officers and the chairman of the health board, and having heard their evidence discharged the jury. A man coming out of the jury room walked right among the lawyers who stampeded. The sheriff paid him and he was discharged from further attendance. The court adjourned and the health officers disinfected.

Summerside Exports.

SUMMERSIDE, Sept. 21.	
Shipped per steamer Princess of Wales, Cameron, master, for Point du Chene:	
1 threshing mill.....	\$ 140 00
6 horse rollers.....	18 00
31 cases eggs.....	127 00
100 lbs codfish.....	4 00
690 lbs oysters.....	1208 00
10 bags potatoes.....	6 00
185 sheep.....	298 00
	\$1801 00
By same steamer on 22nd:	
466 lbs oysters.....	\$ 816 00
20 bbls mackerel.....	207 00
50 bush oats.....	17 00
23 cases eggs.....	123 00
524 lbs butter.....	\$ 83 00
1100 lbs leather.....	440 00
600 lbs boneless codfish.....	30 00
1000 lbs starch.....	49 00
	\$1753 00

ROUND COAL.

BY Auction, THURSDAY, Sept. 24th, at 11 o'clock, on Queen's Wharf, 125 tons Round Coal from Ontario Mines, Glace Bay, Ex schooner "Mary B."—another chance to get your coal at a bargain.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer. sep23

FOR BOSTON, Fall Arrangement.

THE PALACE STEAMERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8.00 a. m. Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.00, 1st class. For tickets and other information apply to G. A. SHARP, F. W. HALES, P. E. I. Ry., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co., or to your nearest Ticket Agent. Sept. 23, 1885—end wkly

NEW FALL GOODS.

J. B. MACDONALD

IS now showing new Dress Goods, from 10 cents a yard; new Cashmeres, black and colored, 25 cents a yard; new Ulster Cloths, 60 cents a yard; new Dress Cloths, 16 cents a yard; new Wincies, plain and checked, very cheap; new Tweed, 45 cents a yard; new Worsted Cloths, all prices; new Scarlet Flannels, 16 cent a yard; Hats, Flowers and Feathers, Velveteens and Silk Velvet Plashes, Kent Woolen Goods in great variety.

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT, (BIG STOCK.)

Suit, for \$3; Overcoats for \$4; Blankets and Quilts, very cheap. If you want good value for your money, try

J. B. MACDONALD'S, Queen Street.

Ch'town, Sept. 23, '85—dy wky pat

No. 83 Queen Street.

FIRST INSTALMENT OF AUTUMN & WINTER GOODS.

JUST opened, a large assortment of the Latest Novelties, in

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

MANTLES, TRIMMED BONNETS AND HATS, FEATHERS AND FLOWERS, MANTLE AND ULSTER CLOTHS, TWEED, &c

The balance of my stock expected daily.

A. L. BROWN,

Next Door to Messrs. Beer & Goff.

Ch'town, Sept. 21—wkly

SEPTEMBER.

NEW GOODS!

Ex. Manitoban and Clifton now Opening

—AT THE—

LONDON HOUSE!

TWEEDS, WORSTED COATINGS, BEAVERS, PILOTS, FRENCH MERINOES, CASHMERES, WINCEYS, CRETONNES, PRINTS.

CEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, Sept. 7, 1885.

BOSTON STEAMERS.

(CHANGE OF TIME.)

Carroll and Worcester.

ON and after THURSDAY, 1st October, the hour of sailing from Charlottetown will be 4 o'clock, p. m.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.

Ch'town, Sept. 19—2wks pat her s pis

NOTICE.

TENDERS are hereby, up to THURSDAY, 1st of October, at 12 o'clock, noon, called for Lighting the Streets of the City of Charlottetown for a term of one or more years; contract to commence at the expiration of the present contract with the Gas Company. The Council are not bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

A. H. McPHERSON, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, Sept. 16th, 1885.

TO LET.

THAT Brick Building, corner of Water and Pownall Streets, opposite the Rankin House. Also, a few Rooms in "Hyndman Building," corner of Queen and Water Streets, Apply to Manager of Bank of Nova Scotia (here) Sept. 16—61

EDWARD M. ARCHIBALD, Shipping and Commission Merchant, 81, 83 & 85 WATER STREET.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F. REID BROS., CAMERON BLOCK.

Sept. 16, 1885.

Ample wharfage, yardage, and storage room. Consignments solicited. Liberal advances made on receipt of consignments. Sept. 9, '85—tl dec81

RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.

LATEST NOVELTIES from Europe, the United States and Canada, in—

Men and Boys' Clothing, Worsted Suitings, Overcoatings, Tweeds, Suitings, Tryon Tweeds and another large invoice of Kid Gloves, Corsets, &c.

From Toronto, 50 Suits Boys and Youth's Clothing, \$2.85 up

50 Suits Black Worsted Men's Clothing, \$8.75, worth \$12

20 Tweed Suits men's Clothing, \$7.50, \$8.50 to \$16

100 Pairs Men's Tweed Pants, \$1.95 and up. Very Heavy Tweed (all-wool) Pants, \$2, up.

Very Heavy Island Tweed Pants, our make, \$2.75

Heavy Winter Underclothing only 64c per suit.

Heavy Lambs-wool Under Pants and Shirts, 65c up.

Heavy Top Shirts, winter weights, 85c up. Latest Novelties in United States Hats and Caps at panic prices.

Very Glengarry Caps, very stylish, 25c up to 50c

Very Stylish Cardigan Jackets for men, only 85c.

The largest stock of Tweeds in the market, 45c up, all wool.

The largest stock of Suitings and Overcoatings in town for sale at the smallest possible margin, at a saving of from \$2 to \$5 per suit. Perfect-fitting garments guaranteed or the money refunded.

A very large stock of Overcoats and Reefers, at \$5.85 up.

The fourth instalment of those 4-clasp Dent's Kid Gloves, at the ridiculously low price of 85c, worth \$1.40.

A large stock of Winter Flannels, 1 1/2c up. A large stock of Gray and White Cottons (3 1/2 inches) for 5c.

A very full stock of Gent's White Shirts, Hoop Skirts, 25c up; Bustles, 25c up; Corsets, 50c up; Ladies' Gossamer Capes, \$1.25 up; Valises 75c up.



"GENERAL GRANT."

THIS Entire Horse, 9 years old, sired by Don Juan, dam by Saladin, color dark bay, will be offered by Auction, at Show Grounds, on THURSDAY, October 8th, at 12 o'clock noon.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Sept. 23, 1885—wky 21 pd

GRAIN IN THE SHEAF,

FOR THE London Exhibition.

PRIZES OF ONE DOLLAR EACH

WILL BE GIVEN AT THE

Provincial Exhibition,

ON THE

7th and 8th October,

for the best Sheaf of White Wheat, Red Wheat, White Oats, Black Oats, Norway Oats, Two-rowed Barley, Four-rowed Barley, Six-rowed Barley, Horse Beans, Timothy, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Orchard Grass, Flax in the straw and dressed.

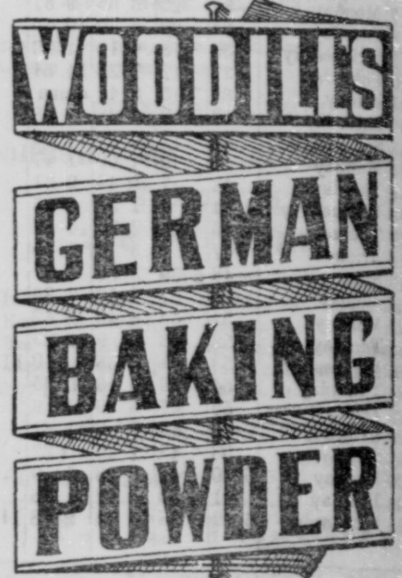
Sheaf to be not less than six inches diameter, of choice stalks.

Samples to be property of Board.

A. McNEILL,

Secretary Provincial Exhibition.

Ch'town, Sept. 23, '85—21



Is fully up to the Highest Standard.

Is giving Very Great Satisfaction.

Is certain of being Continued in Use by all who try it.

FRED. A. JONES,

HOTEL DUFFERIN, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Sept. 21, '85.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE

June 1, 1885—1 yr

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. Advertising Bureau (70 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW-YORK.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred black Berkshire Boar, 18 months old, bought at the Government Farm sale last year. Apply at this office. sep23—21 wky 61

WANTED TO RENT—A House, containing about 9 rooms, within ten minutes' walk of Post Office. Apply at this office. sep23 1wk

LOST—Near C. D. Rankin's Drug Store, a sum of money in two notes. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at THE EXAMINER—office. sep19

WANTED—A Cook. Apply to Mrs. Gray, Inkerman House. sep17 5pd

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS—I hereby give notice that all Taxes due the City, and unpaid by the 30th of September, instant, will be advertised according to law.—F. S. Chandler, City Collector. sep16 tl dtc

TO LET—For six months, from 1st Nov., a furnished House, with use of horse and Cow. Apply at this office. sep12

FOR SALE—A piece of Land, 85 by 47, situated on Great George Street, near Post Office; building on same worth about \$500. The whole can be had for \$1350 by applying at EXAMINER'S office. sep9 1mo

BOARDERS—Two or three gentlemen or lady Boarders may find comfortable accommodation by applying to Mrs. William Kennedy, Brick House, Hillsborough Park. sep10 4f

WANTED—A young man as Clerk in Book Store—Dorsey, Goff & Co. sep9 4f

BOARDERS can be comfortably accommodated in a private family, with parlour, dining and bedrooms; situation healthy; terms moderate. Apply at THE EXAMINER'S office. sep25

WANTED—Immediately a Cook and Housemaid. Good reference required. Apply at THE EXAMINER'S OFFICE. sep24

ROOMS TO LET—Suits of 6 for offices or Sample Rooms. Enquire of W. B. Boreham, Gratton Street. sep15 4f