

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1884.

VOL 15.—NO. 1.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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Advertising at most moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR MAY, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 2nd day, 1h. 55.1m., a. m.
Full Moon, 9th day, 11h. 55.2m., p. m.
Last quarter 18th day, 0h. 41.9m., a. m.
New Moon 24th day, 6h. 24.1m., p. m.
First Quarter, 31st day, 0h. 43.9m., p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Low water
1 Thursday	4 51	7 31	3 10	3 37	2 45	14 12
2 Friday	4 49	4 11	4 44	3 50	4 15	15
3 Saturday	4 46	6 41	4 48	5 4	18	
4 Sunday	4 47	7 1	5 51	6 17	20	
5 Monday	4 45	8 2	5 53	7 22	23	
6 Tuesday	4 44	9 3	5 55	8 15	25	
7 Wednesday	4 42	10 4	5 56	8 56	27	
8 Thursday	4 40	11 5	5 55	9 35	30	
9 Friday	3 39	13 6	5 53	10 11	33	
10 Saturday	3 38	14 7	5 50	10 44	36	
11 Sunday	3 37	16 8	4 44	11 19	39	
12 Monday	3 36	17 9	4 41	11 54	42	
13 Tuesday	3 34	18 10	2 1	12 29	44	
14 Wednesday	3 32	19 11	2 1	1 5	47	
15 Thursday	3 31	20 11	4 40	1 41	49	
16 Friday	3 31	21 12	4 28	2 28	51	
17 Saturday	2 29	22 13	4 20	3 53	53	
18 Sunday	2 28	23 14	4 27	5 5	55	
19 Monday	2 27	24 15	4 27	6 57	57	
20 Tuesday	2 26	25 16	4 27	8 1	59	
21 Wednesday	2 25	26 17	4 25	9 15	61	
22 Thursday	2 25	27 18	2 51	8 56	63	
23 Friday	2 24	28 19	3 29	9 46	65	
24 Saturday	2 23	30 4	4 14	10 34	67	
25 Sunday	2 22	31 5	5 11	11 19	69	
26 Monday	2 21	32 6	7 1	12 1	71	
27 Tuesday	2 20	33 7	12 0	5	13	
28 Wednesday	2 20	34 8	12 0	49	14	
29 Thursday	1 19	35 9	3 30	1 35	16	
30 Friday	1 18	36 10	3 23	18	18	
31 Saturday	1 18	37 11	4 3	15	19	

W. WHEATLEY,

(OF WHEATLEY & SONS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND)

Commission Merchant,

269 BARRINGTON STREET,

HALIFAX, N. S.

Special attention given to the sale of P. E. Island produce.

N. J. CAMPBELL,

(Successor to Campbell & Rayden)

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

SHIP BROKER,

AND INSURANCE AGENT,

COR. OF QUEEN AND WATER STS.,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Importer and Jobber of Choice Groceries and Spices

General Agent for P. E. Island of the British Empire Mutual Life Assurance Company, of London, England.

Special attention given to Auction Sales of Lumber, Coal, Fish, Apples and other Fruit, Real Estate, Household Furniture, Bankrupt and other Stocks, and all kinds of Merchandise.

Correspondence and Consignments solicited. Returns promptly made.

March 28, 1884.

McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,

BARRISTERS

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Old Bank.

(UP STAIRS).

Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan.

W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL

Jan. 16, '83.

BARGAINS.

I AM selling the balance of my Furniture saved from the fire of the 20th ult., at J. D. McLeod's corner, Queen Street, at a reduction of from twenty-five to fifty per cent. below usual prices.

JOHN NEWSON.

Ch'town, March 8.

F. D. WALKER, M. D., C. M.,

(Graduate of McGill University),

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Cardigan Bridge.

May 19—wky 4i

SHIP AND HOUSE

BUILDERS,

Will find every requisite for the trade at

DUCHEMIN'S

STEAM FACTORY,

Beer's Wharf.

Always on hand, a complete stock of

Ship's Blocks.

Deadeyes,

Steering Wheels,

—ALSO—

Mouldings, in great variety, Cornice, Base Panel, Door and Window Finish, Spouting, Conductor and Handrail, Newel Posts, Balusters and every description of Turnings. Fret, Circular and Jig Sawing, Planing and Moulding turned out neatly and with despatch.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Don't forget the place, Beer's Wharf near McMillan's Coal Depot.

Albert Duchemin.

Ch'town, Jan. 2, 1884.—wky 6i.

Dominion of Canada,

Province of Prince Edward Island.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of An Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-fifth year of Her present Majesty's Reign, Chapter 23 intitled, "An Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies, Loan Companies, Building Societies, and Trading Corporations, and of the President, Directors, and Company of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, an Insolvent Banking Company.

UPON the application of the Liquidators of the above-named Banking Company, and upon reading the Petition of Lemuel Cambridge Owen, Charles Colson Gardiner and David C. Chalmers, dated the twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1884, praying for a general order, requiring the Contributors of said Company to pay a final call of fourteen dollars and eighty-eight cents per share, and the order made by me, dated the first day of April last past, A. D. 1884, calling on all parties concerned to show cause this day why such third and final call, to the amount of fourteen dollars and eighty-eight cents per share, should not be made on all contributors of the above-named Banking Company, and upon reading the notice signed by the Prothonotary, issued in pursuance of such order and the affidavit of Leith E. Brecken, of the publication of such notice in THE EXAMINER newspaper, and in the Weekly Patriot, which I order shall be sufficient publication, and the affidavit of Benjamin F. Messervy of the due transmission by mail of such notices to all contributors residing abroad, and upon hearing counsel for the said Liquidators, and no cause to the contrary being now shown before me, I DO ORDER that a THIRD and FINAL CALL of FOURTEEN DOLLARS AND EIGHTY-EIGHT CENTS per share be made on all the Contributors of the said Banking Company; and I do further order that each such contributor do, on or before the THIRTY-FIRST day of OCTOBER NEXT, A. D. 1884, pay unto the BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA, at its Branch, in Charlottetown, in said Province of Prince Edward Island, to the account of the Liquidators of the said Company, the amount which will be due from him or her or them, in respect of such call; and I do further order that a copy of this order, together with a notice from the Liquidators of the said Company, specifying the amount due from each such contributor, in respect of such call, be served on all such contributors by posting the same in a letter, prepaid and registered, in said Province, addressed to the party or parties contributors, at his, her or their last known address or place of abode, or by the delivery thereof severally to the attorney of the party to be served; and I do further order that a copy of this order be published in the Royal Gazette newspaper of said Province, and in THE EXAMINER and Patriot newspapers, published in Charlottetown, in said Province, in the daily issues thereof, for two weeks from the date hereof.

Dated this twelfth day of May, A. D. 1884.

(S'gd) JAMES H. PETERS,

A. J.

May 15—2w

WHITE RUSSIAN

SEED WHEAT.

THE best producer yet tried on the Island. Call and examine and see testimonials at my Furniture Store, J. D. McLeod's corner.

JOHN NEWSON.

Ch'town, March 8.

New Goods!

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S SILK UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, SUNSHADES, etc.

NEW LACES, newest and most popular Goods.

EMBROIDERIES, very handsome.

TRIMMINGS, Fringes, Buttons, in endless variety.

Ladies' Silk Handkerchiefs, Ties, Scarfs, India Muslins.

KID AND JERSEY GLOVES, Corsets, Hats, Feathers and Millinery Goods.

Splendid value in Cashmeres, Dress Goods, Prints, etc.

New Goods to follow by every Steamer.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Ch'town, May 6, 1884

NOTICE!

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

—HAVE—

REMOVED TO DESBRISAY'S BUILDING,

Next Door to Beer & Goff's Grocery Store.

BIG CLEARANCE SALE CONTINUED.

During the next few months we will positively clear out the big stock saved from the fire, together with about thirty-six cases and bales of

New and Fashionable Spring Goods,

direct from the London markets, the first shipment of which is being opened to-day.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, May 1, 1884.—dy wky

Hats. Hats.

REASONS why L. E. PROWSE sells the CHEAPEST HATS

in the city:—

1st. Because he does not believe one man should pay double because another does not pay ANYTHING.

2nd. He buys in the best makers' best styles, buys for cash, and sells for cash.

3rd. He does not believe in the old rule—ask large profits and want to get rich too fast—but is satisfied with a SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

4th. He buys carefully, has no dead stock, keeps the LATEST STYLES always on hand, and at the right time.

Come all, and be convinced that money can be saved by purchasing your Hats from

L. E. PROWSE,

Sign of the Big Hat, 74 Queen Street.

Ch'town, April 15, 1884.—cod wky

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.

FIRE.

CAPITAL, \$2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—Montreal.

HALIFAX BRANCH—J. Scott Mitchell, Agent.

Risks Taken on Most Favorable Terms.

AGENT FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:

F. H. ARNAUD,

Merchants Bank of Halifax.

Ch'town, Feb. 27, 1884.

Charlottetown Boot and Shoe Factory.

OUR MAKE OF

BOOTS AND SHOES ARE MADE OF SOLID LEATHER,

And give great satisfaction throughout the Island.

The Best merchants sell them, and when buying be sure and ask for our make.

DORSEY, GOFF & CO.

Ch'town, April 12, 1884.—cod wky

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 21, 1884.

Our Orchards.

It has often been asked why we cannot grow as good a quality of fruit, and in as great abundance, as is done in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, or Ontario. Our best orchards contain trees that are sickly and blighted, and which do not attain the age and stature they should, while comparatively few produce a first-class quality of fruit. Our apples generally do not compare favourably with those of the neighbouring provinces. Yet there is no reason why we should not grow our own fruit. No very serious difficulty lies in the way. By careful planting and cultivation, we can raise apples, pears, and other fruits that we need not be afraid to place in competition with the best Nova Scotian growths. Having seen a good deal of fruit culture in Nova Scotia, I venture to offer a few suggestions that may be of use to intending horticulturists.

In planting an orchard it is absolutely necessary to select good trees, hardy, smooth, clean limbed, and of choice varieties, taking into consideration all circumstances of season, climate, and situation. Order only from reliable nurseries, whose trees have proved good. In setting your trees out, remember that they will grow, and allow them sufficient space (at least twenty-five or thirty feet apart) for increase in size. Many orchards have been spoiled from neglect of this principle. Crowded trees will not by any means give satisfactory returns. See that the trees selected are evenly balanced, and reject all lop-sided ones.

In many orchards I have noticed young trees in a state of decay. This must be guarded against at the time of setting out trees. Neglect it then, and you cannot afterwards prevent untimely decay. In planting trees, a rocky soil is best. A stony slope to the south is a good site for an orchard. Our soil is so soft and mellow, that when a root shoots down from the centre of a tree, it goes deep into the earth, until it get beyond the warm genial loam, and reaches a cold unfriendly stratum. Down in this cold earth the root soon begins to decay; the decay reaches up and up until it attacks the heart of the tree. Thus many promising trees are hollow, and die before they reach their prime. We may notice the same thing in forest trees. Those having a down reaching central root are generally found to be affected with rot. This can easily be prevented by placing a large flat stone under each tree planted, at the depth of eighteen inches or two feet, which causes the roots to spread and shoot out on each side, remaining in the warm layers of surface earth.

Mix a small amount of fine manure with the earth about the roots of the tree on setting out. For three or four springs following pile quite a quantity around but not touching the trunk. After that it is not required so often. Ground bones or fresh ashes are excellent at all times for trees. Keep down the grass as much as possible. Prune away all dead or unhealthy branches, and those that chafe others. In plum trees extra care is necessary, for that fatal fungus—black knot—must be cut away and burned as soon as it appears. Remove all the parts affected. Wash the trunk and main branches frequently with a strong mixture of soap and water, lime, or soda, to keep off insects. In the fall all the roots and grass must be pulled away from the base of the tree, leaving quite a space around it, smooth and clean, so that mice will find no chance to nest there, as they are sure to do if the grass is left. Trees must be sheltered. This shelter gathers the early snow of winter, so that very often the ground does not freeze sufficiently hard to check the growth of the tree, and the buds, formed late in the fall, will actually grow during the winter, and blossom so early in the spring that they will be nipped by the late frosts. Early blossoming may be prevented by shovelling away the snow from around the trees in December and January, so that the ground will freeze deeply, and prevent budding. Certainly it involves some labor; but if you wish to produce good fruit in abundance, you must attend to your trees in the manner recommended, and which the experience of Nova Scotian fruit growers has shown to be beneficial. Plum trees, which blossom late, generally produce good crops.

Every farmer, no matter how small his farm, should endeavor to beautify it and enhance its value by bringing to perfection a choice orchard. It shows taste and refinement of mind, it more than repays the outlay, it is an inducement to the boys to remain on the farm, and it adds to the beauty of the country. What is more lovely or a better source of justifiable pride than a good, well-kept farm, with a neat cottage embowered amid a miniature forest of trees, white and fragrant with spring blossoms, or richly laden with luscious autumn fruit! There is no farmer so poor that he cannot plant a few trees each year and the wonder is that more do not relieve the barrenness of their farm residences by so doing.

It is sincerely to be hoped that Arbor Day will become an established institution in Charlottetown, and that year by year tree planting will be attended to, until it shall be made a city of loveliness. Charlottetown possesses just as fine natural surroundings as any of the neighboring cities. Fredericton owes its great beauty to the trees that ornament its streets and squares. Savannah, Charleston, and other southern cities, would be nothing more than many other cities in point of attractiveness were it not for their shade trees; and there is no apparent reason why Charlottetown should not, in the course of a few years, rival them. A comparatively small yearly outlay of time and money would make Queen Square a magnificent promenade, that is, after the old buildings on the

north side of the square have been burnt down, and replaced by handsome structures.

S. M. B.

May 19, 1884.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A Contradiction.

SIR.—A noted man writes: "Thou canst not better reward a liar than in not believing what he says." This is true; but there is a difficulty in applying it in such cases where a writer makes statements through the columns of a paper which are utterly false, yet they may be easily taken for truth by those unacquainted with the author, or the circumstances in connection with articles written by him.

In your issue of Saturday, I notice some statements made by "Citizen," which are so utterly false that I simply write to contradict them, believing with Carlyle, "That a liar should be trampled on and extinguished wherever found."

He first states that the Street Committee have had a gang of able-bodied men, six in number, working the whole of the week spreading a few loads of refuse before the premises of our City Surveyor, on Hillsborough Street. Now, we all know that the weather last week was not fit for men to work on the street the whole time, and for the time that was spent on said street the work accomplished is sufficient proof of the manner in which the men labored. From personal observation I state the following as the correct time spent, and the number of men employed, on Hillsborough street, up to Saturday night of last week, viz.: Tuesday, one man a half day; Wednesday, two men three-quarters of a day; Saturday, three men a half day. He next states that this work is not at all necessary. Now, I differ with him. The work they are doing was badly needed. Most of this spring some parts of the street was in such a condition that it was impossible to haul a load over them. The greatest difficulty, however, with "Citizen," seems to be because it is the street on which our City Surveyor owns some property. No doubt that if they were working before his premises all would have been well.

In conclusion I may state that a man that can write for publication such a direct falsehood, and knowing it to be such, is not worthy the name of "Citizen."

Yours, etc., BROWN.

Vernon River Bridge Notes.

The farmers' bright prospects of an early seed time have vanished. The recent rains flooded the land, and all farm work was suspended ere it was properly begun. It will be some time before the soil is fit to till, as it is uncommonly wet and heavy.

The pier here is in a ruinous and dangerous condition. It is unsafe to drive horses on. Some of the planks in the covering are rotten, and holes have already commenced to appear. The piles in the channel are sinking in the mud, while those on the opposite side are beginning to rise, thus leaving it in a slanting position. It looks as if it were going to tumble into the channel. It is time that the \$200 placed in the estimates of the Dominion for its repairs, were expended on it.

About three hundred yards below the wharf there is a bar or bank of mud which extends right across the channel. At low tide, vessels ground upon it. The Heather Belle grounded at this point the evening of her first trip. This should not be the case, particularly as this is one of the "piers considered of Federal importance," and taken over by the Dominion Government. A few hours service from the Steam Dredge would make it all right. The authorities should see to it.

The Heather Belle made two trips here this season. She did not make a round trip the same day on either occasion. She came to the bridge in the evening, remained there over night, and left the next morning at a very early hour; but did not return in the evening. This prevents the people who have business in the city from taking passage in her, as they will not be landed any nearer home than the Brush Wharf or China Point. That is poor accommodation especially at this season of the year, when horses are busy, the roads bad, and the means of travelling difficult. If the steamer would make a return trip on the day she calls, she would get more freight and passengers. Much dissatisfaction is expressed.

A daily mail is very badly needed. There is a mail here but three times a week, and in many places, in the Island, where less business is done, there is a daily mail. It causes many disadvantages. For instance: our business men and farmers require it. It would not cause much additional expense, and as the contract for carrying the mails from Mill View to V. R. Bridge is now being tendered for, it is probably the proper time to see to it.

OBSERVER.

Vernon River Bridge, May 19th, '84.

S. P. Butt, a wealthy Bostonian who went to Milwaukee from Boston a few years ago to take up his residence, dropped dead in the Metropolitan hotel, Milwaukee, on the 11th inst. He was vice-president of the North Chicago rolling mill company and one of the richest men in the city. He created a great local sensation on March 26, marrying Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, a young woman who had been a servant in his family during the lifetime of his first wife. Mr. Butt's first wife died very suddenly a year ago, and married the second time before his wife had been dead a year.

THE certificates of cures by Ayer's Sarsaparilla are living truths, verified by living witnesses.

[1919 wky]