

THE DAILY EXAMINER

FEBRUARY 16, 1894.

THE SENATE AND THE WILSON BILL

The passage of the Wilson Bill through the Senate will be watched by all Canadians with great interest. In any case the fiscal policy of the great Republic is of material importance to Canada. But the importance of the Wilson Bill is enhanced for us because it has been made a test of the attitude of Congress concerning Annexation. This point is being clearly and strongly urged upon the Senate. A great leader and moulder of public opinion in the States—the New York Sun—is agitating it in a series of forcible articles. From one of the most recent of these we quote:—

The senators who heartily desire a union of British North America to the United States are not confined to one political party, and undoubtedly constitute a majority of the Upper House of Congress. We cannot believe that any of these senators will deliberately assent to any measure which is certain to arrest the drift of Canadian interest and sentiment toward political fusion with this country. The Wilson Bill is such a measure. By placing a large number of the natural products of Canada on the free list, and by signally reducing the duties on others, it offers gratuitously what even the Tory party at Ottawa has professed an inclination to accede to in corresponding concessions. Should the provisions of the Wilson Bill regarding Canada become law, they would paralyze the Canadian Liberal party, the chief feature of whose programme is reciprocity. No honest and far-sighted advocate of the union of British North America with the United States can wish to see the Canadian Liberal party destroyed, or even crippled, for, whatever may be the attitude of its leaders in Ontario, the great body of its rank and file occurs with actual or prospective supporters of the annexation project.

This paragraph is full of significance for all loyal Canadians. The Sun is one of the best-informed of United States journals. There is absolute truth in its declaration:—and, as we believe, in the interest of the United States—much that we have endeavored to obtain by negotiation and the offer of corresponding concessions. There is absolute truth, too, in the Sun's statement that the passage of the bill "paralyze the Canadian Liberal party," the chief feature of whose programme is reciprocity—leading on, as we believe and as the Sun asserts, to Annexation. There is truth, also, in the statement that "the great body of the rank and file of the Liberal party swarms with actual or prospective supporters of the annexation project"—though thousands who now belong to the rank and file of the Liberal party are not aware of the fact, but are being led by designing and cunning men. The whole article from which we have quoted is a warning to all those who ignorantly suppose that in supporting the Liberal party, led by Mr. Laurier, they are simply endeavoring to obtain the boon of reciprocity for this country. They are, it is true, working to obtain reciprocity—but, at the sacrifice of the independence of their country and the venerated British institutions which have been secured to them by the bravery and the blood of their forefathers.

But the interesting question of the moment is, how will the Senate treat the Wilson Bill? The New York Sun submits that if they cut out of the bill "those provisions which admit, duty free, many of the natural products of Canada," "the one formidable obstacle to the triumph of the Annexation movement throughout Canada will be swept away." Will the Senate of the United States cut out those provisions? We shall see.

CORN OR OATS FOR FEED?

Yes, we would like to feed cheap corn. It would be one of the fancy lines of farming, where the handling of some cash takes the place of a lot of hard work. To put up, say, twenty head of steers in the fall; take that head of twelve tons of early-cut corn, two thousand bushels of turnips, twelve hundred bushels of American corn, and go in for a square winter's work at feeding. We would like that! And under reciprocity we could have it all—except the pay. The account would stand something like this: Expenses—Twenty steers, \$500; twelve tons hay, \$96; two thousand bushels turnips, \$200; twelve hundred bushels corn, \$840—in all, \$1,636. Sales—Twenty fat steers, \$1,280. Loss—\$356.

The heavy item in the expenditure is the corn, which will cost 70 cents a bushel; for, in addition to the price in the West, we would have to pay the cost of transport, which would be as much more. With corn at 40 cents we would come out an over square. But as corn is 70 cents, and not possibly get it for less, and would likely have to pay more.

Yet the Western farmer could feed his corn to advantage, with his cheaper grass and fodder. He could ship his freight to the East at one-tenth the cost for meat that it would take to transport the corn that made it. And under reciprocity the Western farmer would feed the meat and our customers in the Provincial market would purchase his product.

Oats are much more profitable for us to feed than corn. The latter will cost one and a half cents a pound, while the best of oats can be had for less than a cent a pound; as the oats are more highly nutritious, they are much more valuable feed for pound. Reduced to the same standard of feed value as oats, corn will cost us \$1.50 per cent., while oats will only cost \$1. At the price oats sell at here—32 cents—corn would be worth only 46 cents. But as it would cost us 75 cents, to talk about feeding it in a country where we are exporting millions of bushels of oats is simply absurd.

Oatmeal is the most highly nutritious product of the cereal grains. Cornmeal has nine per cent. albuminoids, barley meal ten per cent., wheat flour eleven per cent., and oatmeal 12 per cent. The meal of oats is steadily becoming more and more appreciated as food for man and beast. Oats are rapidly taking the place of corn in the United States, and in all civilized countries they are being more and more appreciated as human food. "Partridge" at the hotel and oak cake at the restaurant are the order of the day, while the lady's lunch basket is not properly supplied unless it contains crisp expanses of oatmeal bannocks.

No grain is more capable of improvement than the oat. Selection of the

largest and heaviest grains for seed is the proper method. This is rapidly and easily effected with our improved separators. Some experiments at the Danish Seed Station show that an acre of oats sown with seed weighing 35.3 grams each gave sixty-five bushels; while an acre sown with oats weighing, each grain, 31.5 grams, gave only forty-five bushels. We all know the value of heavy grain for seed, but definite experiments like these, place the matter more clearly before us. Oats grow with such luxuriance on this Island, and are so easily cultivated, that we ought to pay every attention to their improvement. Twenty-five bushels are a poor enough crop from an acre, but eighty may be obtained, and this is not a crop to be despised. Oats have been improved to weigh fifty lbs. to the bushel and yield one hundred and twenty bushels per acre.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Local Legislature has been prorogued until Tuesday, the 27th of March. The day on which the Legislature will meet for despatch of business has not yet been announced. Premier Peters is evidently determined to take his time about it. Perhaps he is getting in all the accounts of last year's!

The Patriot advises the city authorities to have the gutters cleared to prevent the flooding of cellars in the event of a thaw. To clear out the gutters in this weather would simply be to throw away money. But a large number of men should certainly be engaged and ready to open the gutters as soon as the thaw shall come.

Edward Bok's successful article in the January Cosmopolitan on "The Young Man in Business," has been reprinted in a tasteful and handy booklet form at 10 cents by the Curtis Publishing Company, of Philadelphia. To this reprint Mr. Bok has added some 14 pages of editorial matter answering "Three Uncertain Young Men."

In the course of its article, concerning the late John Livingstone, Editor, the St. John Telegraph says: "The Conservative party in the Maritime Provinces owe much to his able pen, and it would be a pity if the debt had been but indifferently repaid. Men who were camp followers and hangers-on of the party got fat offices, while he had built up the party here, got nothing that was of any value. This is true, and 'pity 'tis true.' But the case is not a singular one. The real workers in both parties are apt to be overlooked, while the chief and self-sufficient persons obtain the reward of their labors. They work for the country, while others look out for themselves.

THIRTEEN KILLED.

A Terrible Accident in the Pennsylvania Mining Town of Plymouth. A Wilkesbarre, Pa., despatch of the 13th says: The mining town of Plymouth is mourning to-night over a terrible accident that occurred in the Gaylord colliery this morning. Thirteen men, all citizens of that town, lost their lives while in the discharge of their duties. All the victims, with the exception of two, were laborers. One of them lost his wife only a month ago, and four little children survive them. The disaster threw eleven widows and thirty-six orphans upon the world's charity. The mine is owned by Daniel Edwards, one of the wealthiest operators in the anthracite region. It is operated by the Kingston Coal Company, of which Mr. Edwards is the president. The mine has been abandoned because it could not be operated with profit. About three weeks ago the company decided to resume operations, and a party of expert miners was sent to the mine to make an examination. They found matters in bad shape. The last man at work in the colliery had robbed the pillars supporting the roof, and they were very thin. On Monday morning a large number of expert miners, carrying safety lamps, entered the mine and began the work of clearing up the old gangway and propping the roof.

Foreman Pickett, with twelve picked miners, volunteered to do down the shaft and see what could be done. The descent was made at ten o'clock last night. No one was left to tell the story. The supposition is that the men were lured at the bottom of the shaft, where they came tumbling down upon their heads, crushing them and putting a wall of debris between them and the mouth of the shaft four hundred feet in thickness. At first there was some hope that if the men could be reached in a reasonable time they could be saved. This was a false hope, however. A second rescuing party of about a dozen men, with a rope, came tumbling down upon their heads, crushing them and putting a wall of debris between them and the mouth of the shaft four hundred feet in thickness. At first there was some hope that if the men could be reached in a reasonable time they could be saved. This was a false hope, however. A second rescuing party of about a dozen men, with a rope, came tumbling down upon their heads, crushing them and putting a wall of debris between them and the mouth of the shaft four hundred feet in thickness.

Mothers wring their hands and tore their hair and little children wept bitterly. Two of the women faint and had to be carried away. Even stout-hearted men wept almost as bitterly as the fatherless children. To-day's disaster is the worst that has occurred in the anthracite region since 1885. Superintendent Edwards said this evening that he would take care of the women and children whose husbands and fathers lost their lives to-day.

The statement of Canadian national revenue to the end of January shows a considerable increase in the postal receipts. That is a good sign. Letters and business are very closely connected.

Boston, Feb. 12.—A slight outbreak among the convicts of the State Prison, at Charlestown, occurred this morning, when two sewing machines and two chairs were thrown out of the window and broken. The outbreak, in which about 40 prisoners took part, was quickly subdued and the party engaged are in solitary confinement.

Paris, Feb. 12.—Edeon Breton, 23 years old, threw a bomb in the case of the hotel at the terminus of the St. Lazare railway station this evening. The bomb exploded in the middle of the room and wounded 20 persons. The bomb thrower ran down the street and shot and badly wounded a policeman. He was finally captured and taken to the police station where he gave his name and age. Breton said he was a cabinet maker and arrived from Marseilles this morning. He acknowledged he was an anarchist.

25 per cent. of lace curtains at James Paton & Co's. Feb 15 21

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great Blood and Nerve Restorer.

GOVERNOR CARVELL'S FUNERAL.

A Very Large Funeral Cortege—Order of Procession.

At nine o'clock this morning the remains of Lieutenant-Governor Carvell were taken to St. Peter's Cathedral. The body was received at the door by the Priest Incumbent, with his acolytes and cross-bearer. The opening sentences of the Burial Service were read as the body was carried to the foot of the altar. The Holy Communion was then celebrated. The service being fully choral.

This afternoon at a quarter past three o'clock, after the Burial Service was concluded, the body was taken from the church to the hearse. As the body was being removed a salute of minute guns to the number of fifteen was fired from Fort Edward by a detachment of artillery drawn from No. 2 Battery under command of Captain Moore. The order of the funeral procession was as follows:—

- Officers of Militia. City Council. Mayor. Aldermen. Priest. Undertaker. JUNIOR PALLEBEARERS: Mr. T. C. James. Mr. John Messervey. M. T. J. Harris. Mr. D. O. M. Reddin. Mr. Percy Pope. Mr. F. H. Arnaud.

SENIOR PALLEBEARERS: F. de St. C. Brecken. R. B. Fitzgerald, Q.C. Mr. Justice Hodgson. Senator Macdonald. Mr. W. H. Aitken. Malcolm McLeod, Q.C.

The procession moved off to the west, the Militia, Police, Council, Mayor and Masons being formed up in readiness on Rochford Street, facing south. The procession then took the following order:—

- Head. Family. Friends. Priest. Undertaker. Pall bearers. Hearse.

Thereupon those who were drawn up broke ranks and proceeded, passing the hearse and family, right and left of the hearse along Rochford Street, turning up Kent Street, the procession continuing along as the Masons proceeded. Then the family, next the members of the Government, followed by friends.

All men who arrived at the church to take part in the procession were admitted before three o'clock to the rear door. The main doors of the church were not thrown open until three o'clock.

The funeral procession was, notwithstanding the recent stormy weather, and the bad roads, one of the largest ever seen in Charlottetown.

The interment was at St. Peter's Cemetery.

MURRAY HARBOR SOUTH NOTES.

Cold weather down here. The smelt fishing last week received a little in this place this last week. We have had an expert in the netting business from Mount Stewart, but like the disciples of old, he told all day and got nothing. Our smelt are more used to the large smelt. We have had another severe snowstorm to add to the list. If we do not soon have good roads it will be serious, as a great many people are depending on firewood for fuel, which they have had a distance of eight or nine miles—a thing impossible at present. The coal supply in this place is exhausted.

We also hear a great outcry about fodder being very scarce up through the country. There are some people who will be forced to kill off some stock on account of no feed. This want of feed is a serious blow for fuel, which they have had a distance of eight or nine miles—a thing impossible at present. The coal supply in this place is exhausted.

COBBERTON.—Regarding P. Doyle's loss of his eye. Mr. Doyle says the \$1,255.41 does not represent his whole stock. It only represents the amount of stock after the fire which was covered by insurance. Mr. Doyle's total stock amounts to about \$1,800.

POLICE COURT.—This forenoon the two charges of violating the Liquor Regulation Act preferred against George Carter, were further enforced into. Four witnesses were examined, after which the hearing was further adjourned until Monday next for additional evidence. Francis McLeod charged with obstructing, did not respond to a summons, and a warrant for his arrest was ordered to issue. Two drunks were disposed of for fines of \$1 or 5 days and \$2 or 10 days, respectively.

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY.—The storm of last evening was very severe along the route of railway, and a good deal of snow was reported. The engine and the mail train which left for Cape Traverse at nine o'clock, went off the track a mile and a half this side of Bradbake's and the English train, which left here some time later, is at Hunter River waiting until the engine and plow of the mail train is on the track again. The other trains are not moving.

The inventions of this age have in some respects made the world a very small place. The chemical cold storage now in use in ocean steamers has enabled Australia, for some years past, to place her meats in the English markets; and since the opening of the C. P. R. line of steamers from Melbourne to Vancouver, large quantities of mutton, game, and sheep, shipped thereby, and are now retailed in Vancouver at five cents per pound. We are sorry to see this, as we noticed some time ago a large quantity of mutton was shipped from here to the British Columbia market, and is now sold at a sacrifice, as the Winnipeg market is very limited.

The London Times, of January 29, in its colonial article, says that "in comparing the material position of Canada during the year which has just closed with the position of other countries, and with her own position and progress in preceding years, it can hardly be doubted that she has suffered, on the whole, less than her neighbors from the general depression." The Montreal Gazette remarks that the Times in these words states a fact recognized by every student of current events on the continent. The Canadian Liberals, under the guise of a movement for free trade tariff reform, are trying to destroy the conditions that maintained the satisfactory state of affairs above described. It was the National Policy tariff, and that alone, almost, that during the latter part of 1893 kept Canadian factories in operation and Canadian labor at work, when United States factories were shut down and the streets of United States cities were filled with workless multitudes.

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

Safe and Pleasant to take, sure to cure—Hawker's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam, the favorite Cough cure.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great Blood and Nerve Restorer.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

THE DIOCESAN SOCIETY DISPUTE.

Sir,—In answer to Mr. Hamlyn's letter, in yesterday's EXAMINER, I beg to state that I was informed that the purpose of the Diocesan Society is to meet once each year to receive, in public, statements and reports from all the parishes in the Island regarding the growth of the Church; at which meeting it has been customary, from time to time, to discuss any matter tending to retard the growth of the Church in P. E. I. For example: Last year a large portion of the time was occupied by Judge Fitzgerald in denouncing the custom of receiving grants from the different missionary societies in the old country as tending to that end. I am also informed that there was some very plain speaking concerning the Church at Georgetown and Cherry Valley, which was declared to be a scandal and disgrace. This discussion, though painful at the time, resulted in much good.

Again, last night the Hon. Mr. Davies straight to the point concerning the grants from the Home Society. I was asked to read a paper giving my own impressions on the state of the Church in this city, and I gave my candid impression that the great detriment to the Church's growth was the unhappy divisions existing in her midst—"a house divided against itself cannot stand." While it is reprehensible in laymen to encourage these divisions, for clergymen to so is almost criminal. The laity are in the habit of receiving and profiting by, merited rebukes from the clergy for want of charity, &c., and there are times when retaliation is almost a duty. I am glad to see that the Diocesan Society, perfectly proper. Wednesday night appeared to me to be such an occasion. I admitted that rebuke—not with abuse and insult, as charged by Mr. Hamlyn, but with kindly severity. I am glad to see that the Diocesan Society, perfectly proper. Wednesday night appeared to me to be such an occasion. I admitted that rebuke—not with abuse and insult, as charged by Mr. Hamlyn, but with kindly severity. I am glad to see that the Diocesan Society, perfectly proper. Wednesday night appeared to me to be such an occasion. I admitted that rebuke—not with abuse and insult, as charged by Mr. Hamlyn, but with kindly severity.

Yours, EDWARD CARBONELL.

Feb. 15th, 1894.

AUTHORS' DAY.—This was Authors' Day at Upper Prince Street School. The pupils gave an interesting entertainment, and the program was as follows:—

- Song—One by One. School Essay—Adele Proctor. Eliza Nettie Ross. Recitation—Our Times. Lulu Robertson. Song—Our Daily Bread. School Recitation—The Two Interpreters.

Solo—The Lost Chord. Mary Hazard. Recitation—Sowing and Reaping. Recitation—Homeless. Bessie Boyver. Song—Cleaning Fires. School Recitation—Will He Come? Ethel Sutherland. Recitation—A Comforter. Maggie Cotton. Song—The Tempest. The Golden World. Recitation—A Doubting Heart. National Anthem.

Eastern Assurance Company. HALIFAX, Feb. 16. The Eastern Assurance Company held their fourth meeting yesterday. The members wanted the business wound up immediately but after a long discussion it was resolved that the business of the Company be continued for another year, and that the question of winding up be then considered, if deemed necessary.

New Brunswick News. FREDERICTON, Feb. 16. John Schleyer, foreman of Kilsen's furniture factory, a middle-aged man with a large family, is in prison charged with a dangerous and malicious conspiracy. George Calhoun, registrar of Albert County, is dead.

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We Have Them! You Want Them! GUESS the price and then ask and you will find we are lower. A GREAT VARIETY to select from. It will surprise you to find out all the good reading matter you can get for ONE DOLLAR at our Store.

MAGAZINES for February and March now on sale at Carter's Bookstore. feb12

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond, Virginia; and Montreal, Canada.

PURE-MILD-SWEET If MASTIFF PLUG CUT was not all that is claimed for it, how else could so great a business and sale have developed in so short a time? A pure, mild, sweet smoke.—I wonder it does. All live stores keep it.

This Week BOOKS! BOOKS! We Have Them! You Want Them!

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Married in Lent. ST. JOHN, Feb. 16. Rather an unusual occurrence was a marriage in the cathedral here, during Lent. One occurred yesterday, the bride and groom being prisoners in the jail arrested a few days ago on a charge of larceny. The bride was about to become a mother. Hence the wedding. After the marriage the complainant in the case was resolved that the business of the Company be continued for another year, and that the question of winding up be then considered, if deemed necessary.

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A New Feature

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Married in Lent. ST. JOHN, Feb. 16. Rather an unusual occurrence was a marriage in the cathedral here, during Lent. One occurred yesterday, the bride and groom being prisoners in the jail arrested a few days ago on a charge of larceny. The bride was about to become a mother. Hence the wedding. After the marriage the complainant in the case was resolved that the business of the Company be continued for another year, and that the question of winding up be then considered, if deemed necessary.

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New Brunswick News. FREDERICTON, Feb. 16. John Schleyer, foreman of Kilsen's furniture factory, a middle-aged man with a large family, is in prison charged with a dangerous and malicious conspiracy. George Calhoun, registrar of Albert County, is dead.

Probably Untrue. OTTAWA, Feb. 16. Senator Howland is here to press his claims to the Lieutenant-Governorship. Ex-Premier Owen, also here, is an applicant.

Skating Championship. ST. JOHN, Feb. 16. Hudson Breen defeated Fred Follis, the amateur champion of Maine, last night, skating.

Nova Scotia Elections. HALIFAX, Feb. 16. The local elections of Nova Scotia will take place on March 15th.

GENERAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—It is expected that the formal reply of the Dominion Government to the general secretary of the imperial authorities this week. The report establishes beyond dispute that pleuro-pneumonia does not exist in Canada, nor does it exist in the United States. The views of imperial experts will be successfully combated.

ROCKLAND, Me., Feb. 13.—L. G. March, formerly agent for the Maine Bible Society, and will recently general secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, has left town with a heavy board bill unpaid and his affairs in a very unsatisfactory condition. March came here from Portland about two years ago, and moved in high social and musical circles.

DEBILIS, Feb. 13.—At a meeting of the National League to-day John Redmond said the only reason for delaying the release of the money known as the Paris fund was the technical point raised by the McCartyites to embarrass Mr. Dillon. Continuing, Mr. Redmond said that the Government now had a great opportunity, which it might not have again, of dissolving parliament and carrying the country. In Mr. Redmond's opinion, the Government ought to reject the Loris' amendments, prorogue parliament, call a new session immediately and pass a new registration bill.

BERRY, Feb. 11.—The Hanover Taggblatt says Emperor William and the Duke of Cumberland have agreed upon terms of settling the question of the Brunswick succession. The Duke of Cumberland resigns all rights to succeed in favor of his eldest son George Ludwig, who, upon coming of age, will succeed to the title of the Duke of Brunswick after renouncing all claims to the throne of Hanover.

BOSTON, Feb. 13.—The National American Peace Society of this city sent out from its office to-day the official report of the fifth Universal Peace Congress, which was held during the latter part of the World's Fair. This document gives a complete history of arbitration from 1815 down to the present time. Another part of the report which will be of international importance is the internal court of arbitration as presented by three prominent New York jurists.

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