

The Daily Examiner

NOVEMBER 1, 1884.

The Fishery Refund.

The Commissioner appointed by the Dominion Government to investigate the claims of applicants for a refund of duties paid into the United States Treasury on account of fish in the year 1872, began his enquiry at Tignish on Monday last, and throughout the week this has been the all-absorbing topic at the West. Everyone who sold a barrel of mackerel in that year has been cudgelling his brains to bring to mind the circumstances in which the fish was sold...

The case of the merchants who sold the fish in the United States markets, and themselves paid the duty in gold, is sufficiently clear. But the claims of those who sold the fish to the merchants rests for the most part upon the memories of the parties to the respective bargains. Perhaps it is not strange that the recollection of the parties is widely different; for the greater the number of fishermen's claims made good, the smaller will be the merchants share of the refund.

Mr. Fitzgerald has a very difficult task to perform. At Tignish and vicinity alone the applications number about a hundred and sixty; and each application is to be established by the mouths of several conflicting witnesses, whose testimony is to be substantiated by many incidental circumstances said to have taken place in the dim past twelve years ago. On several days in the week the court room in St. Mary's Hall was quite full of people; and there has been a general harvest among the boarding houses.

Many and various are the views of those interested in the matter; but there is only one opinion as to the conduct of the enquiry, and that is that Mr. Fitzgerald has exhibited patience, care and impartiality in the hearing of the evidence. Mr. Malcolm McLeod, Q. C., is watching the proceedings on behalf of the merchants, and Mr. Sutherland (of Davies, Sutherland & Weeks) for the fishermen.

Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, was crowded on Sunday morning last to hear Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. In the course of his remarks he alluded to revivalists and their work:—"I have heard," he said, "men who pray with all their lung power for religion, and that God would come down immediately to them, and, entirely unmindful of damage done, fit them out with a new suit of religion. These people, it seems to me, must imagine that God is something like an extensive clothier, with a large stock of assorted suits on hand, and that he could at pleasure give a well-fitting coat to this one, a pair of trousers to that one, and so on, fit out all who asked him." Mr. Beecher also spoke of the man who never had any respect for religion, who had no desire to be a Christian, and who suddenly, for some unexplained reason, wants to reform. "The man," he continued, "who all his life had been living an ungodly one, and who suddenly turns over a new leaf, is in reality still the same old man, except that his faculties work a little more harmoniously. An ungodly man must be a thoroughly disorganized one—a sort of Butlerized disorganized disorganization must pervade his whole being."

The New Brunswick Sabbath School Convention assembled in Centenary Church, St. John, on Thursday. From the Sun we learn that its object is to form a Provincial Association for the furtherance and systematizing of Sunday school work, and for the discussion and adoption of plans to that end. There are in New Brunswick about 569 Sunday schools, and of these 266 reported to the convention with 1,726 teachers and 16,176 scholars in attendance. Thirty thousand five hundred and eighty-one books are in the libraries of these schools, 10,894 Sunday school papers are distributed monthly and the international lessons are used by most. When the counties are thoroughly organized and good and efficient officers appointed, it will be more easy to get full reports from the schools in operation and to take steps to open schools in the many districts where none are now carried on. The Sabbath school work is a most important one and we are glad to see this association formed for its more earnest and intelligent prosecution.

The Chatham World says:—The \$10,000 stock of the Miramichi Steamboat Co., is nearly all subscribed. The original purpose of the promoters was to build two boats—one for up the river and the other for down river—but it is probable that only one will be built. We have sufficient up-river steamboat service already. The down-river boat is much needed, and will be of great benefit. A subsidy of \$10,000 a year will be asked of the local Government for the service. As soon as the Valley line to Fredericton is opened, direct steamboat communication with F. E. Island, will probably be opened.

The wreck of the steamer Amsterdam has been sold at Halifax for \$5, and her cargo for \$4 cents. The wreck of the Finley brought in by the schooner the Atlantic 240 tons.

Notable Speech by Parnell.

A PASSIONATE PHILIPPIC AGAINST BRITISH MISRULE IN IRELAND.

Mr. Parnell made a significant and notable speech in the British House of Commons, on the 27th inst. It was in continuation of the debate upon the demand of the Irish members that the government should order an inquiry into the Maamtrasna murder trials. The house was crowded with members and others having the privilege of the floor, and the galleries were filled with spectators. Mr. Parnell was in good voice and form, notwithstanding his recent illness. His speech was a passionate philippic against the British government for its misrule in Ireland. He touched briefly upon the revolting scandals that had been brought home to certain Dublin Castle officials, and sneered at the government's anxiety to retain in his exalted position that dear, good man, Earl Spencer, who had winked at or condoned these outrages by his subordination.

There were several interruptions of a personal character which made Mr. Parnell white with anger. At such times he was compelled to pause on account of the cheers from the liberal benches, but when he made a telling reply to the interrupter the counter cheers that arose from the hon. rulers both on the floor and in the galleries, were simply terrific.

Mr. Parnell said he believed that in case the government would direct an inquiry into the Maamtrasna murder case the Irish party would be able to prove the innocence of four of the persons who were convicted of participation in the crime. He maintained that the government had made no attempt to meet the case as represented by the Irish party.

The Right Hon. Sir William V. Harcourt said that nine of the accused men had admitted their guilt. It was certainly not the duty of the government to review the verdict of a jury.

Altogether the scene was almost unparalleled in the history of the Commons, and it is admitted that Parnell's speech was the best one he has made since the "Kilmainham treaty" episode. Its immediate effect, however, is not advantageous to the Irish cause. It has simply confirmed the government in its determination to refuse the proposed inquiry into the Maamtrasna case. The Tories and Whigs believe that it was intended to have this effect. They say that Mr. Parnell placed himself in this position of savage antagonism to the government both for the sake of enhancing the value of his following as a parliamentary balance of power and to strengthen his own position at home.

British Live Stock Trade.

(Montreal Gazette.)

The British cattle trade during the last week has been dull and unsatisfactory, but the severe depression reported in our last week's cables has been slightly modified, in the right direction, without, however, producing any decided change. Present heavy supplies of ill conditioned animals will have to be worked off before the trade can resume a healthy tone. Not only is the supply far ahead of requirements, but the average quality of it is far from satisfactory. Our special cables from the leading markets are uniformly dull in tone, but report that buyers are showing more interest. The receipts of Canadians and Americans have perceptibly diminished, but for the week were fair, more than enough, however, for the trade, as the general supplies at all the markets were heavy. At Liverpool to-day the demand for cattle was weak and slow, but more business was done than on last Monday. Large numbers, however, were left unsold. The top figure for prize steers remains at 131c, but to bring it quality must be up to the market. To-day's prices for the lower grades were unsettled at 13c for fair to choice; 12c for poor to medium, and 9c and 10c for inferior and bulls. There has been some improvement in the sheep trade, former heavy supply having diminished. The offerings at the principal markets to-day were fair and quite equal to demand. Our cables quote transactions on the basis of 14c for best sheep; 12c and 13c for secondary qualities; 11c, and 12c for merinos, and 9c and 10c for inferior and rams. Dressed beef in Liverpool is cabled weak and lower at 43d, against 54d last week.

East India Trade Paralyzed.

EFFECTION OF THE FRANCO-CHINESE WAR—PREPARING TO RUN THE FRENCH BLOCKADE.

The extensive London firm of East Indian merchants, of which J. W. Ranken is at the head, failed on the 27th ult. for \$300,000. It is believed that many other large houses engaged in Asiatic trade will follow suit, as it is known that the war operations between France and China are paralyzed in trade in the far East. This condition of affairs is doubly disastrous at the present time, when ocean freights are at and many fine vessels are tied up to rust at their wharves for lack of cargoes. Some of the more enterprising merchants are preparing to send English products to Formosa in swift and low-lying steamers, manned by trusty men, and take their chance of running the blockade which the French have established off the coast of that island. There are plenty of seamen and officers ready to embark on these blockade-running expeditions, and if the blockade is extended to the coast of China proper, as threatened by France, the business may become almost as popular and profitable as during the American civil war.

LABRADOR—A REMEDY FOR DISTRESS.—The distress which so frequently occurs among the four thousand people of Labrador, who earn a precarious living by fishing, and who, when the fishery happens to be a failure, are completely destitute, has raised the question as to what effective remedy can be adopted to obviate so undesirable a state of matters. The New York Tribune is of opinion that doing out help to those fishermen in times of distress is proving to be an unwise policy and should be abandoned. Our New York contemporary suggests that they should be removed from the inhospitable coasts of Labrador and settled in the valley of the Saskatchewan in the Northwest, where they would not be dependent upon the stormy ocean for their subsistence. This idea is at least worth considering.

Wesleyan Missions.

At the recent meeting of the Wesleyan Board of Missions of Canada, held at Kingston, Ontario, the determination was reached to build a mission premises for Secretary's office, etc., to correspond in style with the Metropolitan church, Toronto, and to be built on a lot adjoining that church, the cost not to exceed \$25,000, the money to be raised without touching the ordinary funds. To this good work, we presume, the Methodists of the Lower Provinces will have permission to subscribe. Among the other matters agreed to are:—That the general report of the Society contain the religious reports from missions, the aggregate contributions from each circuit, the names of subscribers of \$25 and upwards, and the details of expenditure. Second, that each Annual Conference publish its own missionary subscription just as an appendix to its minutes, with a synopsis of religious reports of the missions within its bounds. The report on parsonage rents recommended: First, the erection of parsonages in all the missions. Second, the promise of loans equal to 25 per cent. for a term of years at a low rate of interest. Third, that proposed buildings be in accord with plans prepared by the missionary authorities. Fourth, that where missions fail to erect parsonages grants for rents shall cease after two years' notification. This was adopted. The General Secretary was requested to prepare and forward at an early period a synopsis of the missionary report to the superintendents of circuits for use at their anniversaries. The Board requested Rev. Dr. Meacham to spend several weeks in the Eastern Conferences, assisting at their missionary meetings. It was resolved that \$175,000 be taken, plus the special help to Newfoundland, as the basis of appropriations for this year. In connection with the sustentation fund, it is recommended that the Presidents of the Annual Conferences be a committee who shall correspond on the matter and report to the next meeting of the Board. On grants to missions the sub-committee on Finance reported that it would require \$273,645 to meet all the claims presented. They ask that the Board grant an additional \$20,000, which, added to the previous vote of \$175,000, would enable them to pay 70 per cent. on the basis of the appropriation. The Board granted the additional sum asked. The committee recommended that the Rev. John Shaw be appointed as assistant in the mission rooms. The recommendation was adopted. The Board agreed to meet in Halifax, the second week in October, 1885.

A Toronto Faith Cure.

REPORTED HEALING OF A CRIPPLED GIRL THROUGH PRAYER. A remarkable case of faith cure has occurred at Toronto, the truth of which is vouched for by several people. The facts are: About twelve years ago, Annie Mallock, of Hayter street, fell while crossing King street, injuring her knee to such an extent that doctors who attended her failed to effect a cure, telling her she would be a cripple for life. For ten years she could not move about without the aid of crutches. About two years ago she read a book by C. Judd on prayer and faith which impressed her so deeply that she asked several Christian friends to join her in prayer for the recovery of the use of the disabled limb. She states that almost immediately she felt a change, and at the end of six months was able to dispense with one of her crutches. Her limb gradually regained power, and last Sunday for the first time in twelve years she was able to walk without assistance to and from Elm street Methodist church. She has still a slight limp, but feels sure it will soon disappear.

Chinese Lepers in British Columbia.

THE PEOPLE BECOMING ALARMED AT THE NEGLIGENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT.

An Ottawa despatch to the New York Herald says:—The people of British Columbia are becoming alarmed at the negligence shown by the Government in not providing suitable isolated quarters for the Chinese lepers at present confined in the jail at Victoria. At the last meeting of the City Council it was moved and carried that the Provincial Government be requested to communicate with the Dominion Government with a view to having the necessary steps taken for the erection of a leper hospital. The mover knew of several cases, two of which were in the city jail. Chinese doctors of the city had informed him that so contagious was the dreaded disease that people were liable to catch it by inhaling the breath of a leper, while many young men caught the disease by smoking cigars made by Chinese lepers. The matter will be immediately dealt with by the Dominion Government, who have now control of the Esplanade at Tracadie, N. B., which a few years ago was under the Provincial Government.

The Darwin Theory.

DECISION OF THE PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD OF SOUTH CAROLINA REGARDING IT.

The Presbyterian Synod of South Carolina, held at Greenville, on the 26th of October, has been engaged several days in the discussion of the Darwinian theory of evolution. The issue arose from the fact that Dr. Woodrow, a professor in the Columbia Theological Seminary, with the avowed purpose of fortifying the young ministers in scientific knowledge, had set forth the theory of evolution in a lecture, expressing his own belief in it in a modified form, and declaring it not inconsistent with scriptural teaching. The discussion of Dr. Woodrow's position was warm and spirited, most of the leading divines of the synod participating. The settlement of the question was reached on the 27th by the adoption of the following resolution:—"Resolved, that in the opinion of the synod, the teaching of evolution in the theological seminary at Columbia, except in a purely expository manner, with no intention of inculcating its truth, is hereby disapproved." This was carried—yeas, 50; nays, 45.

Truth asserts that the Queen has positively refused to allow Lord Wolsey to avail himself of the services of General Baker; and her majesty has intimated that her decision in the case is final and unalterable.

THE FISH MARKET! GRAFTON STREET.

The Fish Market has a complete Stock of Fish and can supply choice

Herring, Codfish, Shad, Mackerel, Salmon, Tongues & Sounds, &c., &c.

Also Canned Fish in Haddies, Salmon, Mackerel, Lobsters, &c., at very low prices.

The Grocery Department Stock is also complete, and families can be supplied at the Establishment with all that is required very cheap. Goods delivered any part of the City.

J. H. MYRICK.

Ch'town, Oct. 28, 1884.—5m cod her 3m

DORSEY, GOFF & CO'S.

Celebrated Make of Boots are taking the lead all over the Island.

People say our Boots are Water-tight, Good Fit, Very Cheap, and wear as well as Custom Boots.

BE SURE AND GET OUR MAKE. DORSEY, GOFF & CO

Ch'town, Sept. 18, 1884.—cod wtk

One Car Load Matchless Flour WINTER-KEEPING APPLES.

BY Auction, Monday November 3rd, at 10.30 o'clock, at my Auction Room,

150 Barrels choice Apples.

In Baldwins, Tompkins, Russets, R Pippins, B. Pippins, Gravestins, etc., direct from the Orchards via Pictou Landing.

Cash Orders from the Trade promptly attended to.

A. McNEILL, AUCTIONEER.

Ch'town, Oct. 31, 18 4.—2

FOR BERMUDA.

THE BRIGANTINE

"COLUMBIA," Mustard Master.

Will Sail on or about

The 8th of November for Bermuda.

The undersigned offers to take Freight at very low rates. A rare chance for speculators. Also can accommodate a limited quantity of good Horses, Milch Cows and Fat Cattle. Highest market prices paid for Garnet Potatoes.

For further particulars apply to

H. C. OUTERBRIDGE, Peake's No. 1 Wharf, Ch'town.

Or MESSRS. GEO. DAVIES, & CO., London House, Ch'town, Oct. 30, 1884.—4m da wk ln pd

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Two Storey Dwelling

House on King Street, near Railway Station, having 7 rooms, front porch, large yard and outhouses attached. Lot 27 x 55.

Terms cash.

Apply to owner on premises, JAMES TRAINOR, Mason.

Ch'town, Oct. 30, 1884.—cod tf

Miss Lucy Caven,

GRAFTON STREET (East), is desirous of getting a few pupils for Music. Terms can be agreed on.

Ch'town, Oct. 28 1884.

Pearline. Pearline.

To Arrive per Boston Boat on Wednesday next,—

50 Boxes Fyle's PEARLINE, direct from manufacturer, to be sold at former prices.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.

Ch'town, Oct. 25—4i sa m w a

Valuable Freehold Property For Sale.

THE property situated at the corner of Prince and Water Streets, formerly owned by Jas. Duncan, Esq., and now occupied by Dr. Hobkirk, will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises,

On TUESDAY the 4th of November Next,

at 12 o'clock.

Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, the balance to be paid in thirty days from that date, with 6 per cent. interest. A plan of the property can be seen at the Liquidators' office.

L. C. OWEN, BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA, Per D. C. CHALMERS; C. C. GARDNER, Liquidators of the Bank of P. E. Island.

Ch'town, Oct. 25, 1884.—5i 3w pat

MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction on Monday, the twelfth day of December next, A. D. 1884, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Court House, in Charlottetown:—

All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being on Lot or Town-ship number twenty-nine, bounded and described as follows, that is to say:—Having a breadth of six chains fronting on (Gravel) Bone or River and running back by parallel lines from the shore at right angle thereto for the distance of one hundred (100) chains, being bounded on the North-west by lands in possession of Robert Myers, formerly Thomas Myers, on the North-east by lands lately in possession of Alexander McQuarrie, now John S. McQuarrie, and on the South-east by land in possession of John S. McQuarrie, and on the South-west by land in possession of John S. McQuarrie, containing sixty acres of land, be the same a little more or less, as the same is described in a certain deed dated the third day of November, 1879, made between Joseph Pope, then Commissioner of Public Lands, of the one part, and Neil McQuarrie of the other part.

The above sale is made under and by Virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage dated the second day of July, A. D. 1880, made between Neil McQuarrie of the one part, and Edward Lewis Hollesen and Neil McLeod of the other part.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. McLeod, Morison & McQuarrie, Charlottetown.

Dated at Charlottetown this 31st day of October, A. D. 1884.

ALEXANDER MCKINJAY, Assignee.

Ch'town, Nov. 1, '84—caw tl sale.

COAL. COAL.

DAILY Expected from Sydney:

Per Brig. King Bird,

230 Tons Old Mine Sydney, (with certificate.)

Per Sch. Ida May,

110 Tons Reserve Mine.

Per Sch. Mary,

170 Tons Little Glace Bay.

From Pictou, per Schs. Ers, Wallace, Margaret Ann, Quickstep, R. Boak, Conk-rate, and William and Mary—

500 Tons Intercolonial Nut and Round.

Per Sch. Sarah Elizabeth,

160 Tons Acadia Nut & Round.

All of which will be sold at the Lowest Market Rates.

C. LYONS, Acadia Coal Depot, Peake's No. 2 Wharf.

Ch'town, Oct. 10—3wks

FANCY SALE.

THE members of St. Peter's Church Sewing Society intend holding a Fancy Sale on the 10th DECEMBER NEXT,

of which further notice will be given.

M. M. J. HODGSON, President.

Ch'town, Aug 9—law sat

WANZER Sewing Machines.

THESE CELEBRATED MACHINES

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS

At all the leading Exhibitions of the World.

Only Gold Medal in Canada, 1883.

J. F. WILLIS & CO., Sole and only authorized Agents for P. E. I. jy20

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

Advertisements under this heading, in space not exceeding three lines, will be inserted for ten cents per day

STRAYED from the premises of McKie & McLungall on the 27th inst., a little Yellow Mare with white strip on face. Any person giving information as to her whereabouts will be suitably rewarded. [oc 31]

LOST—A Red Setter Bitch. The finder will be rewarded by returning her to W. C. Hobkirk. [oc 29]

200 Loads of Hardwood and Kindling Wood for Sale. Apply to William Barboe, corner Fitzroy and Prince Streets. [oc 29 taw 4wk pd]

FOR SALE—Two Mares—weight 1,200 and 900 lbs., respectively. Can be seen at the corner of Fitzroy and Prince Street. WILLIAM BERR E. [oc 29 6in pd]

KEY LOST—A week ago, in the vicinity of Queen's Square, an Inner Door Key. The finder will please leave it at the EXAMINER OFFICE. [oc 25]

WANTED—A Girl to do general housework. Apply at EXAMINER OFFICE. [oc 25]

FOUND.—A shop-door Key. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [oc 25]

FULL LINE of McCormick's celebrated BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY, at R. K. BRACE'S. [oc 30 3m]

WE will give exclusive sale at and near Charlottetown, of our Entire Wheat Flour, to a dealer who will push it. Covered by patent. Easy sold. We guarantee 100 lbs. more bread to the barrel than any other flour.—FRANKLIN MILLS CO., 35 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill. [oc 25]

Matchless Flour

—AND— OTHER BRANDS,

AT REDUCED PRICES, AT BEER & GOFF'S.

New Raisins,

New Currants.

New Figs,

6 con Grapes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

—AT— BEER & GOFF'S.

COFFEE.

JAVA and Other Kinds, FRESH ROASTED, FRESH GROUND.

Pure and Cheap,

—AT— BEER & GOFF'S.

APPLES.

FOR Sale by the Barrel, Cheap, at

BEER & GOFF'S.

New Watches,

New Clocks,

New Barometers,

New Thermometers.

New Spectacles.

Just Received and Offered Cheap.

Old Stock Cheaper than ever, to Clear.

E. W. TAYLOR,

NEXT TO WATSONS.

[cod wtkly.]

CARRIAGE FACTORY.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the public he has purchased the Carriage Business carried on by McKinnon & Fraser, on Upper Prince Street, opposite new Baptist Church, where he will be pleased to see his old customers, and as many new ones as may favor him with their patronage.

He will keep on hand and build to order, CARRIAGES and SLEIGHS of every description and latest patterns. Road, track and sleigh Sulkeys made to order, at shortest notice, with best American stock.

Special attention will be given to the Repairing of Carriages, Sleigs, &c.

N. B.—ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

J. J. SEAMAN.

Ch'town, Oct. 18, 1884.—3aw tl 31st dec wtkly

A WORD TO THE WISE.

WE have completed our importations of Jobbing Papers, and are prepared to furnish Note and Letter Headings, Bill Heads, &c., well printed, cheap and prompt.

Be in time! Send your orders now to the

EXAMINER PUBLISHING CO., Water Street, Oct. 24, 1884.

Mrs. R. YOUNG'S

MILLINERY ROOMS, upstairs at W. & A. Brown & Co's. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets always on hand. [oc 23—cod wtkly]