"Wicklow and Killarney."

INTERESTING LECTURE BY REV. D. MACDONALD, D. D., V. G.,—TWO HOURS AND A HALF IN IRELAND.—A LARGE AUDIENCE.

It has been said that the familiar name of "Father Dan," mentioned in connection with a lecture, is sufficient to draw a crowded house. The truth of the remark was fully realized last night. St. Patrick's Hall was well filled to hear the Rev. gentleman lecture on the above subject. Mr. John McSwain, Principal of the Normal School, occupied the chair, and among those present were His Lordship Bishop McIntyre, Rev. A. McGillivray, P. P., Rev. J. Æ. McDonald, P. P., DeSable, Rev. Dr. Grant, Father Corbett, Judge Reddin, Charles Palmer, Esq., Patrick Blake, Esq., M. P. P., and other prominent citizens.

The Rev. Doctor, in beginning, apologized for not writing the lecture as was usually the custom. However, it was just as well he did not, as he had been requested not to confine himself to "Wicklow and Killarney" alone; they would give him the length and breadth of Old Ireland. The lecture he proposed to give would therefore be a brief description of the parts of Ireland in which he travelled some years ago. The rev. lecturer began by showing the different points at which the American tourist who contemplated a visit, could land in Ireland. He, on his recent trip, did not land in Ireland at first. He landed in England, and from thence proceeded by steamer to Dublin. The beautiful Bay of Dublin, and the magnificent scenery surrounding it were graphically described. Some compared it, he said, to the Bay of Naples, but the lecturer would not go so far. Its background, while perfectly beautiful, lacks the volcanic grandeur of Mount Vesuvius. Entering the River Liffey, and sailing up, the tourist lands near the Custom House, and then, proceeding to Carlisle Bridge, a splendid view of the harbor and the shipping is afforded. Sackville Street, which is one of the finest streets in Europe, and its magnificent public buildings and monuments were presented to view. The monuments of Nelson, O'Connell, O'Brien, Bourke, and Moore, stand out here in bold relief, and are overshadowed by such stately buildings as Trinity College, the old Irish Parliament House, the Post Office, etc. In the Irish Parliament House, the Legislative halls remain as though vacated yesterday. They appear to be awaiting the return of an Irish Parliament to occupy them, and when that takes place, the Irish Legislators of the future will only have to wipe off the dust, and his seat will be ready for him. Trinity College, with its magnificent library of 2,500,000 volumes received due attention. Prominent in the library are numerous Irish manuscripts. Some of these were written by St. Columbia, and are acknowledged to be the best specimens of illuminated manuscripts in the world. A visit to the museum of the College is most interesting. Prominent among the relics is the harp of the famous Brian Boru. The harp was of all things dear to Ireland. Other nations had symbols of various kinds—animals, stars, crosses, crescents, etc. But the Irish was the only nation which adopted a musical instrument as the symbol. Here the rev. lecturer repeated the beautiful scene of the battle Clontarf which drew the following verses from Thomas Moore, and which were sung by the lecturer:—

"The minstrel-boy to the war is gone,
In the ranks of death you'll find him;
His father's sword he has girdled on,
And his wild harp slung behind him,
"Land of song!" said the warrior-bard,
"Though all the world betrays thee,
ONE sword, at least, thy rights shall guard,
ONE faithful harp shall praise thee,"

The minstrel fell! but the foeman's chain
Could not bring his proud soul under;
The harp he loved ne'er spoke again,
For he tore its chords asunder;
And said, "No chains shall sully thee,
Thou soul of love and bravery!
Thy songs were made for the pure and free,
They shall never sound in slavery."

In the Strong Room of the Museum are the valuable Irish relics, such as Irish helmets, swords, collar of gold, etc. Taking up one of the latter, he was forcibly reminded of the verse:—

"Let Erin remember the days of old,
Ere her faithless sons betrayed her,
When Malachi won the collar of gold,
Which he won from the proud invader."

Leaving Trinity College and its many pleasant memories, the lecturer drew his hearers to the churches of St. Patrick and Trinity, which were being rebuilt by two citizens of Dublin, in all their former magnificence and grandeur. The suburbs of the city were next referred to. The field where the famous battle of Clontarf was fought in 1014, where the Danes were repulsed, where Brian Boru was assassinated, where once stood Clontarf Castle, is a place that Irishmen looked upon with the same pride as the Scot would on Bannockburn, or Englishmen on Waterloo. For they,—

"Remember the glories of Brien the brave,
Though the days of the hero are o'er;
Though lost to Mononia, and cold in the grave,
He returns to Kinkora no more!
That star of the field, which so often has pour'd
Its beam on the battle, is set;
But enough of its glory remains on each sword
To light us to victory yet."

Clontarf, he reminded his hearers was also the scenes of the great Repeal Meetings in 1843. It was here that O'Connell contemplated holding a meeting of over a million of the Irish people to discuss repeal. The British Government, however, issued a proclamation ordering them to disperse. O'Connell acquiesced and ordered his people to obey the proclamation, remembering them that "He who commits a crime gives strength to the enemy." The lecturer in connection with this matter referred to the State trials of 1844—and then from the science of law, drew his hearers to the Hall of Tara. Nothing remained here worthy of notice. No trace now remained of the Royal Halls where St. Patrick preached christianity to and converted the ancient Kings of Ireland. True, for hundreds of years afterwards, fond recollections of the Halls were cherished, and Moore described one of them in verse:—

The harp that once through Tara's halls
The soul of music shed,
Now hangs as mute on Tara's walls,
As if that soul were fled.
So sleeps the pride of former days,
So glory's thrill is o'er:
And hearts that once beat high for praise,
Now feel that pulse no more!

The beautiful cemetry of Glasnevin, where lies the mortal remains of Daniel O'Connell was next described. The monument erected over the tomb is designed as one of the ancient round towers. The lecturer, after paying a tribute to the memory of O'Connell, left the suburbs of Dublin, and "made a raid" on Wicklow.

Leaving Dublin by rail, the tourist gets off at Rathdown station, where a jaunting car is awaiting to take us to Glendolough, the valley of two rocks. Near this place is the cave of St. Kirvan which is connected with many legendary tales from the time it was inhabited by that Saint. Glendolough was at one time a place of some importance—styled the city of seven churches. The most conspicuous object there at present is an ancient round tower, one hundred and ten feet high, fifty feet in circumference at the base, and tapering towards the top. Leaving Glendolough we visit the vale of Ovoca, where the waters meet, and where it is said Thomas Moore, s itting under a tree, composed the beautiful verses called, "The Meeting of the Waters," the last verse of which the lecturer sang:—

Sweet vale of Ovoca! how calm could I rest
In thy bosom of shade, with the friends I love best,
Where the storms that we feel in this cold world should cease,
And our hearts, like thy waters, be mingled with peace.

Near this place also is the Dargle, the the Devils Glen, and many other places of note, which were minutely described. After visiting these, the rev. Dr. returned to Dublin, and the next day visited Killarney and the South.

Leaving Dublin we pass the Currah and the immense bog of Allan, and land at Carlow, which is a town of much importance, having colleges, churches, etc., and has a handsome monument erected to the memory of the late Rev. Dr. Doyle. From thence we proceed to Kilkenny, where they have "fire without smoke, water without mud, and sheets of pure marble." From Kilkenny we proceed to Waterford, thence through Tramore, Port Law, Carrick-on-Suir, Golden Vale, to the City of Clonmel. Here the rev. gentleman left the railway. He gave a graphic description of his visit to a Trappist Monastry, in the Wicklow mountains, and described the works of the monks and the rules and habits of living. From the monastery he proceeded to Youghal, where once resided Sir Walter Raleigh, who planted the first potato in Ireland, and who introduced the smoking of tobacco. From Youghal he proceeded to Queenstown, and thence proceeded to Cork, on the River Lee, where Father Prout sang the praises of the beautiful chimes on St. Ann's Church in a song intituled the "Bells of Shandon," a verse of which the Rev. Dr. sang for his hearers. Leaving Cork we shortly arrived at Killarney. The land there is chiefly owned, the Rev lecturer said, by Lord Kinmare, and Mr. Herbert, M.P. Both these gentlemen are characterized as good landlords. Landing at the town of Killarney they proceeded to Mucross by car. Then passing the ruins of Daluce, shortly reach the Gap of Dunloe, and close by is the residence of Kate Kearney, who was celebrated in verse by the song entituled "Kate Kearney." The Rev. Lecturer here described the incidents which took place during his passage through the Gap of Dunloe. The numerous echoes, picturesque scenery etc. Passing through to Lord Brandor's cottage boats are taken for the upper and lower lakes. The beautiful and picturesque Islands of the Lakes are visited, a few were well described—Ross Island on which is the Monastry of Innisfallen in particular. The scenery of these lakes is beyond description; and the poet who composed the following verse, which was sung by the rev. lecturer, only gave a faint idea of it:—

By Killarney's lakes and fells,
Emerald Isles and winding bays,
Mountain paths and woodland dells,
Memory e'er fondly strays.
Bounteous nature loves all lands,
Beauty wanders everywhere,
Footprints leave on many strands,
But her home is surely there.

From Killarney, the rev. lecturer passed to Limerick, the city of the violated Treaty, and described its castle and buildings, and related an incident on which the term "Lynch" was founded in the city in 1854, which he followed with another relating to the chime of bells in Limerick Cathedral.

He also touched on other points in Ireland of less importance and concluded his lecture by praising the Irish language, Irish genius, and Irish loyalty, instancing Wolseley and Dufferin, and closing his interesting discource by reciting a verse from Campbell's "Exile of Erin."

"Yet all its fond recollections suppressing
One dying wish my lone bosom shall draw,
Erin! an exile bequeaths thee his blessing!
Land of my forefathers! Erin go Bragh
Buried, and cold, when my heart stills her motion
Green be thy fields sweetest Isle of the Ocean
And thy harp striking bards sings aloud with devotion
Erin Mavourneen! Erin go Bragh."

A vote of thanks was proposed by Charles Palmer, Esq., secended by Judge Reddin, and unanimously carried.

THE attention of our readers need hardly be directed to the advertisement of the new firm of Campbell & Rayden, in our issue of to-day. They are both young men of excellent reputation. Mr. Campbell, the senior member of the firm, has good business experience and tact, combined with a practical knowledge of the trade of this country. Mr. Rayden, recently from London, England, is son of Wm. M. Rayden, Esq., of this city, and carries with him from his late employers in London and Havre excellent testimonials. Both these young men have, of their own accord, resigned good positions as clerks in the Union Bank of this city, having first won the confidence and esteem of the managers of that institution. They have commenced well; and we wish them abundant success.

THERE was not so large an attendance at the Y. M. C. A. Debating Club and Literary Society, last night as on former occasions. The discussion of the subject, "Imperial Federation," was concluded. The debate on Tuesday night next, 6th March, will be opened by Mr. Robert May. Subject—"Would Home Rule benefit Ireland?"

ALFRED FARMER, a young criminal, escaped from Queen's County Jail yesterday. He cut his way through the wall at the north side with a heated door hinge. The hole in the wall looks to be about 8 x 10. Farmer is still at large.

THE mails left Cape Tormentine at twenty minutes to twelve and Cape Traverse at twenty minutes past twelve.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.]

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Jenkins-Brecken Suit.

OTTAWA, March 1.

The Speaker to-day read the certificate of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, in the electian case of Jenkins *vs.* Brecken, which informed the House that the judgment of Justice Peters had been confirmed, and that Mr. Brecken was declared legally elected by the Supreme Court of Canada.

Railway Station at Summerside.

Mr. Yeo, M. P., (Prince) asked Sir Charles Tupper, Minister of Railways, if he had had his attention called to the dangerous situation of the railway station in Summerside and whether he intends to have that station made so as to relieve the travelling public from the dangers they are daily subject to arising from the situation of the station houses. Sir Charles yesterday said the attention of the Government had been called to the matter, and it would receive prompt consideration.

Criminal Law.

A number of Bills relating to criminal law were yesterday referred to a special committee.

Nationalists Defeated.

DUBLIN, March 1.

In the Elections, yesterday, Mr. Harmon, (Conservative) was elected in Dublin Co., and Mr. Brewster, also Conservative, was elected in Port Arlington. These gentlemen were opposed by Nationalist candidates.

Irish Immigration.

LONDON, March 1.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the House of Commons, yesterday, referring to Irish immigration, said the Government would not hesitate to employ strong measures, which were likely to have permanent effect.

The Ontario Elections.

OTTAWA, March 1.

The returns so far received show that forty-five Liberals have been elected, against thirty-seven Conservatives. Two independents were also elected, and there are two constituencies yet to hear from.

Telegraph Notes.

Count Edward Charles Martimprey, French General, is dead.

All arriving steamers at New York report icebergs in lat. 44.

The business portion of Wilmington, Iowa, was burned on the 26th ult. Loss, $75,000.

Willame of Hillestad, near Lund, Sweden, has been burned, only 32 chimneys remaining.

The mills of the St. Joseph Lead Company, at Bonneterre, near St. Louis, were burned, on the 26th ult. Loss, $200,000.

The house of D. Hennessy, New Brighton Street, New York, was burned on the 26th. Mrs. Hennessy and two children were burned to death.

At St. Petersburg, forty students have been imprisoned for expressing doubts of administrative ability oi Count Tolsti, Minister of Public Instruction.

In the matter of a petition filed against the return of Coleridge J. Kennard, as member of Parliament for Salisbury, England, on the ground of alleged bribery, treating and undue influence, it has been decided that Kennard shall retain his seat.

The Brussels *Gazette* says the majority of documents which have been seized in connection with the explosion of Gaushorben are written in Russian and Italian. They refer to an international plot and may lead to the arrest of Louise Michel and her colleagues.

A Lima letter says that President Calderon has requested the Government of the U. S. to forbid Dr. Logan's further interference in the quarrel, as the Peruvians consider him wholly in the interests of Chili. Garcia Calderon is treating in Chili with Actamirano and strong hopes are entertained that an arrangement will be arrived at which can subsequently be ratified by a congress to be held at Lima. Cholera is reported on the Isthmus of Tehanantepec, and several earthquakes have occurred at Aspinwall and on the Pacific coast.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, March 1—10 a. m.

Westerly to southerly winds; fine mild weather.

MR. HORATIO ANDERSON, of St. Peter's Bay, killed, on the 21st, a porker which weighed 844 lbs. He also has a sow which gave birth to nineteen pigs. Who can beat that on P. E. Island?

IN noticing Mr. Bain's lecture, yesterday, we omitted mention of the appropriate and eloquent remarks of R. R. Fitzgerald, Esq., They were worthy of high commendation.

AT a meeting held at Pownal, on Tuesday evening last, the Methodist Quarterly Board, went unanimously for the Union.

SOUR CROUT am bully. We sell it all the time at the Diamond Grocery, 85, North Side Queen Square. [mar 1

MARCH comes in like a lamb.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

A REFRESHING DRINK.

DR. A. L. HALL, Fairhaven, N. Y., says:—'It forms an excellent substitute for lemon juice, and will furnish a refreshing drink for the sick.'

Mr. Davies Criticized.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Montreal *Gazette* writes:—"I had occasion to say, in my first letter from the Capital, that Mr. Davies was likely to prove an acquisition to the Opposition. He came here with a good reputation, and with the distinction of having been a provincial premier, but it is to be feared that unless he checks his volubility his reputation will be speedily marred. Mr. Davies ought to ponder and learn the moral of the remark, which a sage old farmer is represented to have made on the occasion of a meeting of electors of a small town in the Western States to consider the selection of a presidential candidate. A young and aspiring politician of the place was proposed as a candidate for the exalted position, when the farmer in question gave the movement a quietus with the remark, "Young man, you may be a very large pumpkin in this community, but come to spread you over the United States you'll spread mighty thin." Mr. Davies has yet to learn that in the Parliament of Canada he does not occupy quite so prominent or important a position as in the Legislature of Prince Edward Island. His attack on the National policy was in the nature of a hustings speech, and quite irrelevant to the subject of debate, and until he learns that the House is not the place to indulge in platform bombast his usefulness in the Chamber will be greatly impaired. Mr. Hackett effectively replied to the strictures on the National Policy, exposing the errors into which Mr. Davies had fallen, and quoting statistics of exports, shipping, bank deposits and prices of produce to show the increased prosperity of the people of the Island since 1878."

Irish Notes.

If the Grand Jury of the County of Waterford find a true bill against Biggar, member of Parliament for County Cavan, on the charge of using seditious language, the Crown will apply for a change of venue to Dublin.

In the Commons on the 26th ult., Lord Hartington declined to give Sir Stafford Northcote a day for discussing the motion asking for the appointment of a committee on the circumstances attending the release of Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly from Kilmainham jail.

Sir Stafford Northcote said he would take time to consider the course he should pursue.

Mr. Parnell then moved his amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the Throne, attacking the Executive in Ireland for the administration of the Crimes Act. The language of the amendment is very violent. It refers to "unjust executions." Mr. Parnell said when people saw juries were packed and that judges turned crown prosecutors, all sympathy with law and order was destroyed and people inevitably became abettors of crime. If the Government, after the Phœnix Park murders were committed, had relied on the sympathy of the people instead of upon a tyrannical act Ireland would have been pacified. He protested against the proclamation of meetings and the prosecution of the press.

Mr. Parnell said the Government has now a great opportunity to restore peace and order in Ireland. He was confident of victory, having millions of Irish in America behind him.

The Right Hon. Andrew Porter, Attorney General for Ireland, replied, condemning the bringing of charges without evidence. He appealed to the House whether Parnell's argument justified his atrocious charges against the Government. He then proceeded to rebut the charge of jury packing. He explained that there more Protestants than Catholics upon juries because Protestants constituted the majority of the whole panel. Earl Spencer, he said, would no more think of interfering with trials in Ireland than he would with those in English courts.

Parnell's amendment was rejected by a vote of 133 to 15.

The rumor that two members of Parliament were involved in the murder conspiracy is revived in Dublin. It is now stated positively that two Irish members were connected with the provincial organizations which the present enquiry is trying to trace.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's mother, North River on the 28th February, by the Rev. H. P. Cowperthwaite, George Carter, Esq., Merchant, of Charlottetown, to Sarah Jane, eldest daughter of the late John Howard, Esq.

SHIP NEWS.

The steamer British Empire, at Havana, Feb. 20, reports, Feb. 17, lat. 33, long. 74.40 passed a vessel bottom up with piece of mast alongside and rudder hanging loosely, some of her copper ruffled and forefoot damaged; looked as if she had been ashore; copper bright and not very old; had appearance fore and aft of a schooner not long capsized.

The ship Wallace, from St John, N. B., has arrived at Liverpool, dismasted and with part of her crew disabled.

Steamer Lamperts, from Baltimore at Glasgow, had her decks swept and boats and bridge smashed.

The steamer Critic, from New York arrived at Leith having lost her wheel-house and was otherwise damaged. Several of the crew were injured.

The bark Antwerp, from St. John, N. B., for Penarth Roads, lost her deckload, boats and sails, and sustained other damage.

The bark Mirell, from San Francisco, at Liverpool, 26th, lost one of her crew and had decks swept and boat carried away.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, carrying on business as Tobacconists, in Charlottetown, under the style and firm of Coyle & McQuaid, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

STEPHEN COYLE.
JAMES McQUAID.

Charlottetown, February 27, 1883

NOTICE.

Referring to the above, the Subscriber begs leave to intimate that he will conduct the business in future in his own name, at the old stand, Richmond Street, and will pay off all debts contracted and collect all amounts due the late firm.

STEPHEN COYLE.

Charlottetown, February 27, 1883. [mr1 3i

EGGS!

A SPECIALITY,
—AT—
J. M. AULD'S EGG DEPOT.

LARGEST trade of the kind IN THE PROVINCES.
Highest Prices always.
Greater inducements than ever will be offered customers this year, as it is desired to increase the business 50 per cent.
Traders, farmers and others, who may have Eggs to dispose of the coming season will do well to see or correspond with the subcriber before making arrangements to sell elsewhere.
Customers can always be supplied with what cases they need, to send or bring their Eggs to market.
Consignments by Rail or Steamer carefully attended to.

J. M. AULD.

WANTED—About May 1st, two or three smart young men, age 17 to 21. From country preferred. J. M. A.
Ch'town, Mar. 1, '83.—1aw th wly 3m

WHITE OATS.

THE Highest Cash Price will be paid for well-cleaned Heavy White Oats.

HORACE HASZARD,
Lower Queen Street
Ch'town, Mar. 1, 83.—1m eod

CHALLENGE.

I HEREBY challenge any two Ticket-holders of the Citizens' Skating Rink to skate a one-hour's race, within one fortnight from date, each Ticket-holder to skate against me for one half hour.

WILLISTON BROWN.

Ch'town, Mar. 1, '83.—1i

FURS WANTED.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID for Raw Furs of all kinds, at the store of

M. STEVENSON,
Queen Street.

Ch'town, Feb. '83.—4i wly

HERRING FOR SALE.

50 half-brls. Large Herring.

A. KENNEDY & CO.

Head Queen's Wharf, Feb. 28, '83.—2i pd

IN STORE.

FLOUR { "Kent Mills," (Patent Roller), "Crown Jewel," High Patent, Superior Extra.
K. D. CORNMEAL.
SUGAR { Granulated, Confectioners', Bright Refined, Yellow "
Rice, Layer Raisins, Beans, Split Peas.
MOLASSES, choice Demerara and Trinidad.
KEROSENE { American, (Dom. test) Pratt's Astral Oil, in casks, " " 5-gal. pat. tins.
SOLE LEATHER, Logan's No. 1 and No. 2.
Soap, Matches, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, etc., etc.

WHOLESALE.
FENTON T. NEWBERY.

Ch'town, Feb. 26, '83.
[4i wly 2i wly pat 2i her 2i

Valuable Block of Land.

TO be sold by AUCTION, on MONDAY NEXT, 5th March, immediately after the sale of Peter Stewart's Stock, East River, fifty-two acres of land, part of the Binstead Farm, measuring three chains and fifty links on the St. Peter's Road, and extending to the Hillsborough River.
Terms at sale.

WILLIAM DODD,
Ch'town, Feb. 27, '83. Auctioneer.

Coke. Coke.

COKE is considered to be one of the best and cheapest kinds of fuel for BASE BURNER STOVES and particularly suited for the DENMARK SOFT COAL STOVE, now so much in use. A first-class quality of Coke can now be had at the Gas Works, for ten cents per bushel.

Ch'town, Jan 8, 1883.—1m eod

Lorne
Highland Whisky
THE PERFECTION OF WHISKY UNRIVALLED FOR TODDY.
SOLE PROPRIETORS GREENLEES BROTHERS
LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY
ANALYTICAL SANITARY INSTITUTION
54, Holborn-viaduct, E.C., London, Aug. 8, '79
REPORT on the LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKEY:
"We have visited the bottling stores of Greenlees Brothers, and have selected from the vats, samples of their Lorne Highland Whisky, and have subjected them to careful examination and analysis. The samples were very fragrant, mellow, and of pleasant flavor, and possessed all the characteristics of pure and well-matured Scotch Whisky of the first quality."
'ARTHUR HILL, HASSALL, M. D.
"OTTO HEHNER, F. C. S., F. I. C."
Agent:—
OWEN CONNOLLY
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Feb 24, 1882.

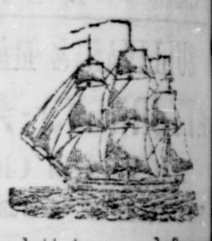
SUBSCRIBE for the WEEKLY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and Best Weekly Newspaper published on P. E. Island.

LONDON HOUSE

Our Buyer having Gone to Engl
TO PURCHASE OUR
SPRING GOODS
In order to make room for them, we will sell
CHEAP FOR CASH
Our surplus of Stock in hand, not wi to carry over to another season.

Household Goods
OF ALL DESCRIPTION
—IN—
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damask and La tains, Table Linen, Towels, Tw etc., etc.
Large Stock of Grey and White Sheetings and Shirtings, (best ma English and leading Dominion M
Black Cashmeres, Cords, Lustres, Cr
And, at this Stock-taking time, Reduc all Departments, at tempting pric
A large and unexceptionable Stock of in English and Canadian, with Trimmings, at the lowest prices.
Suits and Single Garments made to on the premises, in the best style.

A Choice Assortment
—OF—
GROCERIES
Teas, in five, ten and fifteen pound p giving general satisfaction to cus
GEO. DAVIES &
Charlottetown, Feb. 20, 1883.

SPRING, 188

For Charlottetown and Sum Prince Edward Island.
THE CLIPPER BRIGANTIN
'ISABELL
Classed A1, 9 years.
W. KENNEDY, Mas
WILL SAIL
From Liverpool for Above
ON OR ABOUT 25TH MARCH
Taking goods at through rates for all on the P. E. Island Railway.
For rates of Freight, apply in Liv R. M. C. STUMBLES, Esq., 4 Ind ings, Water Street, or here to the ow
R. F. QUIR
Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1883.—2w

WANTS, LOST, FOUND.

LOST—Yesterday, on Great George between THE EXAMINER Office and son's Corner, two Door Keys, on ring large and one small. The finder will be warded by leaving the same at THE E Office.

WANTED—By a lady in Halifax and Housemaid. Good wages exceptionable references required. Mrs George Macleod, Hayston Villa Street.

LOST—On Tuesday, a small white TERRIER, with black and ta The dog answers to the name "Grip dollars reward will be paid for his r Apply at Rankin's Drug Store.

LOST—On Saturday morning, Fletcher's Music Store and Hill Square, a Meerschaum Pipe, with stem. The finder will be rewarded by the same at Fletcher's Music Store.

LOST—On Saturday, the 24th, Queen Street, a purse containing of money. The finder will be rewa leaving it at this office

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WANTED—$10 DAILY—Chance "Our Lost Explorers; or, Arctic Expedition" 500 pages 100 trations. Sales unprecedented copies with 10. Exclusive territory. 50 cents—BUKER PUB. CO., Provid

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WANTED—A Clerk in a Genera of about sixteen years of age reference required. Apply at THE E OFFICE.

TO LET—A Dwelling House situated on Prince Street. Peake Bros. & Co.

TO LET—Immediate possession a desirable residence, situate on Hillsborough Street. Rent low to tenant. Apply at the Merchants Bank E. I. to Mr. F. S. Moore.