

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 27, 1895.

THE SUMMERSIDE ELECTION.

The Chairman of the Summerside Town Council was a week ago elected by acclamation. This is a very practical evidence that the citizens of Summerside appreciate the talents for public position and office displayed by Mr. Richard Hunt in the past eight years during which he has successfully been elected. But there was a very lively and exciting contest for the six seats at the Council Board. We hear that about \$1,300 in cash were paid the previous day by electors anxious to poll their votes. On the polling day the excitement was fully equal to that which we have seen upon the occasion of a Provincial or Dominion election. Single and double teams of horses sped hither and thither bringing up the voters. A crowd surrounded the polling place all day long. Agents of the several candidates were stationed at the side of the ballot box. Every vote was noted and the qualifications of every voter tested. The interest displayed was altogether in striking and pleasing contrast with the apathy shown in the civic contests of Charlottetown in recent years. Every elector had the privilege of selecting and voting for six of the twelve candidates, so that each of those elected represents directly, not some particular ward or section, but the whole town, and each is directly responsible to the whole electorate. The polling yesterday resulted as follows, the first six on the list being elected:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Votes. Includes John D. Goss (293), George Baker (279), H. A. Conington (274), J. E. Lefurgy (274), Alexander Campbell (257), William A. Baker (256), H. H. Lefurgy (252), J. S. Ramsey (246), John Dickson (242), S. M. Hicks (241), W. S. Green (238).

It is stated that these gentlemen were divided into two parties; and that one party represents the "rum element" and the other that of temperance. The first division of this statement we can readily believe; the second is utterly inconsistent with the fact that the people of Summerside are intelligent and law abiding and that the Scott Act is law in Summerside. So long as a law is the law, it is the duty of the people to obey it and the duty of the Councilors, in their representative as well as in the individual capacities, to do what they can to enforce it. We, therefore, decline to accept—in the absence of positive evidence of its truth—the statement that there is a "rum party" in Summerside, though it may perhaps be true that one party is inclined to vigor and the other to laxity in the enforcement of the Scott Act. As it happens, the contest resulted in the election of three each of the alleged parties; so that no matter what the object of either may have been, the chairman holds the balance of power. It is, therefore, probable that the Scott Act will in the future be as well enforced in Summerside as it has been in the past, and it may be hoped that while, as in duty bound, lending their aid to the enforcement of that and every other law, the Councilors elect will devote their attention and talents to the economical management of the corporate affairs of the town. At any rate, the great interest displayed in their election seems to show that the "collective vote" is superior to the "ward system," and that the whole electorate of Summerside have a watchful eye upon their representatives in council.

1878-1894—A CONTRAST. The period of depression which the civilized world is now passing is similar to that which prevailed in the years immediately preceding the adoption of the National Policy by Canada. There has, indeed, lately been a much greater stringency and more widespread ruin in England, Europe, Australia and the United States than there was in the disastrous years in which our "flies on the wheel" held office at Ottawa. But how different the situation in Canada! In 1878 and the years immediately preceding, our business men by hundreds and thousands failed to meet their liabilities at the banks, — saw every one well, almost everyone — finds means to retire his paper; then many of our oldest banks and best established monetary institutions, as well as our oldest merchants and financiers, went headlong into liquidation, — now such a disaster is unknown; then the bankrupt's attorney, the official assignee and the sheriff's officer found employment all over the country; now "the times" are as hard and dull for gentlemen of these classes as for those of any other class. We have, indeed, escaped the ruin which is prevalent throughout the commercial world in a manner that is the wonder and admiration of men in other countries. The credit of Canada was never so high as it is to-day. There was never greater confidence in the commercial strength and ability of the country, so long as the existing conditions are maintained. But change those conditions and what will happen? What happened in 1877 and 1878? As in those years so at the present moment, there are vast quantities of agricultural produce and manufactured articles stored up in the States, awaiting an outlet, to the financial relief of the commerce of this great Republic. Remove "every vestige of protection" and as in the years immediately preceding the adoption of the National Policy, these things will be "dumped" and "slaughtered" in Canada. Who does not see that now, as then, Canadian producers — our farmers, miners and manufacturers — will be ruined by a ruinous competition from the outside.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—According to the census, Manitoba, in 1891, had 152,306 inhabitants. According to the figures advanced by the provincial Government in applying for an increase of the subsidy, it now has 207,000! As the Montreal Gazette says, there does not seem to be anything wrong with the province that adds to its population at the rate of 52 per cent. in four years, nor with the Government of the country to which it belongs.

—Henry Clews, the New York banker, takes a very hopeful view of the future. He takes it that recent events will "strike the keynote for revival of confidence in the world over and for a general recovery of business that has been held in suspense for the last three years." Among the things in sight which he says are to be considered in recognizing the situation are the gold reserve made good by the recent loan, which again opens the door in London to American securities; the opening of spring trade with fair promise, the new crops, and, strange as it may appear, the "adjournment of congress, now near at hand."

—Halifax Herald: Jimmy McShane has been nominated as one of the great candidates in Montreal. There can be no doubt that Jimmy qualified himself for such a position in the party of purity. He was the member of Mercier's cabinet that built the Quebec Court House, and wasted so much money on the job that even Mercier had to kick him out. He has also been reported by election trials judges on several occasions as guilty of corrupt practices. He, therefore, very appropriately joins the noble choir of pariahs in which Tarte, Pacaud and Ananias Cameron are such conspicuous performers, and mingles his voice with theirs in singing the praises of grism and purity.

—The volume of immigration to the United States continues to shrink. For January the arrivals were only 6784 against 9208 for the corresponding month of 1894, and 14,831 for January 1893. For the last calendar year the number of immigrants returned at 248,983, against 488,776 for the year preceding. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, the number of immigration was 311,404, the year ending June 30, 1893, showed a total of 497,936, while for 1892 the total was 623,084. If due account were taken of the return of immigrants it would probably be found that the net residue of recent immigration was slight beyond all precedent of the last twenty years at least.

—The Railway Age, of Chicago, publishes statistics showing that the loss of earnings of one hundred and railways in the United States, in 1894 compared with 1893, amounts to over a hundred million dollars. The same lines in 1893 earned more than thirty millions less than in 1892. The loss of all the roads in the United States in 1894 is estimated at one hundred and twenty-five million dollars, and this in face of a considerable increase in the mileage worked. A large part of this loss has been thrown on the working classes. In the case of the Pennsylvania railroad, for instance, the decrease in the working expenses, which means wages and material (the product of wage-earners) bought comes to \$10,350,000 in the year. An even greater proportional reduction is shown in the case of the Rock Island, though in its case the reduction is only \$6,377,282. The Age's estimate is that a hundred millions less was disbursed under this head in 1894 than in 1893. There are no figures available that so forcibly show how business declined in 1894 or where the decrease made itself sharply felt.

MEETING AT MURRAY HARBOR.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the electors of the Murray Harbor district was held in the hall at Murray Harbor South on Friday evening the 22nd inst. Able addresses, of a large part of the questions of the day, were delivered by Hon. Senator Prowse, Alex. Martin, Esq., Hon. Senator Ferguson and others.

The following resolutions were submitted to the meeting and adopted. Moved by Hon. Mr. Clow and seconded by Mr. Richard Murley: "Whereas large sums of money are yearly voted by Parliament for railways, canals, and other necessary public works throughout Canada, thereby opening up the great Northwest for settlement and granting increased facilities for trade and the transport of farm produce, and developing the mining resources and industries of this new Dominion; and Whereas this Island has not hitherto participated in anything like its proportionate share of these expenditures; and Whereas the southern section embracing the large and important agricultural districts of Belfast and Murray Harbor have not at present any railway accommodation whatever;— Therefore, Resolved, That this meeting heartily endorse the resolution passed by the meeting held at Eldon on the 30th January last, and join with them in earnestly requesting the Hon. Donald Ferguson, P. C. and his colleagues in Parliament to advocate the immediate construction of a Railway from Southport through Belfast to a deep water terminus at Murray Harbour South, together with a cross section to the "Trunk line touching at or near Montague Bridge."

Moved by S. S. Peterson Esq and seconded by D. N. McLeod Esq.— Resolved, That while this meeting accedes to the right to do as they see fit, it does adversely any project which, in its opinion, involves the unwise expenditure of public money, we desire to resent, in the most emphatic manner, the insulting objections of the Patriot and Guardian newspapers to the proposed railway to Belfast and Murray Harbor, inasmuch as these papers assert that the said Railway, the necessity of which is not denied, is promoted for corrupt purposes, which implies that the people of these much neglected districts, in demanding justice, are "soliciting base bribes."

Moved by Mr. Wm. Machon and seconded by Mr. James Clow and seconded by Mr. Neil Crawford: "That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be sent to THE EXAMINER, Patriot, Watchman and Guardian newspapers for publication."

The ladies of Charlottetown are asking for Priestley's dress material, for they are learning that no other black dress fabrics will give the same satisfaction. They drape with a softness and grace that gives perfect delight to a lady's taste, and being made of silk and wool so artfully interwoven, a garment of Priestley's dress goods has an air of refinement about it as long as there is anything left of it.

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

Bishop Fallows at Chicago has started a school, a beer sold in which is warranted not to intoxicate. Ward McAllister, the dead society leader of New York, left \$10,000 personal property, but no real estate. The Russian war department has ordered an increase of the force on the Chinese frontier at Streteak to five battalions. The House of Representatives at Washington has decided against a president contracting for the building of a cable to the Hawaiian Islands.

The banking returns from all the Australian colonies for the last quarter show the holdings of bullion to be \$25,000,000 the largest on record. Alfred Wallace, a dissipated young man living with his sister near Pekin, Ill., recently shot his sister, her husband and a boy living with the family. John Jacob Astor has been refused membership in the New York coaching club because he is not able to drive four horses in a manner satisfactory to the members.

Wm. J. Shannon, a young farmer living near Harrison, Ont., while engaged in oiling some part of the machinery of his windmill, fell in a new building, the shaft and killed almost instantly on Thursday. Andrew and William Jordan, leading grocery men at St. John's, were suffocated last night by charcoal fumes entering the house from fires built in a new building next to their residence for the purpose of drying plaster.

Jesse J. Drew was digging under his saw mill near Hollandale, Washington county, Miss., the other day, when he unearthed \$80,000 in gold coins. They are supposed to have been buried there during the civil war by one Captain Barfield. A proclamation has been issued extending the enfranchisement clauses of the Indian Act to the Manitoba Indians. Any of these Indians desiring to sever tribal relations and foregoing bounty payments may within a certain time be enfranchised.

The French mail steamship which arrived at St. John's from London recently, brings advices that a French convoy, composed of twenty-two men, was attacked in December by a party of Tonguese pirates. Thirteen French soldiers were killed and eight wounded. The distillers of the United States have formed an association which includes every distillery in the country of any importance, except the Indiana Distillery Co. The oligarchy was formed over paid duties. The price of spirits was raised two cents per gallon at Peoria.

The Canadian flag, flying at the head of a Yarmouth, N. S., schooner, was recently hauled down and confiscated by the customs officer at Hamilton, Ontario, in protest against the action of the Bermuda authorities has been forwarded to the Imperial authorities by Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Marine.

The St. Louis police have arrested Francisco Romero, Frank Nicola and Joseph Stanbala, for circulating counterfeit coins. Considerable counterfeit money was found on the prisoners. The police say the Italians are agents of the Adams gang of New York, which is reported to have obtained from pure silver at least \$1,000,000 and circulated the counterfeits in the United States, Canada and Europe, making a profit of \$500,000.

The North German Lloyd Co. has employed three German, three English and two French divers to examine the wrecked steamer Elbe and attempt to recover postal properties valued at £18,000. The divers have signed a contract to descend nine times daily and will receive twenty marks for each descent. Ten prizes marks have been allotted as prizes for important recoveries.

England consumes 600,000 pounds, or about 4,000,000 gallons, of tea every year, as much as is used by the rest of Europe, North and South America, Africa and Australia combined. The green tea of former days has almost ceased to be known, while the "Pewankay, Hyslop and gunpowder teas are seldom heard from. China only supplies one-twelfth of the quantity, the rest coming from India and Ceylon. The Indian tea goes half as far again as the China, as regards colour and flavour.

Whether real kissing should be allowed on the stage is the question that is now agitating Vienna. In a play given lately at the Imperial theatre a good deal of kissing was required in the most important scene; the actress subjected to it held out for ten performances, when her husband interfered, and insisted that the kissing should be made believe. The manager refused to yield, and dismissed the actress, who is pretty and popular. Thereupon the Fremdenblatt collected the opinions of all well-known German, French and Hungarian actresses, and found that nine-tenths of them were in favor of the real kiss. The men were not asked.

New England is at present giving some little attention to Newfoundland and the Antipodes project. Senator Brewster of Massachusetts, speaking in the Senate at Washington a few days ago, said: "I would advocate the taking of other islands on the Atlantic coast, because they are necessary for the protection and development of the United States." With this statement for its text, the Boston Herald declares itself strongly in favor of another project: "We do not say that England would willingly consent to the acquisition of Newfoundland by the United States, or that the Dominion of Canada would see such a political change without protest; but there would be no harm in making an attempt to find out what could be done, and the time has never before been more favorable than it is at present, and if the opportunity that now exists is not seized, it may be many years before an equally advantageous opening is afforded." It is probable that a protest would come from a third direction, namely, from the islanders themselves, for at present there is only a small and unimportant handful of them in favor of annexation.

That tired feeling, loss of appetite and nervous prostration are driven away by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes pure blood. Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other laxatives. A remedy may be pleasantly acceptable which, pure in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician, if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative, Syrup of Figs.

"I have spent thousands of dollars and been in the best hospitals of Europe and America under treatment for cataract," said a gentleman recently, and have never received so much genuine relief as I have from a twenty-cent box of Haverker's cataract cure."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Advertisements under this heading charge for at the rate of five cents per line. Received to day, one case of Priestley's celebrated black goods, Albany cloth, figured solids, silk wrap Henrietta's, chevrons, serges, etc.—Stanley Bros. Low prices with us are the rule not the exception. Strawberry, Raspberry, and Plum Jam 10 c per lb. Cranberries 6c per quart at Sanderson & Co. Our reputation is a guarantee that when we advertise hats, we have the best and most stylish hats on the market. Our new Spring hats are now ready. Prowse Bros. the city hatters.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX. Beecham's Pills. A box of Beecham's Pills constitutes a family medicine. It cures Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Nausea, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Weakness, and all nervous and irritable affections. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all these ailments. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

DO YOU LOVE a Suit that fits elegantly, or can you appreciate the difference between a good Suit and a poor one? WE HAVE BEEN AT the business for a quarter of a century, and must of necessity be better judges of relative values than those who have not had similar experience. LET US BE of service to you in selecting something becoming in value and appearance, for we have the goods, and fits and workmanship speak for themselves.

JOHN T. MCKENZIE, Star Merchant Tailor, LONDON HOUSE. You CAN PAY a higher price for Flour, Meal, Tea, Sugar, Biscuits and Confectionery than we ask for ours, but you won't get any better value. In fact, lots of people have told us that at equal prices our goods are the best value.

SANDERSON & CO., CASH GROCERS, Newson Block, Victoria Row. Peloubet's Notes, 90c., THE BAZAAR STORE. We have just received a new lot of METHODIST HYMN BOOKS, with Music, in different Bindings. Also those used in the Christian Church, Great George Street. Our stock of BAPTIST and PRESBYTERIAN HYMN BOOKS is well assorted, and we have a lot of NEW CHURCH HYMNS and PRAYERS, also CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS, to open in a few days. We are offering PELOUBET'S NOTES for 90 cents, to close out the lot.

BAZAAR CO. Independent Order FORESTERS. Grand Entertainment THE OPERA HOUSE. Monday, March 4th, 1895. One of the very best Programmes of the season. Full particulars in a few days. feb23-1f

TELEGRAPHIC.

GREAT FIRE IN HALIFAX. Government Wharf and Elevator Destroyed. Halifax, Feb. 27. At ten o'clock today fire burned the Government wharf at the deep water wharves in this city, with all the sheds and warehouses and a number of loaded cars; also the elevator, which contained, among other goods, forty tons of supplies for the Newfoundland sufferers.

Another Despatch. Halifax, Feb. 27. A big fire at the Deep Water Terminal is in progress. The grain elevator and freight sheds containing a large quantity of goods are all burning. It is supposed that a number of lives have been lost.

The Manitoba School Question. Ottawa, Feb. 27. The Cabinet met yesterday to consider the Manitoba School Question. McCarthy asked for a postponement until after the session of the Manitoba Legislature. At the afternoon session Mr. McCarthy announced that he had received a telegram from Attorney-General Sifton of Manitoba, in which he stated that if he (McCarthy) could not procure an adjournment for a sufficient length of time for the preparation of argument, he had better proceed. After some discussion, it was decided to proceed with the appeal on next Monday, and that in the meantime McCarthy would endeavor to secure the attendance of Superintendent of Education for Manitoba.

Trouble Getting a Candidate. Fredericton, Feb. 27. At the York County convention, held yesterday, the choice fell upon George F. Gregory, who declined the nomination, stating that he had run four unsuccessful elections for Dominion and local parliaments at a great loss of time and money, and could not see his way clear to enter another contest. The second choice was F. P. Thompson, who was the candidate against Temple in 1891. But he also declined. The third choice fell upon E. H. Allen, who said that he felt the party should have someone in the field. He would accept rather than have the constituency go by default, as defeat had no terrors for him.

Watters Gets a Year. Ottawa, Feb. 27. T. J. Watters, late acting Commissioner of Customs, has been sentenced by Police Magistrate O'Gara to one year's imprisonment in Carleton County jail for appropriating certain sums of money belonging to the Receiver General of Canada. To each charge Watters said "We admit technical guilt."

Spurr Selected. Halifax, Feb. 27. At the convention yesterday in Annapolis, Shippy Spurr was selected to run for the House of Commons at the forthcoming election.

Assignments in St. John. St. John, Feb. 27. Charles A. Everett, late of the firm of C. & E. Everett, has assigned. His son, who is in the hardware business, has also assigned. Women's felt boots, fannell, 1 sh. for 50c and 75 cents a pair at J. B. Macdonald & Co. slaughter sale. Our great boot sale has been very successful. Our low prices and high quality are attracting the people to our store. Have you been one of the number? If not, don't delay if you want anything in the shoe line. J. B. Macdonald & Co.

WHAT KIND OF HEAD HAVE YOU? A Broad Head, A Narrow Head, A Big Head, A Little Head, A High Head, A Low Head, A Thick Head, A Thin Head, A Light Head, A Heavy Head. We are prepared to fit any kind of head at the HEAD HAT STORE. JAS. PATON & CO., The One-Price Hatters.

Fire Insurance is a protection against a probable loss. Every property holder should carry a Fire Policy in the Companies represented by E. R. BROW, Insurance Agent. Charlottetown, February 12, 1895—dy

WE HAVE DECIDED TO PLACE OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES ON THE MARKET AT FROM 20 PER CENT. TO 33 1/2 PER CENT. DISCOUNT, (Rubbers Excepted). Our stock is the best in the Province, and our motto is to do as we advertise. We claim our Prices to be the Lowest, and with the present discounts the public may depend upon getting Footwear lower than ever before offered on P. E. E. Island. TERMS CASH ONLY. J. M. McLEOD & CO., QUEEN STREET. NOTICE.—We have had exclusive sale of J. & T. Bell's fine goods for over a year, so any offered outside of us must be old stock. dy-feb26

Are You Going TO BUY A BICYCLE THIS YEAR? Before you do so, see F. de C. DAVIES, Who can sell you The Best Wheel Made To-Day. THE COMET, The Favorite Wheel of Canada. ASK FOR A CATALOGUE. F. de C. DAVIES, Sole Agent for P. E. Island. They LOOK natty, stylish and well equipped for the season. Well they might, as they have called on us and been fitted out completely and in the latest style. We do create examples of work that cannot be imitated in this town. The superb materials we carry in our stock of Suitings, and the artistic treatment we give them in the making up, constitutes a double superiority that makes us the first among tailors. To say that a Suit was made by the Fashionable Tailor is sufficient to say that we are making Suits to suit all to admiration. S. A. McDONALD, Fashionable Tailor. To the Public! By a despatch from Charlottetown, P. E. I., to this morning's Chronicle, I observe that a certain W. S. McDonald has been lecturing there in the interests of the "Father Murphy Gold Cure." I take this opportunity to notify the public that Mr. McDonald has no authority to set for Rev. Father Murphy, nor has Rev. Father Murphy any agent or representative in any part of Prince Edward Island. Any person professing to represent or administer the "Father Murphy Gold Cure" is administered is at College Street, Halifax, by the undersigned. J. E. QUINN, Manager. Halifax, N. S., Feb. 16, 1895. feb26-1w

TRUSSES, Elastic Stockings, Bandages. If you require a Truss or Surgical Appliance of any kind, don't wear an ill-fitting one to please the Doctor or Druggist whose stock is so limited that he cannot fit you properly. See our large stock of American and English Trusses in Elastic, Hard Rubber, with Water Pads, etc. We can fit any case from childhood to old age. Special discounts to Physicians and Druggists. If you want Medicine patronize Hughes, the People's Druggist. He can recommend Suitable Remedies and save you money. Orders by mail promptly filled. APOTHECARIES' HALL, (Established 1810), DesBrisay's Corner. feb5

Know All Women that we have the only HOSE SUPPORTER good for anything - O. K., White only. Size 1—For Babies, 8 cents per pair. " 2—For Children, 12 " " " 3—For Misses, 13 " " " 5—For Ladies, 22 " " " No. 5 has Waistbands. STANLEY BROS., Brown's Block.

The HINDSAY Improved Self Locking can be adjusted to any thickness of Hose, and cannot be unclamped accidentally. BLACK ONLY. A - For Babies, 15 cents per pair. B - For Children, 18 " " " C - For Misses, 22 " " " D - For Ladies, 22 " " " STANLEY BROS., Brown's Block.

HOVEN'S HOSE SUPPORTER. HOVEN'S HOSE HOLDER. This Supporter has had an enormous sale. Made with Waistbands only. STANLEY BROS., Brown's Block.

SATURDAY CLOSURE Great Dry Goods Sale! Goods worth from 55c. to 88c. per yard for 39c. per yard. STANLEY BROTHERS, BROWN'S BLOCK.