

Poetry.

A PSALM OF LIFE.

What the Young Man said unto the Psalmist.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

Tell me not, in mournful numbers, "Life is but an empty dream!" For the soul is dead that slumbers, And things are not what they seem.

Life is real! Life is earnest! And the grave is not its goal; "Dust thou art, to dust returnest," Was not spoken of the soul.

Not enjoyment, and not sorrow, Is our destined end or way; But to act, that each to-morrow, Find us farther than to-day.

Art is long and time is fleeting, And our hearts, though stout and brave, Still, like muffled drums, are beating Funeral marches to the grave.

In the world's broad field of battle, In the bivouac of life, Be not like dumb, driven cattle! Be a hero in the strife!

Trust no future, how'er pleasant! Let the dead Past bury its dead! Act,—act in the living Present! Heart within and God o'erhead!

Lives of Great Men all remind us We can make our lives sublime, And, departing, leave behind us Footprints on the sands of time:

Footprints, that perhaps another, Sailing o'er life's solemn main, A forlorn and shipwreck'd brother, Seeing, shall take heart again.

Let us, then, be up and doing, With a heart for any fate; Still achieving, still pursuing, Learn to labour and to wait.

Varieties.

MATRIMONY IN MASSACHUSETTS.

The marriage returns present some very singular facts, though coming in a double form. During the twenty months covered by the report, there were marriages of all ages, ranging from 13 to 91. Several females were married at the age of 13. The youngest couple married was a male of 17 and a female of 13. A male of 20 and another of 25 each married a girl of 13. One male under 20 married a female over 40; a bachelor of 24, married a widow of 42; another bachelor of 35, married a widow over 75. Instances like these are called "marrying up" by courtesy, we suppose. Among other odd cases, a female of 17 married the second time, another female of 59 the fifth time, and a male of 30 the third time, and one of 36 and another of 45, the fourth time each. But the hardest fact of all, is, that there was not gallantry enough among the Bachelors of Berkshire for one of them to marry a widow. It may interest our fair readers to learn that, by an analysis of 24,000 marriages, it is found that when a female arrives at the age of 20 years, and is unmarried, one quarter of the probabilities of her getting married are gone; if she passes 25 years, nearly three quarters of the probabilities are lost, and if she passes 25 years, nearly three quarters of the probabilities are lost, and if she passes unmarried to the age of 30, nearly nine tenths of her chances of being such a blessed thing as a wife are for ever gone.—Springfield Reporter.

PRIVATE CHARACTER OF A LOCOMOTIVE.

People who may see a locomotive tearing up and down the land at the rate of forty miles an hour, making the earth groan beneath its giant tread, and the heavens themselves reverberate with its fearful clatter, scarce nature with its unearthly din, and frightening all creation for its propriety almost, people who see it in its terrible activity have no idea what eminently social virtues it is endowed with. Its private one is another affair. Now and then one of these huge monsters, in whose iron bowels slumbers more than a thousand giant power, comes up and stands under our window, and smokes away as gently as the most exemplary cooking stove, its huge steam pipes singing a strain as soft and as dulcet as the most amiable tea-kettle, and its lungs of steel breathing as sweetly as an infant in its slumbers. But the demon of power is there. Let any one but pinch its ears, and no venerable spinster cat will spit more fiercely; let him gripe those iron hands, and the pipes which were turned to soft a strain send forth a yell, as if heaven and earth were coming together, and those lungs which first breathed so quietly, cough like a volcano; and off it goes darkening the heavens with its volume of smoke.—New Hampshire Telegraph.

PROGRESS OF SCIENCE DURING 1850.—Great progress has been made in meteorology during the past year. Observations are now regularly taken at a number of stations in North America, far distant from each other, which are afterwards reduced to tabular form, for the purpose of future reference and comparison.—A Magnetic and Meteorological Observatory has been completed at St. Petersburg, which is to be the central point for magnetic and meteorological observations of the whole Russian Empire.—A movement has been made among scientific men in Europe towards the establishment of a new and universal meridian. Cape Horn has been suggested.—It is proposed to establish a Zoological and Botanical Garden in the neighbourhood of New York. The sum of \$300,000 is to be raised, and two hundred acres of land purchased for the object.—M. Despretz has ascertained by a series of experiments, that almost every solid body in nature is capable of fusion and volatilization.—M. Ulger has discovered another article to the list of supposed "elementary substances," which are now 64 in number. The new substance is called aridium.—The use of the pancreas has been at length discovered. Its juice dissolves fatty substances in the food.—Three new planets have been brought to light. The number of these bodies, as at present known, is 21.—Messrs. Dond have discovered a third ring of the planet Saturn.

CORRUPTION OF WORDS.—Take for example, the word kerchief. There is no doubt that this word was derived from the French *couvre chef*, and obviously meant a covering for the head.—Brevity converted *couvre chef* into kerchief.—This was well enough for colloquial purposes, and no great harm done. By degrees, however, having occasion to enlarge the application of the word for our convenience, we flung etymology to the winds, and coined the word handkerchief—which, broken up into its constituent parts, means literally a head cover for the hand. The force of absurdity would seem to be incapable of going beyond this; but worse remains behind. Having reconciled our conscience to handkerchief, there was no difficulty in finding kerchiefs in the like manner for all possible purposes; and accordingly we have manufactured a pocket handkerchief, which means a head cover for the hand to go into the pocket, and a neck handkerchief, or a head cover for the hand to be tied round the neck.—Bentley's Miscellany.

A letter came to the Post Office, Doylestown, "To my Mamma, living in the city of Philadelphia." A day or two ago, a little, fierce-looking old woman stuck her head at the Post Office window, and calling "to the young man in the Office," said, "Mister is you got arr a letter from my son Johnny?" "Yes," said the young man, handing her the letter, which was indeed from her son Johnny.

Every human being has a work to carry on within, duties to perform abroad, influences to exert, which are peculiarly his, and which no conscience but his own can teach.

Always laugh when you can—it is a cheap medicine. Mirthfulness is a philosophy not well understood. It is the sunny side of existence.

In New York, a German girl, aged 20 years, named Catherine Rundenbeck, had her heart ruptured by a little baby with which she slept falling upon her breast.

Minute guns were fired at the Charleston Navy Yard, on Saturday, and the flag lowered to half mast, on account of the death of Com. Warrington.

LONDON HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED, at the LONDON HOUSE, FIVE CASES FANCY DRY GOODS, from London, comprising—Ladies' Mantles, in the newest styles; Cloth embroidered Dresses; Alpha Chene, Poplin de Loire, Mosaic Crossovers, Glacia Pomilla, and other Dresses; Habit Shirts and Chemisettes in great variety; sewn and crocheted Collars; Ladies' Cuffs and Sleeves; Ribbons in the latest fashions, very cheap; Bonnet and Cap Shapes, and Crowns; a large assortment of kid and worsted Gloves; Berlin Wools, in every shade; shadeds do.; black, shot, pink, white, glacie, and colored Gros de Naples; black Satinette; watered Silk; black and colored Silk Velvets; fancy Cloaking; Hair Nets; Ladies' and Children's Stays, in variety; worsted Hoods and Cuffs; Gents' Stocks; black lace Falls; colored Veils; book, jaconet, cambric, swiss, mull, and other Muslins; plain, sprigged, and fancy Bobinette; thread and cotton Edgings; Laces and Insertions; whisker Blonde, in variety; Artificial Flowers and Wreaths; Ladies' and Children's Feathers, very cheap; Cloak and Dress Trimmings and Buttons, in great variety, together with numerous other articles.

H. HASZARD, Great George Street, Charlottetown, Oct. 27, 1851.

Largest and cheapest Importation. WINTER SUPPLY BRITISH and FOREIGN MERCHANDIZE, in great variety of quality and price; and invites (of first) the inspection of the public generally, before purchasing elsewhere. WILLIAM HEARD, Great George Street, 13th October, 1851.

Royal Agricultural Society.

GENTLEMEN of the Committee, and Members of the Royal Agricultural Society are hereby informed, that a quantity of Hawthorn Berries, in the Store of the Society is now ready for sowing, and may be had on application to the Secretary. Price—4s. per bushel. The Subscribers to the Royal Agricultural Society are requested to pay their ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, due the 1st July last. By Order, GEO. BEER, Sec'y & Treasurer. Nov. 3, 1851.

PATENT ARTIFICIAL SLATE, AND Unchangeable Metallic Paints; PROOF AGAINST FIRE & WATER!

Manufactured by the Patentee, in Colchester, Nova Scotia. THE ARTIFICIAL SLATE is the product of a mixture of mineral substances known to be the best non-conductors of heat as well as the most indestructible; the chemical affinity of which converts the surface of materials covered, into a Coating of Actual Slate—Proof against FIRE and WATER. Thus the laws of nature are made to accomplish results as surprising as they are useful, by rendering Wooden fabrics as durable as brick or Stone, and less pervious to moisture, and consequently preventing decay and destruction from corroding influences hitherto supposed unattainable.

The principal ingredients are Alumina, Silica and the Oxides of Iron. The adhesive quality of the latter not only binds and attracts the particles together, but the substance covered also. The longer exposed to the weather the more powerful the attraction, and consequently the harder the Slate. As various shades of colour are obtained, Brick buildings may be made impervious to moisture, and the fashionable colours of either Free Stone or Granite. The oil must be evaporated by the action of the weather before it is Fire proof, which will take from nine to twelve months.

THE METALLIC PAINTS, Purple and Red, are offered as Weather and Water Proof solely. Their base being Iron, secures them from Galvanic action so fatal to lead and other Paints on Iron work—and their chemical combination makes it impossible, that any change should take place from atmospheric influence or the action of Salt Water and Sulphureted hydrogen so prevalent in Sea Ports and Tidal Harbours. They surpass all Paints yet discovered in Cheapness and Durability, which render them pre-eminently adapted to the covering of all kinds of Iron work, such as Shipping, Mills, Bridges, Steam Machinery, Railway Cars, and Iron Railings. THE METALLIC PAINTS have been analysed by Professor Hays of Boston. The following is an extract from his Certificate:—"As a permanent pigment, this mineral must rank with the most indestructible and unchangeable bases. For covering Metallic Ware, its composition shows that it is eminently fitted."

(Signed) AUGT. A. HAYS, State Assayer. Directions.—Artificial Slate. Mix the powder with pure Boiled Linseed Oil and a little Spirits Turpentine to the consistency of very thick Paint, and apply with a common Brush, being careful to keep the mixture well stirred while putting it on. One pound will cover ten square feet with two Coats. If Shingles have been on for years, it will be necessary to sweep off the moss and lint with a stiff broom; two or three coats of this material will make a perfect Slate Roof, proof against Fire and Water.

THE METALLIC PAINTS are mixed and put on like an ordinary paint. JOHN ROSS, Patentee. FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 13, 1850.

Mr. J. W. IRISH. DEAR SIR,—Please send us two more barrels of your Artificial Slate. We have seen some of the good effects of it at the last fire. Some of the Roofs covered with it did not catch at all, and when the walls were burnt some of the roofs came down in one piece, and others were the means of saving the building, especially one roof alongside of the Bank B. N. A., which also was one means of saving the Bank.

Please see that it is on board of the first boat, as it might be neglected and stored. Your obedient Servants, STEWART & NEILL, St. JOHN, N. B., July 20, 1850.

JOHN ROSS, Esq., Patentee of the Purple Metallic Iron Paint. SIR,—I have just painted a new Ship with your Metallic Iron Paint, and I have much pleasure in stating that I never painted a Ship with so small a quantity of Paint and Oil, and look so well. From its adhesive qualities and the manner it covers the wood, I have no doubt but it will be more durable and much cheaper than any other paint used for such purposes, and would recommend it to the public generally.

Yours, &c. ROBERT G. MORAN.

ROSS' METALLIC PAINTS.—We have already called public attention to the high estimation in which the Metallic Paints, manufactured by John Ross, Esq., Truro, are held by those who have had occasion to use them. Certificates of a highly satisfactory character in praise of these articles of Provincial manufacture appear elsewhere, in this issue, and from information afforded by parties who have similarly applied them, we can safely endorse the opinions therein contained.—Halifax Sun.

Agents for Prince Edward Island, GEO. T. HASZARD, Queen Square, KENNETH M'KENZIE, Pownall Street, Charlottetown, Oct. 8, 1851.

Soap! Soap!

A Constant Supply of New Brunswick made Soap, will be kept by the Subscriber, which will be sold to wholesale dealers at a lower price than any other imported Soap of equal quality. Daily expected, a lot of No. 1, a superior article, for Family use. Terms Cash.

E. L. LYDIARD, A & I, Upper Side Queen Square, June 9, 1851.

Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books, in various Bindings.

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at GEO. T. HASZARD'S Bookstore.

Mrs. HEARD'S SHOW ROOM,

is now open and well supplied with MILLINERY, DRESSES, MANTLES, FANCY GOODS, &c. Great George Street, 13th October, 1851.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND UNITED STATES. GEO. T. HASZARD has just received per packet "Caroline," part of his supply collected by himself, consisting of A LARGE SUPPLY OF BOOKS AND STATIONERY, MAPS, ROOM PAPER, FANCY BASKETS, TOYS, FLUID LAMPS, BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS, CHEAP! and a variety of other useful articles suitable for the Island.

The remainder of his Books and Stationery purchased at the New York Trade Sales, he is daily expecting. Catalogues of the WHOLE OF HIS LARGE AND VARIED STOCK, will be ready for delivery as soon as the whole of his Goods have arrived.

THE NEW MAP

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, JUST received and now ready for Sale, a MAP OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, compiled from the latest Surveys by H. J. CUNDALL.

Dedicated by permission to Sir ALEXANDER BANNERMAN, Lieutenant Governor, showing all the Harbours, Rivers, Settlements, Churches, School houses, Mills, &c.—Size 3 feet 4 inches—Price 6s. 8d. plain.

\* Some copies will be coloured, mounted on Rollers, and made up in books for the pocket as soon as possible. This MAP has been engraved by W. H. Lizars, Esq., Edinburgh in the first style.

Sold in Charlottetown by GEORGE T. HASZARD & HENRY STAMPER; Edinburgh, by Oliver and Boyd; London, S. Bagster & Son; Liverpool, Wilmer & Smith; Halifax, W. Gossip; New York, C. B. Norton; Boston, Phillips, Samson & Co. Charlottetown, Sept. 30.

Just received, and ready for Sale, COMSTOCK'S VALUABLE MEDICINES,

BESIDES a large Stock of FRENCH PERFUMERY, Lubin's Bandolin or Curling Fluid, Ox Marrow Pomade, Calcined Carbon for the Teeth and Gums, Stove Varnish, & Starch Polish for glossing Linen, Roach, Rat and Mouse Exterminator, Thompson's Eye Water for the immediate relief of inflamed Eyes. A large lot of Almanacks to be had free gratis at the Drug Store of JAMES GILLIGAN. Charlottetown, Sept. 30, 1851.

John M'Lean, Agent for the Sale of Comstock's valuable Medicines at St. Peter's Bay.

APOTHECARIES' HALL.

Direct from London. FRESH DRUGS and MEDICINES, Patent Medicines, Assorted Perfumes, Pickles, Sauces, Confectionary, Brushes, Soaps, Pomatams, requisites for the Toilet, articles for Domestic use, Canisters Du Barry's Arabica Revalenta, just received and for SALE low by T. DESBRISAY.

No. 1 WHITE LEAD, PAINTS and OILS. June 12, 1851.

Important Notice to persons purchasing Sarsaparilla.

WHEREAS a quantity of SARSAPARILLA, bearing the name of "S. P. Townsend," but which not having been manufactured by J. R. Chilton, is of inferior quality to that sold under the agency of the latter gentleman. The Public are hereby warned, that the only kind of Sarsaparilla safely to be relied on has two labels, one in green, with the words following: "This is to Certify, that the Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, contained in this bottle, is prepared under my direction and supervision, from the Original Recipe of Dr. S. P. Townsend, and that it is composed of ingredients purely vegetable, and without Mercury." JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D. Chemist.

THE ONLY true kind is on sale at the Medical Warehouse of M. W. SKINNER, where all necessary information may be obtained. P. S. In addition to the above safeguard, look carefully for the following: SPECIAL NOTICE.

This is to certify, that the within Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla is manufactured by us expressly for the New York Proprietor of the Townsend's Sarsaparilla Depot, 61 Hollis Street, Halifax, N. S., and that he is our Sole Agent for the British Provinces. Each bottle of the Genuine Article has this Certificate with our signature, as at foot.

NOSTRAND & BACH, Successors to Clapp & Townsend, and Sole Proprietors of Dr. S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla Office, 82 Nassau Street, New York.

The original and Genuine Dr. Townsend's Extract of Sarsaparilla is now manufactured under the immediate direction of the well-known Chemist and Physician, JAMES R. CHILTON, of New York, whose Certificate, Printed on Green Paper, will be found on the Outside Wrapper of each Bottle. This will prevent the possibility of any mistake or question as to its Genuineity. A fresh Supply of the above SARSAPARILLA, just received from the Manufactory, New York, via Halifax, for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at SKINNER'S Medical Warehouse.

Wonderful cure performed by S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla!!

To M. W. Skinner, Agent for S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. SIR;

This is to certify that I was, for this last 12 months, troubled with Fits; and, from their very severe attacks, thought each one would terminate my existence; and, in addition to the Fits, I was reduced to a mere skeleton, and was extremely weak and nervous. I heard a great deal about S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, for which you are Agent. I was advised to try it. And strange and wonderful to relate, before using the contents of one bottle, was greatly benefited. Indeed, so rapid and effectual was the cure, that it appeared to me to be almost miraculous. And I think that, in justice to the public and suffering humanity, I am bound to make the above statement, and say, that a greater blessing, in my opinion, than S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla never came to this Island. (Signed) MARY LOWE, Bungay, New Glasgow Road.

Sworn to, before me, this 14th June, 1851.

CHARLES DEMPSEY, J. P. The public will please bear in mind, that the above cure was made by the Sarsaparilla manufactured by J. R. Chilton, M. D., whose certificate, in green paper, is on the outside wrapper of every bottle, and be cautious not to buy any wanting this. M. W. SKINNER. Charlottetown, June 13.

Agents—DANIEL GORDON, Georgetown, THOMAS CAIRNS, Green's Shore, Bedouque, MOSES RYAN, Malpeque.

Money to Lend,

MONEY to lend on Mortgage or other good Security on Land in Charlottetown or Royalty in Sums of £50 and upwards.—Apply at the Office of the Subscriber. JOSEPH HENSLEY.

Office, Desbrisay's Buildings, Charlottetown, 7th January, 1851.

Notice.

ALL Persons indebted to the Rev. WILLIAM J. HOYLES, of St. John's, Newfoundland, Clerk, on account of arrears of Rent, or moneys due to him and his late Wife Janet Emma Hoyles, (formerly Janet Emma Rennie) at the time of her death, which happened on the 17th day of May, 1848, in respect of lands or holdings on that portion of Township Number 23, formerly belonging to her, and all others indebted to the said Rev. William J. Hoyles in this Island, are hereby notified that I have been duly empowered to receive the said arrears of Rent or Debts, and that payment thereof is required to be made to me without delay. JOHN LONGWORTH. Charlottetown, May 20, 1851.

CURES FOR THE UNCURED!



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF SCROFULA OR KING'S EVIL.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. H. Aliday, 209, High Street, Cheltenham, dated the 22d of January, 1850.

To Professor HOLLOWAY. SIR,—My eldest son, when about three years of age, was afflicted with a Glandular Swelling in the neck, which after a short time broke out into an Ulcer. An eminent medical man pronounced it a very bad case of Scrofula, and prescribed for a considerable time without effect.—The disease then for four years went on gradually increasing in violence, when, besides the ulcer in the neck, another formed below the left knee, and a third under the eye, besides seven others on the left arm, with a tumor between the eyes which was expected to break. During the whole of the time my suffering boy had received the constant advice of the most celebrated medical gentlemen at Cheltenham, besides being for several months at the General Hospital, where one of the surgeons said that he would amputate the left arm, but that the blood was so impure, that if that limb were taken off it would be then even impossible to subdue the disease. In this desperate state I determined to give your Pills and Ointment a trial, and after two months' perseverance in their use, the tumor gradually began to disappear, and the discharge from all the ulcers perceptibly decreased, and at the expiration of eight months they were perfectly healed, and the boy thoroughly restored to the blessings of health, to the astonishment of a large circle of acquaintances, who could testify to the truth of this miraculous case. Three years have now elapsed without any recurrence of the malady, and the boy is now as healthy as heart can wish. Under these circumstances I consider that I should be truly ungrateful were I not to make you acquainted with this wonderful cure, effected by your medicines after every other means has failed.

(Signed) J. H. ALIDAY.

CURE OF ACUTE RHEUMATISM OF FOUR YEARS' STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. John Pitt, Dudley, 19th Jan. 1850.

To Professor HOLLOWAY. SIR,—It is with the greatest pleasure that I write to thank you for the benefit I have received from your Pills and Ointment, which have completely cured me of the Rheumatism, under which I suffered for this last four years, at times I was so bad as hardly to be able to walk. I had tried every kind of medicine that was recommended without receiving any benefit. I at last thought I would give your medicines a trial and purchased from Mr. HOLLIN, Chemist of this Town, two boxes of Pills and two of Ointment, and in three weeks through them and the blessing of God, I was restored to health and strength, and am now as well able to walk as ever I was in my life. I am well known in this parish, having been sixty-five years of it, with an exception of ten years I served in the 24th Regiment of Foot.

(Signed) JOHN PITT.

CURE OF A BAD LEG OF MORE THAN SIXTY YEARS' STANDING.

Mr. Barker, of No. 5, Graham's Place, Drypool, near Hull, had ulcers on his leg from the age of eighteen until upwards of eighty, and although for many years he had sought the first advice in the country, nothing was found to cure them. He very often suffered most excruciating pain for long periods together, which incapacitated him from attending to his business. He had given up all hopes of getting a cure when at last he was persuaded to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which he did, and however wonderful it may appear, the leg was thoroughly healed by their means, and by continuing to use the Pills alone after his leg was well, he has become in health so hale and hearty as now to be more active than most men of fifty.

N. B.—The truth of this extraordinary statement can be vouched for by Mr. J. C. Reinhardt, 22, Market Place, Hull. February 20th, 1850.

CURE OF A DESPERATE CASE OF RINGWORM, OF SIX YEARS' STANDING.

Lima, 13th November, 1849.

One of the most eminent Surgeons in Lima (the Capital of Peru) had a child covered with Ringworm for more than six years; in vain he exhausted all his art in his endeavours to effect a cure. Not succeeding, he consulted among his brethren, the most celebrated medical practitioners of the City, but nothing was found to do the child's mischief. When he was persuaded by Mr. Joseph P. Hagne, the English Chemist and Druggist, residing at 74, Calle de Palacio, to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which was done, and after using six large Pots of the Ointment, with a proportion of the Pills, the child was radically cured, to the surprise of the whole medical profession. The name of the parent, from motives of delicacy is withheld.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:—

- Bad Legs, Chieffo-foot, Fistulas, Sore throats
- Bad Breasts, Chlubbains, Gout, Skin diseases
- Burns, Chapped-hands, Glandular, Scoury
- Bunions, Corns (Soft), Swellings, Sore heads
- Bites of Mosquitoes, Cancers, Lumbago, Tumours
- Contracted & Stiff joints, Rheumatism, Ulcers
- Sand-Flics, Elephantiasis, Scalds, Wounds
- Cocoa-Bay, Elephantiasis, Scalds, Yaws

Sold by the Proprietor at 244 Strand (near Temple Bar) London, and by GEO. T. HASZARD, Agent for P. E. Island, in Boxes and Pots, at 2s, 5s, 8s, and 20s each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each Pot or Box.

DR. EVANS'S PAIN KILLER.

NO Medicine has been discovered that is so happily adapted to use internally as drops to be taken, and yet perform such wonders when applied externally as a wash, bath, or friction.

USE IT IN THIS MANNER.

For Common headache, simple bathing will answer. For sudden colds and hard coughs, [to cure immediately] put one teaspoonful in four of molasses, and take three spoonfuls of the mixture as often as you cough. Bathe the neck, breast and sides with it to cure soreness of a cough.

Asthma, Phthisis and sore breasts—for speedy relief, 30 drops in molasses, and bathe freely with it clear, and keep on flannel wet in it. For bowel complaint, cholera morbus, cholera and diarrhoea,—a teaspoonful in a glass of milk and molasses, well mixed; if the pain is severe, bathe the bowels with it, and in cholera repeat the dose every hour.

For Dyspepsia and sick stomach, 20 to 30 drops in sweetened water, morning, noon and night, till all symptoms yield, and you are restored to perfect health.

For all rheumatic complaints, lame neck, swelled face, sore throat and toothache, 60 drops as above, three times a day; bathe the parts well, rub with a warm cloth, and take a teaspoonful of mustard seed nightly, in milk or molasses, at bed time.

For burns, scalds, and all sores, pricks, stings or old sores, bathe well and often the parts afflicted.

For sudden colds or croup, 30 drops in Molasses, every hour, and bathe freely with it.

For canker, sore mouth and stomach, chicken pox, or measles, 30 drops, twice a day in sweet milk.

ASK FOR EVANS'S PAIN KILLER, AND TAKE NO OTHER.

A VOICE FROM NOVA SCOTIA. DOCTOR EVANS'S PAIN KILLER, being fully tested in localities where it has been in general use, I deem it my duty to the public to annex a few of the many Certificates now in my possession, that all may know and be possessed of this VALUABLE MEDICINE.

C. V. POOR, Druggist, 19, Tremont Row Boston, Sole Proprietor.

This will certify I was afflicted with severe rheumatic Pain in my legs, proceeding from a severe cold, so much so, I could not walk without the aid of crutches, and by the use of one bottle of Evans's Pain Killer, I, to the surprise of my neighbours was completely cured, Lunenburg, N. S. J. RILEY, Shoemaker.

This is to certify that I have used Evans's Pain Killer in my family and found it to be an excellent medicine, superior to any of the kind I ever used.

FENTON TOMLINSON, Hants County. Wilmot, 3rd January, 1850.—This is to certify, I have for some time past sold several of the different kinds of Pain Killer, and have found none give so good satisfaction as Evans's, as manufactured by C. V. Poor, 19, Tremont Row, Boston.

JAMES A. GIBBONS, Merchant. Bridgeton, March 21, 1850.—This is to certify I have for some time past sold several of the different kinds of Pain Killer, and have found Evans's, as manufactured by C. V. Poor, Boston, to give more general satisfaction than any in use.

AVERY B. PIER, Druggist. This 'PAIN KILLER' may be used with a success that will astonish the beholder, in such cases as the following: Distressing Dysentery. Pain in the Side and Stomach, Corns, Cuts, and Bruises, Cholera Infantum, Bronchitis, Healing Sores on man or beast, Children Teething, Raising Blisters, Hoarseness, Quinsy in a few hours, Chlubbains and Frosted Feet, Spasms, prevent a blister from Burns, Broken Breasts, Measles, Cramps, Hurts, Scratches, or torn Flesh, Bites or Stings.

Sold at Charlottetown by T. DESBRISAY, Apothecaries' Hall, and M. W. SKINNER, Medical Warehouse—Agents for P. E. Island.

Printed by JAMES D. HASZARD, at his Office, Queen Square Charlottetown.