

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURYPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1890.

VOL. 27.—NO. 32

**CHARLES I. MORRISON,**  
Commission Merchant  
—AND—  
AUCTIONEER,

Agent for St John Dye Works, St. John, N.B.

General agent for Prince Edward Island for  
"Ideal" Washing Machines & "Ideal" Churns  
106 Queen St., Charlottetown, P. E. I.  
Oct 7

**A CURE IS CERTAIN**

—IN EVERY CASE—

When a Faithful Trial is Given

—TO—

**WOODILL'S**  
Worm Lozenges.

nov 12



SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the under-  
signed, and endorsed "Tender for Port  
Skelkirk Work," will be received until FRIDAY, the  
16th day of January next, inclusively, for the  
construction of a Block and Span to the Pier at  
Port Skelkirk, Queen's County, P. E. I., according  
to a plan and specification to be seen on applica-  
tion to the Postmaster, Vernon River Bridge,  
P. E. I., and at the Department of Public Works,  
Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on  
the form supplied and signed with the actual sig-  
natures of tenderers.  
An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order  
of the Minister of Public Works, equal to five  
per cent. of the amount of tender, must accom-  
pany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited  
if the party declines the contract or fails to com-  
plete the work contracted for, and will be re-  
turned in case of non-acceptance of tender.  
The Department does not bind itself to accept  
the lowest or any tender.

By order,

A. GOREIL,  
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,  
Ottawa, 15th Dec. 1890. 31—dec 27

**WILLIAMS**  
PIANOS

Endorsed by the best authorities in the world

Nearly 14,000 in use and good accounts  
given of them. Over 40 years of honest  
business.

WILLIS PIANO & ORGAN CO.,  
Maceachern's Building, Lower Queen St.  
nov 29—dw tf

**SHARRP'S**  
TRADE MARK  
**BALSAM**  
OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED  
FOR  
CROUP, COUGHS  
AND  
WHOOPIING COUGHS  
AND  
COLD.  
OVER 40 YEARS IN USE.  
PRICE 25¢ PER BOTTLE.  
ARMSTRONG & CO. Proprietors  
120 BARKER ST. ST. JOHN'S, N.B.

**FRED. de C. DAVIES,**  
DISPENSING CHEMIST,  
Late with Smith & Woodman,  
Chemists, St. Augustine,  
Florida.

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT  
MEDICINES.  
FANCY ARTICLES, viz., Perfumes, Spon-  
ges, Nail and Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes  
Loozan's, Paris), Fancy Soaps, Castile (white  
and mottled), Colgate Soaps, Luce Soap,  
Pear's and Margerison's French Soaps.  
Call and see our line for the Xmas Trade.  
Manicure Sets, also preparations for same.  
Walkin. Stocks suitable for Xmas Presents.  
Best line Havana Cigars in the city, and  
fresh stock, in 25, 50 and 100 boxes suitable  
for Xmas presents for smokers. Also, Pipes  
in and out of cases, Tobacco, Cigarettes, To-  
bacco Pouches, Cigar Lighters, and every  
requisite for smokers. Try our 5c. Cigar—  
best in town.  
dw—dec 5

**MUST BE PAID.**

ALL accounts rendered from Watson's  
Drug Store on July 1st, 1890, must be  
paid before January 1st, prox., when the  
accounts for the past six months will be  
rendered.  
tt—dec 10

**Christmas, 1890.**

**HARRIS & STEWART,**  
LONDON HOUSE.

We are showing a Nice Assort-  
ment of Goods suitable for Xmas  
and New Year Presents.

Charlottetown, Dec. 12, 1890.

**BARGAINS!**

Chairs, Tables, Lounges, Sofas,  
Sideboards, Cheffioniers, Bookcases,  
Picture Framing, etc.

Looking Glasses and Mirrors,  
Parlor Sets, very good, cheaper  
than ever offered. Chamber Sets!  
Chamber Sets!

Everything in Household Furni-  
ture. Call and inspect. Cheapest!

**JOHN NEWSON,**  
SOUTH SIDE OF QUEEN SQUARE,  
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

Charlottetown, Dec. 26, 1890.

**Skates! Skates!**

**750 PAIRS**  
GENUINE ACME CLUB SKATES,  
Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Prices.

**DODD & ROGERS.**  
Charlottetown, Nov 29, 1890—1m cod

**GREAT SALE OF BOOTS!**

Child's Long Boots, \$1.20, now  
85c.; Boys' Long Boots, \$1.50, now  
\$1.10; Women's Strong Boots,  
\$1.28, now \$1.00; Women's Strong  
Boots, \$1.00, now 75c.; 200 pairs  
Een's Long Boots, reduced 50 to  
75 cents a pair, at  
**GOFF BROS.**  
Charlottetown, Dec. 3, 1890—cod & wky

**Bermuda Bottled.**  
"You must go to Bermuda, if  
you do not I will not be responsi-  
ble for the consequences." "But,  
doctor, I can afford neither the  
time nor the money." "Well, if  
that is impossible, try  
**SCOTT'S**  
**EMULSION**  
OF PURE NORWEGIAN  
**COD LIVER OIL.**  
Sometimes call it Bermuda Bot-  
tled, and many others of  
**CONSUMPTION,**  
**Bronchitis, Cough**  
**or Severe Cold**  
I have CURED with it; and the  
advantage is that the most sensi-  
tive stomach can take it. Another  
thing worth considering: It is the  
strongest purifier of the blood,  
and will rid it of all poisons.  
You will find it for sale at your  
Druggist's, in Salmon wrapper, or  
you get the genuine."  
• SCOTT & BOWNE, London, E.C.

**DYSPEPTICURE**  
**DYSPEPSIA**  
Dyspeptiure aids  
Digestion.  
Dyspeptiure cures  
Indigestion.  
The most serious and  
long-standing cases of  
Chronic Dyspepsia  
positively cured  
Dyspeptiure.  
Price per bottle 75c. and 1.00  
(large bottles four times as small)  
prepared by  
Charles K. Short, St. John, N.B.  
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

**All Fancy Goods**

**WATSON'S DRUG STORE**

**At Cost**

**NEW YEAR'S DAY.**

**LARGEST STOCK**

**LOW PRICES**

I HAVE just completed a large importation  
suitable for Xmas and New Year's Pre-  
sents, consisting of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,  
Silverware, Spectacles, Vases, Toys, Fancy  
Goods, etc., which will be sold at prices that  
will defy competition. Inspector solicited.  
Also Cleaning and Repairing done to  
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Compasses at  
short notice, and guaranteed to give satis-  
faction.  
**G. G. JURY,**  
North Side Queen Square,  
Opposite Post Office.  
Ch'town, Dec. 3, 1890—1m 2aw dw

**WINTER CROSSING!**

THE WINTER ROUTE between Cape  
Traverse and Cape Tormentine is now  
open. Passengers and Luggage at the regu-  
lar rates. Passengers will find this route  
very much the cheapest. Passengers accom-  
modated in the very best manner.  
**CAPT. GEORGE IRVING.**  
dec 26—3m cod wky

**P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY**

**New Year's Excursion.**

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS will  
be issued at one first class fare to and  
from all Stations on this Railway, on WED-  
NESDAY, December 31st, inst., and on  
NEW YEAR'S DAY, good to return up to  
and on January 5th, 1891.  
**J. UNSWORTH,**  
Superintendent.  
Railway Office,  
Ch'town, Dec. 24, 1890. all pns

**FOR SALE.**

THE SLOOP "PET," 9 tons, new, suit-  
able for Lobster Smack; is decked, and  
has a good cabin for two; carries 14 tons.  
Apply to John Lowrie, Charlottetown, or to  
the owner,  
**PETER STEWART,**  
dec 19—wy cow 2m  
Victoria.

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.**

**Against the Scott Act.**

Sir,—I have been reading the letters and  
editorials which have appeared in your  
paper for the past ten days relating to the  
repeal of the Scott Act. The arguments  
for and against its repeal have been care-  
fully considered, and the mass of statistics  
relating to convictions for drunkenness be-  
fore the Stipendiary Magistrate have been  
carefully analyzed. Some of the writers  
maintain that drunkenness has, by the  
Act, been decreased; others, that it is now  
more common than under a license law.

To my mind it appears that what we  
have to consider is not so much the in-  
crease or decrease of drunkenness as the  
unnecessary curtailment of human liberty  
by this Act. Why should human liberty  
in the desire to drink intoxicating liquors  
be interfered with by the State? I cannot  
understand. I have an inalienable right to  
eat and drink whatever I please, and no  
power on earth has anything but a tyrant's  
prerogative to prevent me. The drinking  
of liquor is an individual right—a right in-  
vading the right of no other human being,  
and is my own special privilege and im-  
munity. Why should I be prohibited from  
doing that which concerns me alone, and  
which never can, in the smallest jot or  
tittle, concern any other human being?

Drinking a mouthful of whiskey every day  
may be as beneficial to my health as the  
drinking of a bowl of soup may be to  
another. If it be the soup-drinker's privi-  
lege to interfere in the drinking of whiskey,  
it is my privilege to interfere in the drink-  
ing of soup. I know well the common ar-  
gument used in reply. The soup drinker  
will put forward the old hackneyed asser-  
tion that the whiskey is injurious and  
that the soup is not. My opinion of the  
whiskey is as good as his opinion of the  
soup. A compact of "social rights" found-  
ed upon reasoning of this description would  
soon lead to social anarchy, put an end to  
the possibility of communal life, and throw  
man back from his nineteenth century civil-  
ization to the nomadic state. Segrega-  
tion might be possible, urban unity beyond  
our fondest hopes.

An idea once possessed the minds of men  
that all should worship the Deity at the  
same altar and through the same ceremoni-  
al. This at one time or other was the case  
in every country in the world. Men saw  
their folly, and found that persecution for  
opinion's sake was an outrage upon human  
nature, and religious intolerance passed  
away. Now, to use the common parlance,  
men agree to differ. And it is well that  
they have agreed to differ, for if they had  
not, their energies would have been ex-  
hausted in their fruitless efforts to bet-  
ter the human mind. So it will ever be  
in the use of intoxicating liquors. It is an  
individual right, as is the right to worship  
in a certain form, or in no form; and  
any attempt to take it away will be  
resisted by intelligent men the world  
over. Let no man essay to push his  
doctrine of total abstinence so far as to  
destroy my natural right to the use of in-  
toxicating liquors, so long as their use  
interferes not with him. The Scott Act  
prevents me from purchasing when in  
health that which I wish to use and enjoy.  
Why an instrument of such tyrannical  
consequences should be forced upon a free  
people, is an amazement to all thinking  
minds. To prohibit the sale is to prohibi-  
t the use, and to prohibit the use is an in-  
solent interference with the first principles  
of individual liberty. It was carried in  
this city by a majority of 17. Practically  
speaking, I may say that one-half the peo-  
ple voted for the Act, the other half for its  
overthrow. Will you then say that a law  
thus carried is supported by public opinion?

What is the result? The importation of  
liquor from other provinces by private  
citizens in quantities inconveniently large,  
constant violations of the law and contempt  
for its enforcement, "perjury, perjury in  
the highest degree," the outcome of every  
attempt to secure a conviction in our City  
Court. Ah! ye who are so fearful of  
being considered "your brother's keeper,"  
what think ye of the sin of perjury? The  
Holy Gospels are placed in the hands of  
him who is to testify; the clerk reads the  
words of the oath, and the God who made  
the everlasting hills, who rolls the ocean at  
His pleasure, who placed a conscience in the  
soul of man and gave to him the freedom of  
the will, is called upon to witness the truth of  
what he says. I think that even in this day  
there is a cry to Heaven for vengeance.

Living beneath the folds of the flag of Eng-  
land, and nurtured by that liberty which has  
come down to us through a thousand gener-  
ations, it is our duty to repudiate this law.  
I am a believer in the "rights of man." Lib-  
erty of conscience, to eat, to drink, and to  
wear, what I please are among these rights.  
The Scott Act takes away one of these rights.  
I will not lie though the heavens should fall  
and the foundations of the earth  
give way. I will not lie to any  
being, human or divine. To be enabled  
to purchase liquor when in health, I must lie  
to a physician. If proffered, I would refuse  
his lying certificate. A liar is the most des-  
picable of all God's creatures. Even the  
gentle liar is in my opinion as despicable  
as the liar of the street corner, the gam-  
bling hell or the brothel. The Scott Act  
was made by tyrants for the government of  
fools. As I belong to neither class I will  
have none of it.

**LIBERTY.**  
**The Ties.**  
There are marriage ties, and friendly ties,  
And the ties which business makes;  
There are solemn ties, and merry ties,  
And the ties in betting stakes;  
There are builders' ties, and railroad ties,  
Which an actor can recall.  
But the HOLIDAY Ties, which we adver-  
tise,  
Are the prettiest ties of all.  
**D. A. BRUCE.**

**K. D. C. Cures Dyspepsia.**

**IRISH AFFAIRS.**

**The Contest in Kilkenny**

**OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.**

KILKENNY, Dec. 23.—Dr. Tanner will  
bring suit against Parnell for libels con-  
tained in the speeches made by the latter  
during the campaign. The leading mem-  
bers of the Parnellite party in this section,  
after the announcement of the defeat of  
Scully, were to be seen dolefully parading  
the court house passages, apparently being  
in a very despondent state of mind. Hen-  
nessy, when he left the court house,  
claimed that he had a majority of at  
least one thousand, and when the actual  
figures were given to the public it was seen  
that the anti-Parnellite candidate was not  
far out in his estimate. As a matter of fact  
the Parnellites were not so discouraged as  
they might be expected to be, for it is ad-  
mitted that it was really a victory for the  
priests, and that, had they not adopted the  
tactics they did, the result might have  
been different.

DUBLIN, December 24.—United Ireland,  
referring to the election in North Kilkenny  
says: "Kilkenny has declared for Glad-  
stone against Parnell. The battle was  
fought with every weapon hatred, malice,  
ingratitude and treachery could supply.  
Behind the mutineers were the priests, eager  
to regain the power Parnell secured for Ire-  
land ten years ago; they sanctioned methods  
of warfare hitherto unused, and openfing  
was supplemented by secret intimidation.  
But although this combination secured victory  
in Kilkenny, it must be remembered  
that Kilkenny is not Ireland. They shall  
be forced to renew the wage of battle at  
every spot on Irish soil from the centre to  
the sea." The Freeman's Journal says  
Parnell starts for Paris to-night to meet his  
"trusty lieutenant" William O'Brien.  
Parnell, according to the Journal, refuses  
to believe that a friendly conference be-  
tween O'Brien and himself will be barren  
of results until they have definitely failed  
to establish a modus vivendi.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The Daily News, re-  
ferring to the election of Sir John Pope  
Hennessy, says: "It was a splendid victory.  
Whatever course Parnell takes he  
will take with the stigma of defeat upon  
him. He has never been beaten by the  
Nationalists before; he will never be sup-  
ported by true Nationalists again."

The Post, while admitting a preference  
for Parnell, who, it says, "is fighting openly  
those who are trying to stab him under  
a semblance of constitutional friendship,"  
declares that the insinuation that the  
Unionists have further interests in the  
struggle is a "mere impudent device of the  
defeated and bewildered renegade."  
The Standard thinks Parnell has some  
ground for the confidence he professes to  
feel. "Had the election been held in the  
town of Kilkenny," it says, "there is not an  
atom of doubt that he would have got an  
overwhelming victory. Many who would  
have otherwise supported Parnell doubt-  
less abstained, bewildered by priestly pres-  
sure. As long as the split lasts it is a mat-  
ter of indifference to the Unionists who  
wins."

The Chronicle thinks the return of the  
"Arch Mischief Maker" to the conservative  
party cannot cause much joy to Mr. Glad-  
stone and Mr. Morley. Having so correctly  
gauged the party feeling in Kilkenny, Mr.  
Davitt and his friends, it says, have prob-  
ably gauged it with equal accuracy as re-  
gards Ireland itself. If so, the Parnellites  
will soon be extinguished.  
The Telegraph says: "It remains to be  
seen how the McCarthyites can stand to-  
gether with Parnell's personal magnetism  
and American aid for the gentlemen who  
find in patriotism their daily bread."

The Times says: "Parnell's reputation for  
dignity and good taste will hardly survive  
his platform speeches at Dublin and Kilkenny."  
Regarding the Kilkenny election the Times  
says: "If the Unionists feel any dissatis-  
faction it is only at the magnitude of the majority.  
The Gladstonians are the hardest hit. The  
result continues the millstone of belief about  
their necks that home rule is a practicable  
policy. A victory for Parnell would perhaps  
have shaken Gladstone's simple faith in the  
dream of his old age."

DUBLIN, Dec. 24.—At midnight a wildly  
enthusiastic and cheering crowd of Parnell's  
admirers unharnessed the horses from the  
brake which was to convey the Irish leader  
from the railway station to the National Club,  
and dragged him inside of the vehicle, to  
that building, where he made a speech to the  
crowd. Parnell said he was unjustly blamed  
for refusing to leave Ireland to the mercy,  
not say, of Gladstone, but of the ragtag and  
bobtail of the English liberals. It would be  
infamous and contemptible upon his part if he  
held back any light he could throw on certain  
subjects, but his justification would come  
very soon.

Quebec's law, which provides that every  
father of twelve or more living children  
shall receive from the government a grant  
of 100 acres of land for each child above  
that minimum number, is being quite ex-  
tensively availed of. The total number of  
fathers who have applied for the bounty up  
to date is about one thousand, nearly all of  
whom are French-Canadians. Among this  
is one with twenty-three children, four  
with eighteen, six with seventeen, one with  
sixteen, twenty-seven with fifteen, forty-  
five with fourteen, twenty-seven with thir-  
teen, and the balance with twelve.

There are now five patients in the Montreal  
general hospital undergoing the Koch treat-  
ment. But few constitutional changes have  
yet appeared, but the physicians state it is  
too early to give an opinion on its probable  
effect.

**K. D. C. for the Stomach.**