

Job Printing Rooms,
LONDON HOUSE, QUEEN STREET.
Job Printing of all kinds at short notice.
Billboards, Letterheads, Note-heads, Pamphlets, Posters, Dodgers, etc.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

For neat, clean, tasteful Printing, and prompt attention to orders, THE EXAMINER Job Printing Department is peculiar. Don't forget it!

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—BURKE.

REVISED CODE, 1892.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1892.

VOL. 3 NO. 21

Calendar for June, 1892.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 2nd day 5 27 more
Full Moon, 10th day 9 8 more
Last Quarter, 17th day 4 57 after
New Moon, 24th day 10 42 more
Apogee, 5th day 3h. after

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	High Water.
		Morn. After.
1	Wednesday	2 50 3 15
2	Thursday	3 41 4 10
3	Friday	4 39 5 9
4	Saturday	5 40 6 11
5	Sunday	6 43 7 9
6	Monday	7 34 7 58
7	Tuesday	8 21 8 43
8	Wednesday	9 5 9 26
9	Thursday	9 47 10 8
10	Friday	10 28 10 48
11	Saturday	11 8 11 28
12	Sunday	11 47 12 28
13	Monday	0 47 0 28
14	Tuesday	0 48 1 8
15	Wednesday	1 29 1 49
16	Thursday	2 10 2 31
17	Friday	2 57 3 23
18	Saturday	3 56 4 30
19	Sunday	4 51 5 31
20	Monday	5 33 6 15
21	Tuesday	6 50 7 25
22	Wednesday	8 54 9 23
23	Thursday	9 47 10 11
24	Friday	10 33 10 53
25	Saturday	11 56 11 36
26	Sunday	11 53 12 36
27	Monday	0 17 0 37
28	Tuesday	0 57 1 17
29	Wednesday	1 36 1 56
30	Thursday	2 15 2 37

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

JUST RECEIVED,

Seventy-five Pes. Bankrupt Cloths,

IN SUITINGS AND TROWSERINGS, GOOD PATTERNS,

Selling at less than Wholesale Prices. From Four to Six Dollars saved on a Suit.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO SAVE MONEY!

JOHN MACLEOD & CO.

Merchant Tailors.

Charlottetown, May 27, 1892—fri sat



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
W. R. WATSON, Wholesale Druggist,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

DR. GEO. A. BAYNES,

SPECIALIST IN—

DISEASES OF WOMEN

—AND—

Chronic Diseases of Men.

OFFICE, MARKET SQUARE
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.
may16—dy & wk

CAMPBELL'S
QUININE WINE
CURES—Dyspepsia,
Low Spirits, Loss of
Appetite, Painful Dis-
tention, Malaria, and
gives tone and vigour
to the whole system.

MALLORY LINE.

New York, Maine and Maritime
Provinces Service.

S. S. WINTHROP will sail from Pier
New York on SATURDAY, May 14, at 8 a.m.
each Saturday thereafter for Bay Harbor,
Eastport and St. John N.B. Returning, steam-
ship leaves New York Pier, St. John, TUES-
DAY, May 21st, at 3 p.m., and each Tuesday
thereafter for Eastport, Bay Harbor and New
York, due at New York Pier on THURSDAY,
May 23rd, at 10 a.m. and after June 1st, 1892,
for full information, passenger and freight
rates apply to—

TROOP & SON, Agents,
St. John, N. B.

GILLETT'S
PURE
POWDERED
LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap,
Softening Water, Disinfecting, and for street cleaning.
Solely by All Grocers and Druggists.
W. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

CARD.

THIS subscriber begs to inform the public that
he will carry on the business of the late
Thomas Ridgway, as Florist and Nurseryman.
I have on hand a choice collection of House
Plants, which I will sell cheap; also, a lot of
Building Geraniums at \$1 per dozen; a lot of
choice transplanted Building Annuals and Plants
for the Garden. Orders punctually attended to.
Plants boxed and delivered to Steamboats and
Railways free of charge. Address—

JOHN WILLIAMS,
Successor to Thomas Ridgway,
Prince Street, Charlottetown,
may15—1st

TWO OR THREE ACTIVE AGENTS to represent
the President Savings Life Assurance Society
of New York on P. E. Island. Apply to
P. O. Box 218, Montreal, N. B., or

R. H. MATSON,
St. George Street, Toronto.

WANTED—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

may15—1st

Wanted—Good white-awake agents to sell
for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada.
Good pay and regular and constant employment
to the right men. No drones need apply. We
have 700 acres under stock, every department
fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLING-
TON, Temple Building, Montreal, N. B.
W. A. L. Manager. Name this paper.

OTTAWA LETTER

Devlin's Home Rule Resolution.

Early on Monday afternoon the Home Rule resolution was introduced by Mr. Devlin. This gentleman, I am constrained to say, disappointed the House by the moderation of the speech with which he supported his motion. It was confidently expected that he would "spread himself," as he sometimes has done, and consequent on the galleries were well filled with opponents of Home Rule, as well as with friends of the cause. Conspicuous among the latter I noticed Mr. Martin Battle, Collector of Inland Revenue, Mr. Con. J. Higgins, of the Post Office Department—an enthusiast, if ever one lived—Mr. Finn Barr Hayes, commonly known as "Barry" Hayes, one of the law clerks to the House of Commons, a gentleman who believes in action rather than words, and who gave proof of his belief by contributing \$1000 to the Irish famine fund a few years ago. Mr. John Wellington Hughes, of the Department of Justice, was also a prominent figure in the Irish group, while across the chamber in the officers' gallery, sat Mr. Matthew F. Walsh, private secretary to Mr. Costigan, and a warm adherent of the Parnellite section of the Irish party.

Mr. Devlin certainly showed much wisdom in avoiding anything approaching violence of language or a desire to make capital for the Liberal Party to which he belongs. Thus he succeeded in winning the support of such eminent Home Rule men as J. J. Curran, Hon. John Costigan, Michael Adams, who, while desirous of the success of the cause, considered the time opportune for the Canadian Parliament to express an opinion.

Mr. Devlin's resolution was in the following terms:—

That in the opinion of this House of Commons of Canada the time has arrived when the Government of Ireland should be transferred to Ireland, and this House expresses the hope that at the approaching general election in the United Kingdom a majority will be returned to Parliament pledged to enact a measure which, while safeguarding the unity and interests of the British Empire, will satisfy the legitimate and national aspirations of the Irish people by granting to them a Parliament with jurisdiction over all matters of a local character.

Mr. Devlin said that while he himself had been adversely criticised the resolution itself almost unanimously met with favorable comment. He referred to the speech which Mr. Clarke Wallace made at the Grand Orange Lodge at Montreal, which was adverse to home rule. The motion was not inopportune now. If now, it was inopportune in 1882. If Ireland had been granted home rule it would be inopportune. But such was not the case. Ireland was still knocking at the door of the British Parliament for justice. It was in the same position now as it was years ago. At a time when a general election was approaching, which might give home rule to Ireland, it could not be said to be inopportune. We were told that home rule would bring about the dismemberment of the Empire. That was said about Canada. A price was laid upon the heads of those men who had declared for home rule for Canada. He cited the name of Sir George E. Cartier, who was denounced as a traitor, yet when Cartier saw his country flourishing he was reported to have said that the last gun that would be fired in defence of British connection would be by a French-Canadian. He quoted statistics to show that Ireland was being depleted through the lack of home rule. If the resolution was passed it would do much good at the present time and strengthen the hands of those who were struggling for home rule in Ireland.

Col. Tisdale deprecated the introduction of the resolution. The House of Commons had thrice already expressed opinions on the subject, for which they had got no thanks, and had even been snubbed by Mr. Gladstone's administration for their advice. He considered the Canadian Parliament had no right to interfere in Imperial concerns, and he accordingly moved

"That any expression of the opinion of this House on this subject being uncalculated at the present time and that this House is not desirous to express its views on an approaching general election in the United Kingdom, the orders of the day be proceeded with."

Mr. Clarke Wallace could see no reason why the resolution should be passed at the present time, particularly after the snub administered by the British Government in 1882. Ireland was as well governed as any other part of the British Empire. Mr. Devlin wanted Home Rule for Ireland, but refused to grant home rule to the people of the Northwest Territories. Mr. Wallace quoted from speeches of Mr. Parnell to them that it was not Home Rule but separation that Ireland wanted.

Mr. Curran did not agree with those who said that the House had no right to interfere in subjects such as Home Rule. Sir John Macdonald, on more than one occasion had said that the House was perfectly justified in passing such a resolution, and it was well known that it was Sir John Macdonald's influence alone that had produced the passage of the Home Rule resolutions which had already passed the Commons. Mr. Curran asked Mr. Wallace's proposition that Home Rule for Ireland meant separation from the Empire. That charge had been made and refuted over and over again. It was merely a bugaboo to frighten people who had no sense, and, he believed, was not seriously entertained by the most ardent opponents of Home Rule. Mr. Curran then quoted from a speech recently delivered by Mr. Justin McCarthy in Derry, in which he said under the view of the Irish party as follows:—

"The Irish people can never give up their will for Home Rule, and they never will (cheers). The Irish people know that the prosperity of every country depends up-

on its power of managing its own local affairs. Everyone who has been to one of our great colonies, everyone who has been to the United States of America, everyone who has been—as my friend Mr. Swift McCarthy has been—to the self-governing South African colonies, well knows that in proportion as you give intelligent men the right of controlling and managing their own affairs the more prosperous and safe and happy will the commonwealth become (applause). Now, we ask nothing more for ourselves (cheers). We hear occasionally, or at least we used to hear, people agitating for separation. We used to be told: 'You Irish Home Rulers, you don't mean what you say; you don't mean Home Rule at all, but when you get Home Rule you will go in for separation by civil war.' Well, now, can anyone be more ridiculous than to say that Ireland would like separation because she had got the grant of all that she wished to possess—the right to manage her own affairs? Why do people separate? Why does one state separate from another state? Because it has been refused its just demands (applause). But did you ever hear of a state breaking away because it had got all it wanted? I demand separation come when home government is denied, not when it is granted. Why is it that our American colonies broke away from us and that the Canadian colonies remain with us? Because, through the stupidity of the Government then in power, the Americans were told: 'You shall never be allowed to govern yourselves, you shall be governed from the Parliament in Westminster only.' Then it was that the Americans put their backs to the wall and said: 'If you don't allow us to manage our own affairs we will break away and set up for ourselves.' And they did so, and now there is not a single Englishman living who does not say that when the Americans found that they could not get Home Rule otherwise, they were right to obtain it by force of arms (applause). Look at the Canadians. Why the Canadians were in actual rebellion against this country because they were denied the right of home government, but the Government, the statesmen of the day, saw, from the example of the American Republic, that it would not be possible to hold Canada without giving it self-government, and now England has not a more loyal set of people on the globe than the successful Canadians who have obtained liberty, and are now managing their own affairs (applause). You deny that liberty to one people you give unto the Canadians, and they settle down in loyalty to the Crown and Government of this country. Those who deny to Ireland Home Rule, or who would deny it if they could, those are the people who are treading the dangerous ways that lead to her separation. We say that we who are urging on the English Parliament to give us Home Rule, we are the true men who are going the way for the safe and lasting union of England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales (applause). There is our demand explicitly made. There is our full and final demand. We ask our right to manage our own affairs, because we understand them best. We ask of the English Parliament nothing more than that, and we say if they give us that we will enter into a union of brotherhood, and never another bitter word will be spoken between Englishmen and Irishmen on national questions."

Mr. Curran referred to the several resolutions which the House had passed on the subject, and said the only thing to be regretted was that they had not produced the desired effect on the minds of those to whom they had been addressed. The people of Canada were unanimous on the question, and their sentiments wherever expressed the same, excepting of course at the meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge recently in Montreal. But there was no more significance in a resolution passed at a meeting of Orangemen against Home Rule than there would be in a Home Rule resolution passed by a Home Rule League. He believed, however, that ultimately Orangemen would see the same as their fellow countrymen, and work hand in hand with them, and when Home Rule had been gained, as it inevitably would be, the people of the north of Ireland would be as secure in their rights as the Protestant minority of Quebec are in theirs. Although he did not believe the present an opportune time for bringing forward the resolution, Mr. Curran would not get back on the principle of Home Rule, but would stand, as he had always stood, by the cause for which he had fought since the movement was initiated. Mr. Curran proceeded so say that it was all very well to pass resolutions of sympathy, but what he wanted just now was money to meet the necessary and legitimate election expenses, and a five dollar bill would be more acceptable than a bushel of sympathy. He reminded those who heard him that the Archbishop of Toronto had consented to receive subscriptions for the Irish cause, and he trusted that material aid would be forthcoming.

Speaking of the unfortunate discussion in the Irish party, Mr. Curran said: Mr. Speaker, the great point in dispute and the great difficulty in regard to this matter, as it occurs to the friends of the cause in America, is unfortunately the disunion which exists in the ranks of the Home Rule party themselves. We cannot shut our eyes to the fact, we would be recreant to our duty, I should be reluctant to miss, I feel, if having an opportunity of speaking on the floor of this Parliament to-day—if our resolution be worth anything, or if the words that we express are worth anything, if they are to be carried abroad—I should not emphasize my opinion and the opinions of others who think with me, that these disunions must soon cease if the people are to be rallied once more to the flag that we love so well. We all know that since last we had this question before the House, the great leader of the Irish people has disappeared from the scene. We all remember what were the occurrences which took place shortly before his death. Speaking on the floor of this House on a former occasion, and when the great Irish leader was under the cloud of the accusations which had been brought against him by the London Times, I made bold to prophesy that he would overcome and vanquish all his enemies, as he did. Unfortunately, the last hours of his great life were obscured, and discussions arose amongst his people. But we all know his death was the people of Ireland and their descendants the world over, will never forget the deep debt of gratitude they owe to

Mr. Parnell, will never forget that great name and the deeds that are associated with it, yet they will also remember that he could never have accomplished what he did, that he could never have carried on the battle so successfully, that he could never have won over a Prime Minister of England who had imprisoned him at one time, and who became his ally later, because his cause was just, and he was unwavering in pushing it; whilst we cannot forget all that that great leader has done, we must also remember that he could never have accomplished this with the aid and the assistance of the men who surrounded him, and prominently amongst those men and one who gave strength to the party, and hope to the people who supported it, was Mr. Justin M. McCarthy. He was the chosen lieutenant of Charles Stewart Parnell himself, and a greater compliment could not be paid to the dead patriot in his grave than that the people should rally around the man in whom the great leader himself reposed so much confidence. There may be other aspirants to the leadership of the party, but there could be no mistake in the choice made by Parnell himself in the days of his undisturbed leadership. I feel that if the people of Ireland will only rally round Mr. Justin McCarthy, if they will put aside their differences, and if they will rally around the one idea of Home Rule for Ireland, that the time of their triumph is not far distant.

[CONCLUDED TO-MORROW]



See that our Trade Mark—A MARINER'S COMPASS—is on each package.

SKODA'S REMEDIES

SKODA'S DISCOVERY.

THE GREAT GERMAN-AMERICAN REMEDY FOR HEART, NERVES, KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BLOOD. Price \$1.00, 6 bottles for \$5.00. If bought at above price we guarantee the 6 bottles to be of benefit or cure. GUARANTEE CONTRACT with each bottle. Pay only for the good you receive.

SKODA'S FILE CURE with the DISCOVERY cures Piles. Price \$1.00.

SKODA'S GERMAN SOAP. "Soft as Velvet." "Pure as Gold." That tells the whole story. The most highly medicated soap ever made. Try just one cake. For toilet, bath or nursery. Price, 25 cts.

SKODA'S PLEDGETS. The Great German-American Specific for diseases peculiar to the female sex. We will give \$1,000 for any case we cannot cure that does not require surgical interference. One month's treatment, \$3.00.

SKODA'S GERMAN OINTMENT. The Great Skin Cure, also for wounds, abrasions, burns, etc. As a cosmetic, makes the skin like velvet. Removes black-heads, pimples, etc. as if by magic. If you follow directions, three ointment tubes in elegant cartons for 50 cts.

SKODA'S LITTLE TABLETS. For Headache and Liver Trouble. With the DISCOVERY they cure Rheumatism, Mild, Safe, Efficient. Far superior to any pill. One used, you will have no other. 50 in a box for 25 cts.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SKODA DISCOVERY CO., Wolfville, N.S.

MUCH BETTER, Thank You!

THIS IS THE UNIVERSAL TESTIMONY of those who have suffered from CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, OR ANY FORM OF WASTING DISEASES, after they have tried

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES—Of Lime and Soda.—IT IS ALMOST AS PALATABLE AS MILK. IT IS A WONDERFUL FLESH PRODUCER. It is used and endorsed by Physicians. Avoid all imitations or substitutions. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF P. E. ISLAND, Charlottetown, May 30, 1892.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Four Per Cent on the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared payable on and after the 15th day of July next. Avoid all imitations or substitutions. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

By order of the Board.

WM. McLEAN, Cashier.

may31—2aw & wyltld

may31—2aw & wyltld

may31—2aw & wyltld

may31—2aw & wyltld

may31—2aw & wyltld



ST. GEORGE PHARMACY,

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—

FISHING TACKLE.

—NAMELY—

Fishes, Rods, Reels, Lines, Casts, Hooks (with and without Gut), Landing Nets, etc.

WE HAVE NO FIVE-YEAR-OLD STOCK at a 25 per cent. discount, and if we do not sell our stock at this discount, but only ask a fair and honest price on a new and exceptionally good stock.

Our Rods are very fine, and worth the price asked for them.

F. DeC. DAVIES,

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A gentle monthly medicine for ladies to regulate the system and purify the blood. It is a wonderful stimulating nutritive Tonic and Food, and has never failed me yet. Send around quick; it can be got at any DRUG STORE.

For sale, mailed, by G. D. E. HUGHES, at Apothecaries Hall, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

JAMES A. MORRISON,

HALIFAX.

AGENT FOR

WARREN, CAKEBREAD & CO.,

TEA MERCHANTS,

London, - - England,

—AND ALSO—

Several First-Class West India Firms, etc.

SPECIALTIES:

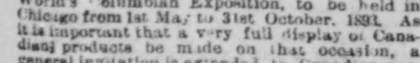
Tea, Sugar and Molasses.

Careful attention given to consignments of Prime Edward Island Produce.

REFERENCE—Bank of Nova Scotia.

OFFICE—Pickford & Black's Wharf.

Halifax, August 13, 1891—dy & wk



World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893.

THE Government of the Dominion of Canada has accepted the invitation of the Government of the United States to take part in the World's Columbian Exposition, to be held in Chicago from 1st May to 31st October, 1893. As it is important that a very full display of Canadian products be made on this occasion, a general invitation is extended to Canadian producers and manufacturers in agriculture, horticulture, and manufactures, to assist in bringing together such a display of the natural resources and industrial products of Canada as will be a credit to the country.

An Executive Commission for Canada has been appointed, which will have the general charge of the exhibits and the arrangement of space, and the several Provincial Governments have been invited to co-operate with the view of making the exhibition as complete and satisfactory as possible.