

REMEMBER
Windsor

If your property is not already insured, insure now in those good stock companies represented by

E. R. Brown
General Agent
Charlottetown

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 29, 1897.

HENRY GEORGE.

By the sudden death of Henry George, a distinct force has been removed from the intellectual world. Mr. George was born at Philadelphia on the 2nd of September, 1839. In 1858 he removed to California where he became a journalist. In 1879, he published his chief work, entitled "Progress and Poverty," which speedily obtained a world-wide reputation. He removed to New York in 1880 and was an unsuccessful candidate for the Mayorality of that city in 1886. Shortly after his defeat he established a weekly newspaper—the Standard. In 1883 he published his views on "The Land Question;" in 1884, "Social Problems;" and in 1885, "Protection or Free Trade." These publications have set many persons thinking. Mr. George's contentions, summed up in a line, were for Free Trade and the Taxation of Land Values. So strongly was he in favor of Free Trade, that he advocated the removal of all restrictions upon the manufacture or sale of liquors, contending that the liquor evil would, under the changed conditions, speedily cure itself. His idea that poverty could be reduced or abolished by the application of "A Single Tax" on "Land Values" is, of course, ridiculous. But it has been elevated by Mr. George's logical astuteness and great literary ability into a political doctrine that is held by many intelligent persons throughout America and Great Britain. Mr. George was, at his death, one of the candidates for the office of Mayor of Greater New York. His canvass had attracted a great deal of public attention by reason of his scathing denunciations of Croker and Tammany.

THE WITNESS AND MR. TARTE.

THE Montreal Witness has had its eyes opened—in part at least—to the character of the Government which it helped into office and power. Commenting upon the fact that needed improvements to the harbor of Montreal have been kept at a standstill,—though one of the most favorable seasons ever known for such work is slipping by," the Witness says: "If it were not outrageous, it would be ridiculous that it should be within the power of a wily man like Mr. Tarte to stand between the city and the Business Interests not only on the port of Montreal but of the Dominion, and the execution of urgently necessary harbor improvements. Everything must await the good humor of an unreasonable man who assumes the airs of a petty despot towards the shipping trade and commercial interest. Here is a man whose personal opinion in regard to such a question would never have been considered of the very slightest importance had he not been placed in a position in which it is possible for him to make that opinion if not over-ride, yet stand in the way of the carefully studied and worked out plan of education and experienced engineers, which has the approval of all the greatest business interests most concerned. One of the most experienced dock managers in the world also approves of the same plan, modified so as to give slightly wider piers, but his opinion has apparently no more influence upon Mr. Tarte than the opinion of the engineers and of the representatives of the business interests involved."

Why is Mr. Tarte thus uninfluenced alike by engineers and men of business? The Witness says:

"Mr. Tarte cares little or nothing about the shipping and commercial interests. What he cares for is the expenditure of the money where in his blindness he thinks most political capital is to be made."

This is the declaration of a newspaper which was not long since one of the strongest supporters of the Liberal Government in all Canada. The Liberal Government is being found out not alone by the Witness, but by the country at large. Political capital and private capital, not the public good, are the motives by which the Laurier Administration is actuated.

The mission of Hood's Sarsaparilla is to cure disease, and thousands of testimonials prove it fulfils its mission well.

"EARLIER INTELLIGENCE."

THE Guardian defends its foolish boasts and culpable hypocrisy by contending that THE EXAMINER is angry. This is not a plea, on the Guardian's behalf, that is worthy of notice. But it may be interesting to test the veracity of the Guardian's "earlier intelligence" about which the Guardian continues to boast. On the 16th inst., the Guardian reported:

"So far as we have heard the proposal that Hon. Mr. Farquharson shall become Premier has been favorably received."

On the 18th the Guardian declared that—

"The following would probably be as acceptable to the general public as any of the 'slates' so far made up:—

Hon. D. Farquharson, Premier and Minister of Agriculture.

Mr. Warburton or Mr. Bell, Attorney General.

Mr. McLaughlin, or some other, Commissioner Public Works.

[It is to be noted that The Guardian was determined to be correct in its intelligence concerning the Commissioner of Public Works.]

On the 19th it said:

"A man of energy, knowledge of public affairs, first-class business capacity and one who will command the respect of the entire province, is a prime necessity for the place. Such a man we have now within the house and the government in Hon. Donald Farquharson. The moral sentiment of the province is at his back. No man within the province has a stronger claim upon his party; none possesses in larger measure the business qualities so urgently needed at the present juncture at the head of the government, and on all grounds his claims are such that unless personally waived by himself, it is hard to see how they can be got over without irretrievable weakness and loss of strength resulting."

On the 25th, the Guardian informed the public that—

"Great interest and importance centres in the meeting of Liberal members to-day to settle the succession to the Premiership. As in the individual man, so in parties, there are opposing principles struggling for supremacy. It is so in the Liberal party in our provincial affairs. On the one side are the elements that make for moral order in the community, and for honest, businesslike and economical management of our public affairs. On the other side are the elements that would continue the too lavish expenditures of the past and the efforts to conciliate the liquor interest, with other features of weakness. Report has it that the two sections of the party are approximately equal in members in the caucus. We are satisfied that the former commands the respect and confidence of the (great) majority in the country, a majority who will never consent to see their chosen representatives relegated to the background. On the choice made to-day, much will depend as to the future attitude of the independent thinking portion of the community toward the new administration."

On the evening of the 25th, the Liberal Party, in caucus convened, declared its opinion of the value of all this "earlier intelligence" by electing Dr. A. B. Warburton to be their Leader!

On the 26th the Guardian announced this fact and ventured a prediction concerning the personnel of the Warburton cabinet which has not been fulfilled in one important and significant particular; and since then the Guardian has been "mum" as to "opposing principles," and clashing "elements," though it continues to boast about its "earlier intelligence."

The Guardian's steadfastness to its "principles" is so remarkable that we need not wonder if it should approve the entry of the Hon. Donald Farquharson into the "background" of the Warburton Cabinet, and the mixing of the "elements" as heretofore.

—Referring to the formation of the Warburton Cabinet, the Halifax Herald says: "according to the Charlotteown Guardian, without any reference to politics, this is a triumph of the forces opposed to the more moral and orderly elements of the community." The Herald should note that this was "earlier intelligence"—before Mr. Warburton was selected as the man to form a cabinet! The Guardian does not say so now.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—It is reported that Mr. D. Farquharson will not accept a seat in the Warburton Cabinet.

—Apropos of the care which Tennyson's biography shows that he took with his poems, a critic recalls the painstaking labor of Wordsworth, as indicated in the journal of Dorothy Wordsworth: "William has come back tired; he has spent all the day in thinking of an adjective for the cuckoo."

—Provincial Westyan: "The Church of England authorities in Windsor have been exceedingly prompt and courageous in rendering the audience rooms at the disposal of the churchless congregations. We are sure that this kindness will be received with thankfulness all round, and we take the first opportunity on behalf of our own Church to publicly record our grateful appreciation."

—The St. John Sun quotes the Guardian's statement that the Farquharson section of the Liberal party "commands the respect and confidence of the great majority in the country, a majority who will never consent to see their chosen representatives relegated to the background." The Sun will be surprised to learn that the Guardian has accepted Mr. Warburton as the Leader in the foreground, and wishes his Attorney General to be elected without opposition!

—Advices from Ottawa report that a formidable deputation from Western Ontario interviewed the premier a few days ago, on the subject of the export of natural gas. Not only are the gentlemen of the deputation opposed to the granting of a license to a new company but they desire that the present company, the Ontario Natural Gas Company, which is supplying gas to the people of Detroit, be restricted in the amount it shall export. Four stalwart liberal members, Messrs. Lister, McGregor, Cowan and Fraser (Lambton) were present and backed up the high protectionist doctrine propounded by the deputation.

—Mr. George Anderson, of Toronto, who sailed from Vancouver on August 2nd, to visit Japan as Canadian trade commissioner, has returned to his home. He says that he is well satisfied with the success of his trip and that he believes that if the matter is properly taken in hand a very large trade can be opened between Canada and Japan. He was received very kindly by the Japanese, who were evidently very anxious to cultivate trade with the Dominion. "All the western provinces," continued the trade commissioner, "will largely benefit by the development of this trade, and particularly Manitoba and Winnipeg, which is now the geographical centre and will become the commercial hub in the extension of trade relations with the Orient."

—Mitchell and Gerard, members of the Chambre de Commerce Francaise de Montreal, have been in Ottawa to urge the government to subsidize a direct line of steamships to France. They also advocate the effective representation of Canadian products at the Paris exhibition in 1900. The premier informed the deputation that the offer of a subsidy of \$50,000 for a direct French line still held good and would be granted to any company which would perform the service under the government conditions. As to the Paris exhibition the intention of the government was to appoint a commissioner, ere long, for the purpose of arranging for a representative display by Canada.

Toronto Star: So far the roller boat is what the critics call a success d'estime. It has rolled, but not fast enough to endanger navigation in small boats on the bay. Even a stone hooker can avoid a collision when the approaching monster is bowling along at the rate of three miles an hour. The inventor talks of sixty revolutions a minute instead of six, and of sixty miles an hour instead of three, of feathering paddles, and more of them, of engines in the center, and of a few other improvements before the roller boat takes all the marine business. As matters stand, the leverage gained by a peddler in its down turn it lost the instant it passes the centre on the up turn, and is forced to lift the weight of water that it pushed before it. This caused the boat to "slip," losing much of the impetus acquired by the downward propulsion. If feathering peddlers were set the whole length of the cylinder, if these peddlers were not so deep, and if there were twice as many of them as are contemplated by the inventor; if the engines were geared differently, and worked to their full power, the roller boat might travel at a high rate of speed. But this is a formidable catalogue of "ifs," and the result is conjectural.

WE CAN SAY

Better Goods for the Same Money, or the Same Goods for Less Money than elsewhere

WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY

We Can Say Lots For Our Goods.

Give many reasons why they are better value than you can get elsewhere, but how to tell it to you in our ads, sometimes puzzling, unless we occupy a large space in the paper. The following phrase means much here.

FIFTY OVERCOATS

AT HALF PRICE

This means much for us, for it's the very foundation of our business, and much to you, for it means saving your time and money by trading here.

There is no misrepresentation in our ads, no bringing you here by false statements and prices, goods advertised are in stock. We don't tell you our \$5 suits are \$7.50 suits then reduce them, but we guarantee our \$5 suits to be better value than any \$5 suits you can buy elsewhere, even if they were other stores \$7.50 suits, compare the materials, compare the trimmings, compare the work. Our ready made

Suits and Overcoats for Men; Youths and Boys

Possess a degree of perfection unknown in other garments. They are the recognized standard of excellence for the entire clothing trade, positive y superior in Style, Fit, Finish and Workmanship, to any other line produced. None can equal our ready to wear clothing, that's why our trade in this department is ever increasing. We sell more high-class readymade clothing than any three houses in Canada. We invite your close inspection, and if you will try us once we feel sure of holding your trade, and return any goods to us you do not like, and you will get your money back.

Clothing prices.
Pea-jackets for Men from \$2.50 to \$9.00 each.
Overcoats for men, from \$4.50 to \$12.00 each.
Reefer Jackets for Boys, at \$2.00 and \$2.50 each, warm lined, and better lines \$3.00 and upwards.
Boy's Overcoats from \$2.50 up to \$6.50
Men's Heavy all wool Navy Cheviot suits \$8.00 each.
Men's very fine Tweed Suits for winter wear \$6.00 to \$12.00
Men's trousers \$1.00 per pair up to \$3.50.
Fancy lined Cord Vests for winter \$3.00

Underwear.
All wool knit at \$1.00 per suit.
Finer lines in every grade at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25 per suit.

Gloves.
The largest and finest stock we ever had.
Wool Gloves 25c per pair upwards.
Lined kid gloves at 75c and \$1.00 per pair.
Better lines, lined at \$1.50 per pair
English Reindeer Buck at \$1.50 per pair.

Call in and see us; you are always welcome to look around.

JAS. PATON & CO.

FIGHT PICTURES AT MONCTON.

MONCTON, Oct. 28.—The Moncton Opera House was crowded with people last night anxious to see whether the views exhibited by the Veriscope were, as advertised, the real reproduction of the Carson City fight. It will be remembered that Moncton theatre goers smashed the machine of a company which gave a fake exhibition and a similar scene was feared last night. The pictures however showed every round of the fight clearly and distinctly and proved to be Dan Stewart's genuine reproduction. The stirring scenes were enthusiastically cheered by the audience.

PAINT YOUR CHEEKS.

Not with paint on the outside, that is easily washed off. Put the color on from within. Scott's Emulsion fills the cheeks with rich, red blood. It is a color that lasts too.

Two kid glove bargains for tomorrow—For 65c a pair, tan, fawn and grey lacing gloves regular value 80c. For \$1.00 tan brown lacing gloves all sizes—plain and stitched backs regular value \$1.25—Stanley Bros, The Always Busy Store.

BLANKETS—25 pairs white and 25 pairs grey Blankets to sell quick. We are selling under regular values; if you want a pair come soon, to J B Macdonald's, Market Sq

Buyers of gloves will study their own interests by coming to our store. We have the finest range of nice goods at right prices.—Weeks & Co. 252—2i

WINTER APPLES

By Auction.

I will sell by Auction at my Sales Room, on Saturday, October 30th; at 11 o'clock a. m.
1 car winter apples.
Terms cash.

R. BEARISTO, Auctioneer.

Oct 28



Men's Wool Underclothing

Men's Cardigan Jackets.

See our Stock,

T. J. HARRIS LONDON HOUSE

Going Out Of The Crockery Business

And only two weeks to do it in.

Owin to my increased trade in the grocery store, I have decided to clear out my Crockery Store, and having rented the store, I will dispose of my entire stock at cost. The stock is all new and bought at right prices.

T. J. MORRIS

QUEEN STREET

The Biggest Hit

We Ever Made

Was the day we said "we must make our own Wire Mattresses" Previously we had handled the best imported on the market, and sold lots of them too.—

Since then our Mattress trade has been increased three-fold, and our customers are getting a better Mattress for less money.

Mark Wright & Co., Ltd

HOME MAKERS.