

THE DAILY EXAMINER. MARCH 19, 1887.

Editorial Notes.

Returns from the Northwest Territories show that Davin's majority was over three hundred, Perley's over 600, Davis about 150, and McDowall's upwards of 200.

The Chief Secretary for Ireland has admitted the truth of the statement that Capt. Plunkitt, as magistrate for Youghal, sent an order to the police in command of the police there in the event of the populace attacking them while engaged in the work of serving Father Kelly with a summons to attend court and answer interrogatories respecting his alleged custody of funds under the plan of campaign. The order was given on information that a dangerous assault on the police was expected.

Proposals for erecting a building for a Market House on Queen Square, 26 feet long and 18 feet wide; 10 feet side wall of gabled logs to board and batten the roof; lay the under floor, make and hang two doors, one with a lock, the other with a bolt; top windows with shutters, for the sum of forty-three pounds.

Isaac Newton.

Reflecting on the last terrible railway disaster at Dedham, the Montreal Star says:— "The Government should exercise a most vigilant superintendence over all railway structures. That they should be strong and secure should not be left to the integrity or even the enlightened self-interest of railway corporations. Their strength and security should be ensured beyond a peradventure by an authority whose only interest is the public safety. Safe travelling is a matter in which the whole community is most deeply interested. Every one in these days finds it necessary to travel more or less, and almost the only means of land travel now is by railway. Hence the necessity of making railways as safe as science and law can make them."

The defeat of the Hon. David Laird is beyond question. Yet we have not heard from the Grits of this Province a single word of regret or sympathy. They threw him overboard, sacrificed him on the altar of political expediency, called him to take a wild goose trip to the Northwest; and now they have not a word of pity for his misfortune. Had Mr. Laird been a troublesome man in his party, headstrong, unsteady and traitorous, there would be some excuse for their treatment of him. But Mr. Laird was a good party man—always ready to do the work of the Party. And now, like Mr. McKenzie, he is supplanted—defeated, "unwept, unhonored and unsung" by his party. Such is Grit gratitude and fidelity.

The Moncton Times referring to the Scott Act says:—

"Here the Act was adopted in 1879 by a poll of 1,001 to 299, more than three to one. A vote was taken in August, 1884, on a petition for repeal, which was rejected by a poll of 1,774 to 1,702, the majority in favor of the Act being unaccountably small. What has since been done to make the Act more acceptable to the people? Moncton would perhaps vote to retain the Act, as it did in 1884, but what of other parts of the county which went against the Act in 1884? In a few months it will be possible to demand another vote on the question of repeal, and even now petitions are being prepared for circulation among the electors. A new license act is being passed at Fredericton; it is in most respects an improvement upon the old license act; and few can forecast with any degree of certainty the probable result of a third appeal to the people of Westmorland on this question."

The Rev. A. C. McDonald presided at the meeting of the Dairywomen's Association held in Amherst on the 16th inst. He opened the meeting with an address containing valuable hints about the dairy branch of agriculture, and showed how the great grain growing areas of the west, with all their natural fertility, have to resort to dairying, so as to return the ingredients robbed from the soil. He said that dairying stops exhaustion but not income. It brings good returns from the first, and the country that does not make it prominent must become diminished in its resources and finally take an inferior position. He described in graphic language the progress made by co-operation in this branch of farming, by pointing out that the dairy exports from Ontario had, since the factory system was established eleven years ago, risen from nil to nearly \$6,000,000.

Mr. Norman Hays is a candidate for Aldermanic honors in Halifax. But he doesn't want it to be supposed that he is the liquor dealers candidate. In a letter to the Herald he says:— "I was informed to my astonishment that some malicious person or persons have reported currently among the electors of the ward that I am the liquor sellers candidate, and that I am pledged to support the liquor sellers in their business. I take this opportunity of informing the electors of the ward and the public that this report is false and will give it a most emphatic denial, as being a malicious and slanderous falsehood gotten up and invented for the sole purpose of injuring my chances at the coming election; and whoever has resorted to means so dastardly and for the purpose of injuring me, and by so doing expect to secure votes for my antagonist, should be treated with perfect contempt by every respectable citizen, and occupy a position among the most contemptible class of vagrants. I have not promised (should I be elected) anything for or against the liquor business, nor yet has any man in the business asked me, or even hinted as to what course I might pursue. Desperation seems to have seized some folks who are prepared to palm themselves off for anything when the occasion suits to accomplish some selfish purposes."

Already there are over 100 private water companies in the State of Massachusetts, about three times as many as of gas companies; and they are being formed at the rate of about 25 a year. The value of these companies constantly increases by the growth of the community, and some are said to be very profitable. Of course the water companies are a unit in opposing any legislation that will cut off their revenues or divert them into municipal treasuries. But the state now starts in relation to the water companies somewhat as the nation stood in reference to the railroad companies before the interstate commerce bill was passed. It is a question which controls the other. Perhaps no other state in the country has had so many water companies as Massachusetts.

SKILLED physicians endorse Adamson's Botanic Balsam as the safest and most effective remedy for coughs and colds ever discovered. Sold by druggists and dealers at 25 cents per bottle. Trial bottles 10 cents. Sold by all druggists.

of water companies. A lawyer representing the aqueduct companies stated last year that he represented \$50,000,000 in value; but the companies pay taxes on less than \$1,000,000. It is said that the water bill will be passed by the Legislature giving the people the power to resume control of their water supplies at a fair compensation for the outlay made by the companies, and without recognizing the perpetual rights claimed by the latter. The experience of Massachusetts is a warning to us.

The liquor traffic has always been a nuisance, and the liquor dealers have always violated the law. As early as 1819 a license inspector was deemed necessary in this Province, and we find the following petition among other public documents in our archives:—

"CHARLOTTETOWN, August the 2nd, 1819. To His Excellency, Charles Douglas Smith, Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief in and over His Majesty's Island Prince Edward and the Territories thereto belonging, Chancellor and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c., and to the Honorable Council.

"The humble memorial of mason, humbly sheweth: That Memorialist coming to understand that a matter has been in contemplation respecting the appointment of a proper officer in order to check the practice and progress of unlicensed retailers of spirituous liquors throughout this Island in general as being found materially injurious to the benefits of the Crown.

"Memorialist therefore humbly offers his services on this occasion, hoping that his integrity and unremitting assiduity in such a situation besides his abilities as a gauger may justly entitle him to a future share in the public confidence.

I remain, With humility, Gentlemen, Your ever humble servant.

We omit the name.

St. Patrick's Day in Summerside.

In the morning at nine o'clock, Mass was celebrated in St. Paul's Church, by Rev. Father Boyd. Catholics of all nationalities attended divine service, and the Irish portion of the congregation as also those of Irish extraction displayed the usual emblem of nationality—"The green immortal shamrock." Sister L'Assumption presided at the organ, and "St. Patrick's Day" was well rendered by the choir. During the day everything passed off quietly, and in the evening the Excelsior Dramatic Club gave an entertainment under the auspices of St. Vincent de Paul Society. The "Boys Own Band" opened the entertainment with music suitable for the occasion. Mr. Gaffney's address "The present phase of the Irish question," was a masterly effort, and was well received by the audience as shown by the applause given at the different points of the question were taken up and dealt with. In his peroration contrasting European and American Institutions, he said, "Turning to Europe what a spectacle we behold! Everywhere the oppressor and the oppressed. One of vivid imagination can almost fancy that he hears the tread of armed hosts, the rush of cavalry squadrons, the clash of arms and the rumble of artillery. Nations distrustful of each other, and trembling on the verge of war, industries paralyzed, freedom throttled. The sower sows, but he may not reap. Separated by three thousand miles of ocean, in pleasing contrast turn to our own dear America, the birth-place and home of a well ordered and law-abiding constitutional liberty. Here we have the promise and the fulfillment. Our husbandmen sow in hope, and after the busy summer day they garner in their abundant harvests in peace and security. What though to-night we are bound with chains of frost and bands of ice, shortly the chains will snap, the bands will burst; and we know that under the snow the daisies lie, and the May-flowers bloom, and that the long and warm days of May will bring in the dandelion, and the butter-cup, and the budding tree, and the tender grass, and all the beautiful things that make up the poetry of common life. Then let our sympathies go out to that dear old ancestral land beyond the sea, that land of cloudclapped mountain and smiling lakes and emerald fields; that historic land endeared to us by the memories of a thousand years. The land of St. Patrick, of Brian the Brave, of Tyrconnell of O'Connell and of Parnell, of all that deathless and unfading roll of heroes who have fought in her cause. She has passed through a long night of bondage, but the dawn is here! Already 'the day is breaking, and soon shall the Irish sunburst illumine the morning sky of freedom, and she who has been called the Niobe of nations will dry her tears, and joyfully take her place in an honored position in that great confederacy of English speaking states destined in time to spread liberty, enlightenment and civilization throughout the world."

After the address followed the extremely ludicrous farce entitled "Modern justice from a German stand point," in which all the members of the Club acquitted themselves very creditably. Then followed the comic song, "Tipperary Christening" by Jas. R. Kenny, which was followed by another song from the same gentleman, he being loudly encored. The Trombone Solo, by W. S. Bowness, was well rendered, so also was that mirth provoking sketch "A Lover's Strategy." The song and chorus by Mr. P. Gillis and others of the Club, brought down the house. The ethiopian sketches were well sustained by Mr. Watson Clark, leader of the Club, who is a host in himself in the dramatic art. The entertainment was concluded by a nigger interlude, "A Bachelor's Trials," in which some of the members acted their parts admirably and elicited the applause of the audience. The different acts were interspersed with choice selections of music which were well rendered by the Boys Own Band. The proceeds of the Concert amounted to over \$50—Com.

CATTLE SHIPMENT.—Mr. McLeod, manager for Josiah Wood, of Sackville, will ship some fifty head or more to England in the course of a few weeks. Any one wishing to purchase or examine stock would do well to visit Mr. McLeod's barn. The animals are well fed, well cared for and reflect credit upon the management and the county generally.—Moncton Times.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

That Circular.

SIR,—In that buncombe campaign circular, signed by Robertson and McIntyre, electors were told "If you want the Subway vote for McIntyre and Robertson." If it had read: "If you don't want the Subway vote for McIntyre and Robertson," it would have been the truth. What do they care for the Subway? Only get in was the uppermost thought with them then, and now the Subway, along with Free Trade, can stand over, so far as they care, till the next election comes around.

We all know what good times we had on the Island while the railway was building. Good wages and plenty of employment was the order of the day. If Islanders had only been true to their own interests they would have had the times as good again, if not better, for the next five or six years just through the building of the Subway.

Yours, etc., KING'S COUNTY.

Look at the Consequences

(Boston Herald, March 12.)

At the dinner of the Merchants' Club on Thursday evening a strong effort was made to make it appear to the mind of President Cleveland to be absolutely necessary that a proclamation be at once issued, under the Edmunds bill, cutting off trade with the British American provinces till such time as the fisheries dispute shall have been settled. The question is: Will the President take such a step? Will he take measures to jeopardize a trade with these provinces amounting to over \$72,000 per annum, for the sake of settling some minor disputes involved in a fisheries trade amounting to only about \$2,500,000? Did those speakers at the Merchants' Club dinner stop to think that the importations of eggs alone from the provinces are of greater value than the fish trade? Then there comes the potatoes and the oats, the coal and the lumber—shall their importation be stopped till the question of buying fish bait is settled? This far the President has proved himself to be "level-headed and far-sighted," and it is not too much to hope that his sensible policy will be continued in regard to those fisheries disputes.

Immediate War.

(London correspondence Montreal Star.)

A correspondent just arrived from Cracow informs me that ten thousand men are engaged night and day in fortifying this place. Austria's preparation for war is herculean, but late Germany, on the hand, is prepared to start a campaign tomorrow. Army contracts are signed, officers have sealed marching orders and the expectation of immediate war is almost universal. The army's state of readiness is perfect, not a gaiter button being wanting to its equipment. Business is completely suspended. Commercial relations have been so much disturbed that public opinion favors immediate release from the tension. In Germany, notwithstanding the rumors of a probable violation of Belgian territory, the feeling is that the campaign will be conducted as in 1870 on the Alsace-Lorraine frontier. France, I believe, is not so ready for war as Germany will be. It is thoroughly understood that if war breaks out in the west of Europe it would be begun by Germany for tactical and diplomatic reasons, to neutralize France in the event of an Austro-Russian conflict.

A Salvation Army Victim.

Mrs. John Esson, who fell in the Salvation Army ranks, Friday evening, in the street, and died next morning, was undoubtedly killed by "religious" excitement. She was weak in body, and of a highly emotional temperament, and the exposure and excitement of the parade were too much for her. Her friends, knowing her danger, had kept her away from Army gatherings for some time, but she managed to get to this one.

There is nothing strange in her sad death. The only wonder is that more of the class of persons who take the most active part in the Army meetings are not stricken down with equal suddenness. The state of mind in which they live—those of them who are sincere—unnatural and exhausting. Marching through the snow, and singing in the cold air, is not a proper exercise for young women. The open air singing is particularly injurious, and if we had a branch of the Society for the protection of Children its first work would be the rescuing of boys and girls who are climbing up the golden stairs to the beat of the Salvation Army drum. Common sense, humanity, experience, and the teachings of science, cry out against the criminal excesses which are committed in the sacred name of religion, but nothing is done to stop them. The cloak of religion wins toleration for even criminal folly.

The public enjoys the show, and does not concern itself about the wasted time and shattered nerves of those who furnish it. Even when, as in Mrs. Esson's case, a victim falls in the street, the crowd leaves the corpse and follows the procession.—Chatham World.

An offensive breath is most distressing, not only to the person afflicted if he have any pride, but to those with whom he comes in contact. It is a delicate matter to speak of, but it has parted not only friends but lovers. Bad breath and catarrh are inseparable. Dr. Sage's catarrh remedy cures the worst cases as thousands can testify.

MR. FRANK SELDON, of this town, owns a cow which from Saturday, 15th of February to Saturday, 25th February, made 15 1/2 lbs. butter, and from the 26th to the 5th March, 12 1/2 lbs. butter. In addition Mr. Seldon sold 21 quarts of milk and a pint of cream. The cow is half Jersey. This, we think, is the best record in the county.—Liverpool Times.

The Fisheries.

If one were to judge by the addresses made by Messrs. Dingley, Pontello, Woodbury, Rice, Long and Balson at the dinner of the Merchants' Club on Thursday evening, there is and can be but one side to the fisheries question. The Canadians are not only wrong, but they are perversely and knowingly wrong; hence it would be just as useless to argue or reason with them as it would be to enter into a discussion with a stone image. On the other hand, a series of letters from this country and Canada has recently appeared in the London Times, the purport of which is that, considered on the ground of international usage, and the rights of a people to their local possessions, the American pretensions are preposterous in the extreme, constituting as they do a claim which no nation in Europe would think of making upon one of its neighbors. It is the misfortune of mankind that the greater part of them are utterly incapable of seeing but one side of a question when their own interests are involved. It is said that the man of one idea is a better advocate than the one whose judgment is controlled by a perception of qualifications; but, admitting this, it may be added that the man who is capable of perceiving that a shield has both a silver and a gold side is very much less likely to plunge blindly and hot-headedly into what may prove to be an exceedingly disastrous conflict.—Boston Herald.

An Entertainment, CONSISTING OF Vocal and Instrumental Music, Readings, &c., will be held at GOSPEL ARMY HALL

ON TUESDAY, 22ND INST..

in benefit of MISS BARTLETT, under the management of MR. JAMES E. WELSH, who will be assisted by some of the best Musical and Literary talent in our city. Admission, 25 cents; Gallery, 15 cents. Programme of Concert in Monday's paper. Ch'town, March 19, 1887—31.

Card of Thanks.

THE members of the B. I. Society return their due thanks to Prof. Vinicombe and the ladies and gentlemen comprising the orchestra; also the ladies and gentlemen and lady vocalists, A. B. Warburton, Esq., for his eloquent address, and Mrs. Reddin for her performance on the Piano, and to the generous public for their patronage, and all those who in any way contrived to the success of the day's celebration. March 19-1.

STOCKS, STOCKS.

AT Auction, at Rooms, TUESDAY next, 22nd inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, immediately after shares in Merchants' Bank are sold:—

- 1 Share P. E. I. Steam Navigation Co.
2 Shares Inland Steam Navigation Co.
10 Shares Charlottetown Gas Co. (first preference)
10 Shares do (second preference)
A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Auctioneer.

TRADE SALE.

THE Subscriber will offer at Auction, on TUESDAY next, the 22nd inst., at 11 1/2 o'clock, a. m., in front of Warehouse, Lower Queen Street:—

- 20 puns choice Antigua Molasses.
15 bottles Bright Barbadoes do.
50 half-chests Tea.
10 boxes pure India Tea (for mixing).
100 lbs. Flour, patent and superfine.
25 bris Cornmeal.
20 buckets Assorted Confectionery.
6 boxes finest Canadian Cheese.
5 Tubs Butter.
6 boxes Coleman's Starch.
25 boxes Soap.
10 dozen Brooms.
10 cases Kerosene Oil.
5 carboys Numatic Acid.
150 reams Wrapping Paper.
100 dozen Assorted Twines.
10 bags Cotton Seed Meal.
25 bris Herring.
250 lbs choice Table Codfish.
20 cases Siamon, "Cairns" brand.
10 cases Lobsters.
25 boxes Prepared Farina.
30 Hardwood Fork Barrels (new).
20 Empty Molasses Tubs.
20 do Kerosene Cans.
Terms at Sale. HORACE HASZARD. Ch'town, March 17, 1887—t1 sale

NASAL BALM SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING. It Cures CATARRH, Cold in Head, HAY FEVER. STOPS Droppings from Nasal passages into the throat and excessive expectoration caused by Catarrh. Sent pre-paid on receipt of price, 50c, and \$1. Address FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

CORNWALL CHEESE FACTORY FOR SALE.

I AM instructed, by the Riverside Creamery Company, to offer for Sale the Cornwall Cheese Factory and Plant, situated at Cornwall, 6 miles from the city of Cornwall. The Building and Plant are in good repair and can be put in operation as soon as required. Further particulars on application. A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Real Estate Agent. March 16- & wky tt

NOTICE

IS hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next ensuing session thereof, for an Act to amend an Act of the Legislature of the Province of Nova Scotia, Chap. 42, Viet. 12, entitled an Act for the regulation of Benefit Building Societies, for the purpose of enabling the Trustees of the Nova Scotia Permanent Benefit Building Society and Savings Fund, formed and established under said Act, to transact business as a Building Society throughout the Province of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, as well as the Province of Nova Scotia, and for other purposes. Dated at Halifax, 5th March, 1887. JNO. W. PAYZANT, Solicitor for Applicants. March 18, 1887—Buros

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

IN order to have more room, and increase our Printing, Bookbinding and Blank Book Manufacturing Business, we are enlarging our premises, and have disposed of our Stock of

General Stationery, Blank Books, Law and Customs Blanks

— TO —

MR. THEO. L. CHAPPELLE,

DIAMOND BOOKSTORE, QUEEN SQUARE,

where parties may in future procure everything in the above line, at prices lower than elsewhere in the Province.

JOHN COOMBS.

March 19, 1887.

Referring to above, we have to announce that we are now better than ever prepared to attend to every description of Custom Work, in

PRINTING, BOOKBINDING AND BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURING,

having lately added New Machinery and Plant.

We shall endeavor to still further increase the reputation of our Establishment as the LEADING HOUSE for first-class work and low prices.

Estimates cheerfully given for all classes of Book and Pamphlet and Mercantile Work. PROMPT DELIVERY.

JOHN COOMBS.

March 19, 1887.

LONDON HOUSE.

House-keeping Goods, New White and Gray Cotton, New Printed Cottons, Bleached Sheetings, Unbleached Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Table Linens, Towels, Toweling.

THESE goods have just been opened for Spring Sale, and having been bought before the recent advance in Cottons, will be found extra value.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Brussels, Tapestries, Hems, Floor Cloths, Matting, Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, Lace Curtains.

Tailoring Department.

A lot of Spring Tweeds just opened.

HARRIS & STEWART, SUCCESSORS TO GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, March 7, 1887.—wky

Carpets, Oilcloths, AND HOUSE-FURNISHINGS.

WE offer the Largest Assortment in the City in these goods, and at prices very low during March.

28 BALES ROOM PAPER NOW READY.

See our Sample Books before buying elsewhere.

Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Tickings, Table Linens, Towels, Gray Cottons, White Cottons, Prints, Gingham.

SEERSUCKERS.

A very large assortment of LADIES' CORSETS, at extremely low prices.

JAMES PATON & CO., MARKET SQUARE.

Ch'town, March 12, 1887.—dy wky

BARGAINS-BARGAINS

Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, &c., and in all kinds of Household Furniture, such as Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room. All kinds of Bedsteads, Beds, Mattresses, Pillows. All kinds of Chairs, Lounges, Sofas, Sideboards, Cheffoniers, Book-cases, Tables, Washstands, Sinks, Cradles, Cots, Cribs, &c.

PICTURE FRAMES.

and Picture Frame Moulding—late Styles and Finest Quality—Cheap. Looking Glasses and Mirrors, very low. All kinds of Window Furniture, such as Green Blinds and Shades, Cornices, Poles, Rings, Holders, Bands, Chains, Hooks, Blind Rollers, &c.

JOHN NEWSON'S, QUEEN SQUARE, OPPOSITE NEW POST OFFICE.

Ch'town, March 11, 1887.