

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 9, 1882.

Our Savings Bank.

The interest of all creeds and classes of the community is so inseparably bound up with the Savings Bank, that we take much pleasure in noting its progress from time to time. The subjoined interesting statement for January, 1881 and 1882, which we have received from the Manager of that Institution, shows the enormous rate at which its business has increased. When we recollect that the Dominion Auditor's office is in connection with the Savings Bank, it is really a matter of surprise how so small a staff should be able to do the work. On referring to the Public Accounts we find that in similar institutions in St. John and Halifax there is treble the number of clerks, with salaries from \$300 to \$500 a year more than the clerks here have. This is very unfair, and we hope that our representatives will not be slow in calling the attention of the Government to the matter. The officials here who perform the same work as those in other Provinces are entitled to the same pay. Nor should the officials here be asked to do more than those in a similar institution in other parts of the Dominion. In this respect we advocate complete equality. It is patent to everybody doing business at the Savings Bank, that the clerks there—who are both obliging and efficient—are overpowered with work. The services of an another clerk or two are urgently required. At present, and for some time past, it is nothing uncommon to find the clerks in the Audit Office and Savings Bank working till ten o'clock at night. As a reorganization of the Civil Service is to take place this session, we trust that our representatives will not overlook our grievances in this respect to be overlooked any longer, not only in regard to the Audit Office and Savings Bank, but the Civil Service of the Island generally.

It is worthy of note that the Saving Bank deposits here, are nearly four times what they were when we entered Confederation, on July the 1st, 1873—the amount then on deposit being \$249,941.40.

Table with 2 columns: Date/Category and Amount. Includes deposits for Jan. 1881, 1882, and withdrawals for Jan. 1881, 1882.

Judging by this statement, we conclude that the Government would—besides raising the salaries of the present officials and increasing the staff—be justified in establishing two or three additional Savings Banks in this Province; and we hope they will do so.

DRAUGHT-HORSE breeders will be interested to learn that at the recent meeting of the American Clydesdale Association at Chicago it was stated in the report that the work of the association had been advanced as rapidly as practicable. The association has now united all the leading American and Canadian breeders and importers of Clydesdales in the work of improving the breed, by the publication of a Stud-book that will enable them to intelligently determine the breeding and value of well-bred Clydesdales. Rules, determining the quality and purity in breeding necessary to entitle horses to registry in the future, were recommended for adoption, as the lowering of the present standard would admit a large number of grade horses of uncertain qualities for breeding purposes, and correspondingly depreciate in value the horses of trustworthy breeders. The rejection of upwards of 2,000 pedigrees of stallions heretofore used in many cases with the belief that they were well-bred Clydesdales had the effect of creating much opposition on the part of dealers in the United States and Canada. The association has decided that Clydesdale horses imported to America after January 1st, 1882, must trace to sire and dam recorded in the Clydesdale Stud-book of Great Britain and Ireland to entitle them to be registered in the American Stud-book.

The Patriot of the 21st ult. has an article on "the rotten Land Office again." The article is based upon the result of a suit lately tried in the Supreme Court, Banett against Melnis and Walsh. The defendants relied upon a deed from the Land Commissioner, and the verdict of the jury was for the plaintiff. The editor of the Patriot thought this furnished him with another opportunity of "pitching into" Mr. Ferguson, the present Land Commissioner. But he has missed it again. Mr. Ferguson, in a letter to THE EXAMINER, states that the deed to the defendants was not issued by him, but was issued in 1878 when Mr. L. H. Davies was leader of the Government. The Patriot will have to try again. He has been abusing his own friends this time. Perhaps they deserved it.—Progress.

There remains one point to be noted. The "Patriot" has not corrected the false impression which its article created. It has not stated that the Davies Government, and not the Sullivan Government, made the sales out of which the suit, to which it made reference, grew. It has done nothing to remove the very strong suspicion that its deliberate intention was to do to the public with respect to the origin of the case and unjustly to create a prejudice against the present Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOETHE.

We shall, from time to time, present our readers with some of Goethe's short poems. Goethe is to Germany what Shakespeare is to England, and is reckoned the master mind of modern Europe. Carlyle says:—

"Goethe is nowhere more entirely original, more fascinating, more indescribable, than in his smaller poems. A single thing is said, and a thousand things are indicated. They are spells which cleave to our memory, and by which we summon beautiful spirits from the vasty deep of thought. Often at the first aspect they appear commonplace, or altogether destitute of significance; and they seem careless dashes, mere random strokes, representing nothing save the caprices of the author; we change our place, we shift and shift, till we find the right point of view; and all at once a fair figure starts into being, encircled with graces and light charms, and by its wickeries attracting heart and mind. In his songs he recalls to us those of Shakespeare; they are not speeches but musical tones; the sentiment is not stated in logical sequence, but poured forth in fitful and fantastic suggestions; they are the wild notes of the nightingale; they are to be sung, not said."

Many will be glad to form the acquaintance, through the EXAMINER, of this great master. Students of German literature will observe that the translations are as literal a rendering of the original as is consistent with good English, and also a very strict adherence to the original metre.

DIFFERENT THREATS.

I once into a forest fair My maiden went to seek, And fell upon her neck, when: "Ah!" She threaten'd, "I will shriek."

Then cried I haughtily: "I'll crush The man that dares come near the!" "Hush!" whisper'd she: "My loved one! Or else they'll overhear thee!" —Goethe.

THE FAREWELL.

Let mine eye be the farewell say, That my lips can utter no; Fain I'd be a man to-day, Yes 'tis hard, oh, hard to bear.

Mournful, in an hour like this Is love's sweetest pledge, I ween; Cold upon thy mouth the kiss, Faint thy fingers' pressure e'en.

Oh what rapture to my heart Used each stolen kiss to bring! As the violets joy impart, Gather'd in the early spring.

Now no garlands I entwine, Now no roses pluck for thee, Though 'tis springtime, Fanny mine, Dreary autumn 'tis to me! —Goethe.

Geology of St. Peter's Island.

ONE of the most interesting localities, geologically, in P. E. Island is the little island of St. Peter's, that guards the western entrance of the Hillsborough Bay. The great undulation of the Hillsborough anticlinal brings the rocks of the upper carboniferous to the surface here. They present an appearance entirely dissimilar from the redsandstone rocks of our Island generally. Here we find preserved the last fragments of that grand carboniferous flora which formed the valuable seams of coal everywhere.

St. Peter's Island is to some extent a resort of excursion parties in summer time, and we think a stroll among the wild beauties of its cliff-guarded shores to explore the curious preservations of these weird old Paleozoic forms one of the most agreeable ways to spend the hours of a fine summer's afternoon.

As no account of this locality has been given in any of the geological reports, the following section of its rocks in descending order, taking across the island from north to south, may be of interest to your intelligent readers, and useful to those who wish to procure specimens:—

- 1. Redsandstone, containing brown and rusty grey patenes which bear remains of plants, calcareous streaks with encrinurites. 24
2. Redsandstone and red shale with streaks of grey and layers of calcareous conglomerate. 64
3. Partly concealed—Red Shale and fossil Sandstone. 64
4. Brown drab and grey Sandstone, with streaks of Calcareous Conglomerate, bearing silicified stems and limbs of Pine trees, tree ferns, knorria, and calamites. 12
5. Red sandstone and Shale. 19
6. Brown Sandstone, thick-bedded and coarse, with portions drab and grey. Hard calcareous beds and masses of Concretionary Limestone. Numerous imperfectly silicified trunks of trees, fragments of fern trees, knorria, calamites, ferns, and leaves, some masses of coral. 94
7. Alternating thick-bedded red Sandstone and Shale. 69

Whole depth in feet, 447 B.

Agricultural.

Vaccination against splenic fever has decidedly entered the region of the practical. As a result of the memorable experiments made at Melun and Chartres, 30,000 sheep have been vaccinated during the year which has lately expired. M. Pasteur, yielding to the wishes of veterinary surgeons, has had sufficient vaccine made in his laboratory to meet all demands, and it is probable that large numbers of flocks will this year undergo the simple but powerful operation which will secure their immunity from the dreaded disease. One of the most distinguished farmers in the neighborhood of Laon, M. Ernest Magnier has set an example to the farmers of his district. Last Saturday Messrs. Canonne, surgeon of Vaux, Boulogne, surgeon of Saint Marcel, and Hédoin, inoculated all the cows, horses, oxen, and sheep on the farm at Lory. In less than four hours about forty horses, a hundred oxen and cows, and three hundred sheep were inoculated with the virus, and this will give these animals the first degree of immunity. In about a fortnight the perfect immunity will be secured by inoculation with the stronger virus.

Mr. and Mrs. Spurgeon devoted the \$20,000 presented to them at the recent anniversary of their wedding to the endowment of an orphanage for girls. They had already established one for boys.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Letter from Councillor Chappelle.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—On reading a letter in your issue of yesterday, signed "A. McDonald," depicting a terrible state of starvation, I, in company with the City Marshal, visited the residence of the Widow Rotchford, in order to glean facts. I am happy to state that the case has been magnified—no "bed or bedding" has been burned, and the "terrible death of starvation" did not appear imminent. I provided a quantity of food which, with the assistance of friends constantly visiting the place, will prevent any serious consequences. It is to be regretted that publicity should be given to this matter, and that exaggerated statements should be made, as it has a tendency to place our people in a most unenviable position with our neighbors.

Yours truly, THEO. L. CHAPPELLE.

The Capes Route.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—On Monday evening last it was found necessary to despatch another expedition to England, consisting of L. H. Davies, John Hughes and F. H. Peters, Esqs. Owing to the terrific storm of Sunday and Sunday night, it was supposed to be out of the question to make the Capes, and effect a crossing in time to connect at Halifax with the first steamer departing for England. What was to be done? The steamer "Northern Light" was, and is yet, icebound. She offered no assistance. Nothing to be done but to attempt via the Capes; and, with a view to get there, a special train was procured, and left Charlottetown at 8.30 in the evening, arriving at County Line Station at 11.30, where teams were held in readiness for the Capes, and notwithstanding Sunday's storm the journey was safely made, thus enabling the party, whose mission effects our whole people, to reach the Capes and effect a crossing on Tuesday.

Senator Montgomery, after being delayed at Georgetown since last Friday, had to return to the Capes via County Line Station in order to go to Ottawa. Hence the immediate necessity for the Capes Route improvements, to the end that our people may be enabled to go and come to the Island with some degree of certainty, and on such important occasions as these, at will.

This week's performance at the Capes has certainly done more to establish this as a Winter Route, than anything that has occurred in the past.

Yours, &c., NERO.

Feb. 8, 1882.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—Over the signature of "James Warburton," and dated at "Huntington," February 7th, I have read a very important letter in the "Patriot" of this evening. Tell it not in Gath; publish it not in the streets of Askalon; "James Warburton," with his "servant boy and neighbor Mr. Dickieson," have for two days been engaged breaking the roads, to enable the farmers to get into town with their produce. He adds that the "same thing occurs every winter," but he has "no expectation that any remonstrance of his will have any effect on the Local Government." What a hard-hearted lot they must be! Mr. Warburton does not indicate very plainly what the Local Government should do in the matter, i. e., whether they should prevent the recurrence of snow storms, or whether they should exempt "James Warburton," his "servant boy," and his good "neighbor, Mr. Dickieson," from assisting in breaking the roads. Since the Local Government are such a hard-hearted lot as Mr. Warburton appears to regard them, it might be dangerous to give them control of the elements, and the same perverse disposition might cause them to refuse to exempt "James Warburton," his "servant boy," and his neighbor, Mr. Dickieson," from breaking the roads, on the ground that every other man and boy in the Province have to perform similar service.

SYMPATHIZER. Charlottetown, Feb. 8, 1882.

Science Notes.

The San Francisco Board of Health have made the astonishing discovery that the physicians in Hong Kong, China, who are deputed to look after the health of emigrants from that port to the United States, are in the habit of "vaccinating" the unopposed Celestials with mungilage, and of them giving the ship conveying these emigrants a certificate that they had been properly vaccinated. The consequence is that the Chinese are kept in quarantine and vaccinated at San Francisco. The Hong Kong doctors claim that there is no vaccine virus in that city.

SALICYLIC ACID is a substance used of late years to a great extent in preserving fruits, vegetables, and meat. It is a perfect preservative, but the trouble is that it acts prejudicially on the constitutions of the people who consume it. Among other effects, it produces deafness. In France the use of it in articles which are for sale has been prohibited. M. Pasteur, however, says that the use of the acid might be permitted, but he insists that the sellers should be compelled to state not only the presence of the acid but the quantity of it, so that the purchasers may know to what extent they are drugging themselves. A sensible suggestion, but one as impossible to carry out as are the present laws against adulteration.

Queen Victoria signified her intention, last month, of conferring the Victoria cross upon Surgeon Edmond Baron Hartley, who displayed conspicuous gallantry in attending the wounded under fire in Basutoland, South Africa. One of his acts is well worth recording: During the attack on Motrosi's Mountain, he proceeded into the open mountain under a heavy fire, and carried in his arms, from an exposed position, a wounded corporal. While removing him to a place of safety the corporal was again wounded, although the surgeon remained unharmed. The surgeon then returned under a severe fire to dress the wounds of other men of the storming party, and remained until the work was completed, though the fire at the latter part of the time had become furious.

Pownal Notes.

We have a few items for you, Mr. Editor. Let us mention first the unseasonableness of our farmers, who have to wait for more favorable weather and better ice, before commencing their winter campaign on the mungilage beds. We hope their suspense is about ended.

Mr. J. H. Fletcher, who is well known to your readers, recently favored this community with his popular lecture on "Real and Ideal Life." The lecture was replete with information, and delivered before a large and highly interested audience. We are not able to report it, and a brief summary can only give an inadequate idea of its excellence. He remarked that the realizations did not come up to the anticipations of life, and showed why the young always looked into the future, and the old into the past. After all developing this idea, he showed that, in all departments of life, the "Real" did not come up to the "Ideal." Calling attention to farming, mining, enterprise, especially to farming, mining enterprise, conducting a newspaper, and the political arena, he clearly pointed out in all these that the "Ideal" is very different from the "Real" life. Mr. Fletcher interspersed valuable information and advice, with pleasant anecdotes, and held the attention of the audience to the last. His closing remarks on the dignity of labor and rewards of virtue were admirably conceived, and given with intense earnestness. We certainly heard Mr. Fletcher at his best, and his ray and instructive lecture will long be remembered by the people of Lot 49.

Rev. Mr. Pascoe in moving a vote of thanks, referred in appropriate language to the moral tone, and literary excellence of the lecture. Mr. F. H. Campbell presided.

On Thursday evening last a large number of the electors met in Pownal Hall to consider the necessity of increased ferry accommodation, and to take the necessary steps in approaching the Government in regard to the same. Mr. J. J. Gay was called to the chair, and Mr. Alex. Moore, was appointed Secretary, from whom you will receive full information about the meeting. Messrs. R. Smith, F. H. Campbell, J. N. Robertson and others addressed the electors. The disadvantages of this side of the river were fully ventilated, and a resolution passed, unanimously, pledging the people to ask for a bridge. A large and wealthy section of the Province makes this appeal, and we are sure they will receive honorable consideration from the Liberal Government of the day. Another meeting is called for Thursday next.

MARRIED.

On the 20th day of December, at the residence of Dr. McIntosh, by the Rev. Geo. M. Campbell Mr. Allan C. Moore, of Lot 49, to Florence C. McPhee, of Lot 56.

VALENTINES

CALL AT BREMNER BRO'S FOR THE BEST VARIETY! Feb. 9, 1882—4i

LECTURE.

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE CRESCENT CRICKET CLUB. PROF. ANDERSON WILL DELIVER A LECTURE ON EDUCATION. Friday Ev'ng, Feb. 10, at 8 o'clock, IN THE Y. M. C. A. HALL. Admission 10 cents. Doors open at 7 1/2 p.m. Feb. 9, 1882—2i G. C. LEPAGE, Secy of Com.

DAVIE'S INSTANTANEOUS MUSIC

for the Piano or Organ, by which any child or person can play any of the popular airs by note at sight, without study, previous notice or even musical talent. Seven pieces of music, with instructions, mailed to any address on receipt of one dollar. Catalogue of tunes mailed free. Agents wanted. DAVIE'S MANUFACTURING CO. P. O. Box 211, Amherst, N. S. [fe 9 1m]

Bank of Prince Edward Island,

CHARLOTTETOWN, Feb. 8, 1882. NOTICE is hereby given that the President and Directors of this Bank are now prepared to receive from Stockholders the amount of their call of \$40 per share on the Capital Stock to enable the Bank to resume business by the 24th; it is imperative that all payments of Stockholders should be made on or before the 20th inst., in terms of agreement dated 1st Feb. inst., namely, \$20 per share in cash and \$20 per share secured by promissory note, due 20th May, 1882. JOHN LONGWORTH, President. [fe 8 till 24]

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, steady man as Fireman in the Factory.—MARK BOTTNER. [fe 9 2]

WANTED—An experienced Housekeeper Apply at once to Arthur & Toombs. [fe 8 3in]

THE person who took the bunch of Keys from the Secretary's Room of the Prince Street Methodist Sunday School, on Sunday last, will oblige by returning them to this office immediately (if not sorer)

NURSEMAID WANTED—Good references required. Apply at this office. [feb 6 1f]

WANTED—A good woman servant for general housework. Apply at the EXAMINER Office. [fe 4]

WANTED—A situation as Manager of a Lobster Factory by one who thoroughly understands the business in all its branches. Address T. L. C., Manager, 122 Harrington Street, Halifax, N. S. [fe 18]

CLEARING SALE

—AT THE— LONDON HOUSE.

WE OFFER GREAT BARGAINS

—FOR—

CASH!

ON THE BALANCE OF OUR Winter Stock, AND OTHER LINES, —AFFORDING A— FINE OPPORTUNITY

—FOR—

Goods

—AT A—

Low Figure.

January 27, 1882. wky

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, steady man as Fireman in the Factory.—MARK BOTTNER. [fe 9 2]

WANTED—An experienced Housekeeper Apply at once to Arthur & Toombs. [fe 8 3in]

THE person who took the bunch of Keys from the Secretary's Room of the Prince Street Methodist Sunday School, on Sunday last, will oblige by returning them to this office immediately (if not sorer)

NURSEMAID WANTED—Good references required. Apply at this office. [feb 6 1f]

WANTED—A good woman servant for general housework. Apply at the EXAMINER Office. [fe 4]

WANTED—A situation as Manager of a Lobster Factory by one who thoroughly understands the business in all its branches. Address T. L. C., Manager, 122 Harrington Street, Halifax, N. S. [fe 18]

IN AID OF THE POOR.

THE ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY will give their next

ENTERTAINMENT

—IN— ST. PATRICK'S HALL, —ON—

Thursday Evening, 9th inst.

The proceeds to be devoted to the relief of the poor. Doors open at 7.30; to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission 10 cents.

Feb. 6—till date J. A. McKENNA, Secretary.

PROGRAMME OF CONCERT!

In Aid of the General Hospital, —ON—

Tuesday Evening, 14th Feb., —IN—

Y. M. C. A. HALL.

- 1. Orchestral Club—Queen of the Valley Besige
2. Duet Vocal—When the Winds Blow in from the South Smart
MISS PALMER AND CAPT. MAXWELL.
3. Solo Vocal—The Irish Emigrant. Baker Mrs. W. LONGWORTH.
4. Piano Solo—Fantasia from Robert Le Diable. Meyerbeer, MR. EARLE.
5. Orchestral Club—Selections from Stradella. Flotow.
6. Solo Vocal—Will O' the Wisp. Blumenthal CAPT. MAXWELL.
7. Violin Solo—Norma. Bellini MR. VINNICOMBE.
8. Solo Vocal—The Lost Chord. Sullivan Mrs. McLEOD.
9. Orchestral Club—Selection from Poet and Peasant. Suppe
10. Solo Vocal—The Gate of Gold. Blumenthal
11. Duet—Oh, wert thou in the cauld blast Mendelssohn MR. AND MRS. MITCHELL.
12. Solo Vocal—Echo Song. Bishop Mrs. JACK.
13. String Quartette—German Hymn. Haydn MESSRS. VINCIGOMBE, FLETCHER, YOUNG AND CAVEN.
14. Solo Vocal—Hybias the Cretan. Elliot MR. CAVEN.
15. Chorus—From Patience. Mrs. MITCHELL, Mrs. McLEOD, Miss PALMER, Miss G. DESERREY, Miss KATE DAVIES, Miss L. PALMER, Miss G. HOLL, MESSRS. MITCHELL, HASZARD, MAY, FRASER, BRIDGE, VINCIGOMBE, DAVIES.
16. Orchestral Club—Casino Waltzes. Gungl God Save the Queen.

Tickets 25 cents, to be had at C. P. Fletchers Music Store, and at the door. Concert at 8 o'clock. January 28, '82.

DOMINION OF CANADA,

Province of Prince Edward Island. IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Between SIMON WILLIAM CRABBE, Plaintiff, and CHARLES FARLEY HARRIS, Defendant, an absent debtor.

BY virtue of a Writ of Attachment to me directed and delivered, issued out of the Supreme Court of Judicature in the above mentioned suit, I do hereby give public notice to all persons in this Province who are indebted to the said Charles Farley Harris, of Charlottetown, in said Province, Tinsmith, the defendant in the above mentioned suit, to pay the several sums so due by them to him, respectively, to me, at my office in Charlottetown, aforesaid, according to the statute in such case made and provided. Dated this 20th day of January, A. D. 1882. H. J. CALLBICK, Sheriff Queen's County. [fe 7 3w 2aw to th]

NOTICE.

HAVING rented the premises lately occupied by C. F. HARRIS, the subscriber begs to intimate to the public that he is carrying on the

TINSMITH BUSINESS

in all its branches. Orders punctually attended to. A call respectfully solicited. Feb. 8, 1882. I. W. HARRIS, Upper Queen St.

Ocean Steamship Co.



OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of PEAKE BROS. & CO., on

Wednesday, 22nd of Feb. inst., at 7.30 o'clock, p. m.,

to take into consideration the propriety of extending the term of the Partnership of this Company, or otherwise, in accordance with the power contained in the Partnership Deed. Dated at Charlottetown, this 6th day of January, 1882. PEAKE BROS. & CO., Managers.

FLOUR.

300 BBL'S. SUPERIOR EXTRA FLOUR. For sale by the subscriber. A. H. YATES, Water Street, Nov. 30, '81.