

On a general reference to the former part of this Report, it will be seen that the present financial state of the Colony stands thus—Warrants afloat and bearing Interest, £16,947 11s. 1d.; Treasury Notes in circulation, £11,500—to meet which, there are Bonds in the hands of the Treasurer and Attorney General to the amount of £8,148 17s. 8d., Cash and Notes in Treasurer's hands amounting to £8228 12s. 6d., the amount recoverable from Proprietors under the Road Compensation Act, and the interest of Government in the Steam Navigation Company. Your Committee have further to remark, that the whole amount collected under the operation of the Land Assessment Act (£8225 12s. 10d.), and appropriated towards the erection of a Colonial Building, has been placed to the credit of the Colony, and out of which £191 13s. 4d. have only been expended.

Your Committee have further to remark, that interest to the extent of £81 5s. has been received by the Commissioners of Glebe and School Land Money, on the amount of money realized from the sale of School Lands sold under the Act Will. 4. Cap. 13. and not paid into the Treasury with the principal. This appears to have occurred in consequence of the House of Assembly not being aware that any interest had accrued thereon, at the time of their making the application for it to merge in the general Revenue of the Colony—but your Committee have every reason to believe that it only requires an application to the proper quarter for that amount of interest to be paid into the Treasury.

Your Committee have further to call the attention of the House to an account (without any Vouchers) rendered to the Treasurer by George Campbell, Esq., Collector of Excise for the District of New London, wherein it would appear, that the extraordinary expense of £42 14s. 7d. has been incurred by that Officer on a seizure of Goods, which only realized the sum of £77 11s. 4d.—£24 15s. 1d. of which amount was paid to the Collector of Customs as Imperial duty, and the sum of £5 0s. 9d. only paid into the Treasury as the moiety of the remaining balance.

Your Committee further recommend that the Vouchers hereunto annexed be printed, as an Appendix to the Journals. Mr. Rae moved that a Committee be appointed, to investigate into the subject adverted to in the third paragraph of the above report, relative to certain advances of money having been made by the Government towards the opening of new roads under the road compensation Act; and to inquire why the proprietors whose property has been benefited by the said roads, have not been called upon, according to law, to contribute towards their formation.

The motion was carried, and Messrs. Rae, Yeo, Hudson, Bearist, Fraser, Montgomery and Cooper appointed a Committee for that purpose.

MONDAY, March 13.

The following Bills were severally introduced, and read a first time. By Mr. Insolvant—To continue and amend the Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; and a Bill in addition to the Act relating to the Licenses for retailing spirituous and fermented liquors.

By Mr. D. Macdonald—To regulate the mode by which parties sustaining loss through the rising of the water of Mill Dams may be compensated.

By Mr. Coles—To prevent the running at large of Hogs within the Common and Royalty of Charlottetown, by the appointment of ten Hog Reeves, under the same regulations as are in force in Charlottetown.

By Mr. Longworth—To amend the Charlottetown Pump and Well Act, authorizing the Assessors to enter into a contract for keeping the pumps in repair for a term of three or more years, instead of for one year only as at present.

By Dr. Macgregor—To regulate the practice of medicine and surgery in this Island.

Mr. Rae presented a Petition from Mr. Abercrombie Willock, of Pownal Bay, praying the House not to pass any Bill for the prohibition of the use of Spirituous liquors.—Rejected.

Mr. Dalziel, from the Committee to whom was referred the Petition of divers Inhabitants of Lot 53, reported, as the opinion of the Committee, that the present shore road from Geo. Aitken's to St. Andrew's Point, may answer for public accommodation for some years, if opened to the width of sixty feet from the margin of the bank,—that they cannot recommend the opening at present of a new road through the farms from the junction of the road opened last year.

The Report was adopted, and a message ordered to be sent to His Excellency, requesting that he would cause the shore road to be widened, as recommended in the Report. The Georgetown Commonage Bill and the Sea-weed Bill were severally passed.

The Academy Bill, as received from the Council, was read the first time; but it appearing that some parts of it related to money matters, the House refused to consider it further. The House, however, approving of the principle of the bill, ordered another of a similar nature to be brought in.

The Colonial Herald.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1843.

We give to-day the conclusion of the debate which took place in the House of Assembly when last in Committee on the State of the Colony, upwards of three weeks ago, since when nothing further has been done towards forwarding that great object which is familiarly called settling the country. The decided negative given to Mr. Rae's proposal for calling evidence in support of the Resolutions which he had prepared, appears to have had the effect of paralysing every energy which had been previously called into action; but although not fewer than four modes of relief have been proposed, by as many members, namely, by Mr. Rae, Mr. Palmer, Mr. Speaker, and Mr. Cooper, and duly notified in the books, yet, as we have seen, three weeks and upwards have been suffered to elapse without their consideration being entered upon. That much benefit will result from the adoption of either of them, seems to us extremely problematical; but still, as an experiment of some kind or other must be tried, the sooner we should suppose, that it is set about the better.

On Thursday, on the motion of Mr. Cooper, a Committee was appointed to inquire into certain proceedings of the Solicitor General towards the tenantry, in his capacity of land agent; and also to inquire into certain proceedings lately taken by the agents of Mr. David Stewart against the tenantry upon lands claimed by him; with power to send for persons, papers and records. Several persons have been notified to attend the Committee from New London and other quarters. The Committee consists of Messrs. Cooper, D. Maclean, D. Macdonald, Douse, Thornton, J. S. Macdonald, Macintosh, Rae and Longworth.

The Legislative Council have not met since Saturday last. They had previously made several amendments to the Consolidated Small Debts Bill, but some of them are of such a nature as to leave little hopes of the House of Assembly agreeing to them, so that it is deemed by no means improbable that the bill will be lost.

BENEVOLENT IRISH SOCIETY.—This Society met on Friday evening, the 10th instant, according to one of its rules, for the election of Officers for the ensuing year, being its Eighteenth Anniversary, the number of its members being now nearly sixty. The accounts being examined, shewed the amount of £35 0s. 6d. expended during the past year, in affording charitable relief to persons of all countries, and leaving a balance of £11 7s. 4d. in the Treasurer's hands.

The following Resolution was passed unanimously. That the thanks of this Society be returned to the Committee of the Ladies Benevolent Society, for their kind offer of co-operation with the Committee of this Society, in forwarding its objects as communicated by them to the Chairman of our Committee of Charity.

It was also unanimously Resolved, That this Society deem it their duty to record its sense of the great loss it has sustained, by the decease of its late worthy and respected President, Francis Longworth, Esq., whose zeal and benevolence were ever conspicuous in supporting this Society from its infancy, and whose private and public character, during a period of fifty-two years that he resided on this Island, reflects honor on his family and on his country.

The following persons were then elected Office-Bearers for the ensuing year:—

- Mr. Dennis Reddin, President.
Hon. Edward Palmer, Vice President.
John Little, Esq., Assistant do.
Francis Longworth, Esq., Treasurer.
Mr. Edward Kichham, Secretary.

Committee of Charity.—Messrs. Patrick Gaffney, Chairman. Thomas Brodyerick, William Fitzpatrick, James McKenna, James Read, John Walsh, James Reddin, and Thomas Tobin.

The Society also came to a Resolution, that at their Annual Dinner, (which takes place at the Commercial Inn, on the Festival of St. Patrick.) each of its Members should wear crape on his left arm, as a mark of respect to the memory of its deceased President, and that the Editors of the different newspapers be requested to give insertion to the above abstract of its proceedings.

March 11, 1843.

BAPTIST MISSIONARY BOARD.—The Annual Sermon of this Society was preached at Lot 49, on Sabbath morning last, by the Rev. John Knox, to a crowded auditory. In the evening, the Missionary Meeting was held, when the cause was ably advocated by the Pastors of the Churches. The Board met on Monday for business. The state of the funds was creditable to the zeal of this growing denomination; and the labours of their Missionaries had been evidently blessed by the God of Missions.

The following persons were chosen Office-bearers of the Board for the current year:

- Rev. John Knox, President.
Rev. John Shaw, Vice Presidents.
Deacon Jones,
Rev. Benjamin Scott, Secretary.
Mr. Wm. McGregor, Assistant do.
Deacon Desbrisay, Treasurer.
Deacon Kennedy, Assistant do.

The Board, after the conclusion of its business, adjourned till the last Monday in September—when it will meet at Lot 48.—Islander.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—The very thin attendance at the Institute, last evening, owing to the stormy state of the weather, and other adverse causes, prevented the delivery of the Lecture on GOVERNMENT, by the Rev. Mr. Patterson, which had been announced. We are glad, however, to be able to state, that it is still the Rev. gentleman's intention to favor the Institute with this Lecture at an early day—of which due notice will be given. A Lecture will, we understand, be delivered on Wednesday evening next.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLONIAL HERALD.

Sir; You will perhaps allow me to make use of a small corner in your columns, to express my surprise, and that of many others in this vicinity, at some remarks attributed to the Hon. Speaker, as reported, in the discussion of the Bill for the Compensation of Ejected Settlers, on Wednesday, Feb. 8th, and to express my opinion in regard to the sentiments contained therein. This privilege I ask, Sir, not for the purpose of making an uncalculated attack on the public or private character, or yet on the principles of the Hon. Gentleman; but, as I most sincerely think, for the beneficial purpose of counteracting a baneful prejudice, from which I believe such remarks emanate, and which they are calculated to engender and increase.

The remarks to which I refer are, a reply to some observations of Mr. D. Maclean, instituting a comparison between the cases of New Hampshire and this Island, in regard to the land, and tending to the conclusion, that ultimately the lands in this Island will be released from the heavy rents to which they are now subject. As far as I am capable of comprehending these remarks, I cannot see anything objectionable in their character or tendency; and yet they are made the occasion, by the Hon. Speaker, of taunting Mr. Maclean with a predilection to Lynch law, and a disposition to get rid of the proprietors by this or any equally "summary process."

Now, although I have no particular partiality to Mr. Maclean or his politics, I cannot help regretting that the Hon. Speaker of our Legislature should so far compromise the dignity of his office and his character, as to indulge in the petulant and puerile spirit betrayed in these remarks. Dared not Mr. Maclean adduce the history of the adjustment of the disputes concerning land rents in New Hampshire—a case so parallel to the present state of things in our own country—for the purpose of supporting a favourite opinion, that the lands in this Island will ultimately be freed from the burden of rents, without incurring the ire of the Hon. Speaker? And what connection is there between Mr. Maclean's quotation and Republican principles? The transition of the lands from the hands of the original grantees took place, not under a Republican administration; nor are there any principles of civil government whatever involved in it. In fact, the only relation which republicanism has to the subject is, that the country in which this event occurred, then under the government of Great Britain, has since become a Republican State.

But, admitting that there is a necessary connection between this event and Republican principles of government, why may not a "Republican precedent" be quoted in a British Colony? It is not a little remarkable, that on the very same day on which the above discussion took place, and during which the Hon. Speaker assured the hon. gentleman (Mr. Maclean), that his allusion to Republican principles was very unwelcome here; that the Hon. Mr. Howe, late Speaker of the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, and Member of Her Majesty's Executive Council in that Province, was giving utterance to the following language, so strikingly at variance with the above sentiment:—"Illustration may be drawn from the United States. They have often drawn from the Mother country many things which they prize highly; and I have never declined drawing from them what might illustrate our Provincial position." These remarks are taken from Mr. Howe's speech on the "Candidates' qualification Bill." Is Mr. Howe the less British in his feelings for these sentiments? Or are the people of Nova Scotia less faithful to British supremacy, that their leading Commoners and their Executive are thus minded? Let actions shew.

As long as we cannot shew an exclusive patent claim to all excellence in government, it is the most unwarrantable arrogance to treat the principles of other Governments, and the institutions of other nations, with derision.

Yours, &c. CRITIQUE.

Prince County, March 8th, 1843.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLONIAL HERALD.

Sir; Your correspondent FIAT JUSTITIA puts me very much in mind of an eccentric monomaniac, who, in order to explore the bottom of the Atlantic for wealth, suggested what he conceived to be a practicable mode of draining off that vast body of water. On being asked how he would proceed, he replied, by boring a hole in some soundable part of the Ocean, and carrying it through the centre of the earth to the opposite surface of it, and that the water would, of course, drain away through this aperture, and pass off into infinity of space, where, so far as locality was concerned, it would occupy but a speck in the creation, and put no one to inconvenience. He was so full of the idea, and so positive as to the practicability of his plan, that it was quite useless to argue the point with him.

Your correspondent appears to be a man of this description; but, as his mode of reasoning, in the minds of some of your readers, may have rather more plausibility than that of the Atlantic borer, we shall state a few more difficulties to be answered by his learned pen. He fancied that Treasury Warrants, without interest, would be precisely on a par with Treasury Notes, and circulate with equal facility and freedom. I have already told him, that this would be the case, if a few of them only were in the market; but let the whole annual expenditure be comprised in these Five Pound Warrants, and then see how it would work. Your shallow thinking financier conceives that any merchant would take his Warrants, ad libitum, in purchase of merchandize, and give him his change in hard money. He

would do this readily, if he had a certain amount of duties to pay into the Treasury in a certain time; but after he has discharged his public debt, would he then be apt to give his hard cash for unproductive paper?—bah!—money that is available anywhere, and which may be divided and subdivided, to answer all his purposes! But now let us see what would be the fate of your Treasury; and as we proceed, we must carry with us the fact, that the whole year's expenditure is floating through the country, in Five Pound Warrants, without interest. It is quite obvious that all duties would be paid in these Warrants, for no one would be so stupid as to keep them in hand, and pay away his gold and silver into the Treasury. Your Excise Offices would receive nothing but this sort of paper; the Treasurer would be compelled to take it, and if the system be pursued, I will venture to say that your Treasury, very soon, would scarcely have one dollar to rub against another.

Take your average annual provincial expenditure, for three consecutive years, at Sixteen thousand Pounds—issueth the whole in these contemplated Warrants, and it is quite reasonable to suppose that your receipts would be in the same trash. Instead of having a call, as we now have, every year these blissful notifications, like angels' visits, would be few, and far between—and the holders of this paper, to any amount, in order to realize money, would be happy to part with it at a discount, perhaps, of twenty-five per cent., and thus the money-jobbers, as some of our respectable capitalists are contemptuously called, would be enabled to make probably twelve instead of six per cent. by their investments. I asked a person, a short time ago, what he thought of the Five Pound plan, and his reply was, rubbing his hands with delight, "Heaven grant they may do it—we shall then have glorious times!" Your dealer in finance, it appears, cannot see the difference between a Five Pound Treasury Warrant, without interest, and a Treasury Note of the same value, when circulating from hand to hand as a medium of payment. The difference is strikingly apparent—the one is actually cash, and the other a mere order for cash. The one, when paid into the Treasury, may be paid out again, while the other, when paid in for duties, is filed and cancelled for ever. Instead of boring the public with visionary schemes, I should advise your correspondent, when the season opens, to bore the Hillsborough and drain off its waters, as he may possibly find more at the bottom to remunerate his labours than any good he can derive from his speculations in finance.

A PLAIN DEALER.

March 15, 1843.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLONIAL HERALD.

Sir; In a communication of mine which appeared in yesterday's Islander, I stated that a certain individual, whose name I mentioned, had "offered" the use of his School Room, &c. It was not without enquiry that I made use of the word "offered," and from the information I gathered, I felt perfectly satisfied that such was the case. Lest, however, I should possibly have been misinformed, I take the earliest opportunity of withdrawing that word, and substituting the word "furnished" in its place. In every other respect, I can substantiate the correctness of what I have stated. By giving this a corner in to-day's paper, you will oblige, Yours truly, GEO. BEER, Junr.

March 18th, 1843.

MARRIED.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Roche, Mr. William Duchemin, to Ann Lydia, eldest daughter of Mr. Pascoe, Rustico.

FOR SALE, a very desirable Leasehold, for 999 years, situated on Lot or Township No. (21) Twenty-one, in Queen's County, in that delightful Settlement called Irish-town, contiguous to New London Harbour, and commanding a beautiful view of the Sea. It contains 50 acres of excellent land—thirty being under high cultivation, and the residue well wooded. There are an excellent dwelling house, two barns, a blacksmith's shop and draw-well on the premises. Application to be made to SIMON NOWLAN, on the premises, or to Messrs. M'KENZIE & M'KIE, Merchants, New London, March 10, 1843.

DRIFTED from the Shore of St. Peter's Island, on the 14th March, instant, the Shallop ISABELLA, of Halifax. Any person finding or picking up the said Vessel, and taking care of her, will be rewarded for his trouble, on the delivery thereof to the owners, or to James Kelly, Broker, Charlottetown.

THOMAS LUND, JAMES TAYLOR.

St. Peter's Island, March 17th, 1843. [Gaz. 31c.]

JOHN TURNER, Cooper, (lately from England), sincerely returns thanks to those Gentlemen who have so kindly favoured him with their commands, since his arrival, and heretofore further begs to acquaint them, and the public generally, that he has taken the premises in Sydney Street, lately occupied by Mr. John Hobbs, Hatter, where he intends to carry on his business in all its branches—as a Cooper for both House or Ship—and hopes, by strict attention to business, and moderate charges, to merit a portion of their favours. N. B.—Goods, ready made, kept for sale. Sydney-Street, Charlottetown, Jan. 10, 1843.

PLASTERING.

ALEXANDER MACBETH, PLASTERER, begs to intimate, that he is prepared to contract, on moderate terms, with such persons as may feel disposed to favour him with their support in his line of business; and flatters himself that, by punctuality and good workmanship, he may be favoured with a share of the public patronage. Application to be made at Mr. PALLISTER'S Hotel, Charlottetown, July 30th, 1842.

CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, &c.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of Charlottetown and vicinity, that he has commenced the business of CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH-MAKING, in Mr. Mark Butler's Establishment, King's Square. Having furnished himself with a variety of Materials of the best quality, from the neighbouring Provinces, persons wishing to supply themselves with light, durable and comfortable Carriages, will please call and examine the articles for themselves. Carriages made to order and design. Repairing done at short notice. Orders from Town or Country thankfully received and punctually attended to. JAMES CUNNINGHAM. Charlottetown, Dec. 29th, 1842.

PRODUCE IN PAYMENT OF RENT.

PRODUCE will be received from the tenants on Lots 63, 64, half of Lots 27, 14, 43, and 49, in payment of their Rent, at the following rates: OATS, 1s. 6d. WHEAT, 5s. 6d. BARLEY, 3s. Provided the same be delivered to Mr. John Davis, jun., in Charlottetown, on or before the 15th day of April next. PORK will also be received by Mr. Davis, in payment, from those who have given Bonds for Back Rent, at 4d per pound. JAMES H. PETERS, Agent for the Proprietors. March 2d, 1843.

THE Subscribers having been duly appointed the sole Agents of DAVID STEWART, Esquire, for his Estates on Lots or Townships Nos. 7, 10, 12, 27, 30, 46, 47, and Lennox Island, beg to intimate, that they are prepared to lease lands, with a liberty of purchasing, and to sell on the most liberal terms; and that all persons indebted to that gentleman, for rent or otherwise, are hereby required to make immediate payment of the same. All persons found trespassing on any of the above properties, either by cutting Timber, or in any other respect, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the Law. H. D. MORPETH, PETER EMERY. December 10th, 1840.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Receiver of the rents and profits of those parts of Lots Eight and Fifty-two, conveyed by the late General Fead, of the Royal Artillery, to the late Andrew Macdonald, requests the Tenants residing thereon to pay all rents and arrears of rent to him with out delay. DAVID ROSS, Receiver in Chancery. Hillsborough River, May 1st, 1841.

AUCTION.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN MERCHANDIZE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of Charlottetown and vicinity, that he has just received, on Consignment, a general and well selected assortment of

British and Foreign Merchandize,

which he will offer at PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Store,

On THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

the 23d, 24th and 25th instant,

COMPRISING AS FOLLOWS:

- Broad Cloths, A few pieces girth and straining web,
Printed and Plain Molestin, Gents' Hose & Half Hose,
White, red and yellow Flannel, Furred and plain Kid Gloves,
Red & white Serge, green Baize, Silk Gloves and Mitts,
Brown Holland, Russia Duck, checked and Swiss Muslins,
Regatta Shirting, Apron check, Jaconet, Book, Mull, Medium,
Swansdown & Valencia Vesting, Silk, cambric, cotton & Bandana
Grey & white Cottons, Bedtick, Handkerchiefs,
Orleans cloth, Tartan Plaid, Gents' Fronts, Stocks & cravats,
White & colored Counterpanes, Cambric dresses, Bishop's Lawn,
Printed & Furniture Calicoes, Black crape, Worsted & cotton
Colored & brown Table covers, Ferret,
Damask Table cloths, diaper, Bobbinets, Quillings & Edging,
Travelling Bags, Scotch Caps, Scarlet, Shaded and Vandyke
Cloth, hair, nail & tooth Brushes, Cravats,
Pen & Pocket Knives, Scissors, Lambs' wool Vests & Pants,
German silver table & teaspoons, Gents' Braces and Belts,
Do Snuffers and Trays, Florentine, gilt, bone, & Pearl
A very superb set of Britannia me- Buttons,
tal Dish Covers, richly chased, Patent Thread, Ribbon Wire,
1 doz best German Silver Dinner Silk, worsted & cotton Laces,
Forks, Snuff Boxes, Ivory Work Boxes,
A superior japan'd Plate Warmer, Tortoise Shell, Ivory & Horn
Pins in papers & boxes, Gun caps, Combs,
Maccassar Oil, Bear's Grease, Knitting Pins, Hooks and Eyes,
Rowl'd s Odonto, Pearl Powder, Needles,
Perfumery, &c. Head bags & Purses, toy Watches,
Ladies' Worsted & cotton Hose, Fancy Beads & Necklaces,
Thermometers, Time pieces,

ALSO,

One GOLD WATCH, four Jewels, carved back; an elegant GOLD CHAIN, warranted; GOLD FINGER RINGS, plain and set; a few sets of Silver Tea-spoons, Silver Pencil Cases and Thimbles, several sets of CHINA, complete; rich cut Decanters, quarts and pints; 20 doz. cut Tumblers, 2) doz. cut Wine Glasses; Cruet frames and bottles; a few copies of the "United Irishmen, their lives and times, by Dr. A. Madden, Dickens's Notes, &c. &c. &c."

As the whole of the above, with a variety of other articles, not enumerated, will positively be sold without any reserve whatever, bargains may be expected.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock each day.

A credit of 3, 4, or 6 months will be given.

DONALD MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, March 15, 1843.

CROWN INN.

THE Subscriber begs leave to acquaint the Inhabitants of Charlottetown, and the public generally, that he has good accommodations for man and horse, both of whom shall be punctually attended to, at the shortest notice. The house has been just opened, and is situate in Sydney Street, adjoining the premises of Daniel Brennan, Esq. JOSEPH WEEKS. Charlottetown, Feb. 10th, 1843.

COMMERCIAL INN.

THE Subscriber begs leave to acquaint the public that he has taken the above well known Premises, and having furnished the same with every article requisite for a comfortable BOARDING HOUSE, hopes, by the moderation of his charges, and strict attention to the wishes of those who may favour him with their custom, to merit a continuance of that patronage which was for so many years awarded to his predecessor in that Establishment. DAVID CONNORS. Charlottetown, July 8th, 1842.

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber having made considerable alterations in his premises, begs leave to inform his friends generally that he is now prepared to accommodate a few persons with genteel Board, combined with a comfortable and quiet home. Every attention will be paid to those who may honour him with a call.

A few yearly Boarders can be well accommodated, on reasonable terms. JAMES DAVIS.

Hillsborough Street, (near King's Square,)

Oct. 1st, 1842.

A CARD.

MRS. JAMESON respectfully announces her REMOVAL to the House occupied by Mr. W. Heard, in Great George Street, where she continues her instructions to Ladies as usual. Mrs. J. will also attend Ladies at their residences, between the hours of 10 and 12, a. m.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale that valuable Freehold Farm, owned and occupied by him, on the St. Peter's Road, 8 1/2 miles from Charlottetown, and within one mile of the Methodist Chapel, on the St. Peter's Road, and within one mile and a half of that flourishing Settlement called Frenchfort. It contains 50 acres of excellent land; has 7 chains and 70 links front; there are 19 acres well fenced in—14 of which are in a high state of cultivation, and the other five are more than half cleared. Four acres more, in the rear of the farm, are nearly fit for the plough. There are a dwelling house on the premises, 23 feet by 20, two and a half stories high, and a new barn and stable, 20 feet by 20; and a frame building, ten feet and a half in the side wall. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to Mr. W. Pethick, Boot and Shoemaker, Charlottetown. ROBERT MACINTYRE.

St. Peter's Road, Lot 35, Feb. 21st, 1843.

FOR SALE.

THAT beautifully situated HOUSE, at the corner of Prince and Water Streets, formerly the residence of the late Mrs. Matilda Brecken, with the Outbuildings, &c. These premises consist of three Water Lots, extending Two hundred and fifty-two feet on Water Street, having a new and substantial breastwork, along the front of the River. For particulars, apply to the Subscribers. DANIEL HODGSON, RALPH BRECKEN, Executors of the late Mrs. M. Brecken.

BRIG FOR SALE.

OF building, of the following dimensions, viz:— Extreme length 81 feet. Depth of hold 14 feet. Width on deck, 23 feet. Is composed of the very best materials, good workmanship, and handsome model; will be ready to launch, Hull and Spars complete, any time from the middle of June to the first of July next, that may be agreed on. Also, a CARGO of Birch Timber and Spruce Deals. A part of the purchase money may remain on security, if required. For further particulars, application to be made to Mr. D. BRENNAN, Merchant, Charlottetown, or at Bedque, to JAMES CONNORS. Wilmot Creek, March 2d, 1843.

FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

THE superior new fast-sailing Bark Five Sisters, George Redmore, Master, burthen 500 tons, now lying at Gloucester, England, will take Goods and Passengers from that Port for Prince Edward Island. She will sail about the first of April next, wind permitting. For further particulars apply to Captain Yeo, at Gloucester, or to the owner, Mr. James Yeo, Prince Edward Island. Port Hill, February 4th, 1843.

FOR CHARLOTTETOWN AND RICHMOND BAY.

THE fine new fast-sailing Brig British Lady, Richard Williams, Master, burthen 225 tons, now lying at Appledore, Bideford, will take Goods and Passengers for the above named Ports. Intended to sail about the first of April next. For Particulars, apply to Mr. John Bearna, Merchant, Appledore; to the Captain on board, or to the owner, Mr. James Yeo, Port Hill, February 4th, 1843.