

Margate Murder Mystery

The Case Postponed till To-morrow.

A WARNING TO JURYMEN.

Some timely improvements to the ventilation of the Courtroom were made this morning...

Quite a crowd of interested citizens and jurymen were ready to file into the Courtroom...

The names of the jurymen were, however, called; and Judge Hensley, who will preside at the trial...

A small gratification to the assembled crowd then appeared in the person of Ony Smith...

British Topics.

(Special Correspondence of The Examiner.)

The movements of ambassadors, as Lord Lytton from Paris and back again, and Sir Robert Morier from St. Petersburg...

The movements I formerly alluded to as occurring in Wales have grown larger in importance...

China seems to have more than her share of trouble in the world, and I suppose will, till she more completely falls into line...

The forged despatches subject is not yet over, but nobody seems to regard it further than a big sell for the Czar of Russia.

I think, though, that the Sultan of Turkey is a worse scared potentate than the Imperial autocrat of Russia...

A great event has happened in Austria. The Baron and Baroness Rothschild have been admitted to court audiences...

The Protestant interests are not at all alarmed at the reception of the Duke of Norfolk at the Vatican. The old estimate of the Power of Rome is by no means dead...

There were 1590 men thrown out of employment by a colliery fire at Conisborough. The report of it closes with the gratifying and unusual announcement that "there were no lives lost..."

CAVERSHAM.

According to the statistician of the United States Department of Agriculture, the area under wheat in the Great Republic was 37,460,000 acres...

Foreign Exports.

The following are statements of foreign exports from the ports of King and Queen's during the past year—statements of exports to the neighboring Provinces are not available:—

General statement of goods exported (foreign) from Queen's and King Counties from 1st January 1887 to 31st December 1887 (inclusive):—

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes Produce of the Mines, Produce of Fisheries, Produce of Forest, Animals and their produce, Agricultural products, Manufactures, Miscellaneous articles.

General statement of agricultural products exported (foreign) from 1st January, 1887, to 31st December, 1887 (inclusive):—

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes Potatoes (bush), Oats (bush), Barley (bush), Wheat (bush), Hay (tons), Other articles.

Total: \$845,441

General statement of animals and their produce exported (foreign) from 1st January, 1887, to 31st December, 1887, (inclusive):—

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes Horses, Horned cattle, Swine, Sheep, Butter (lbs), Eggs (doz), Beet (lbs), Mutton (lbs), Pork (lbs), Meats canned (lbs), Meats, all other (lbs), Other articles.

Total: \$235,819

Our Book Table.

The Mansill Almanac for 1888 adds one more pleasure to a reviewer's duty. It is exact, comprehensive and full of interest.

Booming Los Angeles

A private letter to the Kansas City, Mo., Journal, concerning the boom in southern California contains the following:

"San Diego, like most other cities in this State, is kept up by excitement. There are seven hundred real estate agents here, and some of them have corner hands of twenty pieces playing and parading the streets with banners and omnibuses and carriages with fine painting of new town lots to be sold by auction..."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Of What Use are Vendors?

Sir,—My family having been laid up with the measles, I was instructed to get a bottle of gin, which is said to be a very good remedy.

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A great event has happened in Austria. The Baron and Baroness Rothschild have been admitted to court audiences...

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CAVERSHAM.

According to the statistician of the United States Department of Agriculture, the area under wheat in the Great Republic was 37,460,000 acres...

man both body and soul, he still persisted in it for the love of money. I would like to ask Mr. Macdougall how long ago it is since he ceased dealing out this man destroyer? Has he never sold any rum since he signed the pledge? Is he or is he not new engaged in the trade? Has he now any rum on his premises? And how was it he worked so manfully against the Scott Act at the last election? I suppose he had a warm feeling towards the rum party, although such a true temperance man, and I am inclined to think that warm feeling has not yet died out.

He wished to test my sincerity in the temperance cause. I accept the position and meet him half way under the following conditions: First, that the liquors owned by the poor man Mr. Macdougall speaks of be placed in the hands of the city authorities, subjected to a test and valued by three competent judges. Second, that the person purchase or get no more liquor than he now has on hand, this to be attested to an oath; and that the party be as represented by you—poor—and that both you and the poor man sign a bond to sell no more intoxicating liquors for the remainder of your lives, and by breaking this bond you have to return me the amount I pay for the liquor, with interest on the money. So come along, my man.

I will not trouble you any further Mr. Editor. Thanks for space.

Yours &c., S. McRAE.

Ward Four.

Sir,—Mr. McDougall's card is about the best of the lot. There is just one point in it which seems to me a little obscure, and which I would like him to explain. Mr. McDougall pledges himself to "see that the temperance laws are respected equally with all other laws now in force."

I am willing to take him at his word; and should be answer the last question in the affirmative he shall have my vote.

WARD FOUR ELECTOR.

Ward Four Again.

Sir,—In addition to the cards published by the candidates in Ward Four, several correspondents have published letters on the subject, and perhaps enough has been said. If the electors are to judge of the fitness of the candidates to represent the Ward by their cards, then I think it won't take an intelligent elector long to decide.

Mr. McDougall's card and letters breathes the sentiments of a Christian gentleman. On the other hand, Mr. McRae's correspondence is full of uncharitableness, couched in the language of a fishwife. He seems to think that all that is necessary is to abuse his opponent; but the electors in the Ward would far rather hear some explanation from him of his actions in the past.

It is well known that until a very late date he was merely a part of the hands of the liquor party, and that he only changed his vote when he found the temperance sentiment running strong against him. He has represented the Ward for some years, but it would puzzle him or anyone else to point to any good he ever did there. It is true he claims the right to re-election on account of voting for the dismissal of Marshal Flynn. On the merits of that vote I am not going to give an opinion just now; but I do not think there is sufficient merit in it to warrant his claim to represent the Ward for another year.

Mr. McDougall has been known to the citizens for years as a young man of talent and integrity; and the only fault that his opponents can find against him is that some years ago he was engaged in business which he has given up for some time past.

Yours truly, M. Cl'town, Jan. 23, 1888.

Technical Education in Public Schools.

Sir,—Quite often the man of conservative views is now-a-days regarded as an old fogey. New ideas and new methods have a bulk of self-assertion; offensively aggressive, their novelty being supposed to more than counterbalance the claims of old and well-tried ones which may vainly appeal to results as a test of their utility. Industrial education is not only "the popular fetish," but many educationists, legislators and public lecturers, here as elsewhere, ignoring the true meaning and import of "education," are "in the swim" with the disturbers of the status quo of our educational system. Each and every of these reformers has a pet industry which he can prove, at least to his own entire satisfaction, the State should immediately set to work to cause to be taught in our public schools and colleges. Admit the claims of one and you must logically admit the claims of all, with the result that every teacher must become a master mechanic, agriculturist, artist, modiste, in short, the master of every trade and industry and profession by which each one of the rising generation hopes and means to earn a livelihood, and convert his pupils as a consequence into mere apprentices! As bearing on this subject, I would respectfully ask you to publish the words of weight and wisdom of Mr. A. P. Marble, Superintendent of Public Schools, Worcester, Mass., and to which I would invite the special attention of these "reformers."

Yours truly, AUDI ALTERAM PARTEM.

AN ADVERSE VIEW.

The public school system of this country has developed steadily for more than two and a half centuries. It has been modified and improved from time to time, and adapted to new conditions and different localities. Consequently we have a highly intelligent citizenship, great business activity, and a high degree of inventive skill by which machinery is made to do the work of man and to cheapen every product which his need requires.

Now these very results of our education are so much admired that they are used as an argument against the system which produced them. Mental training has resulted in great industrial progress; and now we are exhorted to abandon that training and work directly for industrial progress. Industrial education is the popular fetish; and if any one tries to say anything else he is supposed by

the old cry of "Great is Diana of the Ephesians."

Technical schools undoubtedly are in demand; and they are essential and highly useful. Special industrial schools are also to be encouraged, and they may be beneficial. But the public schools should not be subverted or overturned in order to make a place for such schools.

In the first place, a distinct phase of this kind of education was begun more than fifty years ago, and it proved a dead failure. It has been my fortune to be connected with three institutions of this kind, in the States of Maine and Massachusetts, where were to be seen the decaying ruins of a system as promising to its advocates as any which is now proposed.

In the second place there is a fallacy in the claim that manual training in school is necessary in order to produce intellectual honesty; that accuracy of thought and statement can not be secured without muscular work in the production of material things; that geometry, for example, can not be learned thoroughly without cutting out blocks, nor astronomy without going up in a balloon to see the stars;—for this is what the advocates of manual training claim when their claim is reduced to its bald and concrete form.

Finally, when the public school system undertakes to do everything for a pupil; to train his mind to clear and vigorous thinking, to develop all his physical powers and teach him a trade by which he may earn a livelihood; and to train his moral nature so that he may have a clear passport to heaven, then this system will fall to pieces of its own weight. For ours is not a paternal government whose design is to care for each individual, but a democracy in which each has not only to take care of himself but to help also in making regulations for all; and till the family relation is overthrown in the onward "progress" of our age, something must be left to parents; and it can best be left there in spite of the protestations of those self-constituted philanthropists who so much desire to educate every child for his "sphere in life."

The Mails.

FIFTY-SIX bags were brought from Cape Tormentine to Cape Traverse yesterday, and forwarded to Summerside this morning, but arrived in time to miss the train for Charlottetown. They will arrive by first train to-morrow.

The courier for Eidon left Charlottetown on Friday morning in the midst of the storm, reached his destination all right, and returned to Charlottetown late last night. Well done.

NOTICE.

THE partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned, and doing business under the name of JAMES PATON & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed) JAMES PATON, HENRY WEEKS, HERBERT W. FINDLEY.

(Signed) Witness—Ingram Wood, Charlottetown, Jan. 16th, 1888.

Referring to the above, the business will be continued under the style and firm of

JAMES PATON & CO.

(Signed) JAMES PATON, HENRY WEEKS.

(Signed) Witness—Ingram Wood, Charlottetown, Jan. 16th, 1888, Jan 23—31

AGENTS.—Our wonderful new book, contains nearly 1,000 pages of the choicest selections of Poetry and Prose from the best authors; over 200 illustrations; besides many excellent steel engravings of the Poets and prominent writers. It sells at sight. Dr. J. H. Vincent says: "It is 'fireside,' 'tires,' 'flames' and 'fellowship' all in one. It is a whole world in itself." Prices very low. Send for illustrated circulars and terms to W. E. EARLE, St. John, N. B.

J. S. ROBERTSON & BROS., Publishers.

Jan. 23, 1888—2aw & wky

ORCHESTRAL CONCERT

—IN THE—

Y. M. C. A. HALL,

—ON—

Monday, 23rd Inst.

MR. VINNICOMBE.....Conductor

MISS NEWBERRY.....Vocalist

MISS LEWIS.....Accompanist

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

Gloria in Excelsis (from First Mass).....Haydn Orchestra.

Violin Duet, No 2—Prelude (Study in double stops).....Hancock

Miss May McDonald and Mr. Vinnicombe.

Waltz—Ruddigore.....Bucalossi Orchestra.

Violin Solo—Berceuse.....Ronard

Miss Belle Newbery.

Sonata—String Study (Classical).....Hauptmann

Members of Orchestra.

Cornet Solo—"The Moonlight Soft is Falling."

.....Mayfair

Mr. Fletcher.

Gems of Scotland—"Bonny Laddie, Highland Laddie".....Bennet

Orchestra.

PART II.

Overture—Martha.....Flotow

Orchestra.

Vocal Solo, with Violin Obligato—La Sereziata.....Braga

Miss Newbery and Mr. Vinnicombe.

Trovatore—String Quintette.....Verdi

Members of Orchestra.

Violin Solo—"Al Perdu non Eurydice".....Gluck

Master James Hyndman.

Ermine Lancers.....Jakobowski

Orchestra.

Vocal Solo—When 'tis Moonlight.....White

Miss Newbery.

Grand Potpourri—To-night Farewell.....Schlegel

Orchestra.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Concert at 8, sharp.

TICKETS, 35 cents, to be obtained at Reddin's Drug Store, the Diamond Bookstore, and at Lewis' (Photographer), and at the door.

Jan 20

PRIVATE LODGINGS.—The undersigned would be glad to receive a few respectable Boarders on reasonable terms at her Private Boarding House, opposite Baptist Church, Bridge Street.—Mrs. E. R. Crockett. eod—3829

STOCK TAKING.

Before Commencing Stocktaking,

J. B. MACDONALD

will clear out several lines of Goods at Great Bargains.

Ladies' Dolmans and Paletots, Ladies' Cloth Jackets, Ladies' Fur Capes and Boas, Ladies' Felt Hats, Ladies' Knit Underskirts.

These Goods must be Cleared. Bargains may be expected.

J. B. MACDONALD,

Cl'town, Jan. 4, 1888.—d & wky

JAMES PATON & CO.,

will continue to give Bona Fide Bargains in all kinds of DRY GOODS. Our reputation for selling the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices

is well known throughout the Island. We think it needless to quote prices in the papers as they very often mislead the public. All we ask is when you are searching for good goods, at low prices, call on us.

During this month we have a number of rare Bargains to offer in

Dress Goods, Mantle and Ulster Cloths, Men's Overcoats, Ladies' Dolmans and Jackets, Fur Capes and Boas, and the Largest and Best Assortment of Carpets on the Island.

JAMES PATON & CO,

Cash Stores Charlottetown and Summerside.

Jan. 4, 1888—dy wky

MILL OWNERS!

Henry Disston & Son's Saws

—ARE THE—

BEST IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE WITH

FILES, OILS, SWACES, &c.,

—BY—

NORTON & FENNELL,

City Hardware Store.

Charlottetown, Jan. 12, 1888.

HOME MANUFACTURES,

VERSUS

IMPORTED.

OUR New Factory is furnished with the most Modern Labor Saving Machines. We are now able to offer good, reliable home-made Furniture as cheap in price as any imported and guarantee the buyer

25 Per Cent Better Value for his Money

We invite careful comparison of Goods and Prices, and feel confident that our patrons save money by trading with us.

Large Stock! New Designs! Cut Prices!

MARK WRIGHT & CO,

Manufacturers of House, Store, Office, Church and School Furniture.

UNDERTAKING.

Jan. 6, 1888.