

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1889.

VOL. 24.—NO. 96.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.

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ALMANAC FOR MARCH, 1889.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon, 1st day, 6h., 48.3m., p. m., W., below horizon.
First Quarter, 9th day, 1h., 46.1m., p. m., S.E.
Full Moon, 17th day, 7h., 33.3m., a. m., W.
Last Quarter, 24th day, 2h., 44.8m., a. m., E.
New Moon, 31st day, 7h., 24.4m., a. m., E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M	sets	rises	sets	water	length
1 Friday	6 43	5 41	6 48	10 50	10 58
2 Saturday	41	42	7 16	11 27	11 1
3 Sunday	39	43	7 41	moon	4
4 Monday	38	44	8 0	1	8
5 Tuesday	36	47	8 28	0 34	11
6 Wednesday	34	48	8 53	1 8	16
7 Thursday	32	50	9 10	1 44	18
8 Friday	30	51	9 49	2 26	21
9 Saturday	29	53	10 25	3 13	24
10 Sunday	27	54	11 7	4 15	27
11 Monday	25	54	11 56	5 31	31
12 Tuesday	22	57	at 50	6 47	35
13 Wednesday	21	59	1 52	7 53	38
14 Thursday	19	6	2 58	8 44	41
15 Friday	17	1	4 11	9 29	44
16 Saturday	15	2	5 20	10 9	47
17 Sunday	13	3	6 31	10 46	50
18 Monday	11	5	7 49	11 23	54
19 Tuesday	9	6	8 59	11 59	57
20 Wednesday	7	7	10 15	at 37	12 0
21 Thursday	5	8	10 39	1 17	3
22 Friday	2	9	moon	2 7	7
23 Saturday	0	10	0 40	3 5	10
24 Sunday	5 58	11	1 48	4 23	14
25 Monday	56	14	2 47	5 55	17
26 Tuesday	55	15	3 35	7 19	20
27 Wednesday	53	16	4 16	8 22	23
28 Thursday	52	18	4 49	9 11	26
29 Friday	51	20	5 18	9 50	29
30 Saturday	49	21	5 48	10 28	33
31 Sunday	48	22	6 7	11 12	36

GUARDIAN

Fire Insurance Company,

ESTABLISHED 1821.

Capital Paid Up, - - \$1,000,000 Stg
Total Funds, - - - - - \$20,000,000

Fire Risks Accepted at Current Rates.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.

Ch'town, Feb. 25, 1889—1m 2aw pat

Glasgow Lead and Color Works,
MONTREAL.

THE "ELEPHANT" BRAND

—OF—
PURE WHITE LEAD

is now manufactured under the control of the original proprietors.

"ELEPHANT" Ready Mixed Paints, made up in all the choicest tints. Every packet is warranted to please. Every shade matched. Order early, as the Spring demand will be great. Only one quality made, the best.

"ELEPHANT" Patent Zinc Paint, snow-white, gives a beautiful and lasting finish.

"ELEPHANT" Water-color Paints supersede kalsomine for walls and ceilings.

"ELEPHANT" Colored Paints, in iron cans and kegs.

"ELEPHANT" Japan Colors, in all the newest and richest colors.

"ELEPHANT" Varnishes and Japans, superior to imported.

"ELEPHANT" Stains and Lacquers for finish and beauty.

"ELEPHANT" on the package is the only guarantee of really good paint.

The newest, most central and best equipped Paint Factory in Canada.

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feb2-3m eod

JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

BROKERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,
HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

References: Thomas Fyche, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia Charlottetown.

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1 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINING LANE,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Represented in Canada by MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, Halifax.

Oct. 24, 1887—

None Cheaper! None Better!

—THAN YOU CAN FIND AT—

PERKINS & STERNS'

White Cottons, Grey Cottons, Print Cottons,
Dress Gingham, Apron Gingham, Shirtings,
Bed Ticking, Sheetings, Counterpanes, Table
Linen, Towels, Toilet Covers.

CHEAP CLOTHS, CHEAP TWEEDS, CHEAP CARPETS.

New Kid Gloves and American Straw Hats Just Opened.

Our Stock of Room Paper Takes the Lead.

SEE OUR PATTERNS AND PRICES BEFORE YOU BUY.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, March 12, 1889—dy & wk

The Best Chance

—TO GET THOROUGHLY RELIABLE AND—

GOOD-FITTING GARMENTS,

—IS AT—

B. S. DAVIES & CO'S

Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

ALWAYS A LARGE STOCK TO SELECT FROM,

AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE CASH PRICES.

MR. KEITH, the popular and efficient Cutter, is at the head of this Department, and with a good staff of workmen you are sure of getting the very best satisfaction when leaving your orders with us.

B. S. DAVIES & CO.,

February 25, 1888—eod & wk

CAMERON BLOCK.

FLOUR AND TEA STORES.

BEER & GOFF

HAVE one of the Largest and Best Assorted Stocks of FLOUR and GENERAL GROCERIES in the City, and as they buy and sell for Cash, they guarantee to give as good, if not better, value than any other House in the Trade.

FLOUR.

We keep all the best brands of FLOUR, such as "Matchless," "Kent," "Howard," "Hungarian Patent," and Charlottetown Milling Co's, "Choice Family" and "Choice Bakers," and will not be undersold by any House in the City.

TEA.

As we have a reputation for GOOD TEA, we intend to keep it up; and as we buy direct from headquarters in London, we are able to give you first-class value for your money. Try our Tea once, and we are sure of your trade afterwards.

KEROSENE OIL.

We buy nothing but the BEST AMERICAN WATER-WHITE KEROSENE OIL, and having made a further reduction in our two and four-gallon Cans, we are now selling them cheaper than ever.

APPLES.

We have about 200 Barrels of CHOICE WINTER-KEEPING APPLES, which we will sell cheap for Cash.

BRAN and SHORTS always kept in stock.

BEER & GOFF,

Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1889—oaw & wk

Queen & King Square Stores.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

SATURDAY, March 16.

Mr. Speaker in the chair.
Mr. Underlay, in moving that the House go into Committee on the draft address, said that he wished to make a few observations. Referring to the first paragraph in the speech of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, he said: although it may be said that the province has not been very prosperous during the past year, yet he thought we have good reason to be very thankful. Any one who carries his recollection back for a number of years must come to the conclusion that very substantial progress has been made. Contrast the position of this province fifty or sixty years ago with what it is at the present time, and every one must allow that our people are prosperous and enjoy advantages that a former generation were deprived of. He could remember the time when there was scarcely a road in his own district; when people had to go to St. Peter's Bay to get their letters which only came once a week. Now every section has at least a tri-weekly mail, and in many settlements the mail is received daily. Referring to the statement that many farms are now mortgaged he pointed out that a mortgage was not always injurious. Many men have more land than they can work with profit with the amount of capital at their command, and he knew of instances where a small loan had been beneficial. The value of farm property in many districts had increased 500 per cent., which is one of the best evidences of the substantial and increased prosperity of the province. Referring to the exhibitions, he heard some complaints that parties entitled to prizes had not received them. He understood that when the matter was brought to the notice of the Government they were promptly paid. Complaints are also heard of the decisions of the Judges at exhibitions. Others who are far from the railway contend that they receive no benefit from these institutions—that the exhibitions are not located in the most central and suitable place. Although Georgetown, when the King's County Exhibition is held, is not near the centre of the County, it is admitted that suitable buildings are not available any other place. He thought Carleton or St. Peter's Bay would be more convenient for the people from the eastern and northern section of the County. He thought the Government should make an arrangement whereby the surplus well-bred animals raised by persons who have been obtaining the benefit of the Stock Farm should be purchased and sent to the outlying districts for the benefit of the farmers who had not ready access to the Farm. This could be done at a small expense, and would be of great benefit to those districts where encouragement was most needed. He said it was a matter of regret that additional outlay is necessary for the Hospital for the Insane. His impression was in former years, and is yet, that an addition to the old Asylum could have been built for one-tenth the cost of the present building that would have afforded accommodation for many years to come. It will, however, be the duty of the Legislature to provide shelter for those unfortunate members of the community. Referring to the condition of the wharves, he thought the Local Government should keep the wharves that have not been taken over by the Dominion Government in repair, while at the same time urging the Dominion Government for a settlement of the amounts expended on them. He believed it better to abandon all claim for amounts expended on the wharves than to have the people suffering for want of wharf accommodation. He also referred to the rates charged on the Island Railway, which he said were too high.

Mr. McLeod (Brown's Creek), in moving the Address, referred to the wet, cold season last year, and said that although it was thought at one time that many farmers would suffer heavy loss, he was thankful to say that no very serious injury was sustained. Farmers who take proper care of their grain, even in a wet season like last year, do not suffer much loss. He considered farmers are making substantial progress. He thought a good deal of the dissatisfaction with respect to our exhibitions was caused by the manner in which the people acted at them. Beer shanties are allowed outside the grounds, where drinks of every kind are sold, and a great deal of the disorderly conduct is caused thereby. He thought that the people would not attend these exhibitions if better order was not kept. He never had the privilege of visiting the Hospital for the Insane, but knew there had been a great outlay on that building, and was surprised that more accommodation is now required. As, however, it appears that the accommodation for patients in the Insane Asylum has been found too limited for the needs of the Province, no objection could be made for any expenditure for that purpose. The consolidation of the statutes was a very necessary work, and he had no doubt that the lawyers would be well pleased to have this work completed, as it tended to lighten their labors.

Mr. Farquharson, in the absence of Mr. Yeo, followed. He was sorry he did not hear the first remarks of the mover of the address. Judging by the latter part of the mover's speech, the Government would not be very well pleased with the remarks that he had made. He supposed the prosperity referred to in the speech was caused by the \$200,000 they drew from Ottawa. The Opposition would not try to hinder the business of the House, and judging by the speech, no doubt they would have a short session. He did not believe in the prosperity cry which was an old story. He believed many of the farmers are getting poorer, although some may be getting richer. The Government should have done something on the Trade Question. They

have had delegations on many less important matters. He referred to the bad condition of the wharves, and said that many farmers had their produce in their cellars, because their wharves had fallen down, and the roads last year were too bad for them to haul to some other place. He was not prepared to say much about the exhibitions as he understood there was opposition from the other counties to the Government's policy. The fact that the Hospital for the Insane is now found to be too small is the best answer to those who contended that that building was of a more expensive nature than required. He advised the Government to employ more commissioners for consolidating the laws, so that the work would be completed at an earlier date. Drawing the \$200,000 from Ottawa was one of the worst things the Government ever did, as it meant a loss of \$100,000 in ten years.

Hon. Mr. Sullivan, after congratulating the mover and seconder of the address on their excellent speeches, complimented the hon. member for West River on the comparative moderation of his speech, remarking that it was clear that he was not going to prove such an excessive obstructionist as in former years. The Local Government, he might inform the hon. member, was not responsible for the trade policy of the Dominion, nor for the rates charged on the Island railway. The charge that the Local Government had accepted the sum of \$77,000 as payment in full for our claim against the Dominion Government on account of piers was not correct, as had been shown time and again. On the 1st July, 1873, all the piers passed into the hands of the Dominion Government, and we have had no right since that day to charge one single cent of wharfage, nor construct a single pier. The Dominion Government, and they alone, have control of the piers, and it was clearly their duty to keep them in repairs, as they did in every other Province of Canada. If the wharves are necessary for the accommodation of the people, it was certainly the duty of the General Government to look after them. It is the duty of our representatives in the Dominion Parliament to attend to the requirements of the Province, to see that our public works, etc., are properly maintained. After some further remarks the debate was adjourned.

Meeting at Morell.

Pursuant to notice, a meeting of the inhabitants of Morell and adjoining settlements was held at Morell Station on Tuesday, 12th inst., to consider what steps to take to have a wharf constructed at the mouth of St. Peter's harbor. Wm. Hooper was appointed chairman and the undersigned secretary.

The chairman opened the meeting by explaining its object. He said he would give his hearty support to the building of a wharf at the harbor, as it would develop a large trade in this populous farming community.

R. N. Cox followed in the same line. James H. Dingwell showed the disadvantages of a wharf not being on the lower side of the middle ground (that is the harbor). He held that if such were the case Dingwell's wharf would become a great boon to the people along the Bay, as a vessel could take in part of her cargo there and complete loading at the harbor.

H. D. McEwen said that by the authority of the British North America Act, all Provincial public works, wharves, piers, river improvements, etc., belong to the Dominion of Canada, because the land on which they are or may be built is the property of Canada. We have a right, therefore, to look to the Dominion Government for wharf building or repairing. He also showed that King's County in particular is anything but treated properly—coming in almost every time for the lamb's share of public improvements. He said that a wharf at the harbor is just what is required to develop trade there, and that this trade would extend itself to the populous farming district around St. Peter's Bay.

Several other speakers followed, after which the following resolution was put to the meeting and unanimously carried:

Whereas, The people of the large farming districts represented here have no wharf accommodation by which they can procure limestone, lumber, coal, ship produce, fish, etc.;

And Whereas, A small sum of money properly expended would place this much needed public work at the mouth of St. Peter's Harbor, opposite the plank causeway, recently built by our Local Government;

Therefore Resolved, That the Dominion Government be requested to give this matter their careful consideration, and see the necessity of placing in the estimates a sum sufficient to complete this work.

Further Resolved, That a petition in accordance with these resolutions be immediately circulated for signature in the various settlements here represented.

Still Further Resolved, That when the Dominion Government take this matter in hand, that our Local Government be requested to extend the plank road to said wharf—improving the approaches thereto, etc.

J. H. Dingwell submitted the following resolution which was carried unanimously:

Resolved, That the Government be requested to repair Dingwell's wharf, as it would be a great advantage to shippers on account of the railway running along side of it, and being in the centre of a large and populous farming section of the country.

Messrs. C. H. Vanidestine, R. N. Cox, H. D. McEwen, J. H. Dingwell and James Phelan were appointed to execute the petition to the Governor-General of Canada in Council. It was also

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this meeting that at least one of our local representatives should have been present or sent a letter giving reasons for their absence. And be it

Further Resolved, That the minutes of this meeting be sent to THE EXAMINER, Patriot and Summerside Journal for publication.

C. H. VANIDESTINE,
Secretary.

(Patriot and Journal please copy.)

Local and Other Items.

PREVALENT.—Our exchanges report that whooping cough is prevalent at Richibucto.

Did you notice that fine head of hair at church last Sunday? That was Mrs. B. She never permits herself to be out of Hall's Hair Renewer.

SAD NEWS.—We regret to learn that Mr. John McLean, M. P. P., received a telegram on Saturday informing him that his father is very ill and not expected to recover.

FAIRVIEW CONCERT.—Our correspondent's account of the Fairview Concert was received too late for insertion in THE EXAMINER. The concert was a very pleasing affair.

RELIGIOUS SERVICE.—The sacrament of the Lord's Supper was dispensed at Bay Fortune Church last Sunday, the Rev. Mr. Mason, of Georgetown, assisting the pastor in the services.

LUCKY BROTHERS.—It is reported in Victoria B. C., that two brothers named McAllister—the one a pilot and the other a grocer—have been left a million dollars by the death of a brother in Scotland.

"Ayer's Medicines have been satisfactory to me throughout my practice, especially Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which has been used by many of my patients, one of whom says he knows it saved his life."—F. L. Morris, M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

SCARLET FEVER.—The St. John Board of Health has issued stringent regulations regarding contagious diseases, among them one which provides that infected houses be placarded. This is the outcome of the scarlet fever panic.

NO ICE.—There is no ice to be seen off Souris, and that harbor is as open now as in midsummer. There is little or no ice, either, off the North Side. It is thought that the Magdalen Islands steamer could begin running almost immediately, as the strong westerly wind of Thursday last has pretty well cleared the Gulf.

CANADIAN HISTORY.—A large number of graduates and undergraduates of the McGill University, Montreal, have signed a petition to the faculty of arts, asking it to place the study of Canadian history on its curriculum, on the same base as the study of the history of England, Greece and Rome.

HAD BEEN BOTH.—An exchange says that "Amongst the replies to an advertisement of a musical committee for a candidate as organist, music teacher," etc., was the following: "Gentlemen—I noticed your advertisement for an organist and music teacher, either lady or gentleman. Having been both for several years, I offer my services."

AN HISTORICAL LETTER.—A Rochester, N. Y. man has unearthed the following historical letter of undoubted genuineness:

HEADQUARTERS F. B., BUFFALO, N. Y.,
May 20th, 1870.

To D. A. Curran, Rochester, N. Y.:
Dear sir and brother—You are hereby directed to forward all men who are willing to fight for Ireland to Malone N. Y., starting on Monday evening, May 23rd 1870.

(Signed) JOHN O'NEIL, President F. B.
H. LE CARON, Adjt. General.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY AT SOURIS.—The members of the Benevolent Irish Society of Souris marched in procession to St. Mary's Church at 10 a. m., where High Mass was celebrated by Rev. Dr. Walker, of Rollo Bay parish. The Rev. gentleman afterwards delivered a highly interesting and instructive address on the life and labors of St. Patrick, Ireland's Patron Saint. He said that many countries claimed the honor of being his birthplace, but it matters little whether he was of French, Scotch or Irish birth. All that was necessary to know was that he was one of the most remarkable men that ever lived, as well as one of the greatest Saints that ever trod this earth.

Rev. Mr. Gordon's Departure.

Rev. J. A. Gordon, who, some time since, was induced to resign the pastorate of Leinster Street Baptist Church, to take the position of superintendent of the Union Baptist Seminary, has, as before stated, accepted a very hearty and unanimous call to the pastorate of the First Baptist Church of Charlottetown, P. E. I., his native province. Mr. Gordon expects to leave the city for his new field of labor to-day. Mr. Gordon's pastorate in this city was characterized with more than ordinary success, as the growth in membership, congregation, as well as in financial strength, clearly show. On Sunday evening, in the presence of one of the largest audiences ever seen in the church, Mr. Gordon baptized his two sons in the fellowship of the church, Rev. Mr. Botterell, also baptizing seven others. Mr. Gordon's departure will be much regretted. During his ministrations here, he endeared himself to his congregation, and outside of his own church, as well as upon the public platform, he was ever ready to assist in the advocacy of any good cause. Besides, Mr. Gordon was a good citizen, and by his free and cordial manner he made friends of all with whom he came in contact. If in his new field of labor he meets with the same success that he met with here, the congregation of the First Baptist Church in Charlottetown will soon increase as well in numbers as in financial strength.—St. John Telegraph.

Five hundred British immigrants sail by the Parisian, on the 14th inst., mostly for the Northwest. Five hundred Canadian settlers started from Toronto, on the 14th inst., for the same destination. If this wholesome influx keeps up a little while Manitoba's superabundant politics will be distributed over so big a population that the prairie provincials will be able to go about their work without creating the impression that the constitutional boiler is just about to burst, or that a Dakota blizzard is cabined in their craniums.

Our balance of winter goods at a big discount.—D. A. Bruce. mar 11