

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1883.

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THE DAILY EXAMINER
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50
Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-
ment, on application.

ALMANAC FOR MAY, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon 6th day, 5h. 45m. p. m.
First Quarter, 13th day, 6h. 41m. p. m.
Half Moon, 21st day, 11h. 59m. p. m.
New Moon, 29th day, 10h. 10a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Days in Month
1	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	31
2	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
3	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
4	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	

MOEN & COYLE,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.
Whiting, Tinting, Paper Hanging, Grain-
ing, Glazing, etc.
All orders promptly attended to.
207—WEST END DORCHESTER STREET.
Ch'town, April 19—lm pd

McLEOD & MORSON
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.
OFFICES:
Morm Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post
Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island,
Bankers' Bank of Halifax Building, Sum-
merside, P. E. Island.
MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at
liberate interest.
W. A. O. MORSON.
Nov. 24, '82—pres her

JOHN MACEACHERN,
(Late of Italian Warehouse)
AGENT FOR
Royal Fire Insurance Company, of
England,
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance
Company, of England,
City of London Fire Insurance Co.,
of England.
REMOVED
His Office to his New Building,
Queen and King Sts.—Up Stairs.
Ch'town, Dec. 7, '82.

INSURANCE OFFICE.
Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
Lancashire Insurance Company
CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS
Insurance effected on all kinds of property
at current rates. Losses settled promptly
and equitably.
DESBRISAY & ANGUS,
General Agents,
100—South Side Queen Square.
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

Bank of Nova Scotia.
ESTABLISHED 1832.
Paid up Capital . . . \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000
An Agency of this Bank will be opened on
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building
occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward
Island, under the management of the under-
signed.
Deposits of all kinds received on interest, and
drawings passed on.
The various Agencies and
branches of the Bank.
Other banking business bought and
sold.
D. C. CHALMERS,
Agent.
Feb. 24, 1882.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,
QUEEN STREET.
Sign of the Lion, Queen Street
Ch'town, March 28—e d wky

LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY
AN ANALYTICAL SANITARY INSTITUTION
54, Holborn-viaduct, E.C., London, Aug. 8, '79
Report on the LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY:
"We have visited the bottling stores of
Greenlees Brothers, and have selected
from the vats, samples of their Lorne
Highland Whisky, and have subjected
them to careful examination and analysis.
The samples were very fine, and of a
pleasant flavor, and possessed all
the characteristics of pure and well-
matured Scotch Whisky of the first
quality."
"ARTHUR HILL, HANSALL, M. D.,
"OTTO HENNER, F. C. S., F. I. C."
Agent: OWEN CONNOLLY
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Feb. 24, 1882.

ARCHIBALD McNEIL & FORBES
SHIPPING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
44 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.
Cash advanced on consignments of Island
produce. Agency for canned goods solicited
for New York. Apply to
C. H. McNEILL,
AGENT.
Ch'town, April 28, 1883

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
(ROSS MARKET)
BOSTON, MASS.
Eggs and Produce a Specialty.
April 26, 1883.—wky tf

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,
And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any per-
son who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound
health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no
equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold every where, or sent by mail for
eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA
CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS,
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough,
Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the
Spine and Lame Back. Sold every where. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY
CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST
LIFE INSURANCE
IN THE WORLD.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.
\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working
under Government License.
An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance
at its actual cost.
Good Canvassers Wanted.
LEONARD MORRIS,
General Agent for P. E. Island.
Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—ly

FURNITURE, FURNITURE,
AT COST.
Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.
BEDSTEADS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room
Bedroom Suits, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and
Picture Mouldings.
JOHN NEWSON.
Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—ly

TO LET,
The Business Premises Known as
83 Queen Street,
Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine.
JAS. DESBRISAY.
Charlottetown, Dec. 29, 1882.—tf

1847. Canada Life Assurance Company. 1882.
Capital and Funds over . . . 5,600,000 Dollars.
Annual Income over . . . 1,000,000 Dollars.
HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON, ONT.
Managing Director and Pres't: A. G. RAMSAY.
Secretary: R. HILLS.
Superintendent: ALEX. RAMSAY.

Abstract of 35th Annual Report to 30th April, 1882:
1. Assets 30th April, 1882. \$5,064,506.65
2. Income for the year. 1,008,164.31
3. Income from interest (particulars in above). 271,232.62
4. Claims by death and matured endowments. 212,041.86
5. Do. as estimated by the Company's tables and provided for. 362,268.00
6. Difference in Company's favor between actual and estimated death rate. 156,816.14
7. Excess of interest revenue over of a claims. 59,199.76
TOTAL ON THE COMPANY'S BOOKS EXCEEDS A FOURTH OF THE ENTIRE AMOUNT IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.
NEW INSURANCES in nearly a FORTY FIFTH OF THE RETURNS OF 1881 OF THE 24 LICENSED COMPANIES.
TOTAL ON THE COMPANY'S BOOKS EXCEEDS A FOURTH OF THE ENTIRE AMOUNT IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.
BONUS ADDITIONS to Life Policies for the past fifteen years have added \$375 to each \$1,000 of Assurance.
CASH PROFITS for same period have been from 35 to 39 per cent. of all premiums paid according to age
at entry.

Abstract of Life Insurance in Canada for the Year 1881:
(Condensed from the Superintendent's Annual Report for 1881)
Premiums for year. Amount of Policies. Number of Policies. Net Amount in force
New. in force at date. at date.
Canada Life. \$668,111 \$3,914,780 18,995 \$24,904,171
Citizens. 21,168 138,700 697 1,032,254
Confederation. 214,785 1,917,214 5,378 8,038,279
S. & C. 57,597 429,000 1,263 1,571,598
Life. 34,353 1,410,324 1,816 1,127,212
Life. 18,564 1,671,768 3,647 4,940,157
Life. 403,597 1,821,362 9,087 11,570,308
Life. 231,365 1,079,000 2,965 6,449,017
Equitable. 94,804 472,060 1,926 2,888,628
Union Mutual. 194,724 1,072,600 3,289 6,870,014
* Including Industrial Business.
** Intending Insurers can judge from the foregoing as to where they can place their patronage with the
greatest SAFETY and ADVANTAGE.
MARITIME PROVINCE BRANCH—169 Hollis Street, Halifax, N. S.
D. H. MacGARVEY, Secretary.
P. McARREN, General Agent for N. S., P. E. I. and N. F.
Honorary Directors for P. E. Island—Chas. Faine, Esq.; W. E. Dawson, Esq.; Hon. W. W. Sullivan; Geo.
R. Boer, Esq.; Hon. J. S. Carvell; R. L. Hodgson, Esq.
Local Advertiser at Charlottetown—F. H. Boer, Esq.; M. D. W. H. McKir, Esq.; M. D.
with Agencies in Summerside, Souris, Georgetown, Crapaud, and Montague
W. H. McLEAN,
Agent for Charlottetown.
Nov. 4, 1880.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE,
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.
OFFICIAL SUMMARY.
SATURDAY, April 21.
Mr. SPEAKER took the Chair at 11 30 a.m.
Mr. McMillan asked if the Government
intend to extend the block attached to
the south side of Vernon River Bridge, for
shipping purposes, etc.
Mr. CAMPBELL said that the Provincial
Government had nothing to do with ex-
tending the wharves, as they are the
property of the Dominion.
Mr. PERE asked for all correspondence
regarding the letting of the Montague
Wharves in 1882.
Mr. FERGUSON laid the correspondence
on the table, and also a statement and re-
turns of the Bank of P. E. Island.
An Act to incorporate the Freetown Hall
Company, and an Act relating to the care
and maintenance of idiots, lunatics, and
persons of unsound mind, were severally
read a third time and passed.
The House went into Committee of the
Whole, and adopted certain resolutions re-
lating to Georgetown and Common, which
were reported to the House, and a Bill in
accordance therewith presented and read a
first time, and ordered to be read a second
time on Monday.
On motion that the House resolve itself
into Committee of the Whole to further
consider a Supply to Her Majesty,—
Mr. YEO moved in amendment, that the
House do not now go into Committee, but
that it be resolved,—
Whereas, A delegation of three members of
the Executive Council have recently visited
Ottawa, with a view to effect an arrangement
with the Dominion Government, that the
latter would assume the charges for improving
and maintaining all piers on the foreshores of
this Island, and refund to the Government of
this Province all moneys expended upon the
said piers since the 1st July, 1875;
And Whereas, By the despatches laid on the
Table of this House, relating to the mission of
the said delegation, and the negotiations now
pending with the Dominion Government, there
is no promise, guarantee or assurance given
on the part of the latter, that they will
assume hereafter the improving and maintain-
ing of said piers, as a charge upon the Domi-
nion Government, or refund this Province
all or any of the money expended on the
aforesaid structures since this Island entered
Confederation.
Therefore Resolved, That this House believe
that, in providing "ways and means" for the
expenditure of the Province for the current
year, the Government are not justified in de-
pending upon one-seventh of the Revenue
being raised from refunds from the Dominion
Government, for piers, which refund the said
Government have not, so far, acknowledged
their liability to pay.
Mr. YEO said that this resolution might
have been moved before, but he had no
idea that the Government would include
this amount, when estimating their receipts.
From the papers before the House, there
was no guarantee that the Dominion Gov-
ernment would take charge of our wharves,
or pay us any amount for them. We did
not know what private assurances the dele-
gates might have received. He trusted we
would get all that had been stated and
more, for we needed it all, as our finances
were bad. It was premature to make a cal-
culation of the kind, and it was time enough
to spend it when received; it was ridiculous
to base our estimates on what was contained
in the papers before the House. If the
Dominion Government was bound to take
our piers it was merely a matter of negotia-
tion. The delegates had suggested a pay-
ment on account, but had received no
answer, if the Dominion Government had
assented, the Government would have been
justified in estimating upon this sum. They
had asked for a decided answer, but had re-
ceived none. The Dominion Government
had offered to make a grant of the sites to
the local authorities, or to companies, and
they had promised to cause an examination
of the structures, but no promise to pay
any part of the claim; yet the Government
calculated to receive one-seventh of the
current year's revenue from this source.
Suppose that the Commissioners, appointed
to examine these wharves, considered very
few of them to be Dominion works and
suggested payment of only a certain sum,
our Government would be found to take
that sum. The amount which had been
mentioned as to be received was very con-
siderable, but it would not last more than
two or three years. It would be better for
the Government to make provision from
other sources for this year. From the
practice pursued in the other Provinces,
we had a strong right to expect that the
Dominion Government would take these
works off our hands. Last year we had
been told that, for some time to come,
there would be no necessity for re-enacting
the Assessment Act. Then, this money
was never dreamt of—why not now raise a
revenue independent of this amount. The
Government had misled the country, it was
impossible for them to conduct the affairs
of the country without taxation.
Mr. PERE seconded the amendment, and
said, that the Government might as well es-
timate what they expect to receive from
the Fishery Award, or \$500,000 compensa-
tion for the nonfulfilment of the Terms of
Confederation. Whatever we were going
to get for the wharves, if we ever got any-
thing, was in the far distance. The Privy
Council and the delegates did not agree
upon the question. The Dominion Gov-
ernment had offered to give us back all
the wharves, if we would maintain them.
No examination had yet been made, it
would take a good deal of time. The Com-
missioners would have to report, and what-
ever sum they recommend and would have
to be voted by Parliament before it would be
available. It was unfair and unjust to the
people for the Government to build their
revenue upon imaginary estimates. They
had no right to expect one dollar more from
the Land Office than what they received

last year. Very nearly one-half of this
year's revenue was founded upon supposition.
The Government were trying to deceive the
people.
The debate was adjourned, and at 1.30
p. m., the House adjourned for one hour.
After recess, the Speaker took the Chair
at 3.30 p. m.
The House went into Committee of the
Whole to further consider the expediency of
introducing a Bill to prevent the spread of
the Potato Bug.
Mr. FERGUSON concurred in the opin-
ion expressed by some members,
that it would be preferable to
give the people power at the annual
School meeting to appoint an Inspector,
but where this was neglected to be done, it
should be the duty of the Ministers to step
in and assume the powers of the Inspector.
After considerable discussion upon the
details of the proposed measure, the
Speaker took the Chair, and the Chairman
reported certain resolutions agreed to. A
Committee was appointed to bring in a Bill
in accordance therewith, which was accord-
ingly done, and read a first time.
The debate on the resolutions submitted
by Mr. YEO in the forenoon was resumed.
Mr. SINCLAIR said that Mr. Sullivan had
stated that \$36,000, or as much as we should
require, would be received this year from
the Dominion Government as the result of
the negotiations with them in regard to the
piers. He had searched the papers before
the House in vain for one solitary promise.
The minute of the Privy Council was care-
fully worded so that they should not bind
themselves to pay as one dollar. What
grounds, therefore, were there for expecting
\$36,000. In their first interview with the
Dominion Government, the delegates were
told that if the piers belonged to the Domi-
nion, they were willing to hand them
back to the Province, the offer had been de-
clined, and was subsequently renewed. This
showed clearly that they had no intention
of accepting these works. Their next offer
was to make an examination of the struc-
tures, and this was the only promise which
the delegates received. The Dominion
Government seemed to be very doubtful of
any of these wharves belonged to them, and
they agreed to examine the claims for in-
demnity, and whether any and what sum
should be paid the Province. In the face
of this the Government estimated that they
would receive \$36,000. The examination
must first be made, and a report obtained as
to whether the wharves are of general public
importance or not. It was evidently their
opinion that common wharves in rivers did
not belong to them, for they spoke of general
public importance. The report of the
examiners would be submitted to the
Dominion Government and it was hard
to get a quorum of the Cabinet to-
gether in Summer time. They would then
have to lay the report before Parliam-
ent. Admitting that these wharves are
Dominion works, and that we had spent
money on them, in point of law we had
no claim for a refund, as it was a voluntary
action on our part. There was no preced-
ent in any Legislature for calculating upon
what we did not know that we should re-
ceive, and admitting that our claim was
good, we would not get one dollar of it
this year. That disposed of \$36,000
of the estimated revenues. The receipts from
the Land Office were calculated at too high a figure by \$10,000.
Education had been placed at \$1,700 less
than was spent on it last year, maintenance
of Hospital for the Insane, \$1,000 less, and
the Poorhouse \$600 less. These were ex-
penditures which must be met, and unless
the Government came forward with more
correct figures, he trusted that the vote
would not be given them. There was the
item of \$36,000, as well as some \$15,000
more, that would not be realized this year,
and how would this deficiency be met?
What would be our position if our piers were
all handed over to some incorporated
Company. If such a thing should happen,
and the Company had power to exact tolls
and dues, we would then find that we had
never made a worse bargain. The Govern-
ment either did not know what they were
doing, or they were doing what they knew
was wrong.
The debate was further adjourned, and
at 6.10 p. m., the House adjourned for one
hour.
(To be continued)

Insurance Statistics.
The following statements are from the
Insurance returns submitted to Parliament:
Names of Companies. Amount of
Fire Risks.
British America. \$15,876,614
Citizens. 20,544,461
London Mutual Life. 38,015,954
Quebec. 6,416,690
Royal Canadian. 20,225,715
Sovereign. 18,968,711
Western. 32,496,734
City of London. 7,128,492
Commercial Union. 31,656,268
Fire Insurance Association. 11,050,799
Guardian. 9,452,518
Imperial. 18,848,532
Lancashire. 22,810,434
Liverpool and London and Globe
London and Lancashire. 8,200,171
London Assurance. 8,126,137
North British. 24,564,165
Northern. 13,540,882
Norwich Union. 8,328,533
Phoenix of London. 20,916,440
Queen. 20,523,620
Royal. 55,870,826
Scottish Imperial. 8,747,159
Scottish Union and National. 3,494,550
Agricultural of Watertown. 7,293,850
Agricultural of Watertown. 14,108,104
Harford. 10,658,292
Phoenix of Brooklyn. 2,580,469

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
is very valuable for professional men. It
supplies the phosphates which are always lost
by severe mental labor.

Recapitulation.
18 Canadian Companies. \$152,664,079
17 British Companies. 3,920,454
4 American Companies. 34,772,545
Total. \$251,356,078

W. H. McLEAN,
Agent for Charlottetown.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,
QUEEN STREET.

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