

## OUT OF 2,000 CLAIMS

Against an Accident Co. for last year, 631 were for accidents caused to pedestrians walking on the sidewalk

### THE OCEAN ACCIDENT

Insures against all kinds of accidents. Its premiums are low, and it issues a good policy.

**E. R. Brown**  
General Agent  
Charlottetown

## THE DAILY EXAMINER.

APRIL 10, 1897.

### THE ESTIMATES.

The estimates of both Dominion and Provincial Governments are liberal this year. But the question is, where is the money to come from? And the answer is, out of the people's pockets.

We note that the Government organ report that \$7,500 are to be expended upon a survey of the proposed Southern railway and that \$9,000 will be expended upon the proposed Hillsborough bridge. These items are in addition to those already reported by THE EXAMINER. We are glad to see them, and we hope that the money will be legitimately applied and not used to indirectly promote the re-election of the Peters Administration. Political log-rolling between the Dominion and Provincial Governments, such as we now see in Nova Scotia, is one of the evils which menace our Federal constitution.

In the year ending 30th June, 1896,—the last year of the Conservative administration—the expenditures on account of consolidated fund amounted to \$36,949,142.03; and next year they are to be, according to the estimates, \$38,111,000. The amounts to be expended upon capital account will bring the total expenditures up to \$44,607,000—not to speak of the supplementary estimates—which, we hope, will include sums providing for cold storage in P. E. Island, and the subsidy of an ocean steamer to ply between this Province and Great Britain. For the six-and-a-half millions to be charged to capital account, the country will, of course, have to go into debt; and their will be a deficit of \$3,000,000 or \$4,000,000 this year to be added to that great sum. All this money the Government must borrow in England.

Turning to the Provincial estimates, we note that they amount to \$306,301.00. This is exclusive of the fool item of "a sum sufficient" to bore for coal, which need not be taken into account. Last year the total expenditures (apart from payments of road orders, etc., dated this year for work done last year) amounted to \$287,631.27, and it is estimated that they will this year be \$18,669.73 more. Last year we ran into debt to the extent of nearly \$15,000, and this year we shall (unless our taxes are materially increased) run into debt to the extent of \$33,000. This is according to the estimate. But remembering that this is an election year, and remembering also the results of our last election year, the deficit is more likely to be \$150,000.00.

Now, the questions for the people to consider are, can we afford these additional burdens? and is this what the electors were led to expect when they placed their confidence in the gentlemen who comprise and support the present administration?

The records of expenditures by Hon. Mr. Sullivan and Hon. Mr. Peters are instructive and suggestive. We quote:

SULLIVAN GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE.	
1880.....	\$257,308.38
1881.....	261,275.51
1882.....	257,228.03
1883.....	276,477.40
1884.....	279,545.30
1885.....	266,317.75
1886.....	304,466.65
1887.....	288,052.13
1888.....	279,939.40
1889.....	263,604.84

PETERS GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE.	
1891.....	\$304,486.41
1892.....	283,303.57
1893.....	337,415.36
1894.....	302,634.19
1895.....	310,177.20
1896—less expenditures unaccounted for and carried over	287,631.27
1897—estimated.....	306,301.00

In the former case there was an average annual expenditure of \$272,821.54, and in the latter case there is an average annual expenditure of \$304,564.14.

The people are now in a position to judge which party gave them the most satisfaction for their money.

Looking at the estimates of the Dominion Government and the estimates of the Provincial Government, we see only the certain

prospect of increasing debt and heavier burdens to hamper the progress of the country. The feeling of the independent electors who voted for these Governments in the hope that their burdens of taxation would be reduced must be one of deep disappointment.

### PROFESSOR ROBERTSON'S CIRCULAR.

PROFESSOR ROBERTSON has issued a circular letter to the shareholders and patrons of the Dairying Companies in Prince Edward Island. He refers to the successful issue of last year's operations and says the outlook for the cheese factories in Prince Edward Island for the coming season is as good as it has been at any time since they were established, and that the present market conditions point to a steady and active demand for cheese and butter during the coming season. Then he adds:—

"I am directed by the Honorable Minister of Agriculture to state that the Department will withdraw from the commercial responsibility, and from the actual management of all the cheese factories and creameries in Prince Edward Island, after the end of April of the present year. The Department will continue two travelling instructors in cheese-making and butter-making, to visit all the factories on the Island frequently and regularly. They will give instruction and advice to the several cheese-makers and butter-makers, and report on the factories and quality of the cheese and butter to the directors."

Professor Robertson acknowledges the generous assistance and co-operation that he has received from shareholders, patrons and public generally and points to several improvements which he says should be planned for and enthusiastically worked for. These are (1) an increase and improvement in beef, bacon and ham trades; (2) the application of cold storage methods to the handling of poultry and eggs, with great increase in their production and improvement of the quality as supplied to the ultimate consumers; and (3) direct and regular steamship communication between the Island and Great Britain.

### OBITUARY.

It is with feelings of sadness, we are called upon today to chronicle the death of Mrs. Philip Riley, of Dundas, which occurred last night at the P. E. I. Hospital. About two weeks ago a dangerous canceration was removed from her breast. Recovering from this operation, she seemed to be progressing favorably and hopes were entertained for her recovery up till Wednesday night, when a reaction set in which resulted fatally. She leaves a husband, four sons and two daughters, besides a large circle of other relatives and friends. But they mourn not as those without hope, for she died as she had lived, a consistent and true follower of Jesus Christ, being a member of the Presbyterian Church of Dundas. Her many deeds of kindness to the needy and afflicted will receive in Heaven a most gracious reward. In all respects she was a faithful wife and a devoted mother, and possessed qualities of mind and heart which endeared her to all with whom she came in contact. Her remains, accompanied by her son, depart this afternoon by the eastern train for Dundas. (Guardian and Patriot please copy)

### NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—As its answer to the complaint of the public that nothing is being done in the Legislature or in Parliament, the Patriot asks: "Has the Tory daily organ of this city forgotten the delays of business caused by the dissensions in the Tory Government during the first months of 1896?" The delays referred to by our contemporary presaged the downfall of the Tory ministry. Are we to infer that the Patriot expects a like result of the delays and dissensions of which we now complain?

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

As a compliment to the Emperor William when he visits Russia, the Czar will make all his public speeches in German, following the example of Alexander II. of Russia on a similar occasion.

## YES..... IT IS TRUE

You can buy complete Hardwood Bedroom Suits at our store for \$11.00 and \$13.00—7 pieces each. Better ones up to \$75.00. 23 different grades, any of them easily the best value on the market.

**Mark Wright & Co., Ltd.**

HOME MAKERS.

### THE ABYSS OF SPACE.

BY A BANKER.

If we take a section of a photographic chart of the stars as produced by the camera attached to any of the large astronomical telescopes at our observatories, we find that the whole surface of the chart is thickly studded with stars in inconceivable numbers; multiplies; if we then inspect a portion of the star-chart of the same portion of the heaven, taken by the gigantic apparatus at the observatory on Mount Hamilton, that countless profusion of brilliant points is immensely multiplied; and if the skill of our manufactures were equal to the task of constructing a lens of double that size doubtless the entire chart would present absolutely no blanks whatever, but the whole surface would be completely covered with an immense array of stars, with absolutely no open space visible at any point. A far-seeing oversight was as penetrating and far-reaching as the eagle eye of the camera, aided by such a lens, on a clear midnight sky; the terrible abyss of endless space would be almost completely shut out from our vision by the infinite phalanx of scintillating heavenly bodies; some few resplendently brilliant, some effulgent with flashing rays of glittering and varied hues, some periodically losing their lustre, and anon stated inervals regaining it, while the vast majority would be removed such an illimitable and incalculable distance that they would appear but as mere points of light crowded together as thickly as sand upon the seashore. And if one could in imagination be transported to the most distant of those starry points and still look upward, probably the spectacle would be the same—stars in boundless and appalling multitude, a never-ceasing (to finite comprehension) brilliant array, prodigious and amazing.

Yet though apparently almost touching, stars are each removed from the other, distances which to our limited powers are in most cases incalculable, and doubtless from any one of them the view of the starry hosts would be precisely the same as is the view of the firmament from our earth. To give some conception of the distances of neighbouring stars, that which is considered to be the nearest star to the earth, Alpha Centauri, is so far removed that although light travels 192,000 miles a second, 1,600,000,000 miles a day, a ray would require 33 years to reach us, while from the bright star Capella no less than 72 years would elapse before a ray of light travelling at that prodigious pace would flash to this earth. Even double stars, as they are called, are very far apart, that in the constellation of the Swan being reckoned to be 100,000,000 miles distant from its close companion.

And each one in all those untold myriads is a vast, self-light-giving, and heat-giving sun; multitudes of them being greatly larger in size than our sun (assuming the intrinsic intensity of the light of Sirius to be identical with that of the sun, the bulk of that star is calculated to be 125 times greater than that of our luminary), and all of them without doubt the centre of a planetary system, surrounded by worlds to which they impart the necessary light and heat required to support life; not all of them, however, yet habitable; for even in our own solar system some of the planets are not yet in a sufficiently mature state to render it possible for beings constituted as we are to live upon them. Jupiter, for instance, will not attain to the present condition of the earth for perhaps millions of years, and the destiny of Neptune is calculated to be at present less than that of sea water. But we may assume that in the course of the ages they will all become habitable, and inhabited by intelligent beings; probably beings like ourselves; for as we are created in the image of the Creator of the whole, it is a fair conclusion that the inhabitants of other worlds will also be in the same form.

But of all that stupendous and mighty host of worlds, that amazing and astounding display of the overwhelming power and majesty of the Omnipotent Creator, this little, insignificant earth of ours must ever, throughout the long eons of eternity, remain the one spot in God's Universe upon which must be centred the entranced interest of the inhabitants, present and future, of the entire array, and of the ten thousand times ten thousands of the angelic hosts. For on this hallowed spot, He, the great Creator, made the one Atonement, by the sacrifice of Himself, which will avail throughout the eons as a substitutionary punishment of the sins of each and every inhabitant, who will but choose to accept of it, of doubtless of each one of all that mighty and astounding assemblage of worlds, existing and to exist.

## LOVERS OF MILLINERY



## WILL HAVE A FORETASTE OF EASTER NOVELTIES

Awaiting them next week for early Easter trade.

NOTHING IS TOO FINE FOR

## THE CH'TOWN LADIES' RECEPTION DAY---EASTER.

Only a foretaste of fashions for early spring wear. The public expects much from Charlottetown's Greatest Store.

## ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS

are the favorites this season. "A whole flower garden on one hat," says the Americans. Our Miss Malone will be pleased to see you.

## JAS. PATON & CO'Y.

### NEW STOCK NOW OPENING

Ladies' Hats,  
Flowers,  
Blouses,  
Shirt Waists.

**T. J HARRIS**

LONDON HOUSE.....

### A Snap in Boneless Fish

Having a large stock of Boneless Fish on hand, and wishing to reduce it at once, we have decided to make a big reduction in the price. For a few days we will offer a

30 lb. Box Boneless Fish for 95c

This is first-class stock, put up only a few weeks ago by one of our best packers, and we guarantee every box of it.

### BEER & GOFF ANNUAL FANCY SALE

THE LADIES OF  
ST. JAMES' CHURCH  
WILL HOLD THEIR  
Annual Fancy Sale and Tea

—ON  
Thursday, April 22nd  
—IN THE—  
ST. JAMES' HALL

Doors open at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon. Tea from 5 to 8 o'clock  
Admission 10c. Tea Tickets, 25 cents  
74.—135

## Wall Papers! Wall Papers!



A fine assortment of American and Canadian Wall Papers now in stock. For Prices and quality we will not be beaten. Have a look at our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

**McMILLAN & HORNSBY**

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