

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURYPIIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1883.

VOL 13.--NO. 26.

**THE DAILY EXAMINER**  
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
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AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.  
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Three Months, 1 25  
One Month, 0 50  
Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-  
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR JUNE, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
New Moon 4th day, midnight.  
First Quarter, 12th day, 10h. 29m. a. m.  
Full Moon, 20th day, 0h. 19m. p. m.  
Last quarter 27th day, 3h. 25m. a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Low water	Len. h.
1 Friday	4 17	7 38	1 43	7 42			15 39
2 Saturday	5 17	8 39	2 18	8 41			
3 Sunday	6 16	9 40	3 1	9 32			
4 Monday	7 16	10 41	3 46	10 19			
5 Tuesday	8 15	11 42	4 39	11 4			
6 Wednesday	9 15	12 42	5 39	11 46			
7 Thursday	10 14	1 43	6 44	morn			
8 Friday	11 14	2 44	7 50	0 28			
9 Saturday	12 14	3 44	8 55	1 7	15 47		
10 Sunday	1 14	4 45	10 0	1 48			
11 Monday	2 13	5 45	11 2	2 30			
12 Tuesday	3 13	6 46	12 3	3 18			
13 Wednesday	4 13	7 46	1 3	4 15			
14 Thursday	5 13	8 47	1 58	5 20			
15 Friday	6 13	9 47	3 2	6 27			
16 Saturday	7 13	10 48	4 2	7 28	15 51		
17 Sunday	8 13	11 48	5 1	8 20			
18 Monday	9 13	12 49	5 59	9 5			
19 Tuesday	10 13	1 49	6 54	9 47			
20 Wednesday	11 13	2 49	7 41	10 27			
21 Thursday	12 13	3 49	8 23	11 4			
22 Friday	1 13	4 49	9 9	11 44			
23 Saturday	2 13	5 49	9 45	12 22	15 52		
24 Sunday	3 13	6 49	10 1	1 0			
25 Monday	4 13	7 49	10 47	1 43			
26 Tuesday	5 13	8 49	11 15	2 28			
27 Wednesday	6 13	9 49	11 46	3 24			
28 Thursday	7 13	10 49	12 16	4 26			
29 Friday	8 13	11 49	12 23	5 53			
30 Saturday	9 13	12 49	1 0	7 21			

**BOSTON STEAMERS.**

**STEAMERS:**  
Carroll, 879 tons, Capt. Brown,  
Worcester, 865 tons, Capt. Blankenship

ONE of the above FIRST-CLASS STEAMERS will leave  
Charlottetown for Boston

EVERY

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AT 5 P. M.

PASSENGERS will find this the Cheapest  
and most pleasant trip to Boston. Accommo-  
dations on both steamers are splendid.

**CARVELL BROS.,**  
AGENTS,  
Ch'town, May 17, 1883.—pat her sj

**P. E. ISLAND**

**Steam Navigation Co'y.**

**STEAMERS ST. LAWRENCE AND**  
**PRINCESS OF WALES.**

**SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.**  
Commencing Wednesday, 16th May, 1883.

**NOVA SCOTIA.**

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou Landing  
every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and  
Saturday mornings, at 7 o'clock, connecting  
there with the Train for Halifax. Returning  
to Charlottetown on Monday, Wednesday Friday  
and Saturday, about 2 p. m., on arrival of  
Train from Halifax.

Leave Pictou Landing for Georgetown on  
Thursday, on arrival of train at 2 p. m.

Leave Georgetown for Pictou Landing  
every Friday morning, at 5 a. m.

**NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA AND THE**  
**UNITED STATES.**

Leave Summerside every day (Sunday  
excepted) on arrival of Train from Charlot-  
tewtown, connecting at Shediac with  
Trains for each of the above named places;  
and at St. John, with steamers of the Interna-  
tional Company and Railway for Portland and  
Boston. Also leave Charlottetown for Sum-  
merside every Monday morning at 1 o'clock.  
Returning, leave Shediac every day (Sundays  
excepted) on arrival of day train from St.  
John, for Summerside, connecting there with  
Train for Charlottetown. Also leave Sum-  
merside for Charlottetown every Saturday  
evening, about 5 o'clock.

By order,  
F. W. HALES,  
Charlottetown, May 15, 1883. Secretary.

**MOORE'S FARINA**

SUPERIOR to Corn Starch or any prepar-  
ation of a similar kind. Sold

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

AT THE

**LONDON HOUSE.**

Ch'town, May 7th, 1883.—lf

**Notice of Removal.**

MRS. MACLEAN desires to inform the  
Ladies of Charlottetown that she has  
removed to Queen Street, next door to W. F.  
Carter's Confectionery Store, where she  
hopes to secure a continuance of the patron-  
age so liberally bestowed in her former  
place of business. Also, that she has added  
Millinery to her stock, and has on hand all  
the newest shapes in Hats and Bonnets,  
Flowers, Feathers, etc., just opened. Also  
Laces in Black, Brown, Cream and White  
New Buttons, New Frillings, Tubular Braids  
Buckles, Causases, etc., etc. New Fancy  
Work expected soon. Hats and Bonnets made  
and trimmed to order.

May 11.—5w eod

**The Percheron Horse**

**'HAVRE'**

WILL make the season in  
P. E. Island, standing at T.  
Campbell's Stables, Char-  
lottetown, as follows:—

May 28th, 29th, June 1st, 2nd, 12th, 13th,  
14th, 15th, 16th, 20th, 27th, 28th, 29th and  
30th, July 1st, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 24th,  
25th, 26th, 27th and 28th.

Powerful May 30 and 31, forenoon, at Richard  
Carver's.

Havre was sired by the Imp. Percheron,  
"St. Laurent," his dam by old "Louis Na-  
poleon." Weight, 1,700 lbs. Aged, 9 years.  
Can trot 3.30 clip.

Terms—For the season, \$10 cash, or \$12  
with satisfactory promissory notes, payable  
October, 1st.

WM. S. FRASER,  
Groom.

May 21.—2aw tl July 27 wkly

**PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS**

**MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD.**

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any per-  
son who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound  
health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no  
equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for  
eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**DIPHTHERIA**  
**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT**

**MAKE HENS LAY**

**LOBSTER PACKERS' SUPPLIES**

**SPRING, 1883. SPRING.**

10,000 cases (1 lb.) TALL CANS,  
2,500 " " FLAT CANS,  
500 boxes TIN PLATES,  
200 ingots REFINED TIN,  
50 pigs SOFT LEAD,  
5 bars COPPER (1 1/2 and 1),  
600 coils ROPE (6, 9, 12 and 15 thread),  
10 bales MARLINE,  
20 puns. MOLASSES,  
30 brs. SUGAR,  
25 brs. HARD BREAD,  
200 chests and half-chests TEA,  
100 suits OIL CLOTHING,  
750 brs. FLOUR (Choice Superior),  
125 brs. KILN DRIED CORNMEAL,  
100 brs. MESS PORK,  
200 brs. PRIME MESS PORK,  
300 HAMS (Smoked and Green),  
50 brs. MESS BEEF,  
100 tins LARD,  
25 tubs BUTTER.

Now in Store and to Arrive, at Lowest Wholesale Prices.

Ch'town, April 28, 1883.

**HORACE HAZARD.**

**FURNITURE, FURNITURE,**  
**AT COST.**

Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

**JOHN NEWSON.**

Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—ly

**THE**

**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE**

Fire and Life Insurance Company,

OF EDINBURGH AND LONDON,

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

Subscribed Capital \$ 9,733,352.00

Paid Up Capital 1,216,666.00

TRANSACTS EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

**FIRE, LIFE AND ANNUITY BUSINESS**

ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Losses Settled With Promptitude and Liberality.

**FIRE DEPARTMENT.**

Reserved Funds (Irrespective of Paid up Capital) over \$5,000,000.00

Insurances effected at the Lowest Current Rates.

**LIFE DEPARTMENT.**

Accumulated Funds (irrespective of Paid up Capital) over \$12,000,000.00

Nine-tenths of the whole Profits of the Life Branch belong to the Assured

Profits of previous Quinquennium divided among Policy Holders, \$1,158,500.00

New and Reduced Premiums for the Dominion of Canada.

Copies of the Annual Report, Prospectuses, and every information, may  
be obtained at the

**PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND BRANCH,**

No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.

**GEORGE W. DEBLOIS,**

GENERAL AGENT.

March 16, 1882—eod

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.**

Springfield as a Summer Resort.

DEAR SIR,—Having a few days leisure,  
and being desirous of escaping the heat and  
dust of the city, I wended my way to the  
Railway Station. Under the careful con-  
trol of Conductor Thompson, we soon found  
ourselves enjoying the scented breezes  
from the verdant woods and fields. P. E.  
Island has assumed her most attractive  
attire, and invites to her hospitable shores  
the thousands who, at this season, both in  
Canada and the United States, are seeking  
a cool summer resort. I am persuaded,  
Mr. Editor, that if P. E. Island were only  
known to the seekers of pleasure and health  
from the South as to render it imperative  
on the part of the Steam Navigation Co. to  
put on more than one passenger boat to  
Point DuChene, and thus forever shut out  
the political croakers. But I am dis-  
gresting. Having safely arrived at Comfy  
Lane Station, and bade our friends of the  
train good-bye, we next encountered a son  
of the valiant Scot, who performs the duties  
of Railway Agent at this place. A gener-  
ous kind-hearted fellow, always on the alert  
to give information to the stranger. A more  
pleasant person I never met. A more pic-  
turesque, cosy, charming, rural place is  
hard to find. The farmers here are  
wealthy and everything indicates it.  
The more than comfortable residences,  
the spacious barns, the well cultivated  
fields, meet the eye wherever it rests.  
Nowhere in America is there such refresh-  
ing scenery. The deep green of the foliage  
that clothe the primeval forests, and the rich  
verdure, spread over hill and dale remind  
you of Longfellow's words:—  
"If thou wouldst read a lesson that will keep  
Thy heart from fainting, and thy soul from  
leaving,  
Go to the woods and hills:—No tears  
Dim the sweet look that nature wears."  
It was with regret that we bade our kind  
friends of Springfield adieu; but we shall  
not forget to pay it a visit on Dominion  
Day, when the fairer daughters of that fair  
locality intend holding their church tea  
party. Mr. Editor, I want to be there  
then.

Yours truly,  
A VISITOR.

Ch'town, June 19, 1883.

**The Dukes Tragedy.**

UNIONTOWN, Pa., June 14.—The people  
of Uniontown, a rather lively town on the  
river contiguous to Pittsburg, have been in  
a high state of excitement ever since Dukes  
(then a member of the State Legislature)  
killed Capt. Nutt, who was Treasurer of  
the State, and the excitement was increased  
and multiplied ten-fold by Dukes' acquittal  
on a charge of manslaughter. The people  
were highly incensed at this miscarriage of  
justice, and the jury as well as Dukes be-  
came objects of public opprobrium. Dukes  
was advised to leave town, and take himself  
out of sight of the enraged people, but he  
was foolhardy enough to brave it out." In  
his own words, he "would stay in Union-  
town or its cemetery." James Nutt, son  
of Capt. Nutt, having met Dukes on the  
street, the latter laughed at him. This so  
enraged young Nutt that he went home  
and told his mother he could stand it no  
longer. Arming himself with a revolver,  
therefore, he went out to meet Dukes, and  
the story of the shooting is substantially  
as follows:—"James Nutt was standing at  
what is known as the round corner on  
Main street a few steps down from the  
post office. Dukes was coming toward the  
office, and as Nutt caught sight of him he  
immediately whipped out his revolver. The  
motion was perceived by Dukes, who, as  
Nutt pulled the trigger, dodged and ran  
for the office door. Nutt followed, and  
fired rapidly, two shots taking effect, and  
Dukes staggered and fell. His pursuer  
fired two more shots, one entering the  
body as it lay on the ground and one pass-  
ing close to the head of a young lady in the  
post office. Nutt was almost immediately  
arrested and conveyed to jail." The  
revolver found in his possession is the one  
carried by his father on the morning he  
was killed by Dukes. Dukes' body was  
removed to the Jennings house, and in the  
same room where a similar service was per-  
formed on the body of Captain Nutt, was  
viewed by the coroner's jury, who rendered  
a verdict that Dukes came to his death from  
wounds received from a revolver fired by  
Nutt. Great sympathy is felt for young  
Nutt.

**The Guiteau Curse.**

Certain Washington quidnuncs have been  
making statistics to show that Guiteau's  
celebrated curse directed against those who  
were instrumental in hanging him has been  
measurably realized. From the statistics  
Truth (of New York) compiles this table of  
results:  
Juror Shehan—Gone insane.  
District Attorney Corkhill—Lost his wife.  
Judge Porter—Lost his health.  
Juror Hobbs—Lost his wife.  
Marshal Henry—Removed from office.  
Balliff Stahl—Removed from office.  
Detective McElfrech—Removed from  
office.  
Wagon Guard Perry—Removed from  
office.  
Driver Leonard—Removed from office.  
Pat Kearney, the railroad witness—Re-  
moved from office.  
James G. Blaine—Vanquished on Peru.  
Expert Dr. Young—Died.  
Expert Dr. Gray—Shot by a lunatic.  
The table is not complete, for undoubt-  
edly President Arthur's shrimp salad voice

can be made traceable to Guiteau's curse.  
Yet how about the unhappiness of the  
Seovilles, who tried to save Guiteau.

**CURRENT NOTES.**

The Dynamite convic's are to be sent to  
Dartmore.

As they make everything of paper now it  
is singular that waist paper is not utilized  
for corsets.

The Parnellites hope that after a general  
election they will control such a number of  
votes as to hold the balance between the  
two parties, and so dictate their own terms.

The oldest printed ballad in the English  
language was lately acquired for the British  
museum. It is a contemporary record of  
the battle of Flodden Field, printed by one  
of the earliest typographers.

The Queen has accepted the offer of the  
Comtesse of Crawford to place at her dis-  
posal the Villa Palmieri in Florence, the  
scene of Beccaccio's D.Cameron. She in-  
tends to go there in the autumn.

The Herald's correspondent at Vienna  
says the news from Shanghai has created  
almost a panic on the Bourse.  
Austrian commerce with China is not very  
firmly established and it is feared that it  
may be nipped in the bud in the event of  
hostilities.

The struggle of the Albanians against the  
Montenegrins and Turks is watched with  
eagerness and anxiety. The *New Free  
Press* says: "The Albanian league has  
sprung into vigor again. No one can fore-  
see the full consequences. They are fighting  
for autonomy and nationality."

The *Tribune's* London special says:  
"Mr. Chamberlain adroitly used the  
occasion of the great meeting at Bingley  
Hall to formulate the new Liberal pro-  
gramme. He is the first among liberal  
ministers distinctly to demand universal  
suffrage with equal electoral districts. The  
Conservatives respond both to Bright and  
Chamberlain with shrieks of angry dismay."

Mr. Parnell is reported to have said re-  
cently, when asked how he was affected by  
the Papal excommunication:—"I don't  
know what it will do for me in the next  
world, but it has made my fortune in this."  
His testimonial fund is rapidly nearing the  
intended sum of \$125,000, while before the  
Pope's circular was issued there was little  
prospect of it ever reaching \$50,000.

In the House of Lords the Duke of Con-  
naught was asked why he and his brothers  
took so much interest in and gave their  
support to the Deceased Wife's Sister Bill.  
He replied that they had seen in the  
colonies frequent interdictions of deceased  
wife's sisters into society, and that it had  
become necessary to adopt the general law  
of the empire to that which was already the  
law of the colonies.

Men of independence of character  
will be glad to hear that Macfarren, the  
composer, has declined the honor of knight-  
hood. Sullivan and Grove are in the first  
blush of their distinction and almost of  
their manhood. Macfarren is old and  
nearly blind. He has been neglected and  
overlooked until now. Honors such as  
monarchs and governments can bestow come  
tardily and lack grace when they are offered  
to age and infirmity.

It appears that the Mississippi river has  
done its work so well lately that there is  
now a thirty-foot channel through the  
jetties from the Gulf of Mexico to the New  
Orleans wharves. New Orleans is exultant  
thereat and compares this deep channel  
with the more shallow one of New York.  
If the thirty-foot channel can be maintained  
New Orleans has certainly an advantage  
which, if coupled with cheaper port charges,  
will give her a larger share than ever of  
foreign trade.

During the past week Parnell actively  
and vexatiously resisted the Criminal Code  
Bill in committee and the Corrupt Practices  
Bill in the House. He is apparently  
endeavoring to provoke re-arrest. His  
speech at Bandon was one of amazing  
violence. He declared that Lord Spencer,  
having had his stomach full of hanging in  
Dublin, was about to take his departure for  
foreign parts, meaning England. This re-  
vives the foolish story of Earl Spencer's  
intended resignation, which is wholly un-  
founded.

The *Times* London despatch says: "Govern-  
ment business in Parliament is making  
so little progress that another conference  
of the party is suggested to devise means to  
smooth matters over. Intense dissatisfac-  
tion is expressed among Liberals and par-  
ticularly among Whig supporters of the  
Government, at the manner in which busi-  
ness is conducted. The Irish Parliamen-  
tary party held a conference on Thursday  
to take into consideration Lord Geo. Ham-  
ilton's proposal to revise the purchase clause  
of the Land Act. After considerable de-  
bate it was decided that until the Tory  
party was clearly committed to a measure  
which would create a peasant proprietorship  
in Ireland, the Irish party would ignore the  
proposal. The Parnellite members, how-  
ever, approve of Lord Hamilton's sugges-  
tions."

It is stated that Spain and Cuba are jeal-  
ous of the trading relations of the United  
States and Mexico and are willing to make  
generous concessions to the former Republic  
in order to secure a commercial treaty with  
it on favorable terms. This is the right  
spirit. The desire of the Spaniards and  
Cubans for closer commercial relations with  
this country should be encouraged. The  
first concession made by them should be a  
revision of their absurd customs regulations  
and a release of American shipping from  
those outrageous restrictions which do more  
to injure trade with this country than any  
high tariff which Spain could impose. The  
relationship between that country, her  
colonies and the United States should be  
much closer than it is. Closer trade rela-  
tions would result most beneficially to all  
concerned. A liberal commercial treaty is,  
therefore, heartily to be desired.