

various other improvements, which were, by some, considered desirable in the working of the Act.

House went into Committee, when resolutions were tabled.

ERRATUM—In the summary of Mr. Martin's speech (published yesterday) for compound interest, "cannot be exacted," read "should not be exacted."

THE DAILY EXAMINER MARCH 30, 1883.

Sir Charles Tupper vice Sir A. T. Galt.

The reports that Sir Charles Tupper will succeed Sir A. T. Galt as High Commissioner for Canada, are confirmed.

There are many fruit trees in the country barren, from neglect and starvation, and sick from cold wet feet, and some are not worth any trouble.

Wrong Tactics.

The effort of the Opposition to put the supporters of the Government in the House of Assembly in a false position before the country, is characteristically discreditable.

There was no real necessity at all for the motion. Suppose the Opposition have grounds for suspicion that the Government have relinquished our claim to a proportional share of the Award, they have only to ask in the usual way for the information, and all the papers and everything else respecting the subject, in the possession of the Government, will promptly be laid before them.

Course of Trade.

The trade returns show that during the five years last before 1879, we consumed of the produce of the United States an average value of \$20,000,000 per annum more than we sent them of our products.

Table with 2 columns: Year, Value. 1880: \$33,349,909; 1881: 30,866,225; 1882: 47,940,711; Average of '83, '85, '825: \$39,385,625.

During the same period the value of goods entered for consumption from the United States was:— 1880: \$29,346,943; 1881: 36,704,112; 1882: 48,289,052; Averaging \$38,113,371.

From those figures it appears that since the introduction of the National Policy instead of consuming twenty millions of dollars worth of their goods over and above the value of our sales to them, we have actually sold to the United States one and a quarter million's worth of goods in excess of the value of the products of that country consumed by us.

The returns show most conclusively that the Dominion is in a better position to-day to negotiate with the United States for reciprocity than we were four years ago. The value of goods entered for consumption from the United States in 1878, the last year before the National Policy, was \$48,631,739; in 1882 it was \$48,489,052, a decrease of \$143,687.

But our exports to the United States have gone up from \$25,244,898 in 1878 to \$47,840,721 last year, an increase of \$22,595,823; in other words the balance against us of \$23,400,000 has been cut down to one of \$439,000. The total value of goods entered for consumption last year, was \$112,648,927, of which the United States contribute \$48,289,052 or 42.8 per cent. In 1878 the total amount was \$91,199,577, and of that amount \$48,631,739 or 53.3 per cent. was from the United States.

In 1878 the United States bought 31.8 per cent. of our exports, whereas last year they took 47 per cent. With the opening up of the Northwest along the line of the Canada Pacific Railway, the trade with Canada will become more and more desirable to the merchants and manufacturers of the United States. We can, therefore, afford to be independent at present, and to wait the action of our neighbors across the line, touching the great and important question of reciprocal trade relations.

The steamer Westphalia, which arrived at New York, on the 27th, had as passengers on board Henry S. Hunt, who belonged to the Arctic vessel Rodgers; Herbert Wood Leach, James H. Bartlett, John Lanterbach, and Frank Messner, survivors of the Junonia.

Farm Work.

SPRING NOTES.

The winter has been a very fine one for all work, just enough snow, and steadily cold, so that all rills, manure, marsh hay and produce ought to have been hauled.

The rush is almost here, and the best and most paying work largely depends upon the close planning done now.

Many plan not at all, and they are the class that say "farming does not pay;" for thoughtful farming is one of the surest means of success.

Every farmer should know now, just what crop each field on his farm is to carry this season, and several seasons after.

For by a well chosen rotation of crops, the farmer grasps the surest way of receiving a yearly income, as one crop's gain will balance the loss sure to happen on another, but which must be grown, for the good it does other crops.

Crops bear a relation to one another, that all should understand, as it is not right to charge all the cost to one crop, say potatoes, for their culture has great effect on the crops following.

Remember that the best pastures may easily wash out, and on frozen, sloping ground are lost, so it pays to spread at once, for if put even in small heaps, the ground is made "spotty," with richness and poverty.

Spread early, that the ground may warm easily and early, try a couple of very easy experiments as to the effects of the mud, in certain quantities, by putting none on one strip, and light and heavy on two others.

If the orchard is old, and in grass, spread a heavy coat of manure on the surface, and plow under, soon as fit, when sods rot, cross-plow, apply lime or ashes, and harrow well. Scrape the bark, and wash with soft soap and water, the scraped part.

If tree top is close, prune out some large branches, covering cut spots with paint.

If the orchard is young, don't try to grow a crop of grain on it. One crop is enough, but you may have potatoes or something that requires cultivation, as that benefits the trees for a year or two.

If there is no vegetable plot, do have one this year, put it among the potatoes or turnips, and cultivate it. You can buy young plants, cabbage, cucumber, etc., cheaper than raising in hot bed, though it is easy and cheap to start them in boxes, in kitchen windows.

How about a few strawberry plants this year? Have you secured a good man, or men. Don't stick at a dollar or two extra. He's worth it, and the cheaper hand will cost more in the end.

In the wheat selected, there are plenty chances of getting a change now. Don't grow as many oats this year. Are the "early rose" potatoes nearly played out; or is it time to have a change.

are nearly empty now, and a couple of rainy days, spent in repairing them pays well.

Holes in roof, and granary and threshing floor, door hinges almost off, boards loose, you know how it is on each farm.

Clean them, and drop in some roach lime. Clean, scrape, white-wash, and decide to build a roof-house this summer, and keep no more roots in house cellar.

All that won't burn dig a dry well, and put into that, with tight cover.

All the animals want a dose or two, of simple, opening medicine, and the best fodder.

Their skins are very itchy, and don't deny them the treat of a daily curry or brush.

Mind cows heavy with calf. Don't slip them from being turned out on icy fields, to slide and strain.

See you don't lose the profit on wintering a ewe, by letting one of the cows butt her lamb to a premature death.

If any, especially the young horses, are off their feed, see if the mouth bars, or "lamps" are the cause. If so, first give some cooling medicine, and then, with a sharp knife, lightly cut across the bars.

Spring litters, like all other animals born in spring, are the best—don't lose one.

ought to be paying very well, anybody can get eggs in summer, but the winter crops of hen-fruit is the paying one, and its the breed and feed that does it.

is getting scarce and dear. Can we do with less, what do you think of growing certain crops to be fed to stock, stalled the year round.

It saves fencing, food, labor, and gives more money.

Nature is a perfect mistress of economy; and we who are bled in her strong and tender arms, day by day, should learn her methods.

It is easier to replace a fence rail, than rebuild several panels of the fence, not counting the loss from cattle.

Its easier to prevent cattle from getting breechy than to cure them after.

Its easier and cheaper to take a stump out than work round it with plough, harrows and reaper, for ten or fifteen years.

trustful dealer, as the trade is open to great frauds.

Put everything in good order, ready for work; paint all wood-work; tighten bolts; chain links, and bearings nearly worn through ought to be replaced; fix all harness and oil them.

Try a few hay-caps; they will pay for themselves in a year or two.

Get some crude petroleum and soak potato baskets, tool handles, and other wood work of implements.

Weed out that poor cow; sell off a couple of horses that are eating their heads off—be merciful to that sickly pet lamb and kill it for manure.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT. A Bill Defeated. OTTAWA, March 30.

The bill introduced in the House of Commons by Mr. Cameron, of Huron, providing that persons charged with a misdemeanor shall be competent as witnesses, and permitting affirmation by Atheists, was defeated in Committee.

The Chinese in British Columbia. Mr. Shakespeare, of Victoria, B. C., moved a resolution in the House of Commons yesterday, favoring the restriction of Chinese emigration to British Columbia.

Irish Agitation in the United States. WASHINGTON, March 30.

With reference to the representations made by Mr. West, the British Minister, the American Government have decided that they cannot interfere with the Irish agitation now going on in the United States.

Strangled. LONDON, March 30.

Count Von Seckley, the President of the Hungarian Court, was strangled and robbed at Pesth yesterday.

Telegraph Notes. The village of Saint Arton, in the Tyrol, was burned on the 26th inst.

The Tribune special reports five fatalities from shooting at Lowndale, Illinois.

It is reported that several Russian officers of the Finland Guard have been arrested for disloyalty.

About £100,000 of the bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on the 27th, is for shipment to New York.

The Press Association says the proposed addition to the detective force of London will take the form of a political police, similar to those in Berlin and Paris.

The Emperor William of Germany is suffering from catarrh of the stomach and swelling of the neck. He has been unable to receive Gen. Caprivi, the newly appointed Chief of Ministry of Marine.

Ex President Diaz, of Mexico, was formally presented to the President of the United States, on the 28th, by the Secretary of State. He was accompanied by several members of his suite, Mister Romero and Gen. Foster.

Three earthquake shocks, accompanied by rumblings, have been felt at Branca Villa, a town on the declivity of Mount Etna. There is a great panic and people are building huts in the open country fearing that the town will be destroyed.

A Socialistic manifesto is in circulation in the southern part of Russia, inviting people to avail themselves of the coronation of the Czar to pillage the houses of the nobles and Jews. A deputation of nobles has gone to St. Petersburg to ask the Minister of the Interior to provide for protection of their property.

A French transport with 500 troops for the Tonquin expedition, has arrived at Haiphong, but no active hostilities are expected, a pacific settlement having been arranged by the French envoy to China and Li Hung Chang. Swatow continues in a state of semi-warfare. The German ships of war maintain a hostile attitude and are closely watched by Chinese gunboats. On shore the public are guarded day and night, in order to prevent the possible seizure of officials by German sailors.

The acting secretary of the United States Treasury has received a letter from Mr. Pratt, secretary of the National Distillers' Association, in regard to the proposed modification of the Canadian regulation which prohibits the importation of bonded whiskey in packages of less than one hundred gallons. Pratt makes a strong argument in favor of the proposed modification and urges the department to take action in the matter. The letter will be referred to the Secretary of State.

In the Superior Court of New York, on the 26th, Judge Freeman, rendered opinion in the suit of Rieff against the Western Union and Mutual Union Telegraph Companies and others, in which he grants motion to continue temporary injunction on the ground that the monopoly which would be established is contrary to public policy. The suit was brought to restore consolidation between the Mutual and Western Union Companies, by which the latter was to lease the lines of the former company.

Weather Bulletin. Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, March 30—10 a. m. Westerly winds, fine weather, not much change in temperature.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate. PLEASANT TO THE TASTE.

Dr. A. L. Hall, Fair Haven, N. Y., says: "Have prescribed it with marked benefit in indigestion and urinary troubles."

The Langan Miners Trouble.

IMPERIAL TROOPS ASKED FOR, SHOULD FURTHER TROUBLE ARISE.

The Sheriff of Cape Breton on the 24th inst., made a requisition, in case any further serious trouble should arise amongst the striking coal miners at Langan, for Imperial troops to be sent from Halifax, and the authorities have consented to do so if they should be required.

At latest accounts on the 24th work had not been resumed at the Langan mines, the workmen still fearing ill-treatment from the union men. Particulars of the outrages there on Tuesday last have reached Halifax. Little over a year ago the union men at Langan mine struck because manager Lynk chose not to employ certain unionists and because he did employ certain other men who were not unionists. The consequence was the colliery was idle for ten months, involving large loss to the community, the Provincial Treasury and the General Mining Association, the owners of the mine. A sufficient number of men, however, remained to keep pumps going and mine in condition to resume work at any time. A large proportion of the strikers left Langan soon after, but sufficient remained to prevent men going to work. These fellows, it is said, were supported by a tax levied on members of the union throughout Cape Breton and also from donations from lodges in Nova Scotia. About the first of this year some non-union coal cutters were found willing to work, and coal raising was resumed. On the eighth instant, one year from the strike, the cutters had increased until the works were fairly underway and the prospects of a good season's shipping were hopeful. The unionists, who had spent a whole year in endeavoring to thwart the General Mining Association, determined to stop the colliery a second time. Accordingly detachments of union men went from Cow Bay, Glace Bay, Bridgeport and Sydney mines arrived at Langan, on Monday, to aid their brethren. In the evening the mob took up position on a bridge along which the workmen had to go on leaving the colliery for their homes. Mr. Brown, the general manager, and Mr. Lynk, the local manager, seeing the mischief threatened, went to the assistance of their men and to get them away safely, but they found their own lives were in danger, and being greatly outnumbered they and their men were at the mercy of a half-drunken crowd of ruffians. An assault followed, in which most of the men were knocked down, kicked and trampled upon; several only escaped similar treatment by running away and secreting themselves. Mr. Lynk was struck and an attempt made to strike Mr. Brown. They finally escaped and got under cover. The mob followed several of the workmen to their homes, entered, violently dragged the poor fellows from their terrified and shrieking families and brutally beat them. Fortunately no firearms were used on either side, though it is understood both parties were equipped with them. After keeping the community in terror all night the mob resumed business in the morning by taking charge of the colliery and preventing those who were willing from going to work. Then they dispersed, promising another visit should it be again started.

The Halifax Recorder of the 27th reports that the order was issued on the 26th for a detachment of the P. W. O. Regiment to be in readiness to proceed to Langan by S. S. "Newfoundland" to-day to end the Coalminers trouble there.

An order was issued to-day through Deputy-Adjutant General Taylor for the 63rd Rifles to be ready to send 110 rank and file, and this morning the officers were busy notifying their men to assemble at the Drill Shed at 2 o'clock, in heavy marching order, with helmets, great coats strapped, haversacks and forage caps.

This afternoon, Major Bennett, a captain, three Lieutenants and 110 rank and file of the 1st Batt P.W.O. Yorkshire Regiment embarked on the "Newfoundland." They took with them 5500 rounds of ball ammunition. Surgeon-Major Bulster, of the Army Medical Department, and Lieut. A. S. Hadow, Acting D. A. C. G., also go.

Up to 3 o'clock nearly 100 men of the 63rd B. V. B. R. had assembled at the Drill Shed all of whom seemed anxious to hear something definite as to whether they should go or not. An order was issued this afternoon authorizing the militia to draw heavy boots from the Ordnance.

At 3 o'clock, it was stated from Cunard's that it was not known what time the "Newfoundland" would sail—she was under orders from Ottawa.

The Ottawa Bench Show.

FOUR HUNDRED ENTRIES—ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF DOGS.

The bench show at Ottawa, on the 26th, was a grand success. There were over 400 entries from all parts of Canada, the United States and Great Britain. His Excellency the Governor-General formally opened the exhibition. The party proceeded up the right aisle to the centre of the kennels, where the four largest dogs awaited their inspection, and received their compliments.

These dogs were Zulu, owned by J. H. Stewart, of Montreal, the largest in the building; Noble, owned by Miss Hanrahan; Priam, owned by Fred W. Rothera, of Simcoe, and Bernard, owned by Mr. Alouzo Wright, M. P., of Ironsides, P. Q. All these dogs are St. Bernards, except Zulu, who is a cross between a mastiff and a St. Bernard. In one of the small cages immediately opposite these immense animals was Dot, a toy terrier, weighing two pounds and two ounces, and owned by Mrs. R. C. W. McGuigan. Looking at the two specimens it seemed almost impossible that they belonged to the same species and had attained maturity. His Excellency decided that it would be useless to speak and declare the show open, as his remarks could not be heard among the hundreds of dogs which kept up an incessant barking. He then went round the different kennels, accompanied by several ladies and gentlemen and appeared to take great interest in the show. The judges have commenced their work, and at this writing have awarded the following prizes:—Class 64—Bull-dogs—Thunders, owned by R. & W. Livingstone, New York, 1st; Moses, of the Hillside Kennel, Lancaster, Mass.; 2nd; Juno, do, very highly commended; Hero II., owned by Mr. Livingstone, and Judge of the Hillside Kennel, highly commended. Class sixty-eight, Dan-die Dimmons and Dellington Terriers, Dart, owned by G. F. Scholer, Toronto, 1st;

Jerry, do, very highly commended. Among the features of the show are W. J. Callender's (Albany, N. Y.) three champion Irish setter dogs, Rory O'More, valued at \$10,000; Lady Berkeley, \$5,000; Nora O'More, \$5,000, and Rory O'More, jr., \$5,000.

MARRIED. At Kensington, on the 29th inst., by the Rev. George McMillan, B. A., Mr. Robt Humphreys, of Kelvin Grove, Lot 25, to Miss Walker, of Kensington.

DIED. Suddenly, this morning, 30th March, at six o'clock, Jemima, infant daughter of John and Mary Jane Boyver, aged six months and two days.

At Bay Fortune on the 15th Feb., in the 57th year of his age, George E. Aitken, Jr.

SEED WHEAT FOR SALE.

250 Bags Canada Five, SPRING SEED WHEAT, to arrive per "Northern Light" in a few days. We have imported this kind from Canada the last eight years, and find it is better adapted for our soil and climate than any we have tried.

HORNE, PIERCE & CO. Ch'town, March 30—law wksly 4i

For Sale or to Let. A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, with Stable and one acre of Land, situate near the Mount Edward Road, at present occupied by Mrs. Harley. Apply to WILLIAM DODD, Ch'town, March 29.

Tea, Flour, Molasses, SOLE LEATHER, &c.

To be sold by Public Auction, on THURSDAY NEXT, 5th April, at 11 o'clock at the Subscriber's Room, 25 half-chests TEA, 10 bbls. SUGAR, 40 bbls. FLOUR, 2 puns. MOLASSES, 20 doz. PAIRS, 40 tins GROUND COFFEE, 50 sides SOLE LEATHER, 7 tins GROUND LIVES, 6 " " CINNAMON, 1 bbl. extract CINNAMON, 6 tins ALLSPICE, 5 boxes BAKING POWDERS, 7 tins CAYENNE PEPPER, 3 boxes BLUE, 1 case (4 doz.) PEPPER SAUCE, 1 bbl. EPSOM SALTS, 1 " CUDBEAR, 1 " ARROWROOT, 6 " BUTTER SALT.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer. Ch'town, March 29, 1883.

MOURNING GOODS.

Fine Wool Cashmeres, Fine Wool Cashmeres, Fine Wool Cashmeres.

CRAPES -AND- General Mourning Goods, -AT- W. A. WEEKS & CO'S, QUEEN STREET.

COTTON GOODS, CHEAP. Every Class Well Represented.

GREY COTTONS, WHITE COTTONS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, PILLOW COTTONS, SHIRTINGS.

W. A. WEEKS & CO., QUEEN STREET.

TEAS! New Teas of Choice Quality. WHOLESALE CHEAP.

W. A. WEEKS & CO., Sign of the Lion, Queen Street. Ch'town, March 28.—end wksly

New Scotch Bearded Wheat, 100 BUSHELS of this celebrated seed for sale. Apply to WM. HEARD, Ch'town, March 13, '83—2aw wksly 3i

WHITE OATS. THE Highest Cash Price will be paid for well-cleaned Heavy White Oats.

HORACE HASZARD, Lower Queen Street, Ch'town, Mar. 1, '83—2aw wksly

"Great Story Teller"

A LECTURE will be delivered by H. REDDIN, before the Catholic Literary Union, in

ST. PATRICK'S HALL. Friday Evening, 30th inst.

Subject—"Great Story Teller" Proceeds to be given to St. Vincent de Paul Society, for relief of the poor. Admission, 10 cents; reserved seats 5 cents. Tickets for sale at Street & Bazaar Drug Store, and at the door. Doors open at 7.30 p.m.; Lecture commences at 8 p.m.

JOHN A. McINNIS, Secretary. March 26—2i

Tea, Flour, Sole Leather FOR SALE.

150 chests and heads of a prime Ceylon Tea, 500 bbls. Superior Flour, 150 sides SOLE LEATHER.

CHEAP FOR CASH. J. & T. MOORE. Ch'town, March 25.—3i

THE "NORTHERN LIGHT"

WILL make trips between Georgetown and Fiston, until further notice, subject to the action of the ice and winds.

ARTEMAS LORD, Agent Marine and Fisheries, Agency Department Marine and Fisheries, Ch'town, March 26, 1883.—1w

Apples, Apples

30 BARRELS choice APPLES just received at A. McNEILL'S AUCTION ROOM, March 28.

Lobster Factory for Sale

TRACADIE HARBOR. THE undersigned offers for sale the Lobster Factory, with boats, traps, plant, complete, and ready for opening of the season.

Also about fifty cords wood at the Factory. This Factory is capable of packing two to three thousand cases, lobsters generally large and plentiful. Will be sold at bargain. FRED W. HAYDMAN, Ch'town, March 26.—3i

WANTED, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED—An experienced Cook for Dining Room, for a Hotel. Good wages will be given to competent persons. Require at this office. [mar 26 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—The Shop, Warehouse and Tenement lately occupied by Arthur & Thomas W. W. WELLER. [mar 30 w & d pat 2i w k 1i]

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A lot of old Sterling Silver, for which cash will be paid.—W. W. WELLER. [mar 30 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

WANTED—A GIRL for general house work. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

WANTED—An experienced Cook, Apply immediately at EXAMINER OFFICE. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—The shop at present occupied by W. H. HURCHELL, adjoining the residence of Dr. Jenkins, Upper Queen Street. Apply to ARCHIBALD WHITE. [mar 30 pat 2i w k 1i]

WANTED—A Tenant for a house, lot of Hillsborough Street. Rent low. A good tenant. Possession given 1st of May. Apply to W. L. WELLER. [mar 24 3aw 1i pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—A TENEMENT ON LOWER STREET, in a first-class repair, consisting of five Rooms and Kitchen, with Yard. Possession given immediately. Apply to MISS THORNE, Spring Park Road. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

FOR SALE—A suit of COTTON DUCK SAILS—17 feet hoist, 20 feet boom, suitable for fishing boat. Apply to WILLIAM DILLON, Sailmaker, Peake's Wharf, No. 1. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—Dwelling House, Outhouse and Garden, Grifton Street (west) a suitable tenant will find it to his advantage to make an early application to Jno. W. MORRISON. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

WANTED—A COOK. Good references required. Apply at EXAMINER OFFICE. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

FOR SALE—A good MILCH COW (half bred), to be sold with or without calf. Apply at this office. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—A two story House, nearly new, at present occupied by Mr. W. E. Morrison, situated on Pleasant Street, near the residence of L. C. Owen, Esq. Possession 16th inst. Apply to William Dodd. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—The Brick House on Pleasant Street, at present occupied by James D. Irving, Esquire. Possession, April 1st. Apply to Thomas W. Dodd. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—A lot of April, a COTTAGE on the corner of Easton and Cambridge Street, now in possession of R. W. Thomson, Esq. Apply to Mrs. J. D. Hazard, at the residence of T. J. Harris, Esq. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]

TO LET—Immediate possession given of a desirable residence, situate on Upper Hillsborough Street. Rent low to a good tenant. Apply at the Merchants Bank of Ch'town. [mar 29 d & w pat 2i w k 1i]