

# The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1885.

VOL. 17.—NO. 7.

## The Daily Examiner

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### ALMANAC FOR MAY, 1885.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
Last Quarter 7th day, 4h. 31m., a. m.  
New Moon 14th day, 11h. 5m., a. m.  
First Quarter, 21st day, 1h. 33m., a. m.  
Full Moon, 28th day, 4h. 18m., p. m.

Day of Week	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	ris	sets	water	len
	h m	h m	ft	h m
1 Friday	6 50	7 3	9 30	14 12
2 Saturday	49	4 10	20 29	15
3 Sunday	48	6 11	6 1	18
4 Monday	47	7 11	52 1	23
5 Tuesday	45	8 10	2 28	23
6 Wednesday	44	9 0	23 3 17	25
7 Thursday	43	10 1	1 4 19	28
8 Friday	41	12 1	27 5 30	31
9 Saturday	39	13 1	56 6 38	34
10 Sunday	38	14 2	25 7 43	36
11 Monday	37	16 2	54 8 46	39
12 Tuesday	35	17 3	25 9 21	41
13 Wednesday	34	18 4	0 10 5	44
14 Thursday	33	19 4	49 10 47	47
15 Friday	32	19 5	59 11 31	49
16 Saturday	31	21 6	24 12 0	50
17 Sunday	30	22 7	27 0 15	52
18 Monday	29	24 8	36 1 1	55
19 Tuesday	28	25 9	46 1 51	57
20 Wednesday	26	26 10	57 2 44	59
21 Thursday	25	28 11	7 3 49	15 0
22 Friday	24	29 12	14 4 4	3
23 Saturday	23	30 2	20 5 21	5
24 Sunday	22	31 3	25 6 27	7
25 Monday	22	31 4	27 7 21	9
26 Tuesday	21	32 5	29 8 11	11
27 Wednesday	20	33 6	29 9 44	13
28 Thursday	20	34 7	24 10 23	15
29 Friday	19	35 8	16 10 57	16
30 Saturday	18	36 9	3 11 33	18
31 Sunday	18	37 10	9 12 15	19

NOTES.  
In this month the mornings increase 42  
minutes; the afternoons 43 minutes.

### THE RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

(Charlottetown Times.)

GOING WEST.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	8 02	3 02
Royal Junction	8 25	3 25
North Wiltshire	9 17	4 17
Hunter River	9 32	4 32
Brazilbarr	10 10	5 09
County Line	10 19	5 19
Prestown	10 35	5 34
Kensington	10 57	5 57
Summerside, arrive	11 32	6 23
Summerside, depart	1 47	
Misouche	2 09	
Wellington	2 37	
Port Hill	3 22	
O'Leary	4 42	
Alberton	5 47	
Tignish	6 47	
FROM WEST.	A. M.	P. M.
Tignish	6 47	
Alberton	7 47	
O'Leary	9 02	
Port Hill	10 22	
Wellington	11 07	
Misouche	11 34	
Summerside, arrive	11 57	A. M.
Summerside, depart	2 02	P. M.
Kensington	2 37	7 32
Prestown	3 00	8 30
County Line	3 17	8 45
Brazilbarr	3 27	8 55
Hunter River	4 02	9 32
North Wiltshire	4 17	9 47
Royal Junction	5 09	10 39
Charlottetown	5 32	11 02
GOING EAST.	P. M.	
Charlottetown	3 17	
Royal Junction	3 40	
Brazilbarr	4 17	
Mount Stewart, arrive	4 52	
Mount Stewart, depart	5 17	
Carleton Place	6 17	
Georgetown	6 42	
Mount Stewart	6 57	
Morrell	7 37	
St. Peter's	8 26	
St. Peter's	8 57	
Bear River	9 37	
Souris	7 42	
FROM EAST.	A. M.	P. M.
Souris	6 52	
Bear River	7 37	
St. Peter's	8 26	
Morrell	8 57	
Mount Stewart	9 37	
Georgetown	7 47	
Carleton Place	8 12	
Mount Stewart, arrive	9 32	
Mount Stewart, depart	10 17	
Royal Junction	10 54	
Charlottetown	11 17	

McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,  
BARRISTERS

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.  
Office in Brown's Block, Queen Square  
(UP STAIRS).  
Ch'own, Feb. 12, 1885.

WARBURTON & CONROY,  
BARRISTERS & ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
Notaries Public, &c.  
Office in Cameron's Block, up stairs; entrance  
next door to Taylor's Jewelry Store.  
March 23, 1885—wky3m

## Spring Opening! New Goods!

## Perkins & Sterns

Are now showing Mr. Sterns' recent purchases in Great Britain  
and United States of

Spring and Summer Novelties in Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS.

Millinery Department well stocked with newest Hats Bon-  
nets, Shapes, Feathers, Flowers and all the new millinery material.  
English and French Millinery.

Stock of general Dry Goods very complete and prices Lower  
than Ever. Every buyer should inspect our stock before pur-  
chasing.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Ch'town, May 9, 1885.

## NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

We are now showing a Complete Stock of English, American  
and Canadian

## STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS AND CENTS' FURNISHINGS.

We solicit a share of Public Patronage.

## STANLEY BROS.

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, May 2, 1885.

## COAL. COAL.

DISCHARGING at Queen's Wharf, a  
cargo of Picton Nut Coal.

Orders taken for all kinds of Coal at lowest  
prices, viz:

ACADIA, nut and round  
INTERCOLONIAL, do.  
VALE, do.  
ALBION, do.  
ALBION, slack (blacksmiths).  
SYDNEY (old mines) round.  
SYDNEY (Cow Bay) round.  
ANTHRACITE (Egg and Chestnut sizes)

CAPT. JOHN HUGHES,  
Water Street,  
Ch'town, May 5, 1885—3mo cod her 3mos

## WE SELL

Potatoes,  
Spilling, Bark,  
R. R. Ties,  
Lumber,  
Laths, Canned Lobsters, Mac-  
kerel, Berries, Eggs,  
Fish Etc.

Best Prices for all Shipments. Write fully  
for Quotations.

## HATHEWAY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,  
22 Central Wharf, Boston.  
Members of Board of Trade, Corn and  
Mechanics Exchange,  
Ch'town, Nov. 19, 1884.

## SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.  
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown.  
Money to Loan,  
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q.C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL  
January 16, 1885.

Subscribe for THE WEEKLY EX-  
AMINER, the best paper on the Island

## WINDOW SHADES,

MADE of Patent Window Cloth, for Fifty Cents each, only  
the price of paper blinds. These shades will last for years  
and can be cleaned with a sponge as often as desired.

To arrive from Boston, next week, a large assortment of

OPAQUED HOLLAND WINDOW SHADES,

with gilt and fancy Dados, in latest fints. We are showing a  
fine stock of Cornice and Pole Pictures, Spring Rollers, Cord,  
Tassels, Nickel Blind Pulleys, &c., &c.

## MARK WRIGHT & CO.

Ch'town, May 1—2wks 3aw wky 2w

## DO NOT

Throw your money away in buying Shoddy Boots. Come  
at once and buy a Good Solid Leather pair of Boots or  
Shoes for Spring, at a Low Price

We want to keep all the money we can on the Island, so  
we are bound to give better value in our make than can be had  
in any imported Boot. Therefore, buy from us.

## DORSEY, COFF & CO.

## CHARLOTTETOWN SASH AND DOOR FACTORY!

Peake's No. 3 Wharf,

## R. PALMER & CO., PROPRIETORS.

We are now manufacturing and will sell at the lowest cash prices;

Sashes Doors Window and Door Frames, Architraves, Spouting and Conductor Mould  
ings, Ballusters, Newel Posts, Stair Balls, Twists, etc.  
We are prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, in Planning, Joining, Mortising, Tenon  
ing, Jig and Fret Sawing, Turning, etc.  
All kinds of Gothic Windows for Churches made at shortest notice.  
With New and first-class Machinery, and the latest appliances, we can insure  
the most satisfactory results to all who favor us with their patronage.

## ADAM BEDE.

### CHAPTER LIII.

(Continued.)

Kester was an old bachelor, and reputed  
to have stockings full of coin, concerning  
which his master cracked a joke with him  
every pay night; not a new unseasoned  
joke, but a good old one, that had been  
told many times before, and had worn  
well. 'Th' young master's a merry mon,'  
Kester frequently remarked; for having be-  
gun his career by frightening away the  
crows under the last Martin Poyser but  
one, he could never cease to account  
the reigning Martin a young master. I  
am not ashamed of commemorating  
old Kester; you and I are indebted to the  
hard hands of such men—hands that have  
long ago mingled with the soil they tilled  
so faithfully, thriftily making the best they  
could of the earth's fruits, and receiving  
the smallest share as their own wages.

Then, at the end of the table, opposite  
his master, there was Alick, the shepherd  
and head man, with the ruddy face and  
broad shoulders, not on the best terms with  
old Kester, indeed their intercourse was  
confined to an occasional snarl, for though  
they probably differed little concerning  
hedging and ditching and the treatment of  
ewes, there was a profound difference of  
opinion between them as to their respective  
merits. When Tityrus and Meliboeus hap-  
pened to be on the same farm, they are not  
sentimentally polite to each other. Alick,  
indeed, was not by any means a honeyed  
man: his speech had usually something of  
a snarl in it, and his broad-shouldered  
aspect something of the bull-dog expres-  
sion—'Don't you meddle with me, and I  
won't meddle with you; but he was  
honest even to the splitting of an oat grain  
rather than take beyond his acknowledged  
share, and as 'close fist' with his master's  
property as if it had been his own—throw-  
ing very small handfuls of damaged barley  
to the chickens, because a large handful  
affected his imagination painfully with a  
sense of profusion. Good-tempered Tim,  
the waggoner, who loved his horses, had his  
grudge against Alick in the matter of corn:  
they rarely spoke to each other, and never  
looked at each other, even over their dish  
of cold potatoes; but then, as this was  
their usual mode of behavior toward all  
mauking, it would be an unsafe conclusion  
that they had more than transient fits  
of unfriendliness. The bucolic character  
of Hayslope, you perceive, was not of that  
entirely genial, merry, broad-grinning sort,  
apparently observed in most districts visited  
by artists. The mild radiance of  
a smile was a rare sight on a  
field-laborer's face, and there was seldom  
any gradation between bovine gravity and  
a laugh. Nor was every laborer so honest  
as our friend Alick. At this very table,  
among Mr. Poyser's men, there is that big  
Ben Tholway, a very powerful thresher,  
but detected more than once in carrying  
away his master's corn in his pockets; an  
action which, as Ben was not a philan-  
thrope, could hardly be ascribed to absence of mind.  
However, his master had forgiven him, and  
continued to employ him; for the Tholo-  
ways had lived on the Common time out of  
mind, and had always worked for the  
Poyser. And on the whole, I dare say,  
society was not much the worse because  
Ben had not six months of it at the tread-  
mill; for his views of deprecation were  
narrow, and the House of Correction might  
have enlarged them. As it was, Ben ate  
his roast beef to night with a serene sense  
of having stolen nothing but a few peas and  
beans, as seed for his garden, since the last  
harvest supper, and felt warranted in think-  
ing that Alick's suspicious eye, forever up-  
on him, was an injury to his innocence.

But now the roast beef was  
finished and the cloth was drawn,  
leaving a fair large deal table for  
the bright drinking-cans, and the foaming  
brown jugs, and the bright brass candle-  
sticks pleasant to behold. Now the great  
ceremony of the evening was to begin—the  
harvest song, in which every man must  
join: he might be in tune, if he liked to  
be singular, but he must not sit with closed  
lips. The movement was obliged to be in  
triple time; the rest was *ad libitum*.

As to the origin of this song—whether it  
came in its actual state from the brain of a  
single rhapsodist, or was gradually per-  
fected by a school or succession of rhapso-  
dists, I am ignorant. There is a stamp of  
unity, of individual genius, put upon it,  
which inclines me to the former hypothesis,  
though I am not blind to the consideration  
that consensus of many minds which was a  
condition of primitive thought, foreign to  
our modern consciousness. Some will per-  
haps think that they detect in the first  
quatrain an indication of a last line, which  
later rhapsodists, failing in imaginative  
vigour, have supplied by the feeble device  
of iteration; others, however, may rather  
maintain that this very iteration is an  
original felicity, to which none but the  
most prosaic minds can be insensible.

The ceremony connected with the song  
was a drinking ceremony. (This is perhaps  
a painful fact, but then, you know, we can  
not reform our forefathers.) During the  
first and second quatrain, sung decidedly  
*forte*, no can was filled.

Here's a health unto our master,  
The founder of the feast;  
Here's a health unto our master  
And to our mistress!  
And may his doings prosper  
Whatever he takes in hand  
For we are all his servants,  
And are at his command.

But now, immediately before the third  
quatrain or chorus, sung *fortissimo*, with  
emphatic raps of the table, which gave the  
effect of cymbals and drum together,  
Alick's can was filled, and he was bound to  
empty it before the chorus ceased.

Then drink, boys, drink!  
And see ye do not spill,  
For if ye do ye shall drink two,  
For 'tis our master's will.

When Alick had gone successfully through  
this test of steady-handed manliness, it was

the turn of old Kester, at his right hand—  
and so on, till every man had drunk his  
initiatory pint under the stimulus of the  
chorus. Tom Saft—the rogue—took care  
to spill a little by accident; but Mr. Poy-  
ser (too officiously, Tom thought,) inter-  
fered to prevent the exaction of the penalty.  
(To be continued.)

### When Khartoum Fell.

THE FRIGHTFUL SCENES OF MASSACRE—  
WOMEN TAKEN AS SLAVES.

(From the London Daily News.)

Two men arrived yesterday whose story  
throws some fresh light on the capture of  
Khartoum. They were soldiers in Gordon's  
army, taken at the time and sold as slaves,  
but who ultimately escaped. Their names  
are Said Abdallah and Jacob Mahomet.  
They say: "Men were slain shrieking for  
mercy, when mercy was not in the hearts  
of our savage enemies. Women and children  
were robbed of their jewels of gold and  
jewels of silver, of their bracelets, neck-  
laces of precious stones, and carried off to  
be sold to the Bishareen merchants as  
slaves.

"Yes, and white women too—Egyptians  
and Circassians who wore the burko over  
their faces, the rabat and the turbah, and  
the kirs on their heads—ladies clad in silk  
and satin gowns and salhats. Mother and  
daughter alike were dragged off from their  
homes of comfort. These were widows,  
wives and daughters of Egyptian officers,  
some of whom had been killed with Hicks  
Pasha; wives and children of Egyptian  
merchants formerly rich, owning ships and  
mills, gardens and shops. These were sold  
afterward, some for 340 thaleries or more,  
some for 250, according to age and good looks.  
And the poor black women already slaves,  
and their children were taken off too. These  
were sold too, for a hundred, eighty or  
seventy thaleries.

"Their husbands and masters were slain  
before their eyes, and yet I hear it said  
there was no massacre at the taking of  
Khartoum! They lie who say so, and are in  
league with Mahomet Achmet. You must  
not believe all that men coming from  
Omdurman tell you. Mahomet Achmet  
and the Dervishes send you false reports of  
everything, and you believe them; then  
they laugh. This fighting and spilling of  
blood continued till the sun rode high in  
the sky—red, yet darkened by smoke and  
dust. There was riot and clamor, hubbub  
and wrangling over spoil; cursing was heard  
till the hour of evening prayer.

"But the Muezzin was not called; neither  
were any prayers offered up at the mosque  
on that dark day in the annals of Khartoum.  
The history of those scenes will  
not be written on its records; for all scrolls  
and papers and books in the archives were  
destroyed and scattered."

### Combining Against England.

The European combination against Eng-  
land, says a despatch to the New York  
Times on the 26th inst., is the theme of  
every journal in London—no matter of  
what party. Of course, the ministerial  
papers treat it as illustrating the inherent  
wickedness of the continental powers which  
hate such truly good men as those who con-  
stitute the British cabinet, while the Tories  
regard it as the result of the wickedness,  
blundering and indecision of the minister;  
but on the fact of an hostile condition all are  
agreed. It is impossible to say what issue  
is now uppermost in the public mind, for  
on every side looms some complication,  
foreign or domestic, which in itself seems  
to overshadow all others. There is for a  
moment a lull in the vigilance of the watch  
over the news from Russia but the chief  
national anxiety is still centered there. It  
would be nonsense to call this feeling jingo-  
ism, for it is nowhere stronger than among  
the liberals in the house and in liberal  
papers like the Telegraph, or even the  
News. Of course, there is a large body of  
Englishmen who are proud of the old motto,  
'A word and a blow, and a blow first,'  
and who sigh for the time when, had a  
Bosphore Egyptian question arisen, the  
last orders from London would have been  
to pitch Tallandier into the Nile. Not  
only are these truculent spirits wrathful,  
but the great mass of informed men fear  
that the government has committed a fatal  
error in the face of a ruthless enemy. The  
ominous hitch in the negotiations, the re-  
sumption of councils of war at St. Peter-  
burg, and the ugly tone of the Russian  
papers are enough in themselves to consti-  
tute a grave crisis, but this crisis is only  
one of many.

### Summerside Exports.

SUMMERSIDE, May 23,  
Shipped per steamer St. Lawrence, Evans,  
master, for Point du Chene:

60 cases eggs	\$204 00
1 ox	60 00
64 bags potatoes	53 00
237 bush oats	94 00
3 1/2 brls pork	56 00
14 brls oysters	28 00
20 cases eggs	66 00
Total	\$561 00

The Royal Society of Canada met in  
annual session at Ottawa on the 26th inst.  
Sterry Hunt delivered the inaugural ad-  
dress, outlining the topics with which the  
society might deal with advantage to the  
country. Dr. Wilson spoke in favor of the  
study of ethnology of the aborigines of  
Canada. Dr. Chateau spoke of the interest  
taken in Canada in France, owing to op-  
erations of the society. Lord Lansdowne  
spoke on the necessity of forestry to  
Canada and of the advisability of politicians  
cultivating science and art.

Wm. Brooks, Gold and Silver Plater, of  
such as spoons, forks, cruet stands, tea setts,  
watches, and jewelry of every description.  
Shop on corner of Prince and Grafton Streets,  
Charlottetown. [ap 18 wky 1f