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a quantity of superior Galvanized Stone-ware,
Pipes, Junctions, Bends, &c., from 3 inches to
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WILLIAM HEARD,
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A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates. Rail-
road, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the
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New Brig for Sale.
The Subscriber is instructed to offer
for Sale the HULL and SPARS of a
BRIG, now building at Framingham,
and for the inspection of Lloyd's Surveyors
of Shipping, of the following dimensions, viz.—Length
of keel, 50 feet; Beam, 16 feet 6 inches; depth of
hold, 14 feet; rise of the floor at midships, 6 inches;
and in other respects well adapted to the wants of
the English Market.
She will be delivered in August next, or earlier,
equipped. Apply to
BENI DAVIES, Broker,
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THE DWELLING HOUSE belonging to Mr. Tho^s. Keogh, and now occupied by Mr. Edward Fox, Pensioner, adjacent to the Government Pond and adjoining the premises of Mr. John Cavanagh, Pensioner. The above Freehold Property having a substantial HOUSE, 15 x 21 feet, and recently built, will be found well worthy of attention. For further particulars inquire of the owner, next door.
THOMAS KEOGHAN.
Jan. 25, 1856.

A MARVELLOUS REMEDY! FOR A MARVELLOUS AGE!



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

THE GRAND EXTERNAL REMEDY.
By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these, this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part. Diseases of the Kidneys, disorder of the Liver, Swellings of the Womb, and all its means effectually cured. Every kind of inflammation of the Liver, Swellings of the Womb, and all its means effectually cured. Every kind of inflammation of the Liver, Swellings of the Womb, and all its means effectually cured. Every kind of inflammation of the Liver, Swellings of the Womb, and all its means effectually cured.

ERYSIPLEAS, RHEUMATISM AND SCORPUIC HUMOURS AND
No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of diseases of the skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. Scary, St. Marys, Scrofula, or Erysipelas, cannot long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health.

SORE LEGS, SORE BREASTS, WOUNDS & ULCERS.
Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment. It has been used to cure the most obstinate Ulcers, glandular swellings, and tumours. Profoundly sores of this Ointment, to be used in the worst cases of ring, ulcers or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years' standing.

PILES AND FISULAS.
These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured, if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.
Each the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:
Bad Legs Cancers Sore-throats
Bad Breasts Contracted and Stiff Scurvy
Borns Joint Swellings Skin Diseases
Blisters on the Neck Elephantiasis Sore-heads
Bite of Mosquitoes Fistulas Sore-nipples
Blisters on the Neck Glandular swellings Tumours
Coco-bay Lumbago Ulcers
Chilblains Rheumatism Wounds
Chapped hands Scalds Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 24, St. Mark Lane, London, E. (Bar). London, 80, Maiden Lane, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Chemists in all parts of the British World, the following prices:—at 1s. 3d.; 3s. 3d.; and 5s. each Pot.
Beware! There is a considerable saving by taking the true Ointment.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.
Although it is understood to be the intention of government to dispatch seven regiments of the line from the east to Canada, the order is said not to be compulsory on individual regiments, but that battalions for such destination are to be composed of volunteers from the whole army. The aggregate strength of the regiments so formed will be about 10,000. With regard to the shipping of ammunition from Woolwich for Canada, the war authorities have decided that, as a very large quantity now stored in the Crimea will have to be removed, the most expedient plan will be to convey it thence by means of line-of-battle ships intended to transport the troops; consequently, the department at Woolwich Arsenal has received orders to discontinue the preparing and casing any powder and ammunition there for transmission to Canada, as directed a short time back, the order having been rescinded.

It is not intended to reduce the army to any great extent, it being determined to keep up an efficient force in case of emergency. The peace establishment of cavalry and infantry regiments on foreign service will be as follows:—In India, cavalry regiments are to consist of 2 troops, of 500 rank and file each, exclusive of trumpeters and farriers; infantry ditto, of 1,200 rank and file each, 200 of whom will be formed into depot companies, to remain in England. In the Colonies, infantry regiments are to consist of 1,000 rank and file each, 100 being attached to a provisional battalion in England. Regiments on home service will each have a strength of 750 rank and file. No reduction will take place in the Royal Artillery, Royal Sappers and Miners, Royal Marines, the Household Brigade, or the Rifle Regiments.

GOVERNMENT SUPPORT OF IDOLATRY IN INDIA.—A Calcutta correspondent says:—"I am told that the allowance granted by Government to the idol temple at Pooor has been discontinued under orders from home. The abolition of this grant has been an object with Indian missionaries and philanthropists for some years."

TERRIBLE TORNADO IN DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS.—Mr. M. Miller, of Pleasant Run, Dallas County, now in our city, gives an account of a terrible tornado that took place in Pleasant Run, a week ago last Tuesday. The tornado blew from the South, and commenced about an hour before sunset. Some of his goods were carried to a distance of fifty miles, in Tarrant County—and one of the children was found dead, half a mile distant from the house. This tornado extended about 15 miles north and south, being from 200 to 300 yards in width. Over this tract, the tornado swept, carrying away, or prostrating every thing in its course; killing horses, cattle, hogs, and other animals. *Galesburg News, May 16.*

THE YORK POINT HOBIKIDE.—The Particulars in the Case.—An inquest was held yesterday on view of the body of Patrick Cotter, a shoemaker, living in Mill street, who was killed between nine and ten o'clock the preceding evening, by Timothy O'Neill, a laborer. The following is the testimony of the sister of the deceased, who was an eyewitness to the whole transaction, before the Coroner's Jury. The witness said, in effect, that she was sitting in her own room, when she was told by a policeman that there was some disturbance in her brother's shop. She went to the door of the shop and looked through the window. Inside she saw O'Neill (the prisoner) and several other persons [giving their names.] O'Neill was engaged in an altercation with some person, and had caught hold of him by the collar, when her brother told him to "go home, and not be making a backguard of himself, and bringing a crowd around the door." Afterwards the brother forcibly put O'Neill out of the shop. Witness was standing in an alley-way adjoining the shop, and when O'Neill was put out, she called him to her, and advised him, as he "had a glass in his hand, to go home quietly and make no disturbance." O'Neill replied that "her brother had called him a backguard, and he must have satisfaction." The prisoner then entered the shop again, and walked forward to the counter, sitting on a shoemaker's bench, addressed him. "Pat, you called me a backguard!" "I did," interrupted Cotter, "and you are nothing less than a mean scound of a backguard."

"I am not," returned the other. "I am as good a father's and mother's son as you are." Cotter rose from his seat, and after reopening the shop-door, returned to the counter, and said, "I am not, and drew him out on the sidewalk a second time. He then left O'Neill, and made as if to reenter the shop. The latter followed him, and just as deceased reached the threshold, struck him, as witness thought, a blow with his clenched fist. Cotter turned partially round and appeared about to fall, when O'Neill caught hold of and sustained him. He then dealt additional blows—he was so stabbing deceased all this time, and witness notwithstanding not seeing the knife in his hand, thought he was "boxing" him, as she expressed it. After O'Neill had let go his hold, Cotter fell directly to the ground, in front of his shop, and witness ran up to him, and seeing the paleness of his face, sprinkled water over him, thinking he had fainted. A policeman told her he was dead. After Cotter fell, O'Neill made off; but was captured by Sergeant Keans and Policeman Dobson in his own dwelling, and is now in custody. There are three wounds in the body, one directly to the arm, one in the region of the head, and one near the groin. The knife taken from the prisoner was shown to the jurors. It is an old-fashioned jack knife, much ground away in the blade, and a blood of the dead man was encrusted on it.

The Coroner's jury, remained together from 11 o'clock till 6, and examining upwards of seven witnesses, all of whom corroborated the preceding account, returned a verdict in favor of William Munn against Timothy O'Neill.
General Williams, it is said, will be commissioned to regulate the Turco-Russian frontiers in Asia.