

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1889.

The Vacant Seat in the Senate.

OUR Patriotic contemporary is exceedingly anxious that Sir John Macdonald should do the right thing when he fills the seat in Senate which has been vacated by the Hon. J. S. Carvell. It is pleasing to know that if the Hon. Samuel Prowse be appointed to the Senate the Patriot will be pleased. No one will grudge to the Patriot an occasional crumb of comfort. Indeed we should be disposed to yield a great deal for the sake of imparting to the Patriot a more roseate hue, and enabling it to change its continuous melancholy, pessimistic wail to a tone which would be likely to inspire its readers with confidence in the present and hope in the future of an United Canada. But there is nothing to yield in respect to its proposition that the Hon. Samuel Prowse be appointed to the Senate. It has been the policy of Sir John Macdonald to promote to the Senate men who have distinguished themselves by the display of strong individuality united with talents and energy which have enabled them to succeed and prosper and become men of mark in their several walks of life. There are few men in this Province who "fill the bill" in this respect better than the Hon. Samuel Prowse. Moreover, Mr. Prowse has, for many years, been one of our most active public men, and he has taken a foremost part in the promotion of all the recent measures which have benefitted the people of this Province and Canada at large. If he should be appointed to the Senate, the position he has taken in respect to the fulfilment of the Terms of Union as to continuous communication between this Province and the mainland, will tend to make the appointment exceedingly popular in King's County and throughout the Province. The paramount want of the Province is better means for communication and trade in the winter season; and it will be satisfactory, as it is important, to have in the Senate another earnest and vigorous promoter of the interests of the Province in this regard.

The appointment of Hon. Mr. Prowse will undoubtedly be popular in King's County and throughout the Province, and it is satisfactory to know that the organ of the Opposition will not be in a position to carp at it when it is made. But if another competent man should be selected to fill the vacant seat, it is not probable that either Mr. Prowse or his friends will question the Premier's sagacity in the selection of men. There are undoubtedly others who have good claims to be recognized, and who would fill the vacant seat with credit to themselves and with advantage to the country. Only let it be remembered that, while many are eligible, but one can be appointed.

Notes and Clippings.

The growth of the United States export trade in cattle with Great Britain is evidenced by the fact that during 1888 142,184 head of cattle were sent thence against 96,812 in 1887. The figures for 1880, when collected, will likewise show a large advance. The exporters of the United States have been very active the past few months.

Mr. Newbery's letter on the subject of the Park roadway is worthy of consideration. This matter should have been attended to long ago. The state of the most convenient approach to the park is disgraceful. Measures to prevent the annual loss of land, to prevent the intrusion of the public upon the grounds of the Lieutenant-Governor, and to afford a good public roadway to Victoria Park should be adopted as soon as possible. We hope that our public spirited representative men will take this matter in hand.

The Breckers Gazette, of Chicago, reports that great "corn weather" is almost universally reported, and if frosts do not come abnormally early, immense yields of this staple will be gathered. The temperature has risen generally throughout the West, while rains have held off—a little too much, in fact, in some localities, where the pastures are beginning to brown. The prospects are excellent at present for securing the corn crop, as twenty to thirty days more of such weather will see it safely over the danger line from the attacks of nipping Jack Frost. The oat crop is simply immense: that is the only word which fitly characterizes the situation.

The following is a statement of the Exports for August, from Queen's and King's Counties:—

Table with columns for POTATOES, OATS, MEATS, FISH, LOSTERS, STARCH, MISCELLANEOUS, HORSES, CATTLE AND SHEEP, EGGS. Includes sub-headers for Colonial and Foreign and monetary values.

The British Board of Trade returns for the month of July have been issued. They show that the value of the exports to Canada for the month was £533,326, against £594,456 in July, 1888, and that for the seven months ended 31st July it was £3,072,920, against £3,064,123 for the corresponding period of 1888. The value of imports from Canada in July was £1,469,328, against £1,275,935 in July, 1888; and for the seven months ended 31st July it was £2,712,555, against £2,460,111. The values in pounds sterling of the imports for the seven months were as follows: Oxen and mules, 569,542; cows, 15,119; calves, 46; sheep and lambs, 20,331; wheat, 70,336; wheat flour, 12,111; butter, 30,149; cheese, 478,296; fish, cured or salted, 254,382; copper ore, 724; wool, bones, 236,502; wax, tallow, 1,600,478.

The hop harvest in New York State has commenced. The crop will be lighter than was expected.

Protection and Free Trade.

F. LESTER WARD read a paper before the Science Association, which is now in session in Toronto, on "The Sociological Position of Protection and Free Trade." Mr. Ward says that it has always been maintained on the one side and scarcely denied on the other that in theory the doctrine of free trade is inevitable. But the writer also maintained that there is a theory of protection, in considering a theory of protection it should first of all be observed that a protective tariff is only one of a large class of means which not only States, but corporations, institutions and individuals adopt to secure a certain end, viz., to encourage activities that are supposed to be beneficial to society. Few will deny that it is both a right and a duty to adopt any means that can be proved to be for the general good. Whenever the State has applied this principle it has always proved effective. There are some narrow-minded people who oppose all such measures on the ground that public money is thus given to private individuals. But if the results are regarded as of value to the country at large, there is no difference between this and the payment of salaries to the officers and employees of the Government for the transaction of its necessary business. The end is usually regarded as of the greatest value, and if attained it is supposed to justify almost any expenditure. The principle to which all such legislation belongs is that of inducing individual members of society to put forth exertions which are foreseen to be beneficial to society at large. The great economic principle is that civilization depends entirely upon the intelligent control of natural forces, including the social forces, and their direction into channels of human advantage. Much ingenuity has always been employed in obtaining revenue at the least expense and friction and the imposts that were formerly collected on goods in transit from one port to another of the same country were the origin of the term laissez faire, which has now become the rallying cry not only of those who favor free trade, but of the whole school of philosophers who call themselves individualists. Properly viewed those who advocate a tariff for protection only come much nearer to be free traders than those who advocate a tariff for revenue only. Resort to a tariff for protection was had much later than to a tariff for revenue. As statesmen became wiser and more far-sighted, they began to perceive that by regulating trade so as to keep out products that can be obtained at home the resources of their respective countries could be developed and nations rendered self-sustaining and independent. This national sentiment was the principal motive in securing the adoption of protective tariffs. A statesman is not a humanitarian, but the history of this movement has proved that with States, as with individuals, those acts which are performed in self-defence are usually the ones that best conduce to the collective weal. Of all the means that have thus far been hit upon by statesmen for the beneficial modification of social phenomena, and the attraction of human activities into advantageous channels, that of the protective tariff has proved the most successful and far-reaching in its effects.

But it may be questioned whether there is any such thing as free competition. It is in the very nature of competition to arrest the free play of activities. The term itself implies friction. It requires intelligent perseverance to preserve competition free, or, more correctly speaking, to prevent competition so as to leave useful activities free. Nations compete for the commerce of the world, and gradually some one like Great Britain will come to command the seas. This becomes a great commercial monopoly, and all the evils of monopoly attend it. The narrow theory of the free trader is wholly inadequate to explain such facts. The protective tariff certainly does not effect trade. Its effect is much greater than that of the non-protective tariff. It prohibits the necessary transportation of goods that can be produced near the consumer. This is a great economy. At first it usually increases the price of the protected article, but in the end it reduces it by the whole cost of this redundant transportation often by much more than this. It often goes so far as to reduce the prices abroad. Another unlooked-for effect is that of raising and sustaining wages. Protection belongs to the great class of ingenious instrumentalities, which the civilized brain of man has learned to devise and employ for the regulation, control and utilization of natural agencies. It does not differ in principle from the various means by which he has protected himself from wild beasts, vermin, flood, fire and storm.

Mr. Gladstone has gone to Paris. Mrs. Maybrick has been removed to Woking prison. She wears the regular convict dress and looks well. Emperor William has bestowed the decoration of the Order of the Black Eagle upon Prince George of Wales. Wm. O'Brien was taken to Galloway on Monday to serve out his term of two months imprisonment. A large crowd cheered him to the railway station. Rev. James Dixon, sub-Warden of St. Peter's Home, Kilburne, England, and Secretary-General of Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament, is visiting Charlottetown. He is the guest of Mr. E. J. Hodgson. Lord Salisbury's growing obesity is becoming very troublesome to himself and a source of anxiety to his friends. It is understood that he intends to consult Prince Bismarck's physician immediately after the rising of parliament. Rev. G. O. Gates and Mrs. Gates, of St. John, were visited by their congregation at the Baptist parsonage on Monday night and made the recipients of many elegant and costly gifts on the occasion of the fifteenth anniversary of their marriage. Rev. Dr. Hole, who recently resigned the rectorship of St. Paul's Church, Halifax, has been presented with a handsome gold watch and purse of eighty-eight sovereigns. He was also presented with addresses by his late congregation, the Y. M. C. A., Evangelical Alliance and Lord's Day Observance Society. Dr. Hole's departure will be a great loss to the Nova Scotia diocese. Mr. Thomas Fissett and Mr. H. Sliker, of Brantford, left for home this morning. They were here during the last month helping Mr. D. Mackenzie, agent for A. Harris, Son & Co., in the sale of Mowers, Reapers and Binders. The sales of these machines have been unusually large this season and they express themselves as delighted with the hospitality and kindness of the company's numerous customers. Vancouver is hospitable. Having learned that the Governor General was to visit the Pacific coast shortly, the mayor telegraphed his Excellency for particulars as to date of arrival, so that citizens might organize a public reception. The Governor must have appreciated the cordial spirit evinced, for he promptly replied as follows to Mayor Oppenheimer: "Thanks for telegram. I look forward with pleasure to my visit to Vancouver, and will let you know the exact date in a few days, as soon as arrangements are made, but they are not entirely within my control, and I am not certain yet. STANLEY."

Personal.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Park Roadway.

SIR,—Now that the Government have under consideration repairing Government House, it is to be hoped that the best-work along the shore front will not be overlooked by them. This would be an opportune time for citizens to urge upon the City Council to co-operate with the Government in making preparations to build the proposed roadway to the Park along the front of Government House next spring, in order to get a more direct approach to the Park, and to enable citizens more generally to enjoy the advantage of fresh air and recreation it should afford to all classes. A public meeting should be called to agitate the matter, as the Council will not likely assume the initiative unless they are strongly supported by the taxpayers. In connection with the above-mentioned improvement, the Council should make provision to have the drives in the Park improved and new ones opened. Most of the roads are now badly cut up, full of ruts and seem to receive little or no repairs or attention. Another man or two ought to be employed early next spring to assist the keeper in this much needed work, which should be under the supervision of some competent overseer. Trusting that these remarks will awaken an interest in this matter, Yours truly, FENTON T. NEWBERY, Charlottetown, Sept., 3, 1889.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

OSBORNE HOUSE. Sept 2—H S Sliker, Brantford; A F Morrow, Souris; John McKinnon, Goo'town; Dr J A Gordon, Boston; George O'Neill, Vernon River. HOTEL DAVIES. Sept 3—H W Cronin and wife, Halifax; W R Samuel, Montreal; H A Deary, St John; E F Lucas, A R Salum, St Albion, Mass; Geo F Payne, Granby, Que; Charles Smith, F C Creighton, D A King, Halifax; W F McCormack and wife, St John; Edwin McFarlane, Amundale; Charles G Wright, S'side; W N Forbes, Halifax; A D G Vanzant, St John. NEW SEA VIEW HOUSE—SOURIS. Aug 31—Jos A Murdoch, St John; Mrs Jos A Murdoch, do; John Leitch, do; J T Crockett, Ch'town; John Robertson, Montreal. Sept 2—J R McKee, Ch'town; W E Samuel, Montreal; G D Edwards, Montreal; J S McLaren, St John; Wm Dodd, Mrs Wm Dodd, Ch'town; W D Armour, do.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN. ENTERED. Sept 3—J W Allen, LeBlanc, Arichat, coal; Claymore, Breaux, Church Point, cedar posts; Tarquin, Cameron, Pictou, coal; Hasty, Fraser, Gaspe; as Coban, Fraser, Montreal. Sept 4—Capella, Ball, St Peters. CLEARED. Sept 3—J W Allen, LeBlanc, Cognac, bal; Mary B, LaVash, Pugwash, bal; Tarquin, Cameron, Pictou, bal; R W Smith, Forrest, Cow Bay, bal; Swan, LaLacheur, Pictou, bal; Claymore, Breaux, Pictou, bal; Hasty, Fraser, Gaspe; as M A Starr, Ferguson, Montague. Sept 4—J H Nickerson, Hopkiss, Pictou, bal; Capella, Ball, Tracadie; Village Queen, Curry, Pictou, bal.

DIED.

In the East Royalty, on the 29th August, Marilda, relict of the late John Lowry, aged 64 years. At Fort Augustus, on August 11th, Margaret Hooper, relict of the late Charles Braddock, Esq., aged 78 years. (Summerside papers please copy.) In this city, on the 3d inst., Maggie May, youngest daughter of Warren J. and Emily Miller, aged twelve and a half months. In this city, on the 3d inst., Mrs. Patrick Brazil, aged forty-nine years. (Funeral will leave her late residence, Sydney Street, on Thursday morning at 8.45 o'clock for St. Dunstan's Cathedral; thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery.) (Newfoundland papers please copy.)

Local Notices.

Bananas and Watermelons cheap at R. K. Brace's. A splendid lot of American Butter Crocks just received at R. K. Brace's. New fall goods. Twenty cases from the English market, just opened at J. B. Macdonald's. aug31 3i The new stock of boots lately opened at the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store is giving entire satisfaction. aug31 3i The stickiest fly paper, the largest, the best the cheapest, 4 cts. each; 5 for 15 cts., at Reddin's Drug Store. aug30 4i Two thousand five hundred cigars, sample goods, bought at a discount, will give retailers the benefit—Reddin's Drug Store. aug30 4i Special bargains this week. Dress Goods, Cottons, Cloths, &c., at J. B. Macdonald's. aug27 6i Great reductions in price made in Men's and Boy's Clothing. Must clear to make room for fall stock, at J. B. Macdonald's. aug27 6i BAGGAGE EXPRESS.—Merchants and others having parcels, trunks, etc., to be moved can leave their order at R. K. Brace's, and it will be promptly attended to by Joseph Dewar. Telephone communication. aug10 1m eod

DOMINION LINE

Royal Mail Steamships SAILING WEEKLY FROM Montreal and Quebec for Liverpool, AND FORTNIGHTLY FOR Bristol, Avonmouth Dock.

STEAMSHIPS

VANCOUVER, OREGON, SARNIA, TORONTO, DOMINION, ONTARIO, TEXAS. Passengers booked to and from all the principal Cities in Great Britain, Ireland and the Continent. For rates of passage or other information apply to FENTON T. NEWBERY, Agent for P. E. Island. sept4

Auction Sale of Furniture

I WILL SELL BY AUCTION, at Sales-room, on FRIDAY, September 6th, at 2 p. m., a lot of Household Furniture. R. BEARSTO, Auctioneer. sept4

Horses. 20 Horses.

WANTED, on Friday and Saturday. Twenty Horses, workers and drivers, age 5 to 15, weight 1600 to 1400. W. S. McKIE. sept4

Fischer Piano For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his beautiful FISCHER PIANO, which has only been in use sixteen months, and is as good as new. It was used with great acceptance at the late Promenade Concert, and may be seen at my Rooms, 235 Kent Street. J. HERBERT LOGAN. aug. 2, 1889—6i eod

Choice Southern Flour.

300 barrels Choice "GENESEE" Flour, just received from St Louis. Nothing like it in the market. Far superior to Canada flour. HORACE HASZARD. aug 31, 1i

ORGANIST WANTED

FOR A Two Manual Pipe Organ. THE Trustees of the First Methodist Church, Charlottetown, P. E. Island, are desirous of securing the services of a suitable person as Organist and Choir Leader. Applications will be received up to 21st September, inst., stating terms and when the engagement could be entered upon. Satisfactory testimonials as to character and ability required. Address, REV. JOHN READ, Pastor. sept3—2w 2aw

CHALLENGE.

WE, the undersigned, hereby challenge Collins and Donovan, or any two men in P. E. Island, to row us a Double Scull Wherry Boat in the same two boats as were rowed in at Charlottetown on the 27th June last, for \$30 a side. Race to be rowed at Pictou on the 17th September, inst. Distance three miles with turn. (Signed) PETER O. CARROLL, and mate. Pictou, Sept. 2, 1889. sept3

DWELLING HOUSE

BY AUCTION. I AM Instructed by Mr. Michael Pidgeon, to sell by Auction, on the premises, on Wednesday, 11th September, AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON, his Dwelling House, situated on the Mount Edward Road, just outside the city limits. This sale offers a good opportunity to secure a property free from city taxes, and yet within ten minutes walk of the Market House. Size of lot, 66 feet by 160 feet. For further particulars, apply to G. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer. Aug. 29—1i

WANTED AT ONCE,

At the Charlottetown Boot and Shoe Factory, SIX MEN TO DO FACTORY & CUSTOM WORK. ALSO—An Experienced Girl to run a Sewing Machine. Good Wages. Three Smart Boys Wanted in the Boot and Shoe Factory.

GOFF BROS.

Charlottetown, Sept. 4, 1889.

NEW FALL GOODS.

PERKINS & STERNS. 24 Cases and Bales Manchester Goods, 9 Cases and Bales Glasgow Goods.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Shawls, Flannels, Tweeds, Linens, Carpets, Dress Goods, Prints, Hessians, Knitted Wool Goods and Small Wares, Berlin Wools and Knitting Yarns. CANADIAN MADE, Good and Cheap, —AT— PERKINS & STERNS. Charlottetown, Aug 30, 1889—dy wky

Wholesale Trade.

DEALERS who will send us specifications of their wants for Fall Trade will find our Jobbing Prices Lower than any other Hardware Supply House in Canada. Order at once for importation. Axes, Cross Cut Saws, Forks and Shovels, Nails, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Iron, Chain, Bolts, Traces, &c., —AND ALL— SHELF HARDWARE NORTON & FENNEL. Aug. 22, 1889—2aw & wky CHARLOTTETOWN.

For Thirty Days

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE Of Boots and Shoes. WE will offer the balance of our Spring and Summer Stock at a BIG SACRIFICE FOR CASH. The Biggest Bargains in the City guaranteed. J. C. SPRAGUE. Charlottetown, Aug. 19, 1889—tu fri wky

New Furniture.

WE ARE SHOWING SOME VERY FINE New Solid Oak Bedroom Sets, Elegant Parlor Tables and Hall Stands, LATEST DESIGNS. CALL AND SEE US. MARK WRIGHT & CO. Charlottetown, August 26, 1889.