

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1888.

VOL. 22.—NO. 125.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by
The Examiner Publishing Co
From their office, corner of Water and
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,
Prince Edward Island.

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Six months \$2.50
Three months 1.25
One month 50
Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR APRIL, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Last Quarter 3rd day, 8h., 28.5m., a.m., S.W.
New Moon 11th day, 5h., 52.2m., a.m., E.
First Quarter 19th day, 7h., 39.7, a.m., N.
(below horizon.)
Full Moon 26th day, 2h., 9.6m., a.m., S.W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
	Rises	sets	rises	water	length
1 Sunday	5 41	6 23	0 30	1 59	12 39
2 Monday	4 2	25 1 30	2 55	4 3	
3 Tuesday	4 0	26 2 21	4 7	4 6	
4 Wednesday	3 8	27 3 3	5 29	4 9	
5 Thursday	3 7	29 3 37	6 32	5 2	
6 Friday	3 5	30 4 16	7 54	5 5	
7 Saturday	3 3	32 4 37	8 32	5 9	
8 Sunday	3 1	33 5 1	9 22	13 2	
9 Monday	2 9	34 5 25	9 58	5	
10 Tuesday	2 7	35 5 48	10 32	8	
11 Wednesday	2 5	37 6 12	11 1	12	
12 Thursday	2 3	38 6 38	11 33	15	
13 Friday	2 2	40 7 7	morn	18	
14 Saturday	2 0	41 7 41	0 4	21	
15 Sunday	1 8	42 8 20	0 37	24	
16 Monday	1 6	43 9 6	1 13	27	
17 Tuesday	1 5	45 9 59	1 53	30	
18 Wednesday	1 3	46 11 0	2 40	33	
19 Thursday	1 1	47 11 30	3 40	36	
20 Friday	9 48	5 4	4 54	39	
21 Saturday	8 50	1 16	6 17	42	
22 Sunday	6 52	2 28	7 32	46	
23 Monday	4 53	3 50	8 28	49	
24 Tuesday	2 54	4 53	9 19	52	
25 Wednesday	0 55	6 25	10 3	55	
26 Thursday	4 58	5 7	11 45	58	
27 Friday	5 7	6 58	9 11	27	14
28 Saturday	5 7	9 10	14	0	4
29 Sunday	5 4	1 11	19	0	56
30 Monday	5 2	3	morn	1 45	14 9

MEDICAL.

Dr. Jenkins & Dr. S. R. Jenkins,
OFFICE:

GREAT GEORGE STREET,
Opposite St. Dunstan's Cathedral.
feb24—2m wky tf wky pat her

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RECEIVERS OF
Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS
Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &
Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,
BOSTON, MASS.

—FOR—
B-O-S-T-O-N

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

THE PALACE STEAMERS
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Tuesday and Thursday at 8.30 a.m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class.
For tickets and other information apply to
G. S. HARRIS, F. W. HALE, S.
P. E. L. EY., P. E. L. Steam Nav. Co.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

AMNS A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,
BROKERS

—AND—
Commission Merchants,
HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

References: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia, Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,
TEA MERCHANTS,

71 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINING LANE,
LONDON, ENGLAND.
Represented in Canada by MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, Halifax
On 24, 1887

The Busiest Place on P. E. Island.

MARK WRIGHT & CO'S FURNITURE FACTORY.

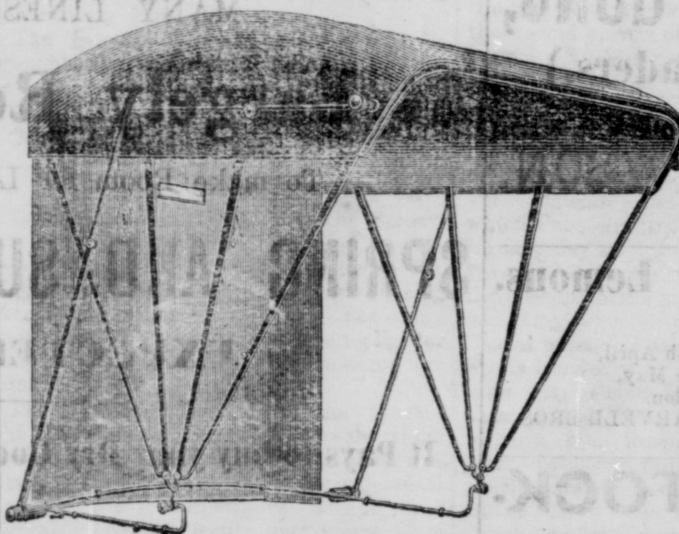
If you doubt it, call and see. You will then UNDERSTAND why it is that we SELL many lines of our own manufacture VERY MUCH CHEAPER than anyone in the trade.

We are prepared for a rush in Repairing and Re-upholstering this Spring, and will give all our patrons quick despatch and good value.

We invite inspection of our immense stock in Showrooms.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

Charlottetown, March 26, 1888.



WE OFFER

Better Value

—IN—

BUGGY
TOPS

Than any other House
in Canada.

IN STOCK:

BODIES

ALL STYLES.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

CARRIAGE GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

GENERAL HARDWARE and MILL SUPPLIES.

NORTON & FENNELL,

City Hardware Store.

Charlottetown, March 5, 1888.

BEER & GOFF'S.

Headquarters for Staple and Fancy Groceries.

We Have Now on Hand a Very Large Stock of

CANNED GOODS, in Peaches, Pine Apple, Corn, Tomatoes, French Peas, Sardines, Salmon, Lobster, Corned Beef, Dried Beef, Ox Tongue, Curried Tongue, Pea Soup, &c., &c.

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTER SAUCE, Tomato Sauce, Harvey's Sauce, Mushroom Catsup, Yorkshire Relish, Mango Chutney, Capers, Ess. Anchovies, China Say Olives, Curry Powder, Salad Oil, French Mustard, &c., &c.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S MIXED PICKLES. Chow Chow, Onions, Piccalilli and Pickled Walnuts.

KEILLER'S MARMALADE, JAMS and JELLIES of all kinds.

POTTED HAM, Devilled Ham, Rotted Tongue, LIEBEG'S EXT. MEAT, Fluid Beef, Milk Food.

All Fresh, Good Stock.

BEER & GOFF,

Queen and King Squares' Stores.

Feb. 9, 1888—oaw & wky

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

Assets 1st January, 1887. \$38,046,884.56
Assets in Canada. 673,375.05

This Company offers every advantage of the most undoubted security, liberal contracts, low rates, and prompt payment of losses to the insured.

Policies issued for three years on Dwellings, Churches etc., at reduced rates.

LEONARD MORRIS,
Agent,
Summerside.

R. R. FITZGERALD,
Agent,
Charlottetown.

February 11, 1888—3m 2aw pd

THE Clearance Sale

—AT THE—
LONDON HOUSE
Is Still Going On.

Many Fine Grades of Goods.
LARGE DISCOUNTS,

And every effort made to meet the requirements of CASH BUYERS.

F. W. MOORE,
Assignee of HARRIS & STEWART.
Ch town, March 2, 1888.

FOR SALE.

THREE ACRES OF LAND in the Village of Souris East, fronting 33 chains on the Main Street, and bounded on the north by land of Stephen A. McDonald, on the east by lands of Marshal Paquet and William Cantwell, and on the west by Souris River, at present in the possession of Michael McCormack, Esq.
For particulars apply in Charlottetown at the office of
MCLEOD, MORSON & McQUARRIE,
Solicitors.
mch13—dy & wy law (tues) tf

TO LET.

TWO NICE HOUSES on Pleasant Street, with Stables and Water.
Also—One House on King Street.
Apply to
WILLIAM DODD.
April 4, 1888—tf

\$50 REWARD.

THE above reward will be given by the City of Charlottetown to any person who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of the person or persons who broke the glass in the shop windows of Mr. Geo. D. Longworth, on Saturday night last, the 14th inst.

By order of the Mayor,
A. H. MACPHERSON,
ap18—lw eod City Clerk.

AGENTS.—No book will sell at present like our Home, Farm and Business Cyclopaedia. It is a large work, containing 900 pages, profusely illustrated, and also contains portraits of the leading statesmen of the Dominion. The Home Department discusses fully everything relative to Housekeeping in all its phases. The Farm Department discusses, in a peculiarly interesting style, just the information every successful farmer must possess. The Business Department, besides giving full information on Commercial Law and every form of Legal Documents, contains Goodwin's System of Practical Book-keeping. Each Department of the work has the advantage of being written by Canadian Specialists. We want an Agent in every Town and County. For terms and full particulars address W. E. EARLE, St. John, N. B.
J. S. ROBERTSON & BROS.,
Publishers.
April 7, 1888—2aw & wky

FOR SALE OR TO LET

For a Term of Years.

LAWDALE, situate on the St. Peter's Road, about one mile and a half from the city, known as the "GARDNER PROPERTY," and recently occupied by Mr. Bridges. On the premises are a handsome Dwelling House, good barns, &c. This place consists of about sixteen acres of land in good heart, and several pieces of land can be had adjoining, sufficient to make a Farm of about fifty acres.
For further information apply to
JOHN INGS.
Ch'town, April 11, 1888—3aw

Pure, Reliable.

AMMONIA,
ALUM,
LIME,

But Purest and Best Materials used in the manufacture of

Woodill's German Baking Powder.

April 11, 1888.

\$130,000 WATER DEBENTURES

—OF THE—
City of Charlottetown.

TENDERS will be received at the Commissioners' Office up to the night of the 30th April, prox., for the purchase of \$130,000 (One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Dollars) of the City of Charlottetown Water Works Debentures. These Debentures are of the denomination of \$500 each, and are payable in twenty-five years from date of issue, bearing interest at five (5) per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly, and are issued by virtue of a Special Act of the Legislature, passed last year, intitled: "The Charlottetown Water Works Act, 1887."
Tenders will be received for part or whole. Of the above amount, \$35,000 will be issued 15th May; \$20,000 15th June; and about \$10,000 monthly thereafter till whole are issued. The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.
D. LAIRD,
Chairman.
Water Commissioners' Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I., March 27th, 1888.
mch28—2aw

The Provincial Budget.

Hon. W. W. Sullivan's Speech.

(Concluded.)

Now, Mr. Speaker, having placed the Estimates before the House respecting expenditure, where is the money to come from to meet it, and also to pay off what our opponents call our indebtedness? That is a very important question, and I have no doubt it has been weighing upon the minds of hon. members opposite ever since the session commenced. Their anxiety, however, differs from that of the Government. The Opposition are anxious to increase the public indebtedness, while the Government are anxious to diminish it. We propose to meet the estimated expenditure in this way. We have the ordinary sources of revenue and the subsidy from the Dominion Government with which to do so. The subsidy will be \$193,537.20, including the addition lately made. Then we have the fees to be received from the office of the Provincial Secretary, the Prothonotary, Registrar of Deeds, County Courts, Hospital for Insane, Prince of Wales College, Private Bills, Pedlars' Licenses, Fines and Penalties, Vendors' Licenses, rent of Warren Farm, and Casual Revenue, amounting to \$12,510.11. In the item of Pedlars' Licenses, there has lately been a considerable increase owing to the number of persons taking out license. The sum received for Vendors' Licenses is from persons licensed to sell spirituous liquors under the Canada Temperance Act. In addition to the items mentioned, we shall have a small refund from the Dominion Government on "Land Account." A small amount due the estate of the late M. McDonnell, on account of the purchase of his lands, and which was formerly in dispute, was ordered to be paid during the past year, and will be paid this year. That will be drawn from the Land account, as it is for the purchase of an estate. Then there is another small amount paid on account of lands taken for railway purposes, which will also be withdrawn from the Federal Government. The two items amount to \$346.79. In addition to these estimates, we shall probably receive from the Public Lands Office the sum of \$48,000. Last year was rather a poor one for our farmers, but this year we have reason to expect a prosperous season for them. There is also another reason why we expect increased receipts at the Land Office. The ten years allowed people to purchase the freehold of their farms are, in many cases, about to expire, and the Government will have to insist that the law of the Province respecting these payments shall be carried out, and that payment shall be made of the instalments due. We have, therefore, a right to expect larger receipts at the Land Office this year. The total of all these items is \$254,394.10, or a little over the estimated expenditure, as follows, viz:—

Subsidy	\$193,537.20
Public Lands	48,000.00
Casual Revenue	100.00
Provincial Secretary	850.00
Prothonotary	2,000.00
Registry of Deeds	5,000.00
County Courts	1,900.00
Hospital for Insane	1,800.00
Prince of Wales College	70.00
Private Bills	100.00
Pedlars' Licenses	600.00
Fines and Penalties	300.00
Vendors' Licenses	200.00
Rent of Warren Farm	90.11
Refunds	346.79
Total	\$254,394.10

That amount will be in excess of the estimated expenditure by a small sum, so that if we do not receive one dollar beyond it we shall be able to balance our accounts for the year 1888. But I estimate that we shall receive something beyond that amount. There is a sum due us from the Dominion Government for pensions paid by this Province since Confederation, amounting to about \$12,000, which we shall receive during the present year, and which will bring our receipts up to about \$366,000; or about \$12,000 over the estimated expenditure, to come and go on. Well, I may be asked: "What are you going to do about this indebtedness?" I deny that it is an indebtedness at all in the guise mentioned by the Opposition. The amount is \$188,930.89; but the Opposition say it is over \$230,000. As I stated the other day, since the beginning of the present year we pay 6 per cent. to the Banks for the use of that money. We have been asked what security we gave them for the repayment of the money. Well, the Province is security for their required no better security than the Government itself. At one of the Banks we have a considerable deposit upon which we receive interest. We have had before this House statements showing expenditures made by Delegates on public business. The result of these delegations was that a considerable sum of money has been given to the Province. In the session of 1886 I stated in this House that one-eighth of one million of dollars would be received from the Dominion Government. Yet the Opposition laughed at the statement, and said that it was only an election dodge. After we received the \$20,000 per year, they said: "You belied your promise, for you said you would receive one-eighth of one million dollars, but you have received only \$20,000 per annum." We replied that we had done better than we promised, as we had received the interest of half a million dollars at four per cent per annum. They said: "No, we want the principal itself; we prefer one-eighth of a million in cash to the interest on half a million." That is the substance of what they said on that occasion. Well, our desire is to have the balances due paid off, and to increase the amount placed

to our credit, so that next year we shall have a balance on the other side of the account. The Government, therefore, have arranged with the Government of the Dominion to receive the one-fourth of one million of dollars, or the sum of \$250,000, so that at the end of the year, if these estimates come out as I think they will, and if we be placed in a position to realize our expectations, we shall have a surplus at the end of the year, and also a surplus at the banks. I dare say this is very unwelcome news to the Opposition, but I am quite sure the country will be pleased to learn that the Government have made an arrangement by which they will have placed at their disposal that very considerable sum of money. That amount we expect to receive within the present year. We may not require to use the whole amount; but we can draw upon it as we wish. In that way we shall have at the end of this year a balance to our credit at the banks, and our little indebtedness will be entirely extinguished. So that after the end of our term of ten years, if we meet here next session, we shall be in a position to say that we have fully maintained the credit of the Province during that time. In addition to this, we shall be in a position to say that we have improved the education system of the Province, very considerably, and that the expenditure thereon has been increased nearly one hundred per cent. We can also say that we have maintained the public service in a very efficient state, that we have expended \$50,000 upon the building of the Hospital for the Insane, that we have erected new buildings on the Stock Farm and imported much improved stock at a heavy expense. These are all valuable assets of the Province. Besides this, we shall have, I trust, a balance to our credit at the end of the year, after having greatly increased our capital at Ottawa, and dispensed with all taxes which had been imposed on our farmers. When the present Government came into power, the people had been paying \$48,000 per year, in direct taxation, upon which \$10,000 was paid for collecting the same. When our opponents went out of power, they had only \$906,872.14 to our credit at Ottawa. What sum have we now to our credit in the Dominion Treasury? It has been increased by negotiation and otherwise until it has now reached a sum of upwards of \$2,000,000. In fact, we now have rather more than doubled the amount at our credit at Ottawa which was there when we came into power. I have endeavored to show how we expect to carry on the affairs of the Province during the present year with an expenditure of about \$12,000 less than in 1887, and I think I have shown that this will be done in a manner satisfactory to the people of this Province. I have now no further duty to perform for the present in reference to this matter. I have no doubt the statement which I have made will meet the approval of this House and of the country generally, and that notwithstanding the statements made by our opponents and the nonsensical accounts of the doings of the Government published in their newspapers, it will be satisfactory for them to know that the Province is now in a better position financially than it has been for the past quarter of a century. It will be satisfactory for our people to know that those who are in charge of the affairs are not afraid to invite the fullest investigation into every branch of the public service. The people's representatives have a right to scrutinize the Public Accounts, and to ascertain that all is being done in a proper and economical manner. The Government feel that they are doing what is best for the country, and have no qualms of conscience in reference to anything for which they are responsible, or are doing. We have been in power nearly ten years, and have been charged by our opponents with many things, but not with extravagance. On the contrary, they declare that we are too parsimonious. I leave these estimates, statements and accounts before the House, satisfied as I am that they will meet with the approval of the large majority of hon. members, and that, properly understood, they will be entirely satisfactory to the great majority of the electors of this Province. (Loud and continued applause.)
I. O.

Our Doctors.

Sir,—With your correspondent "Pro Bono Publico," in a recent issue of your daily I, in the main, agree. I have been grossly deceived myself, and lost the life of my best and most cherished friend by (what was afterwards proven to be) the professional ignorance and stupidity of one of these quacks. In many cases, and mine was no exception, they come twenty times where five would do, if they knew the real trouble. All this time of their experimenting the patient must be getting worse, and more difficult to treat, where the disease is properly understood. In most cases it would be hard to say and difficult to prove that the physician was responsible for the death of the patient, nevertheless such is too often the case. If they only could be held accountable for their ignorance and quackery, the fate of Millman would await many.

When we see the men (principally in the country) who assume that time-honored title, "Doctor," and attach "M. D." to their signatures, and examine their education and qualifications, we are surprised at the quality of the material of which "Doctors" are made.

I would suggest that the names of all physicians be registered in Charlottetown, and that Mr. Chappelle devote a page of his almanac to the "Names of Qualified Physicians."

Yours, &c.,
ONE OF THE DECEIVED.

GREAT auction sale of clothes, Ready made clothing, Gents furnishings, hats etc., on Thursday and Friday next, at D. A. Bruce's, ap 18 d v lins.