

I was always opposed to the adoption of the American system.

Mr. Pope said that the construction he had placed on the hon. gentleman's statement, and in consequence he had taken the trouble to bring this case before the House. He thought he could find his hon. friend many other dismissals that had been made upon his recommendation.

CANDIDATES

On Behalf of the People's Government.

CHARLOTTETOWN:

GEO. WASTIE DeBLOIS, Esq.,
Hon. NEIL McLEOD,
Provincial Secretary and Treasurer.

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE COMMITTEE ROOMS

Terlitzick's Building, Queen Street,
OPEN EVERY DAY, SUNDAYS
EXCEPTED.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 28, 1879.

The Patriot and Mr. DeBlois.

A Daily Patriot came again into existence on Thursday, the 27th of March, instant, for the purpose, it would seem, of "squelching"—if abuse will do so—the so-called "political nomenclature," Mr. DeBlois. We doubt not that the gentleman named, will continue to pursue the even tenor of his way in spite of the virulence of the risen Daily, or the garbled and untruthful statements which are sure to flow from the malignant brains of those who conduct it.

There is not a leading Conservative in the Dominion whose character the Patriot people have not striven to blacken and destroy by every foul and unfair means they could devise. It would, therefore, be wonderful indeed, if a novice in public life who, by independent action and Conservative spirit, has offended them should escape their ire and their slanders.

The first slander they could think of is contained in the following words:—

"Who is George Wastie DeBlois that he should read out Robert Longworth, Archibald Kennedy, L. C. Owen, Thomas Morris and other older and abler Liberal-Conservatives than himself?" etc., etc.

Now, we ask, where did Mr. DeBlois "read out" the above named gentlemen? Not certainly at any public meeting within our hearing. If those gentlemen have ALL connected themselves with the Grits of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty, at the present crisis, we are, indeed, sorry for it, as they cannot surely be so blind as NOT to see that the whole drift of the Davies faction is to gain this Conservative constituency wholly and solely for their own private ends and for Grit party purposes.

To the unbiased mind of any thinking man it must be apparent as day that the Grits of the late Government, and they alone, introduced Dominion politics into that Government, so that if the gentlemen named above regret the breaking up of what was termed the "Free School Government" and believe that the introduction of Dominion party politics was the cause of it, they should most certainly lay the blame at the door of Gritism; and, therefore, at once array themselves on the side of their Conservative friends who left honors and emolument rather than submit longer to Grit dictation. Their work for the party who called that Government into being was performed. The Free School Act had been accepted by the entire population, not because as a whole people they entirely approved of it, but because it was the will of a constitutional majority, to which will, as true and loyal subjects of one of the freest Empires in the world, they bowed.

We say then let every Liberal-Conservative in this truly Liberal-Conservative constituency rally around the men who are not merely dealing a blow at Gritism, but are striving with all their energy to repair the breach between Protestant and Catholic, which the Daily Patriot, at least, seems anxious to widen.

Kensington Meeting.

A GENTLEMAN who was at the meeting held in Kensington last night reports that the meeting was most enthusiastic in support of the present Government. Messrs. Calhoun and Laird vainly endeavored to raise the School Question. They were heard with great impatience by the intelligent electors. Mr. W. D. Stewart made a weak defence of the conduct of the late Government in reference to the charges of jobbery and mal-administration preferred against them. Hon. Mr. Ferguson replied at length; and the effect of his speech was made evident by the fact that he was, at the close, tendered a unanimous vote of thanks by the meeting. Messrs. A. E. C. Holland and G. W. Bentley were chosen as the Liberal-Conservative candidates. We are assured that Messrs. Lea and Calhoun have not the slightest prospect of polling a respectable vote in the District.

The Latest Developments.

We have no desire to elaborate the shameful exposures of Governmental jobbery recently made. Greed of gain was never more audaciously gratified in violation of law, the trusts of the people were never more glaringly abused, than by the official members of the late Government. It does not appear that any subordinate official is deserving of censure. Truth to tell, Messrs. Morrison and Hyndman kept within the lines of their duty; and refused to connive at the writing down of false dates or the payment of uncertified accounts. Upon the heads of Messrs. Davies, Stewart and Dodd must fall the heavy hand of the people's censure. Their acts remind us of the great fact that—

"Unblessed by virtue, Government a league
Becomes a circling junto of the great rob by law."

The acts of the official members of the late Government were done in spite of law—and in this respect the words of the poet do not apply; but the "circling junto" ordering goods one of the other, and winking at false dates and uncertified accounts for the benefit one of the other, and making illegal payments of public money one to the other, holds good to the letter. We should be disposed to let Mr. Davies off with a censure for carelessness were it not for his declaration that he criticized every account, and did not permit payments without his personal knowledge. Taking him at his own word, he is just as bad as the others. They were all sworn to uphold the law. They all deliberately broke the law. They must, consequently, all stand in the same condemnation.

We should be disposed to rest here, were it not for the Patriot's audacious report of the meeting of Wednesday evening. The Patriot says:—

"The meeting throughout was exceedingly flat, and was marked by a great want of enthusiasm on the part of the audience, a large part of which, growing tired of hearing the old stale charges gone over again, took their departure long before the meeting was over. Taking it altogether, the meeting may be considered to have been a failure."

This quotation contains unmitigated mis-statements; and so does the following:—

"The Leader of the Government and the Commissioner of Public Works merely reiterated the charges they had made against the late Administration without offering any further proof of them than their mere ipse dixit."

Hon. Mr. Ferguson submitted the following, among other accounts, as specimens, for the inspection of any gentleman in the room:—

(Copy of Counterfoil. Requisition Note, No. 196.)

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Date—Oct. 11, 1878.

Ordered from
DODD & ROGERS,
The following:

1 1/2 doz. Towels,
4 Coal Scuttles,
1 box Soap,
3 Dusters,
2 gal. K. Oil,
3 Corn Brooms,
Pro. Building.

(Copy of Dodd & Rogers' account for these and other articles.)

Jno. Wm. MORRISON,
Secretary of Public Works.

FOR PROVINCE BUILDING.

Government of P. E. Island

To Dodd & Rogers.

Aug. 31.—To 18 Towels, at 22c. \$ 3 90

To 3 Corn Brooms, at 40c. 1 20

To 4 Coal Scuttles, at \$1.25. 5 00

To 1 box Soap. 4 85

To 3 large Feather Dusters,
at \$4.00. 12 00

To 2 gals. Kerosene, at 40c. 80

To 1 doz. Lamp Chimneys. 1 20

To 2 panes Glass, at 5c. 10

To Putty. 6

Sept. 7.—To 5 Coal Shovels, at 20c. 1 00

To 3 Key Rings, 1/2, 1-10. 22

To 1 pane Glass and Putty. 16

To 1 Stove Back. 1 75

To 1 pkg. Tacks. 10

\$32 40

W. D. S.
Should be certified by the Keeper as received.

F. W. H.
No. 8-100.

Rec'd payment Jan. 11, 1879.

DODD & ROGERS.

Ch'town. P. E. I.,
Dec. 26, '78.

The above is a true copy of an account filed in this Office, which I certify.

Jno. Wm. MORRISON,
Secretary of Public Works.

FOR SOURIS COURT HOUSE.

Government of P. E. Island

To Dodd & Rogers, Dr.

To 1 large Hall Stove. \$18 00

To 1 Franklin Stove. 18 00

To 2 Coal Scuttles at \$1.50. 3 00

To 2 Shovels at 25c. 0 50

To 2 Pokers at 20c. 0 40

To 2 Brushes and Combs. 2 30

To 1 Mirror. 2 00

\$44 20

W. D. S.
F. W. H.

No. 101.
Received payment,

DODD & ROGERS.

Charlottetown. P. E. I.,
Dec. 26, 1878.

The above is a true copy of an account filed in this office, which I certify.

Jno. Wm. MORRISON,
Secretary of Public Works.

Comment is needless.

A NEW FRENCH CABLE COMPANY, with 20,000,000 francs capital, is being organized.

The Railway.

It is rumored that it is the intention of the Government to abolish the office of Superintendent of the Island Railway, and to transfer the duties of that office to the Engineer in charge. This will effect a saving of \$2,500 per annum.

Unfair Treatment.

It is reported that Mr. Farquharson and his friends refused to give McKay and Bain a hearing at Long Creek. This is not the way Messrs. Farquharson and Laird were used at Rustico and other places on the north side where there were immense majorities against them.

Contemptible Mis-statements.

The Patriot states that Hon. Mr. Sullivan said at Bonshaw that "the Stock Farm Committee was a contemptible Board." We are authorized to state that this is an unmitigated misstatement. Hon. Mr. Sullivan referred to the declaration of Hon. Mr. Davies that the old Board of Education was a "contemptible Board." He said not one word against the gentlemen who compose the Stock Farm Committee.

Humors of the Campaign.

MR. W. D. STEWART said at Bonshaw that he would not give a cent for Hon. Mr. Sullivan's word. Hon. Mr. Sullivan: But my creditors would!

HARD ON MR. DAVIES.—We had a great battle to fight then, and in selecting Mr. DeBlois as our candidate we thought that although he was a political nomenclature (cheers) he would stand true to the cause of which he was to be made the champion. (Cheers.) We brought him forward and we asked the Liberals to bring out a man to match him, and they put forward Mr. Davies.—Mr. D. H. McKinnon's speech as reported in the Patriot.

On reading the above, Mr. Davies is reported to have exclaimed, "Save me from my friends."

MR. W. D. STEWART says that Hon. D. Ferguson has turned the Public Works' Office into an amphitheatre. Mr. Ferguson retorts: "You turned it into a den of thieves!"

On Dit—That the chest of tea given by a member of the late Government to a prominent politician at Rustico will not draw!

The Cost of Living Under the New Tariff.

Mr. H. R. Ives, the well known Montreal foundryman, recently in conversation with a reporter, said that all his men would be placed on full time, and that he would immediately engage in the manufacture of articles hitherto imported. Speaking of a possible rise in the price of stoves and other foundry goods, he said:—

"It is a mistake to think that people will have to pay much more for goods manufactured by us than hitherto. Under the present tariff we have a security never felt under the old tariff, which will enable us to employ improved machinery, and reduce the cost of manufacture. Under the old tariff we were never safe, and prices were never settled. We did not know the moment Americans would ship a lot of goods here to slaughter them and swamp us. The increased tariff, however, gives us protection from this kind of thing, imparting more steadiness to our markets. During a period of three years it will be found the average prices paid by consumers will, if anything, be less than those paid during the past three years, owing to our being able to obtain greater facilities for manufacture, although some kinds of goods may be temporarily advanced to pay for these machines."

The Montreal "Gazette" says:—"The workmen is asserted to have been legislated against in the new tariff. Yet what are the facts? He pays no more for his breadstuffs, according to these same papers which assert that a duty on grain cannot affect the price; he pays less for his tea, his molasses, and no more for his clothing, his salt, his rice or his pork. And even in the matter of sugar he will be called upon to pay no increased price, for the reason that pure raw sugar, such as the poorer classes use, is actually subject to a less duty under the new than under the old tariff. And above and beyond all these considerations stands out the all-important fact, that the workmen will be afforded employment and steady wages all the year round, in lieu of unsteady employment and precarious wages, which for five years past he has been obliged to submit to."

The Death-rate of

Our country is getting to be fearfully alarming, the average of life being lessened every year, without any reasonable cause, death resulting generally from the most insignificant origin. At this season of the year, especially, a cold is such a common thing that in the hurry of every day life we are apt to overlook the dangers attending it and often find, too late, that a Fever or Lung trouble has already set in. Thousands lose their lives in this way every winter, while had Boschee's German Syrup been taken, a cure would have resulted, and a large bill from a doctor been avoided. For all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Boschee's German Syrup has proven itself to be the greatest discovery of its kind in medicine. Every Druggist in this country will tell you of its wonderful effect. Over 950,000 bottles sold last year without a single failure known.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE KENSINGTON MEETING.

Holland & Bentley Nominated.

Special despatch to the Examiner:

KENSINGTON, March 28.

A large meeting was held here last night. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Holland, Bentley, Ross, Ferguson, Calhoun, Lea, Laird, Stewart, Rogers and others. Over two hundred persons were present. Holland and Bentley were nominated for the Fourth District in the interest of the Conservative party. Calhoun had a very few followers. Mr. Ferguson's speech was well received. In fact, he carried the meeting by storm. This District is safe for two Conservatives.

Ottawa and Foreign News.

OTTAWA, March 27.

The Sub-Committee on Insolvency was convened this morning—Mr. Colby occupying the chair.

A communication was read from a Judge in New Brunswick suggesting various amendments to the present Act.

A letter was also read from Mr. J. H. Dawson, of Halifax, recommending that the trustees of an insolvent estate should be appointed by the County Judges, and not by the creditors.

The Bank of British North America recommends that any debt unpaid for thirty days should be considered an act of insolvency and that the power of granting a discharge to a debtor should be taken out of the hands of creditors and be placed entirely in the hands of the judges.

A letter was read from a gentleman protesting against an insolvent being held responsible for loss entailed on his creditors by the careless waste of his estate by an assignee and refused a discharge by his creditors because they had not realized fifty cents on the dollar on their claims. Several other suggestions were made through communications to either the chairman or members of the committee, after reading which the meeting adjourned.

A full fledged forger and his confederate made a \$900 haul out of the Bank National yesterday.

BERLIN, March 27.

Prince Waldemar, third son of Prince Frederick William, and grand-son of Queen Victoria, died suddenly of heart disease this morning.

LONDON, March 27.

Seven thousand men have insured in Macedonia. Eighteen thousand Roumelian refugees are about entering Bulgaria, and many thousand more are expected.

PARIS, March 27.

Queen Victoria has received President Grevy to day, and leaves for Italy this afternoon.

The Duke of Aosta, brother of the King of Italy, has left Rome for Bavaria, on Lake Maggiore, to welcome the Queen. Possibly the death of the Queen's grandson may modify the arrangements.

NEW YORK, March 27.

It is announced that an American Telegraphic Company has been organized, which, by the advantage of a new invention, can transmit 60,000 words an hour at rates from 15 to 25 cents per message to all parts of the country, and 10 words for a cent for the press.

LECTURE.

HO FOR COLORADO

JAMES H. FLETCHER, ESQ., will deliver a Lecture before St. Joseph's T. A. Society, in St. Patrick's Hall, on

THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1879,

SUBJECT:

'SIX WEEKS UPON WHEELS.'

This Lecture is delivered by special request, and will contain, in addition to the trip from Charlottetown to San Francisco, Mr. Fletcher's views of Colorado—a State which he visited last fall.

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8. Admission 10 cents.

ANGUS McDONALD,
Secretary.

March 28, 1879.—eod

To the Electors of the First Electoral District of King's County:

GENTLEMEN,—The House of Assembly of this Province having been recently dissolved, I again beg to present myself to you as a candidate for your suffrages at the approaching election. If you do me the honor of re-electing me to a seat in Parliament, I shall exert myself to the best of my ability, in promoting your best interests.

Any measures of retrenchment and reform not inconsistent with the efficiency of the public service, shall receive my hearty support. The proposed abolition of the Legislative Council meets with my approval; and the system of Imprisonment for Debt should be substituted by a good and efficient Attachment Law.

I will heartily endorse any efforts made by the Government towards securing our fair share of the Fishery Award. And in dealing with the different public questions which may be at issue, I shall endeavor to guard the interests of the people of this Province, and those of my constituents in particular.

Relying upon the confidence you have hitherto reposed in me,

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES R. McLEAN.

Souris, March 26, 1879.

FOR SALE,

THE HOUSE and Premises occupied by the Subscriber, at the head of Queen Street. For further particulars apply to the owner on the Premises, or to ALEXANDER BROWN, Esq.

DONALD MCKENZIE.

Ch'town, Feb. 3, 1879—2aw

OLD MINE Sydney Round Coal.

A FEW TONS LEFT.

Apply to

H. COOMBS, or
G. COOMBS,
Lord's Wharf.

March 27, 1879—3in

WANTED.

A PURCHASER for a small but comfortable Stock of Household Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Crockery and Glassware, and everything required for house-keeping on a moderate scale.

The house in which the above is contained is pleasantly situated, and will be let on reasonable terms.
Address P. O. Box 103, Charlottetown.
March 27, '79.—2w

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Board of School Trustees of Charlottetown, at their Secretary's Office, until

Monday, the 7th Day of April,

next, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the

Erection of a Wooden Building, as an addition to the Wing of the new School Building on Western Kent Street.

Also, for the erection of a Fence to enclose the grounds in connection with said School Building. Tenders to state the price of the Fence at per foot.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Thomas Alley, Esq., Prince Street, Charlottetown.

Tenders to be marked on the envelope, "Tender for work in connection with School Building."

Good and approved security will be required for the performance of the Contract.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

ISAAC OXENHAM,

Secretary of the Board of School Trustees of Charlottetown.

Office of City School Board, }
March 22nd, 1879. } t apr 7

CUSTOMS SALE.

To be Sold at Public Auction,

On Saturday, the 29th inst.,

AT 11 O'CLOCK,

In front of the Bonded Warehouse, Water St.,

8 DOZEN PAIRS OF BOOT TOPS, having been seized for contravention of the 50th Section of the Revenue Act.

Also, the following Goods, for non-compliance in the 15th Section, Sub-Section 4, of the Revenue Act, viz:—

1 bbl. Bags, marked W. H. Farquharson,
3 bbls. Glassware, marked J. B. Pollard,
1 box (A. B. C.), marked M. S. Brown & Co.,
1 bbl. Apples, marked J. B. McNeill,
1 box Clothes Pins, marked Beer & Sons,
1 parcel marked Henry A. Harvie,
3 casks marked P. D. C.,
1 bbl. Apples, marked T. G. Nursy,
1 box, marked D. J. S.,
2 bbls. Apples, marked J. Felch,
2 bds. Bags, marked H. A. Beebe.

TERMS CASH.

D. CURRIE, Collector.

March 24, 1879.—mon&fri

To the Free and Independent Electors of the Third Electoral District of Queen's County:

GENTLEMEN,—Owing to the dissolution of the House of Assembly, it becomes your duty to select Candidates to represent you in Parliament.

At the earnest request of many influential electors, from different sections of the District, I again, most respectfully and thankfully, submit to be nominated as a candidate for the forth-coming General Election.

My views on the political questions now agitating the minds of the people are well-known to the most of you all; and, if I again have the honor to be elected as your representative, it shall be my earnest endeavour to assist in carrying out the reformatory measures initiated by the present Government, and which the present condition of our finances require.

I regret that, in consequence of indisposition, I have been unable to meet you personally as I would wish; but, if returned at the coming election, you may feel assured that your interests and the local requirements of the District shall not be neglected. I thank you, gentlemen, sincerely, for the continued and liberal support which you have extended to me for the past twenty-two years, which is a satisfactory endorsement that my services have been duly appreciated.

I have the honor to be,

Gentlemen,

Your obd't servant,

F. KELLY.

Fort Augustus, March 26, 1879.

ROPE.

SIX TONS MANILLA,

different sizes, at Factory Prices.

Wright & MacGowan,

Manufacturers Agents,
Queen's Wharf

February 18, 878—law for 2m

THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.—Persons having relatives or friends abroad, and desiring to keep them informed concerning P. E. Island, cannot do so in a better or cheaper way than by subscribing to THE WEEKLY EXAMINER. Sent, postpaid, to any address in Great Britain, the United States, or the Dominion, on receipt of One Dollar.

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER Printing Room