

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1889.

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ALMANAC FOR OCTOBER, 1889.

MOON'S CHANGES.
First Quarter, 1st day, 9h., 20.6m., p.m., S.W.
Full Moon, 8th day, 9h., 13.3m., p.m., S. E.
Last Quarter, 16th day, 8h., 25.0m., p.m., N.E.
New Moon, 24th day, 10h., 13.4m., a.m., S. E.
First Quarter, 31st day, 4h., 18.1m., a.m., N.
below horizon.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
	rises	sets	rises	water	length
1 Tuesday	6 5	5 30	1 23	2 32	11 33
2 Wednesday	7 34	6 22	3 41	4 29	10 29
3 Thursday	8 32	7 11	5 8	5 26	9 26
4 Friday	9 30	8 0	6 28	6 22	8 22
5 Saturday	10 28	8 49	7 53	7 19	7 19
6 Sunday	11 26	9 38	9 18	8 16	6 16
7 Monday	12 24	10 27	10 43	9 12	5 12
8 Tuesday	1 22	11 16	12 08	10 9	4 9
9 Wednesday	2 20	12 05	1 33	10 6	3 6
10 Thursday	3 18	1 24	3 08	10 3	2 3
11 Friday	4 16	2 13	4 33	10 0	1 0
12 Saturday	5 14	3 02	5 58	9 57	0 57
13 Sunday	6 12	3 51	7 23	9 54	0 54
14 Monday	7 10	4 40	8 48	9 51	0 51
15 Tuesday	8 08	5 29	10 13	9 48	0 48
16 Wednesday	9 06	6 18	11 38	9 45	0 45
17 Thursday	10 04	7 07	12 63	9 42	0 42
18 Friday	11 02	7 56	1 28	9 39	0 39
19 Saturday	12 00	8 45	2 53	9 36	0 36
20 Sunday	1 00	9 34	4 28	9 33	0 33
21 Monday	2 00	10 23	5 53	9 30	0 30
22 Tuesday	3 00	11 12	7 28	9 27	0 27
23 Wednesday	4 00	12 01	8 53	9 24	0 24
24 Thursday	5 00	1 29	10 28	9 21	0 21
25 Friday	6 00	2 58	12 03	9 18	0 18
26 Saturday	7 00	4 27	1 28	9 15	0 15
27 Sunday	8 00	5 56	3 03	9 12	0 12
28 Monday	9 00	7 25	4 28	9 09	0 9
29 Tuesday	10 00	8 54	5 53	9 06	0 6
30 Wednesday	11 00	10 23	7 28	9 03	0 3
31 Thursday	12 00	11 52	8 53	9 00	0 0

MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.

Only genuine system of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefited. Great inducements to Clergy and all classes. Prospects, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases. Daniel G. Wheeler, Theosophist, the great Parapsychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the Christian Register, J. J. Richard, Practitioner, the Scientist. H. A. W. Aster, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent free by Prof. A. LOISELLE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, BROKERS

Commission Merchants, HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; D. C. Chalmers, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia, Charlottetown.

BOSTON DIRECT.

Boston, Halifax and P. E. Island Steamship Line.

Only Direct Line Without Change.

CHARLOTTETOWN TO BOSTON.

The Staunch and Commodious Steamships

"Carroll" and "Worcester,"

having been thoroughly refurbished and put into first-class condition in every respect, will, during the season of 1889, run as follows, commencing with the

"CARROLL,"

From Charlottetown, Thursday 9th May, at 4 p. m.

One of these vessels will leave Boston for Charlottetown EVERY WEDNESDAY, at Noon, and Charlottetown for Boston EVERY THURSDAY, at Six o'clock, p. m.

Excellent Passenger accommodation. Low rates.

FARES—First-class Passage Berth in well-furnished Cabin, \$6.50. Stateroom Berth, \$2.00 extra.

Lowest Rates for Freight, which is always carefully handled.

CARVELL BROS., Agents, Charlottetown.

HARRISON LORING, Treasurer, R. B. GARDNER, Manager, Lewis Wharf, Boston.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

PERKINS & STERNS.

WE have to announce a complete stock of New Goods for the Fall and Winter Trade.

The varied requirements of our numerous patrons from Town and Country are fully met in the splendid assortment of Woolen Dress Fabrics, Jackets, Mantles, Ulsters, Millinery, Knitted Wool Goods, Staple Dry Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Gents' Furnishings, &c., &c. The whole now offered at prices calculated to maintain our reputation for supplying the best goods at moderate figures. We would remind those seeking a comparison in charges that the lowest-priced article is not always the cheapest, as heretofore our aim will be to have the article good and the price moderate.

In a few days we will open a big lot of Fancy Goods, which we will dispose of at exceptionally low prices.

You will save many a dollar by trading with

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, Oct. 11, 1889—day wky

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

Our Stock of Fall and Winter Goods is now complete, and we call the attention of our customers and the public generally to the immense bargains we are offering in Gents' Underwear, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Cuff Buttons, Shirt Studs, Breastpins, Silk Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c.

We have a very fancy lot of Cloths, in Naps, Meltons, Suitings, &c., which we will dispose of at our usual low prices.

P. J. FORAN.

Charlottetown, Oct. 18, 1889—eod wky

UNPARALLELED!

WHAT?

McLeod & McKenzie, Star Merchant Tailors.

MODESTY forbids us (to use a slang phrase) to blow our own horn, and as it is contrary to our opinion (according to the old proverb) when in Rome to do as Rome does, we shall endeavor, as heretofore, to present facts so undeniable as to be beyond the reach of dispute. True, people have gained for themselves a name (not an enviable one) which, to all appearances, served the purpose they had in view. But wisdom dictates, before posing as leaders in the great race for supremacy, that we should look well to the foundation upon which those assertions are based. To throw the mantle of charity over such people is our motto; and instead of revealing to the public gaze, through your columns, the errors into which they have fallen, we will endeavor to lead them gently into the light. That you will acquiesce in what we say, is a foregone conclusion, namely, as Fathers of the trade in this Province we treat the several branches of the trade in this city with the same consideration as a loving parent would his innocent offspring; and to this end we invite such traders to aim high and co-operate in elevating this, the first profession, to the high status to which it is entitled. In the meantime, call and see our handsome goods, in NAPS, MELTONS, SCOTCH TWEEDS, WORSTEDS, &c., made up in the latest styles and cheap.

McLEOD & MCKENZIE.

EUREKA!

D. A. BRUCE, MERCHANT TAILOR.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE PLACE OF TRADE, where the prices are so low that we will send you away rejoicing. We would specially invite you to see our

Mens' Reefers, Mens' Overcoats, Mens' Suitings, Mens' and Boys' Furnishing Goods, 400 Fur and Cloth Caps, Fur Coats and Sleigh Robes.

WE'VE BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY!

The fat, the lean, the rich, the poor, the wise, the simple, the young, the old, the millionaire, the beggar, the blind, the lame.

Charlottetown Oct. 1889.

Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alternative, and causes a radical change in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, the result is certain. Read these testimonials:—

"For two years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence St., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicine, I never saw more

Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my sight."—Mrs. Carrie Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. Tyson, (of Pennsylvania, Pa.) recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. For five months I took it daily. I have not had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—P. E. Wiley, 143 Chambers St., New York City.

"Last fall and winter I was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Haverhill, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price 25¢; six bottles, \$5. Worth 50¢ a bottle.

MR. H. S. HEARTZ,

Organist of Methodist Brick Church,
Will take a Limited Number of Pupils on the Piano-forte.

For terms, etc., apply at the DUNCAN HOUSE, corner Water and Prince Streets, Oct. 22—3m.

W-a-r-r-e-n-t-e-d-

HELLO THERE! YES?

Please connect with each line. Let the people ALL know I have made up my mind. That, while others are BLOWING, I'll just give a PUFF. And to all my kind patrons I know that's enough. They know what I mean, And the truth's to be seen.

That in QUANTITY, QUALITY, STYLE and PRICE, There's few that can beat us—be they ever so NICE.

Therefore I am ready with a NICE, GOOD, FULL, BANG-UP stock of

BOOTS,
SHOES,
SLIPPERS,
RUBBERS,
OVERSHOES.

So that when doing the Exhibition, (or any other time), Please use your discretion; For From One Dollar to Five! As sure as you're alive! You can buy your

BOOTS AND SHOES

—AT—
Stamper's Corner.

I am right to the front; Take a back seat I won't.

For I know I CAN PLEASE, and give comfort and EASE; My prices are FAIR, and the stock good to WEAR.

And if you'll give me a "show" I'll never say "NO."
So you need never "COMPLAIN" About a BARGAIN You get from

C. B. W-a-r-r-e-n.

TO LET.

A PART of the Connolly Brick Warehouse, with frost proof cellar, on Pownall Street.
Ap. 17 at the office of Steam Roller Mills. Oct. 23 2w.

The Cronin Trial.

THE STATE-ATTORNEY PORTRAYS CLAN-NA-GAEL.

The speech of State-Attorney-General Longenecker, when opening the case against the prisoners charged with the murder of Dr. Cronin, included a sketch of the history and methods of the Clan-na-Gael. He said it was made up of Irishmen who went into it for the money there was in it, and that its object was to free Ireland by force of arms, as soon as a favorable opportunity offered.

THE "TRIANGLE" SUPREME.

He declared that the "Triangle" was supreme, that the oaths of the members made their law superior to the laws of the nation. He proceeded to say that, when Sullivan, Feeley and Boland got control of the executive board they changed the plan of action of the organization and inaugurated the dynamic policy and implanted in the constitution the clause commanding perfect and unquestioning obedience to the command of the board.

THE "TRIANGLE'S" DOUBLE DEALINGS.

The state attorney then spoke of the adoption of the "triangle" as the symbol of the executive board. The membership did not know who constituted the "triangle," so secret was it, but nevertheless they obeyed its orders and were sent on various secret missions in England in the way of active work, and under assumed names. Notwithstanding this secrecy, these men were betrayed by the board to the English authorities, and twenty are now in prison. This was done, he declared, to enable the board to steal the funds, and when at last a showing was made, the board claimed that the order owed them \$13,000, when there was \$20,000 in the treasury when they took charge.

THE BUFFALO TRIAL.

At this point the state attorney introduced Dr. Cronin in connection with the order, and proceeded to sketch the history of the fight against the "triangle." He told of Cronin's expulsion, the subsequent union convention and trial of Sullivan, Feeley and Boland by a secret committee, of which Dr. Cronin was a member, in Buffalo last August. The committee was there in session for days and days, says Mr. Longenecker, hearing evidence. That evidence, as we have it, will be introduced here. Dr. Cronin took the evidence fully, and witnesses and facts were produced to show what they had done in the old country, and what had been done across the water under the direction of this "triangle." All their active work was shown. The committee had not made its report, but Dr. Cronin had taken full notes of that trial. He had taken down what each had said about certain things.

SULLIVAN'S HAND IN IT.

The state attorney said Cronin insisted that all of the evidence be sent out to all the camps, but up to the time of his death the report had not been sent out. It would have shown that they had not only violated the laws of the order and of this country, but also those of England, and had robbed the order of its funds and the men of their liberties. Only a day or two after Cronin's death, however, the report of the trial was sent out. Dr. Cronin's part of it, however, was rejected, and that part of it which accused Cronin of being a traitor was sent. He claimed they would show that all this denunciation of Cronin was sent out over Alexander Sullivan's signature, and that it was sent out after Cronin had disappeared, and in the belief that his body would never be found.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE MURDER.

If Cronin had published his evidence against the "triangle," as he was about to do, it meant the ruin of the "triangle" with the Irish people, and to have it published to all their camps was to convict these men of embezzling funds. The state attorney then went on to show how Coughlin had begun denouncing Cronin as a spy away back in February, how Beggs, at a certain meeting of camp 20, had said that Cronin's denunciation of Sullivan and the "triangle" had to be stopped "if it took blood." Finally, after several weeks' delay, Beggs, as guardian of camp 20, announced that the charges against the "triangle" would have to be investigated. The next day the flat at 117 Clark Street was rented, the trunk and furniture, which was afterwards moved to the Carlson cottage, bought, and the preparations begun for the murder. The state attorney then went over the whole story of the conception and execution of the plot, as already published.

WHAT A CONSPIRACY MEANS.

After detailing what he expected to prove against the defendants, Mr. Longenecker said: "Any one who looks at the facts or the evidence can see very readily that the acts committed of themselves are conclusive that they are the result of a conspiracy. Now, a conspiracy is made up of certain acts by individuals, either together or separately, and every act that was done by either of those parties that was necessary to be done to carry out the object of the conspiracy binds each of the others who was in the conspiracy.

AN ARRAYS OF OMINOUS FACTS.

The State Attorney called attention to the fact that an accessory is regarded the same in law as a principal. He then said: "Take the hiring of the horse and buggy; take the hiring of the flat at 117 Clark Street; take the buying of the furniture and of the trunk, the strap; take the renting of the cottage by Burke under the name of Williams; take the fact of the knowledge of that renting by O'Sullivan, and the further fact that the Carlson's were told that a sister would go there and keep house; take the driving of the Doctor away from his home on the night of May 4, under the supposition that he was going to minister to the wants of an injured man; take, also, the appointment of the secret committee and the motion made by Daniel Coughlin to have that

committee appointed; take the further fact that Senior Guardian Beggs said 'that committee reports to me, and not to the camp, on the 3rd of May.' The coming together of all these things shows the conspiracy, and the act of one man in this case is the act of all the others.

Montague.

Vessels entered since the 23rd inst.: Hero, Mason; Willie McGowan, Goodrick; J. W. Geldert, Geldert; Belle; Jackson; Byron; Hynes; Maria, Goodwin; Ruby, Myers. Shipments to Provincial and American markets: potatoes, 38,700 bush.; oats, 19,435 bush.; turnips, 6,331 bush., besides carrots, parsnips, meat, butter, sheep, etc. There are now 17 vessels at the wharves, most of which are loaded and not included in the above. The above shipping was nearly all done last week. Potatoes have a downward tendency—oats and turnips maintain their own.

The Belle, Capt. Jackson, has done a good work for the season. Since she commenced running in May, she has made 25 round trips to Pictou, carrying freight both ways. Business men speak very highly of Capt. Jackson and his little Belle. He certainly has the confidence of shippers and deserves sufficient remuneration for his indispensable services. Would it not be wise in the Government to subsidize the Belle to the extent of a few hundred dollars and keep her on the same route next season? A word to the wise is sufficient.

Mr. Cairns and his men have just returned from Newfoundland, where they have been engaged in the lobster business. Mr. Cairns says that the season was not very favorable to the business, but still he had no reason to complain, judging by the work done in other establishments in that island.

We are most happy to learn that Mrs. R. W. Sprague, who has been on a visit to her friends in Sioux City, has just returned much improved in health. During her stay there she visited the exhibition building, "The Sioux City Corn Palace," which was erected three years ago for exhibition purposes. The building is six stories high, and is composed entirely of ears of corn. It is certainly one of the most ingenious and magnificent works of art that is to be found in any country. Mrs. Sprague's description of the palace and the exhibits which it contained is vivid and interesting, as well as instructive. She carried home with her some of the natural productions of Iowa and adjoining States, which are truly wonderful, and will give a person who has never visited the West—a some idea of what the soil is capable of producing.

Those fond of the beautiful in nature can see an excellent display of flowers in one of the large windows in the show room of McLean's carriage factory. They are much admired. Miss McLean deserves great praise for the time and attention devoted to their cultivation.

Mr. T. Mayo, photographer, is doing some excellent work in his line of business. Some of it is equal to that done in more pretentious establishments. His prices are moderate.

Some malicious person has been circulating the report that there is only one small vessel loading at Georgetown. An indignation meeting is talked of.

Oct. 26, 1879. M.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Exodus.

SIR,—What a wonderful strange thing an exodus must be! I was reading about one to-day in the Patriot of Thursday last. A writer in that paper tells all about it. The very hour at which the exodus took place from Souris Station is given. "A large concourse congregated there to bid a 'parting farewell.'" A parting farewell must be very sad and impressive, and especially so when, as in this case, there was only one exodus to farewell with. The night previous, we are told, this departing friend was banqueted by local friends and "some of his friends in the neighboring Republic." How the latter were present at the banquet and in the neighboring Republic at one and the same time is not explained.

The exodus, however, was wished "a pleasant passage, etc., in the land of his adoption." Happiness was also ardently wished him in his "prospective home" in Texas. Then we are told that he, the exodus, "built the bright Topas, 200 tons, in 42 days." This beats the record a sure enough, and suggests a sum in arithmetic. If one man can build a brig, in 42 days, how many days would it take 42 men to build a brig? Answer, one day. Surely the Patriot's writer is only in fun. If not he ought to come to our school a spell before he again tries to write for the papers.

Yours,
SCHOOLBOY.

Lot 55, Oct. 28, 1889.

The first successful blood purifier ever offered to the public was Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Imitators have had their day, but some abandoned the field, while the demand for this incomparable medicine increases year by year, and was never so great as at present.

The last of the Lady Hollands died recently in London, and it is reported that the famous Holland House will soon be demolished, and that its beautiful grounds, which comprise nearly ninety acres in the heart of London, will be cut up into building lots. The Lady Holland who just died was a worthy successor of those who preceded her. She was a patron of art and literature, and the friend of such celebrities as have always frequented Holland House.

As a family medicine, Ayer's Pills excel all others. They are suited to every age and being sugar-coated, are easy to take. Though searching and thorough in effect, they are mild and pleasant in action, and their use is attended with no injurious results.

Goff Bros. takes the ban for the cheapness and variety of their boots. Oct. 21