

THE EXAMINER.

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THE DAILY EXAMINER

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't

Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.

Winter Arrangement.

TO COME INTO FORCE
TUESDAY, December 2nd, 1879.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Nos. 1 & 3, Mixed.	No. 5, Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 8.20 a. m.	
Cardigan	" 8.45 "	
Mt. Stew't Junc.	Ar 10.10 "	
Royalty Junction	Dp 10.15 "	
Charlottetown	Ar 11.27 "	
Royalty Junction	Ar 11.50 a. m.	
North Wiltshire	Dp 8.00 a. m.	Dp 3.00 p. m.
Hunter River	" 8.22 "	" 3.23 "
Breadalbane	" 9.14 "	" 4.15 "
County Line	" 9.30 "	" 4.20 "
Kensington	" 10.07 "	" 5.08 "
Summerside	" 10.17 "	" 5.18 "
Wellington	" 10.55 "	" 5.58 "
Port Hill	Ar 11.30 a. m.	Ar 6.30 p. m.
O'Leary	Dp 1.30 p. m.	
Alberton	" 2.19 "	
Tignish	" 3.00 "	
	" 4.17 "	
	" 5.17 "	
	" 6.10 "	

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Nos. 2 and 4, Mixed.	No. 6, Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 6.30 a. m.	
Alberton	" 7.25 "	
O'Leary	" 8.25 "	
Port Hill	" 9.40 "	
Wellington	" 10.22 "	
Summerside	Ar 11.10 a. m.	
Kensington	Dp 2.30 p. m.	Dp 7.30 a. m.
County Line	" 3.05 "	" 8.05 "
Breadalbane	" 3.43 "	" 8.44 "
Hunter River	" 3.53 "	" 8.54 "
North Wiltshire	" 4.30 "	" 9.30 "
Royalty Junction	" 4.46 "	" 9.43 "
Charlottetown	Ar 5.37 "	Ar 10.38 "
Royalty Junction	Ar 6.00 p. m.	Ar 11.00 a. m.
Charlottetown	Dp 2.30 p. m.	
Royalty Junction	" 2.53 "	
Mt. Stew't Junc.	Ar 4.10 "	
Cardigan	Dp 4.15 "	
Georgetown	" 5.35 "	
	Ar 6.00 p. m.	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7, Mixed.
Souris	Depart 7.15 a. m.
Harmony	" 7.37 "
St. Peter's	" 8.55 "
Moreh	" 9.25 "
Mt. Stewart Junction	Arrive 10.10 a. m.

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8, Mixed.
Mt. Stewart Junction	Depart 4.15 p. m.
Moreh	" 4.58 "
St. Peter's	" 5.30 "
Harmony	" 6.48 "
Souris	Arrive 7.10 "

ALEX. MACNAB,

Sup't and Engineer.
Railway Office, Chtown, Nov. 28, 1879.
—pat pres h a n s p s j kca pio 6i

COAL. COAL.

FOR SALE, at the Gas Works, and Koughan's Seales, a quantity of Round Lagan Coal, at \$3.50 per ton.
This Coal gives a great heat, and being almost free from sulphur, is suitable for either grates or cooking stoves.
Dec. 27, 1879—city papers 6i

MACLEAN & MARTIN

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Newson's Building, Opp. Post Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
A. A. McLEAN. D. C. MARTIN.
Dec 16, 1880.—adver

Daily Examiner!

1880.

Advertises Cheap
FOR CASH!

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PROMPTLY, NEATLY, AND
CHEAPLY DONE.

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Small Profits—Quick Returns,
IS OUR MOTTO.

Warned by the past, we intend to deal closer to the cash system than ever heretofore.

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Foreign News,
Political News,
Social News,
Commercial News,
Shipping News,

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Largely Increased Circulation

AND IS AN EXCELLENT

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ONE DOLLAR A YEAR,
IN ADVANCE.

Sent to any address in Great Britain or North America.

Persons having relatives or friends abroad cannot do better than send them THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.

A few Advertisements only, received
J. W. MITCHELL, | W. L. COTTON,
Office Sup't. Manager

No. 35 Water St.,
Charlottetown.

Prince Edward Island Branch

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00
Paid up Capital, 1,216,666.00

CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.
Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years. The Tables of Rates are moderate.
Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk.
Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

G. W. DEBLOIS,
General Agent.
Dec. 14.

QUEEN INSURANCE COY. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

—OR—

ANY OTHER TIME.

W. R. BOREHAM

Has on hand, and coming, per steamer *North-east Light*, a large stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overshoes and Slippers, all styles and prices to suit all ages and pockets. Come along to
W. R. BOREHAM,
South Side Queen Square.
Dec. 23, 1879.—3mostaw

Bones. Bones.

THE undersigned will pay fifty cents Cash per cwt. for all bones delivered at the Bone Mill, in the Royalty. No quantity less than one cwt. (112 lbs) taken.
FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
Agent.

Ch'town, Dec. 1, 1879

TO LET.

THE SHOP on Upper Queen Street, now occupied by Simon W. Crabbe. Possession given the 1st June, 1880.

ARCH'D. WHITE,
Ch'town, Dec. 22, 1879.—law
pat pres ne her Im

To Inventors and Mechanics

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of 50 pages free upon receipt of stamps or postage. Address
GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,
Solicitors of Patents. Washington, D.C.



Canadian Pacific Railway.

Tenders for Rolling Stock.

TENDERS are invited for furnishing the Rolling Stock required to be delivered on the Canadian Pacific Railway, within the next four years, comprising the delivery in each year of about the following, viz:—
20 Locomotive Engines.
16 First-class Cars (a proportion being sleepers)
20 Second-class Cars, do.
3 Express and Baggage Cars.
3 Postal and Smoking Cars.
240 Box Freight Cars.
100 Flat Cars.
2 Wing Ploughs.
2 Snow Ploughs.
2 Flangers.
40 Hand Cars.

THE WHOLE TO BE MANUFACTURED IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA and delivered on the Canadian Pacific Railway, at Fort William, or in the Province of Manitoba.

Drawings, specifications and other information may be had on application at the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, at Ottawa, on and after the 15th day of MAR 'H next.
Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon of THURSDAY, the 1st day of JULY next.

By Order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
DEPT. OF RAILWAYS & CANALS, (Rc 16, oaw
Ottawa, 7th February, 1880. (all jnos 30

SECOND EDITION

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 25, 1880

A Coming War Cloud.

Ten thousand Persian troops have been ordered to Meshed, south-west of Merv. Meshed is, by far, the most important city in Persia, capital of the Province of Khorassan, in a fertile and well-cultivated plain, on the Tegenid, lat. 36° 2', 17° N. long. 59.40 E. and is in the centre of numerous routes, the caravan route from Teheran to Khiva and Bokhara, passing through this city. The town presents a beautiful and surprising view from a distance. Above the walls, which are of vast circuit, shines the gilded dome of one of the most splendid mosques in the East, the beautiful minarets of the tomb of Imam Riza, a follower of Ali, and the summits of other sacred buildings. Meshed is the chief seat of the great sect of the Shiites, is of nearly equal importance with Mecca, the sacred city of the orthodox Mohammedans, and hence it abounds in 'holy men,' arrayed in green turbans and sashes, who instruct the Pilgrims visiting the city. Woollen goods, metal wares (especially sword blades), gold work and jewelry, are the principal articles of manufacture. Being a famous place of pilgrimage, it is, to some extent, a centre of education. The population is estimated at 100,000. Meshed has assumed great political importance during the past year from the fact of Major Buller's discovery that the River Atrek—which hitherto was supposed to have had its source at Boujdand, near the Caspian—takes its rise near the city, at a mountain 6,700 feet high. As the Russians have a treaty making the Atrek the boundary between the Czar's and the Shah's dominions, it has been truly observed that "the mere fact that the river rises near Meshed will sooner or later have some important political consequences, for it will give the Russian's a treaty right to bring their frontier close to that important city." Meshed is less than 150 miles from Merv, for the capture of which the Russians have perfected their plans. It was only on Saturday last that a despatch to the *Mail* announced that the Persian Government was about to propose the appointment of a European commission for the settlement of Persia's North-eastern and Atrek frontier. The occupation of Meshed by 10,000 Persian troops, in view of these facts, is therefore, a matter of great importance.

The Late Attempt on the Czar's Life.

A Halifax *Herald* despatch states, that as the details of the late attempt upon the life of the Czar are more fully made public, the escape of the Emperor and the entire Imperial family from instant death seems more remarkable. The force of the explosion tore up a larger hole in the floor of the dining room than was at first stated, the wrecked portion being not less than fifteen feet in length by twelve in width. Fragments of timbers were thrown all over the hall, and had the Czar and his family been seated in their accustomed places at the time, they would have been destroyed. There is a great deal of comment and surprise over the fact that despite the supposed vigilance of the guard around the Imperial Palace, the mine was laid. Since the receipt, by the Emperor, of several warnings, after the failure of the attempt upon his life on the railway near Moscow, on the 5th December, that the winter palace and himself would yet be blown up into the air, the palace has been guarded by the police, the adjoining streets patrolled night and day by a picked force, the grounds brilliantly illuminated at night by electric light, and all persons found wandering in the vicinity and unable to give a satisfactory account of themselves have immediately been placed under arrest. Owing to the seeming absolute impossibility of outside parties placing a mine within the palace without detection, it is generally believed that persons high in authority, and in the Czar's confidence, were concerned in the conspiracy. Attempts are now being made to trace the course of the electric wires by which the dynamite was exploded, and the opinion prevails in official circles that they will be found not to extend beyond the walls of the palace. The addition of this fresh shock, following so swiftly upon the trying experiences through which he has passed, is said to have made a profound impression upon the Czar, who was already half crazed with fear and apprehension. It is believed that within a very short time the Czar will either announce his abdication in favor of the Czarowitch, or issue a proclamation convening an assembly of the notables of the empire, for the purpose of framing a constitutional form of Government. In official circles here, it is believed that the former alternative is the more probable.

It is stated by cable specials that the Czar was in consultation with Prince Alexander of Bulgaria upon the Balkan question when a servant announced dinner. The Czar paid no attention to it. A few moments after dinner was again announced. The Czar then took the arm of the Prince when the explosion occurred. He stopped short at the sound and raised his eyes to heaven in gratitude. Neither spoke. The Czar was perfectly calm and an hour afterwards sat down to dinner beside the great gap in the floor. The Empress was asleep and heard nothing of the explosion. Orders

were issued that she should not be informed. At an early hour the Emperor drove to Kazan Church and returned thanks for his fifth preservation from death.

Biennial Sessions of Local Legislatures.

(*Montreal Gazette.*)

In considering the question of the substitution of biennial for the present annual sessions of the local Legislatures, we cannot be charged with trenching on the field of speculative politics. The yearly increasing obligations of the provinces, the constant accumulation of debt and the necessity arising from time to time for the imposition of new taxes, render any suggestions looking to an alleviation of the financial burdens of the Provinces worthy of serious consideration. The latest remedial measure conned over but not publicly advocated in this Province is that of the substitution of biennial for annual sessions. Upon the face of it the plan seems to be an admirable one; the Province would be saved many thousands of dollars now expended in indemnity to members, printing, extra clerks and cumbersome legislation. We have, moreover, an example of the advantages of the system in the United States. With the exception of Maine, Louisiana, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Wisconsin and Connecticut, the State Legislatures held their sessions biennially, and in Massachusetts an amendment in favor of biennial meetings has been adopted and will shortly be in operation. Mr. Talbot, ex-Governor of the latter State, who inaugurated the change, supported it on the ground that "annual sessions are a heavy draught upon the treasury and offer by their length opportunities for legislation of doubtful utility. They tend also to cumber the Statute books with crude laws, requiring interpretation by the Courts, and often speedy amendment and repeal. The people want clearness and permanency in the law, and are annoyed and perplexed at its obscurity and constant changes." There is abundance of testimony also to the advantage of the biennial system to be gathered from the utterances of politicians in the other States in which it is in operation. The chief objection to the biennial plan seems to rest in the difficulty of preparing the estimates of revenue and expenditure with any accuracy, but upon examination that objection will be found to be more apparent than real, because it will come within the scope of the Ministry to adjust the expenditure to the declining revenue and the financial statements by which the course of the Government would be guided and judged, would be made public at the close of each fiscal year as at present. We confess that there are many other ways of lessening the financial charges on the Provincial Government which we would prefer to see adopted, and we have referred to this suggested method simply to show that it has been successfully adopted in the United States and that it has begun to attract some attention in this country.

A Good Way of Loaning Money.

Coleman's "Rural World" prints the following from a correspondent who has been loaning his money at about fifty per cent., in the following way: "I wintered 310 sheep last winter without losing one. This winter I have 212 sheep all doing well I feed corn and bran every day in troughs, and good hay in racks in stables. Now I will tell you what I have done with \$700. I bought 400 sheep, and put them out on shares—10 to a 100 in a place. They are in good hands and nearly all ewes. I get half the wool and half the lambs. Now 200 fleeces at four pounds to the fleece, at thirty cents to the pound, fetches \$1.20, or \$240. One hundred lambs are worth \$1.25 each, or \$120. Wool and lambs make \$365. To have loaned \$700 at ten per cent. would bring \$70. This is my way of loaning money. I have been at it for years. Can let out all I am able to buy in that way. I am bound to have a year's growth of wool this year."

August Flower.

The immense sale and great popularity of Green's August Flower in all towns and villages in the civilized world has caused many imitators to adopt similar names, expecting to reap a harvest for themselves at the expense of the afflicted. This medicine was introduced in 1868, and for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, with their effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sickheadache, Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart, vertigo, etc., etc., it never has failed to our knowledge. Three doses will relieve any case of Dyspepsia. Two million bottles sold last year. Price 75 cents. Samples 10 cents.

Afternoon cotillions, says the London "Truth," will be in great vogue this season in royalist drawing-rooms in Paris. They will be danced in short costumes and shepherdess hats; that is when there are pretty feet and ankles and young faces to be shown.

The New York "Herald" believes that the party connected with the dynamite explosion in the Czar's Winter Palace are not Nihilists but attaches of the Palace who are trying to compel the Czar to abdicate in favor of the Czarowitch.

CALL at Bremner Bros. and get their handsome Illuminated Calendar for 1880 gratis.