

The "Northern Light."

The "Northern Light" left Pictou on Tuesday morning at 7 o'clock, and she has not yet arrived at Georgetown.

THE STORM.

The storm of yesterday was general—stopping trains, blocking roads, suspending telegraphic communication, blowing off signboards and slates and effectually isolating the residents of the city.

A large warehouse, owned by John Longworth, Esq., situated on Grafton street, near the railway track, was also damaged by the storm.

The gravel roof of Mr. Hooper's building on Malpeque Road, was greatly injured—the wind lifting part of the felt and pitch off it.

Last night the city presented a gloomy appearance. Scarcely a light was visible on the streets. The drift was thick, and the wind had reached its most violent height.

Railway News.

ADVISES from points along the line to the Train Dispatcher, report:—In Tignish, Souris and Georgetown it stormed heavily this morning.

The Georgetown train has reached Carigan. At Souris, in the morning, the men could not work owing to the storm.

The train which left Charlottetown this morning has been working through "Pierce's Cut"—near Winsloe Station—snow twenty feet deep for a distance of 200 feet.

A MEETING of the Temperance Reform Club of Charlottetown will take place in the Ladies' Parlor, Athenaeum, on Monday evening, the 24th inst., at 7 1/2 o'clock.

Little business in the Banks yesterday. The snow did all the banking!

Supreme Court.

ADJOURNMENT—SENTENCES.

THE Supreme Court adjourned to day till Monday, the 10th March, in order to attend the King's County regular session, which commences at Georgetown on Tuesday.

COLIN PEARSON pleaded guilty of forging a cheque of one dollar on the Bank of P. E. Island, in the name of Hugh Perkins, was sentenced to two weeks imprisonment in the Common Jail of this County.

JOHN O'REILLY and JAMES TROY, convicted of breaking into the store of A. A. Baldwin & Co., were sentenced to two years' imprisonment each in the Penitentiary of this Province.

JOHN CAVANAGH and PATRICK LAMB, for breaking the store of W. A. Weeks & Co., were sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary of this Province.

JOHN LYNCH, convicted of bigamy. A motion was made by his counsel for an arrest of judgment, and a rule granted, returnable in a fortnight.

DONALD MCKINNON, convicted of stealing one load of hay from Alexander McKinlay, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the Common Jail of this County, with hard labor.

JAMES CROSBY, found guilty of stealing four sheep from the farm of Alexander McKinlay, North River, was sentenced to twelve calendar months, with hard labor, in the Common Jail of this County.

JAMES CROSBY, found guilty of uttering forged notes on the Union Bank, in the name of Angus McDonald, of West River, was sentenced to seven years in the Penitentiary of this Province, to commence when the previous sentence expires.

CHARLES HORRIEL, convicted of stealing a load of hay from Alex. McKinlay, was sentenced to 6 calendar months in the Common Jail of this County, with hard labor.

CHARLES HORRIEL, convicted of forging and uttering a forged note on the Union Bank, in the name of Angus McDonald, for the sum of \$120.64. The prisoner said he was innocent of the crime.

CHARLES DOCKENDORFF, convicted of maiming and wounding horses belonging to John Sellar. Mr. Shaw, Counsel for the prisoner, read affidavits from James Dockendorff, brother of the prisoner; Jacob Dockendorff, his father; Elizabeth Dockendorff, his mother; and Mrs. White, his sister, to the effect that the prisoner was in bed on the night of crime was committed.

ABRAHAM RAPSON, convicted for stealing a coat from Isaac Henderson, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment in the Common Jail of this County with hard labor.

ABRAHAM RAPSON, found guilty of cutting and maiming horses belonging to John Sellar, was sentenced to imprisonment in the Common Jail of this County for twelve calendar months with hard labor, to commence at the expiration of the three months which he has been previously convicted of.

ABRAHAM RAPSON, convicted of setting fire to a barn belonging to John Sellar at North River, on the 10th of September was, for this offence, sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary of this Province—to be commenced at the expiration of the terms to which he has been previously sentenced.

ABRAHAM RAPSON, convicted of burning the shop and warehouse of Mr. John Sellar, at North River, on the 25th of January, 1878. Mr. Peters, counsel for the prisoner, read affidavits from Henry Rapson, the prisoner's father, and Hugh McDonald, to the effect that the prisoner was at Morell at the time the offence of which he has been convicted was committed.

Rev. Mr. Pascoe's Lecture.

SUBJECT: "JUDAS MACCABEES."

The Bible Christian Church was comfortably filled on Wednesday evening, by a very appreciative audience, to hear the Rev. W. S. Pascoe's lecture on the "Soldier Priest, why he fought and how he fell." Calanitous times, said the Rev. lecturer, are often productive of great men.

well of mankind—as one of the best and bravest of the race. We could not, without making this notice too long, follow the Rev. lecturer in his graphic word picture of the great hero of Jewish liberty—of the fierce battles he fought and the extraordinary victories he won.

The lecture throughout was listened to by the large audience with the utmost attention. It is needless to say that Mr. Pascoe fully sustained his high reputation as a public speaker.

Convent de Notre Dame.

A REVIEW of the musical classes of this institution took place Monday afternoon. On that occasion there were present several reverend gentlemen and the parents of many pupils. Among the former we noticed the Rev. Dr. McDonald, Rev. Father Trudelle of Hope River, and Rev. Father McDonald, of Fort Augustus.

The first reviewed were the pupils of the Elementary class—little misses of scarcely eight summers. After examination on the "Rudiments of Music," they alternately played "Bonnie Dundee" with surprising harmony. The fifth class was next reviewed, and afterwards the fourth, third, second and first. All executed their respective piano solos with such exactness and taste that it would be invidious forusto make any distinction.

PROGRAMME:

Music Duet—Vienna March..... Czerny. Misses M. A. Gaul and Augusta Grant. Welcome Song..... Cooper. Principles of Music—First and Second Classes.

ELMENTARY CLASS. Bonnie Dundee..... Bellaek. Misses Katie Coaly, Maggie McEachern, Clara Hogan, Grace Koughan.

FIFTH CLASS. Defile March..... Bellaek. Misses Winnie McDonald, Josephine McDonald, Ruth Kickham, Annie Koughan, Charlotte Cahill, Maggie Trail, Mary Ann McQuillan.

Vocal Duet—Music, and her Sister Song..... Glover. Misses Clara Hamilton and Lizzie McDonald.

Music—Harp Solo—The Harp thro' Tara's Hall. Miss Sarah Jane Smith.

FOURTH CLASS. Amateur Schottische..... Mack. Misses Sarah Walker, Aggie Halloran, Clara Hamilton, Lizzie McDonald.

Solo and Chorus, The Mermaid's Song. Glover. Music, Harp and Piano—The Campbells are Coming..... Dussek. Miss Lucy Caven, piano; Miss Rosina Kickham, harp.

THIRD CLASS. Zouave March..... John. Misses Maud Reddin, Augusta Grant, Elsie Hickey, Priscilla McLeod, Teresa McInnis.

Vocal Duet—Whispering Hope. Hawthorne. Misses Lizzie Murphy and Rosina Kickham.

SECOND CLASS—SECOND DIVISION. Hope and the Rose..... Grobe. Misses Gertie Welsh, Rosina Kickham, Lucy Caven, Mary Ann Gaul.

Song—Beautiful Danube..... Strauss. Miss Clara Hamilton.

SECOND CLASS—FIRST DIVISION. Robert le Diable..... Byer. Misses Annie Irving, Lizzie Murphy, Bessie Lewis, Florie Welsh, Sarah J. Smith.

FIRST CLASS. Jessie the Flow'r o' Dunblane..... Coppock. Misses Cassie Corbett, Josephine Clarke, Mary Ann McQuaid.

Solo and Chorus—The Land of the Swallows [Masini]. Music (Harp and Piano)—Rory O'More..... Miss Sarah Jane Smith, harp; Miss M. A. McQuaid, piano.

Song—The Singing Lesson..... Bordese. Misses Rosina and Ruth Kickham.

Music (Duet)—Lucrezia Borgia..... Eston. Misses Josephine Clarke and Rosina Kickham.

DISTRIBUTION OF HONORS. Duet—The Roses..... The Misses Welsh. Address..... Miss Lucy Caven.

Why Will You Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles, when an immediate relief can be so readily attained.

Evening Burial.

Sudden the dread summons: Thy light spirit, prompt, obeyed; And, sadly, in the twilight's birth Thy mortal part we laid Deep in the cold, dark earth.

The wind sighed mournfully: Straight from thy father's door, We bore thy body to the tomb; And, anguished, we wept o'er Thy bier, and mourned thy early doom.

"Earth to Earth;" so spake The grieving Priest; and our hearts ached As on the flowers placed o'er thy breast By loving hands, he cast the caked And icy clay—commending thee to rest.

But the uplifted Cross, Spoke of a glorious resurrection: And the holy books found 'neath thy head Told that, in dying, thoughts of God's protection Had thy soul instilled while led.

Through the dark valley, Up to the bright "gate ajar for thee," So, comforted, we turned away; and the snow, Eddying with whirlful gusts, so we scarce could see,

Soon mantled o'er the spot where thou'rt laid low. But spring will come again, As shining morn succeeds the night. Then flowers we'll bring to deck thy grave; and Our deep grief assuaged, we'll think of thy bright Joyous spirit—in "The Happy Land"!

United States Presidential Candidates. The publication of the cipher despatches was intended to kill Tilden, politically, but it seems to have had the very opposite result.

It has, in fact, if we are to credit the statements of both Republican and Democratic journals, been the means of resurrecting Tilden and placing him before the public as the candidate of the Democratic party for the next campaign.

This is a curious result, for there is no denying the fact that the cypher telegrams and the proposal to buy electoral votes in the South were brought very near to him—his own nephew, who lived in his house, being directly involved, and Mr. Manton Marble, who did not like, as he said, "to commit Tilden" with certain doubtful parties, having been proved to have taken a hand in the financial negotiations for the purchase of the Presidency.

But in proportion to the alarm which was felt among Tilden's friends at the danger of their favorite has been their exultation and triumph at his escape, and their joy has been contagious and has spread generally throughout the Democratic party, many of whom were before either indifferent or unfriendly. This is but natural. Mr. Tilden will, therefore, apparently be the Democratic candidate.

Of course the Republicans laugh to scorn his pretence that he is innocent in the matter of the cipher despatches. The N. Y. Tribune says:—

The evidence is not yet closed, and it is not quite time to submit conclusions as to all the questions at issue. But the main statement originally made by the "Tribune" will not hereafter be controverted, viz:

As to Florida, that Manton Marble telegraphed in cipher to Mr. Tilden's house two proposals to buy votes, one for \$200,000, and one for \$50,000; that C. W. Woolley also transmitted to Colonel Pelton a proposal for \$50,000; and that Colonel Pelton replied, "Proposition accepted, if done only once," but directed the agents to consult with each other.

As to South Carolina, that Smith M. Weed transmitted in cipher telegrams to Colonel Pelton a proposal to buy votes for \$80,000, was instructed that the money would be furnished and went to Baltimore to get it; that Colonel Pelton went thither to deliver it, and telegraphed for it to the Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, but was recalled; that a subsequent effort to secure the vote by fraud and bribery was defeated by premature adjournment of the Board.

As to Oregon, that Patrick and Kelly telegraphed for money to "purchase Republican elector to recognize and act with Democrat," and that Pelton deposited money to be forwarded, but the remittance arrived too late.

The Republican candidate is likely to be General Grant, despite the popular objection to a third term. Hayes is felt to be out of the question, for he is bitterly hated by a large section of the Republican party.

Blaine's opportunity has apparently passed away. Conkling is strong in New York, but weak everywhere else, and he is cordially disliked by the Hayes Republicans. There is no other prominent Republican talked of as a candidate, and it is felt that Grant is the only man who can thoroughly unite the Republican party and restore discipline to its ranks.

It is therefore highly probable that Tilden and Grant will be the next Presidential candidates of the two great political parties.—St. John Telegraph.

The British and Irish Peerage. The whole body of the British and Irish peerage comprises at the present moment 580 members: 5 royal dukes, 28 dukes, 33 marquises, 205 earls, 57 viscounts, and 352 barons.

The creations of the dukes vary from Norfolk 1433, to Westminster in 1874, of the marquises from Winchester in 1551 to Abergavenny in 1876; of the earls from Crawford in 1398 to Cairns in 1878, of the viscounts from Hereford in 1549 to Cranbrook in 1878, and of the barons from Le Despencer in 1264 to Norton in 1878.

But, inasmuch as peers of Scotland, although they have precedence of peers of Great Britain, Ireland, and the United Kingdom, rank after peers of England, the Earl of Shrewsbury and not the Earl of Crawford, has place as the premier earl in the peerage.

Of the baronetage there are 862 members, of whose baronetcies 33 were created by James I., 81 by Charles I., 101 by Charles II., 16 by James II., 19 by Queen Anne, 10 by George I., 26 by George II., 406 by George III., 40 by George IV., 47 by William IV., and 153 by Victoria. In 1878, 17 peers and 33 baronets died. The barony of Rossie, and the baronetcy of Sir John Buller East have become extinct.

Union Bank of P. E. Island.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at their Banking House, Charlottetown, on Wednesday, 5th proximo, at 12 o'clock, noon, to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and transact such other business as may be laid before the meeting.

Proxies for voting must be left with the Cashier at least one day previous to said meeting. GEORGE MACLEOD, Cashier.

Ch'town, Feb. 20th, 1879—

Valuable Freehold Farm FOR SALE.

THE Charlottetown Cemetery Company are prepared to sell, on very favorable terms, all that portion of their well-known Farm, beautifully situated on the north side of the Back Royal Road, and extending from the Malpeque Road to near the Railway track, containing about FIFTY ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND.

The premises are all under cultivation, and have thereon a good Dwelling House, large Barn, Stables, and a fine Orchard. A fine Spruce Hedge surrounds a great part of the property.

Immediate possession will be given. For further particulars, apply to John Inghs or H. J. Cundall, Esq's. By order of the Board, F. W. HALES, Sec'y.

Ch'town, Feb. 20, 1879—dly oaw

MAIL NOTICE.

MAILS to be forwarded via Cape Traverse will be closed at this Office daily—Sundays excepted—at 8 o'clock p. m.

The mail for Great Britain, by Canadian Packet sailing from Halifax on Saturdays, will be closed here on Wednesdays at 8 o'clock, p. m.

The mail for Great Britain via New York will be closed on Thursdays at 8 o'clock, p. m.

Mails for all places West of Charlottetown receiving Mails by Railway Train or Postal Car, will be closed daily at 7 o'clock, a. m.

Mails for Georgetown and Souris East, also for all places on the route to those points, will be closed daily at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Post Office open from 8, a. m., till 8, p. m. A. A. MACDONALD, Postmaster.

Post Office, Charlottetown, } 20th Feb., 1879.

Babbit's Concentrated Potash, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. A. A. BALDWIN & CO.

Ch'town, Feb. 20, '78.—lin

BANK OF P. E. ISLAND.

THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank will be held at their Banking House, in Charlottetown, on Tuesday, the 4th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be laid before them.

Proxies for voting must be left with the Cashier at least one day previous to the meeting. J. R. BRECKEN, Cashier.

Ch'town, Feb. 19, 1879—a rg p till meeting

FLOUR, Cornmeal & Tea, CHEAP FOR CASH, —AT THE—

LONDON HOUSE. Charlottetown, Feb. 18, 1879.

COAL!

100 Tons Round "ACADIA MINES," and a smaller lot of NUT, at our usual low prices. Wright & MacGowan, QUEEN'S WHARF.

Ch'town, Feb. 8, 1879—law for 2m

FOR SALE,

THE HOUSE and Premises occupied by the Subscriber, at the head of Queen Street. For further particulars apply to the owner on the Premises, or to ALEXANDER BROWN, Esq.

DONALD MCKENZIE. Ch'town, Feb. 3, 1879—2aw

NORTHERN LIGHT.

IN the present state of the Straits, no particular days of crossing can be given. The Northern Light will cross whenever there is a fair chance of success. Intending passengers had better be at Georgetown, in order to avail themselves of the first opportunity.

WILLIAM MITCHELL, Agent of Department. Feb. 17, 1879—tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that prosecution will be immediately commenced against all persons who are known to be in the possession of DOGS and who have not registered them, and paid their Dog Tax for the current year, in conformity to the provisions of a by-law of this city, passed 4th December, A. D. 1878.

A. F. TOMLINS, Clerk of the City Court. Feb. 11.