

Orders have been given from the Commander-in-Chief's office, to all officers belonging to regiments in Ireland, on leave of absence in London, to repair immediately to rejoin their respective regiments quartered in that country. His Royal Highness Prince George of Cambridge, left by the mail train on Wednesday for Liverpool on route to Dublin, also the Marquis of Worcester, to join the 7th Hussars.

There has been a 'brush' at Carrick-on-Suir. A Clonmel correspondent thus describes the affair:

The Carrick people on hearing of the arrest of some of the club members, and the rumour that one of their own curates was marked out for arrest, rose en masse, and with arms in their hands, consisting of rifles and pikes, repaired to the authorities and demanded the release of the prisoners, who were at once delivered up to them. They then rung the chapel bells, when 4,000 men descended from the neighbouring hills armed to the teeth, who remained in Carrack all night, lest an attempt should be made to arrest Father Byrne. The delivery of the prisoners, and the withdrawal of the few troops were considered as a triumph. There is no mistaking the national feeling.

The Privy Council was held at Dublin Castle on the 13th, at which the Lord Lieutenant presided, when it was resolved to proclaim the following places under the Coercion Act:—County and city of Dublin, county and city of Cork, county and city of Wexford, and county of the town of Drogheda.

The Government have been prompt in following up the proclamation issued on the 18th, by notifications setting forth the days and places appointed for granting licences to keep arms. The commissioners of police in Dublin issued a notice that they will attend at their office in the Lower Castle-yard, for some days, to receive applications for licenses. Similar notices have been issued in all the proclaimed districts.

The demonstration of the Dublin clubs, promised by the Nation for the 16th, did not take place. The object was to ascertain 'the precise strength of the Dublin clubs.' Much surprise was caused by the abandonment of the meeting; but no cause is assigned, unless a 'difficulty in obtaining the ground for the assemblage.' The police were on the alert, expecting the meeting; but they escaped a day of toil, in watching the marchings and counter-marching of the clubists.

The officers of the city of Dublin clubs held a meeting on Saturday night the 15th, Mr. John B. Dillon, President of the Curran Club, presiding, when the following declaration was adopted, on the motion of Mr. Smith O'Brien, M. P., seconded by Mr. R. O'Gorman, jun.:

'The systematic efforts made by writers in the pay of the British Government to cause it to be believed that the Repeal clubs of Ireland are organised for the purpose of pillage and massacre, and for the overthrow of religion and social order, render it expedient that we should define the real objects of the club organization: Be it therefore resolved and declared—

'That the purposes and end of our organization are the overthrow of the power of British Legislation in this Island.

'That while we are firmly resolved to abstain in our political capacity, from any interference in matters of a religious or sectarian character, we are not the less desirous that religion should be upheld, and the legitimate influence of its ministers maintained in its integrity.

'That so far from desiring to overthrow social order, and to subject our country to universal anarchy, our first anxiety has been, and is, to secure the legislative independence of our country with the least possible injury to any class of its inhabitants; and in the accomplishment of these our designs, we hope to put an end forever to the sufferings and the disorders which have never ceased to afflict our people under the sway of Britain.'

The Government, along with a strong body of constabulary, are concentrating troops in Waterford and its neighbourhood. Troops have marched from Wexford in this direction, and from Kilkenny this morning. The place of the latter in Kilkenny is occupied by companies of the 73d from Carlow. There is artillery both at Waterford and Clonmel. In addition to the police force despatched yesterday by the Rhadamanthus steamer, a regiment of infantry is ordered up from Belfast, per the Duchess of Kent, chartered for the purpose, and has also been despatched. Cahir is to supply some troops of cavalry.

The intelligence of the rising at Carrick-on-Suir was received all through Tipperary with enthusiasm. On Monday night the mountains were all in a blaze with fires, from Slievebloom to Slievenamon, and the peasantry crowded around them in large masses. The cheering along the Wexford range was distinctly heard in Clonmel, and the clubs turned out to do homage to the general enthusiasm. They marched through the town in sections. The military were under arms, prepared, if necessary, for repression.

It is now arranged that if, upon the formation of the jury to try Duffy or his fellows, it shall appear probable that a conviction will be had, the clubs are to rise immediately and prevent the trial by an anticipatory, and as they hope, a successful outbreak.

The purchase and manufacture of arms is proceeding rapidly in Ireland.

Last week eighty stand of arms were purchased by the Dr. Doyle club, of which Mr. Duffy of the Nation is the President. 20,000 stands of disused military flint

muskets have been purchased in London for the use of the insurgents, and all coming over in batches.

Hyland, the noted pike maker, has left Dublin for Carlow, with a large consignment of pikes.

The insurgents have prepared a map of the city of Dublin subdivided into districts, in each of which the points at which the clubs are respectively to muster, and where barricades are to be thrown up, are indicated.

Mr. Meagher and Mr. Doherty appear to be haranguing a multitude of 50,000 persons at a time at midnight; and it is easy to conceive what results must flow from the inflammatory language held on these occasions.

Mr. Somers is once more member for Sligo borough.

Mr. Devin Reilly, writing in the Irish Felon, opens on Lord Clarendon by calling his Excellency the 'General Turnkey of Ireland,' &c.

'Nothing remains for those who would make their thoughts known in this, our country, but to speak them with arms in their hands.'

Devin Reilly speaks and prints his thoughts. He says further:—

'Flog them (the Irish) at the triangle, decorate them with the pitch cap, let the lamp-posts bear their wonted visage, till at last they be compelled to squelch (?) you as a hideous nuisance, to escape agony—to take you by the neck, tyrant, gaoler, assassin, and hurl you and your dominion off this Irish soil into the sea.'

The last club procession in Cork brought the leaders in contact with the authorities, and the result has been the arrest of Messrs. Varian, Bourke, Lane, and J. O'Brien—all on charges of sedition. The arrests took place on Tuesday. The parties were all admitted to bail.

Mr. Meagher has availed himself of the privilege conferred upon him by the law, and has traversed in prox, until the next assizes of Limerick.

Mr. Doherty has also been busy organising clubs in the same quarter as Mr. Meagher.

Mr. Smith O'Brien has been as active in Drogheda, as Messrs. Meagher and Doherty in Waterford. The following is an account of the meeting: 'On the arrival of the train, Mr. O'Brien was met at the Railway Station by an enormous assemblage of the trades and working classes, preceded by banners of the several guilds: and having formed into procession, headed by the Temperance band of the town, they preceded Mr. O'Brien and his friends through the principal streets, cheering as they went along for 'Smith O'Brien and Repeal'—'John Mitchel'—'The Irish League'—'The patriots in prison,' &c. On arriving at the place of meeting, the Market-square of the town, the assemblage had swelled to 10,000. The chair was taken by Nicholas Fitzpatrick, Esq.

The second public meeting of the 'Irish League' was held in the Music Hall, Lower-Abbey street, on Wednesday evening last. The attendance was very numerous. Dr. Cane handed in a list of 1,700 Kilkenny men, including the mayor of the city, and three magistrates of the city of Kilkenny, with a great number of the corporation of Kilkenny, sending in their pound each.

Mr. Osborne, as a holder of property in Ireland, seized the opportunity, in Parliament, of pronouncing a bitter invective against Ministers for their conduct towards Ireland, which he characterised as a mockery, a delusion, and a snare. Pointing down to the Treasury Bench, he exclaimed, 'That unless some strong party were prepared to take the Government and turn out these men of straw, their tenure of Ireland would be lost. He looked forward with horror to the ensuing winter in Ireland.'

The same journal has the following sample of the spirit of disaffection prevailing amongst the populace in Nenagh, the assize town of the North Riding of Tipperary:—

'About half-past ten o'clock on Saturday, a canvas effigy, stuffed with straw, saturated with turpentine, and made to represent a human body, was carried in mock triumph through the streets. It bore a card on the head, on which was printed in large characters, 'Clarendon.' After indulging to some extent in groaning and hooting the Whigs, and in particular his Whiggish Excellency, the canvas effigy was raised by means of a rope around the neck, and suspended from a lamp post. The 'hanging' elicited several witticisms from the 'boys' of the crowd, who, after letting it hang by the neck the usual time, applied a lighted match, and consummated its destruction.'

A Belfast correspondent in a recent communication thus writes—We have not had for many years such promise of an abundant yield, from crops of every description, with the exception perhaps of turnips, which, in some instances, have been injured by the 'fly.' Accounts from all parts of the country agree in this. Potatoes in our market are getting so plentiful as to be selling at 4d. to 7d. per 14lbs. even at this early season, and the disease, notwithstanding rumours to the contrary, has as yet, not manifested itself.

The Foreign news is unimportant.

The armistice which we have announced as concluded between the Danish and the Prussian Governments, has not been as yet sanctioned by General Wrangel. In his capacity as general of the Frankfort Diet, he pauses before he ratifies this patched up truce.

In Prussia affairs appear more settled. The Archduke John has accepted his new office with great formality at Frankfort.

In Italy the war continues to be languidly carried on.

From Portugal there is little more than rumours of a change of Ministry.

It is however satisfactory to state that order and a tolerable degree of tranquility continue to be maintained in Paris. The disarmament of the disaffected in the various 'arrondissements' is rigorously carried out.

PRICES CURRENT,
AUGUST 7, 1848.

PROVISIONS.			
Flour, Am superfine	46s 50s 6	Coal, Pictou, chald.	none
seconds	34s	slack do	17s a 18s
P E I. per lb.	24d a 3d	Wood per cord	12s
Rye per barrel	34s 32s 6	SUNDRIES.	
Corn Meal per barrel	23s a 25s	Tea, Bohea per chest	1s a 1s 6d
per lb.	14d	per lb.	2s
Oatmeal per lb.	2d a 2 3/4d	Congo per chest	2s 4d
Beef, small pieces, lb.	3d a 4d	per lb.	3s 6d
per quarter	3d a 4d	Coffee, P. Rico, cwt	84s
Mutton per lb.	47s 6d	per lb.	1s.
Veal do	24 3/4d	St Domingo, cwt	80s
Pork per barrel	80s	per lb.	11d
small pieces	4d a 6d	Sugar, per cwt	44s a 46s
Butter, fresh, per lb.	7d a 10d	per lb.	6d
tub. do		Refined do	9d
Cheese, P E Island lb.	4d a 7d	Molasses, per gal.	1s 7d
American	9d a 10d	Raisins, per box	15s
Eggs per doz	5d a 6d	Tobacco, Fig, P E I.	1s a 1s 1/2d
Potatoes per bushel	4s a 6s	Cavendish, Am.	9d
Turnips		Soap, per box	4 1/2d
Tallow per lb.	9d a 10d	Candles, mould P E I.	1s
Lard do	6d a 3d	dip, P E I.	10d
Pearl Barley do		mould, Am.	10d
Ham do	5d a 7d	dip Am.	9d
Rice do	4d	Brandy (Martel's) gal	12s 6d a 14s
do per cwt	25s	Wine, Port do	14s a 16s
Turkeys each	4s a 6s	Sherry do	12s
Geese do		Gin (Hollands) do	7s 6d a 9s 6d
Fowls do	10d a 1s	Rum, Demerara, high	8s a 8s 3d
Codfish per quintal	11s a 13s	proof, per gal.	
Salmon each	3s a 4s	Jamaica, high	8s 6d
Herrings per barrel		proof, per gal.	8s 6d
Mackerel do		Boards, Pine 100 ft.	5s a 6s
GRAIN.		Spruce do	2s 6d a 4s
Oats per bushel		Hemlock do	26s a 3s
Barley do		Shingles	6s a 10s
Wheat do		EXCHANGE.	
Hay, per ton	40s a 50s	On London 60 days	32 1/2 pr. ct
Coal, Sydney, chald.	32s a 34s 6	30 days	35 do
		On Halifax 60 days	20 do
		Sovereigns	30s
		Doubleloons	96s
		Dollars	6s a 6s 3d

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION on Wednesday the 30th day of August, next month, at the old Court House, in Charlottetown, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, if not previously disposed of at private Sale, the undermentioned valuable real estate, being the property of the Reverend ANGELO McINTYRE, late of this Town, viz:—Town Lot No. 71, in the 2d hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, with the Dwelling House and Out-houses thereon. This property fronts on Richmond and Cumberland Streets, and is the next House east of the residence of Daniel Hodgson, Esq.

Pasture Lot No. 418 (12 acres) in the Royalty of Charlottetown aforesaid, fronting on the Brackley Point Road, and situate near the residence of Mr. Martin Doherty. The soil of this Lot is of excellent quality, and the Subscriber is authorized to treat with any person for the sale of the two adjoining Lots, part of which has been under crop; the whole, containing 36 acres, would make a snug Farm, and is but little over two miles from the town.

Town Lot No. 7, in the First Range Letter D in Georgetown, in this Island. This is also a very desirable Lot, having but one Lot between it and Kent Square.

For further particulars, apply to CHARLES BINNS, Charlottetown, 31st July, 1848. (All the papers.)

NOTICE.

WHEREAS by Deed of assignment duly executed by John F. Clark, late of Charlottetown, Merchant, bearing date the Sixth day of July instant, all and singular the outstanding debts and sums of money whatsoever due and owing to the said John F. Clark, in this Island were, in consideration of a large sum of money due by him to me duly assigned, transferred, and made over to me—all persons indebted to the said John F. Clark are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount of their several debts to me—no other person having power or authority to receive the same. Dated at Darnley, Prince Edward Island, this 15th day of July, 1848.

WILLIAM E. CLARK.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

GLOBE INN.

THE Subscriber has opened an elegant, well finished and commodious House, in Kent Street, to which he has given the title of

"THE GLOBE INN."

where he is prepared to accommodate his country friends, and the public generally, with suitable and comfortable Entertainment, and convenient Stabling.

JAMES W. CAIRNS.

July 31.