

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

MONEY ORDER OFFICE.—Summerside is about petitioning for a Money Order Office. THE MODERN CRUSADE.—The women of Halifax threaten a crusade against the Liquor Stores of that city. WAR IN AFRICA.—The King of Ashante has surrendered. He is a prisoner in the hands of General Wolsey. SERIOUSLY ILL.—The Minister of Marine and Fisheries is reported to be seriously indisposed. ELEVATED.—Mr. Penny, editor of the Montreal Herald, has been elevated to the Senate. THE PACIFIC RAILWAY.—A late despatch reports.—Mr. Mortimer has been sent to survey the route for the Canadian Pacific Railway in the valley of the French River. THE "CANADA FIRST" party is jubilant over the election of Mr. Howard to the presidency of the Dominion Board of Trade. It is regarded as a sign that their principles are not unsupportable by the mercantile community. THE SPEAKERSHIP.—CORNELIUS HOWART, Esq., Member for Tryon, has been chosen Speaker of the House of Assembly. We congratulate Mr. Howart. His elevation is a happy compliment to our farmers. AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.—The thirty-third annual meeting of the Prince Edward Island Auxiliary Bible Society, will be held at the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, this (Monday) evening. Choir to be taken at 7.30 o'clock. MR. FLETCHER'S LECTURE.—The Rev. Gregory McDonald was unable to lecture in St. Patrick's Hall on Friday evening last, and Mr. Fletcher, editor of the Argus, took his place. Mr. Fletcher's lecture was well received. LETTERS MISSING.—Mr. William Ross, of Graham's Road, New London, states in a letter to the Patriot, that he has lost three letters during the past twelve months. The letters were sent from the United States, and it is very possible that they never crossed over the line. A MARKET HOUSE WANTED.—The St. John's wants a market-house. The Telegraph says that St. John's should remain so long without a proper market house is a fact not creditable to a city of its pretensions, and the prospect of this matter being remedied by the bill now before the House will meet the approval of citizens generally. ISBET BERRY PROVER.—An Ottawa despatch reports:—The charge recently made against Mr. Keller, the Ontario Minister of Public Works, of ordering workmen at the Central Prison to attend Mass' on Saturdays and making no deduction from their pay, has been proved before the public account committee. It is supposed Mr. Keller will resign. OBSERVATION AT St. Luke's.—His Lordship Bishop Binney conducted an ordination service in St. Luke's Cathedral on Sabbath morning. Messrs. Bell and Sheres were ordained Deacons and the Rev. Mr. Brown was admitted to Priest's orders. Mr. Shreve has been appointed Curate of St. George's Church in the City.—Halifax Citizen. THE ELECTION COURT.—The last number of the Gazette contains the appointment of the undermentioned gentlemen as members of the Nova Scotia Election Court:—W. A. Henry, Esq., Alexander James, Esq., and James W. Johnston, Esq. Benjamin Russell, Esq., has been appointed clerk of the same court.—Halifax Citizen. AN ICE LANDING WANTED.—A good railway crossing at the East end of the town ought to be provided to enable persons coming to the city on the ice to land without difficulty or danger. Serious complaints are made that nearly all the safe landings that heretofore have been used, are being blocked up, and that new ones have not been constructed. The complaints are reasonable, and we hope that the proper authorities will take care that the public are accommodated with a good railway crossing from the ice at the East end of the town.—Patriot. FIRE IN A RAIL CAR.—An Ottawa despatch (March 2) reports:—A passenger car on the Great Western Railway while travelling between London and Komoka on Saturday night, caught fire, and eight persons were already dead; others cannot survive. Twenty-two are badly injured. Owing to the bell rope not being attached, there was no way of conveying intelligence to the engine driver. The train was running at forty miles an hour, and some leaped from the cars, and clung to it until their hands were literally burnt off. The charred remains of others were found clinging to the iron work. A coroner's inquest is being held to-day. SUDDEN DEATH.—A despatch to the Patriot reports that Rev. A. R. Garvie, of Windsor, Nova Scotia, died suddenly at St. Lawrence Hotel, Montreal, on Thursday night last. Mr. Garvie, we believe, was in his family of young men, as there was in the British Provinces. One by one they were plucked by the hand of death, and now the parent stem is left to stand alone. The Garvies were once residents of this Island. They were well known and highly respected. Blackwood's Magazine for February, just published by the Leonard Scott Publishing Co., contains a greater proportion of story and narrative than usual, an order of literature in which the magazine has earned well-deserved distinction. The story of 'Valentine and his Brother,' is continued. 'The Prince who would not expose his father to mortification, as etiquette forbade him a seat at the Emperor's table, and therefore she remained away. A previous experience at Berlin, where the Emperor was excluded from a State banquet because he is not of Royal blood, was her motive to a noble and wisely courtsey.

APPEAL

TO THE PROTESTANTS OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND. BROTHERS!—While as Christian pastors, we would abstain from meddling with any questions of a similar political character, we do not at the present juncture, we are so concerned to our duty, and to your interests, and those of the community at large, if we do not call your attention to the danger which now threatens the Free School System of this, as well as the neighboring Provinces. It must be manifest to all, from the Pastoral address, and the question of Education, that united action on this question has been secured on the part of the whole clerical body, and that the same unanimity of decisions has been reached by the various Synods of the Provinces. We need scarcely warn you that the certain result will be the subversion of our present school system, and the loss of the rights and privileges they now enjoy. We cannot fail to view the measures thus concerted with alarm, and to regard them as a direct attack on the rights of the Protestant community, and we are persuaded that you share with us in these feelings, and will, as Protestants should and must do, resist all unjust and arrogant pretensions from Rome. You will observe that the claims for separate schools are professedly based upon what is termed 'justice and fair play,' and the necessity of religious training for the young. While the cry of justice and fair play is System prohibited. It will be readily seen that no charge against our School System could be more unfounded; for the system now in operation is the result of a long and responsible for the religious training of the young, and consequently it has justly avoided any interference with Roman Catholic training that has been known to these, and limit all the peculiar tenets of their Church. It is obvious to all unprejudiced persons that the present school system is one of unqualified equality, and that no distinction whatever between Protestant and Roman Catholic. While the bishops in their pastoral have made many assertions to the contrary, they have failed to furnish a single fact in proof that our present school system confers any privileges on Protestants, or that it is in any way unequal. While the cry of justice and fair play is raised against it, the truth is that in its very impartiality lies its chief claim to the estimation of the whole people, and to the support of every one who would secure the best advantages to their children. We readily concede to Roman Catholics the full enjoyment of every privilege possessed by any other denomination, but we do not, and never, sanction the injustice of drawing from the public Treasury any amount, small or great, for the maintenance of a system of unequal consistency. Let us demand that all the other denominations, and while we admit the perfect right of the Roman Catholic Church to use, for the promotion of the interest of their church, such a system of education as they may see fit to provide, which is all that other denominations either possess or claim—we must regard it as an act of unqualified injustice to demand that the Protestant inhabitants of this country should be required to propagate principles which they hold to be subversive of the truth of God, and of the sacred rights of others, endorsed so much. We are constrained to regard this demand, which in itself is an outrage upon the Protestant community of this Island, as more to be dreaded, inasmuch as the concession that would satisfy it, would open the way for other demands, which could with equal consistency be made to the benefit of all the other denominations, and which would require that State support be granted to sectarian schools, in which, as the bishops say, religion might be taught from day to day, and from the influence of the Catholic Chapel throughout the Island. While from the character of this demand and its manifest injustice, we are not apprehensive of its possible success, we do not believe that the agitation which it must lead, and we charge the strife and bitterness which will engender upon the originators and promoters of this movement. It is alleged in the Pastoral of Bishop MacIntyre, that the same concessions which are asked for here, have already been granted to Protestant minorities in Quebec, and to the Catholic majority in Ontario, and that the system works to the satisfaction of all parties. In reply to this statement we call your attention to the fact, that the concessions in Quebec and Ontario are made in the name of the Roman Catholic political party, and not in the name of the Roman Catholic Church, and that the system works to the satisfaction of all parties. In reply to this statement we call your attention to the fact, that the concessions in Quebec and Ontario are made in the name of the Roman Catholic political party, and not in the name of the Roman Catholic Church, and that the system works to the satisfaction of all parties.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

QUEEN'S COUNTY GRAIN SHOW. THE Commissioners for the Management of the Annual Exhibition of Agriculture and Local Industry for Queen's County, have organized a Grain Show, open to the Farmers of Queen's County, to be held in the MARKET HALL, CHARLOTTETOWN, ON TUESDAY, The 17th day of March, at which the following prizes will be awarded. WHEAT.—Best two Bushels Wheat, \$10; 2nd do, \$9; 3rd do, \$8. BARLEY.—Best Two Bushels Two-rowed Barley, \$7; 2nd do, \$6; Best Two Bushels Four-rowed Barley, \$6; 2nd do, \$5. OATS.—Best Two Bushels Oats, (Black) \$6; 2nd do, \$5; 3rd do, \$4.50; Best Two Bushels Oats, (Narrow) \$5; 2nd do, \$4.50; Best Two Bushels Oats, (White) \$6; 2nd do, \$5. THE PRIZE GRASS to be the property of the Commissioners, and to be sold at Public Auction in the MARKET HALL, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on the day of Exhibition. GRASS SEEDS.—Best Red Clover, (40 lbs) \$8; 2nd do, \$7.50; Best White Clover, (40 lbs) \$8; 2nd do, \$7.50; Best Timothy, (1 Bushel) \$8; 2nd do, \$7.50. THE Rules and Regulations adopted by the Commissioners in relation to the Exhibition held at Charlottetown, on the 15th October last, as published in Prize List, at that time, will also govern the Exhibition on the 17th March, next. Admission to the Grain Show, 5 cents; to paid at the door, which will be opened for the admission of the Public at 11 o'clock, a. m. On behalf of Commissioners, A. McNEILL, Secretary, Charlottetown, March 9, 1874.—21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MANILLA. WE again bring to the notice of the public, the manufactures of the CANADA CORDAGE COMPANY, and respectfully solicit early orders for spring delivery in Charlottetown, at factory prices; and would call attention to certificate below. CARVELL BROS., Agents. CERTIFICATE. Having used largely during the past year, Manilla, the manufacture of the "Canada Cordage Co.," ordered through Carvell Bros., and having submitted it to the severest tests, we highly recommend its use to all ship-owners. JAMES DUNCAN & CO. FRANK BROS. & CO. WINDMILLERS. ARTEMUS LORR. LONGWORTH & CO. FERRE GILLAN & CO. WELLS & OWEN. CH'WOWN, Mar. 9, 1874.—4W

LAST ARRIVAL FOR THE SEASON AT THE LONDON HOUSE!

Per Royal Mail steamers via Picton, in addition to wintors' Stock, 12 Cases and Bales Lustrs, Prints, Ostrich Plumes and Feathers, Scarlet Nap Cloth, &c., &c. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WINTER SHAWLS! In Ottoman Squares—Arglo-Colonial, Beaver, Pallium, &c., &c., &c. NEW FRUIT FOR CHRISTMAS! RAISINS, CURRANTS, SPICES, SOAP, REFINED, COFFEE, GRANULATED & BROWN SUGAR, &c., &c., &c. CAEAP FOR CASH. GEORGE DAVIES & CO. December 21, 1873.



Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Eucalyptus that ever sustained the sinking system. No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other poisons, and vital organs wasted beyond repair. Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers through the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Red, James, and other rivers, and their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are curable by the use of these Bitters. The arrangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essential. No medicine is so cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored bile, and cleanse the system, and the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs. Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, and Intermittent Fevers, with faintness of the Chest, Dropsical Swellings, Eruptions of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, and all the various affections of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement. Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Gout, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Ulcers, Rheumatism, and all the various Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, &c. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, Walker's Vinegar Bitters have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases. For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, and all the various Affections of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood. For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Itch, Venereal Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, and all the various Affections of the Skin of whatever nature or origin, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine so vermifuge as these Bitters will free the system from worms like these Bitters. For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that they will free the system from all impurities, and the health of the system will follow. Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you feel a burning, itching, and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, 100, N. E. Street, Halifax, N. S. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, 100, N. E. Street, Halifax, N. S. August 25, 1873.

FARM FOR SALE!

ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, SITUATE AT CROSS ROAD, LOT 48. For sale by private contract. Apply to WILLIAM DOCKENDORFF, March 9, 1874.—31 pd

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

The Directors in meeting the Stockholders at the Third Annual Meeting of the Bank, held at Charlottetown, on the 12th of March, 1874, are pleased to state that the business of the Bank during the past year has been successful, and that the profits have been increased to \$26,248.14, which when it is borne in mind, that the greater part of the year only two-thirds of the Capital Stock was paid up, and that the balance of \$50,370.47 of bad debts, made by the directors, and failures of 1872, have been written off. There is still a balance of Net Profit on hand, amounting to \$15,586.16, which the Directors consider should be reserved for the present, thus increasing the stability of the Bank. The financial condition of the Bank will be fully seen by examination of the annexed balance sheet:—

Table with 2 columns: LIABILITIES AND ASSETS, 5TH MARCH, 1874. Includes items like Capital paid up, Deposits, Dividends unpaid, and Net profits on hand.

THE CENTRAL SYSTEM.

The Report of the Executive Committee of the Dominion Board of Trade contains the following in reference to the 'Central System.'—With reference to a notice in the official programme respecting the introducing of the central system, your Council request attention to an Act of the Dominion Parliament, passed in 1871, which provides that any person who shall introduce into this Province any article, the weight of which is specified by the central and part of a central. It is enacted that 'A weight of one hundred pounds avoirdupois shall also be, and may be called and described as a 'Central.' 2nd. On and after the first day of January, 1874, the provisions of the present law as to the weight of any of the above-mentioned articles, which are specified by the central and part of a central. It will follow, therefore, that parties who make contracts with reference to the weight of any of the above-mentioned articles, will only be legally bound by the weight of the central, which will be the weight of the central and part of a central. It is believed by some who have examined the provisions of the above-mentioned law, that there is incongruity between them and some of the clauses of the General Inspection Act, which would doubtless be specified when this question comes before the Board. In the meantime, your Council are informed that inquiries have been made at the Inland Revenue Department as to whether there is any penalty for making contracts on the weight of any of the above-mentioned articles, and the following is understood to be the substance of the reply:—That although no special penalty is provided for making contracts for delivering articles by the bushel, still such contracts would be illegal, and could not be enforced; and that the weight of the central, which is even if specially mentioned in the agreement, would not mean 60 lbs, as heretofore, but only a bushel of capacity.' A Shropshire ram was wanted for the season in England for \$1,000, gold.

PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing prices for various goods: Beef (small pieces) per lb, Eggs, Butter, Flour, etc.

MEAT.

Table listing prices for meat: Beef, Pork, Mutton, Lamb, etc.

POULTRY.

Table listing prices for poultry: Chickens, Ducks, Geese, Turkeys, etc.

BREADSTUFFS.

Table listing prices for breadstuffs: Buckwheat Flour, Flour, etc.

BOARDS.

Table listing prices for boards: Hemlock, Pine, Spruce, etc.

FISH.

Table listing prices for fish: Codfish, Herring, Mackerel, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Table listing prices for miscellaneous goods: Apples per bushel, Butter per lb, etc.

FOR SALE.

80 bags SALT, 100 lbs HERRING, 15 bars YELLOW METAL 11-16, etc.

TIN.

360 BOXES I. C. TIN on sale at invoice cost. CARVELL BROS., CH'WOWN, Feb. 16, 1874.

Legislative Library.

The Subscriber requests the return of all Books belonging to the Legislative Library, previous to the opening of the Parliamentary Session. L. C. JENKINS, Librarian, Charlottetown, Feb. 23, 1874.

LIVERPOOL TO CHARLOTTEVILLE.

DIRECT.—The Brig. IDALIA, Graham, Master, will sail from Brunswick Dock Liverpool, on or about 28th March, for this port. For Freight or Passage apply to David Cameron, Sons & Co., or to D. GORDON, Georgetown, Jan. 19, 1874.—31

Sole Leather.

500 sides of the best quality, and at the very lowest figure. CARVELL BROS., Aug. 11, 1873.

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