

# The Daily Examiner.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EPIGRAMS.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, MAY 28, 1883.

VOL. 13.—NO. 6.

FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

NEW SERIES.

**THE DAILY EXAMINER**  
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER  
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.  
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Three Months, 1 25  
One Month, 0 50  
Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
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ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR MAY, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
Moon 6th day, 5h. 45m. p. m.  
Quarter, 13th day, 6h. 41m. p. m.  
Full Moon, 21st day, 11h. 59m. p. m.  
Quarter, 29th day, 10h. 10m. a. m.

Day of Week	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	Sun	High	Days
	rises	sets	rises	sets	rises	sets	rises	sets	water	len h.
Tuesday	4 51	7 3	1 39	5 43						
Wednesday	49	5	2 6	7 1						
Thursday	48	6	2 41	8 7						
Friday	46	7	3 12	8 59						
Saturday	45	8	3 46	9 45	14 28					
Sunday	43	10	4 25	10 25						
Monday	42	11	5 9	11 17						
Tuesday	41	12	5 59	morn						
Wednesday	39	13	6 57	0 1						
Thursday	38	15	7 59	0 44						
Friday	37	16	9 3	1 30						
Saturday	35	17	10 8	2 17	14 44					
Sunday	34	18	11 21	3 7						
Monday	33	19	12 13	4 7						
Tuesday	32	21	1 14	5 16						
Wednesday	31	22	2 14	6 31						
Thursday	30	23	3 13	7 21						
Friday	28	24	4 13	8 12						
Saturday	27	25	5 12	8 53	14 59					
Sunday	26	26	6 12	9 32						
Monday	25	27	7 11	10 9						
Tuesday	24	28	8 16	10 46						
Wednesday	24	30	8 59	11 22						
Thursday	23	31	9 49	11 59						
Friday	22	32	10 30	12 41	15 12					
Saturday	21	33	11 8	1 17						
Sunday	20	34	11 41	2 1						
Monday	19	35	morn	2 51						
Tuesday	18	36	0 32	3 52						
Wednesday	18	37	0 42	5 7						
Thursday	17	38	1 12	6 28						

**MOEN & COYLE,**  
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.

Whitening, Tinting, Paper Hanging, Grain-  
ing, Gilding, etc.  
All orders promptly attended to.  
107 WEST END DORCHESTER STREET.  
Ch'town, April 19—1m pd

**McLEOD & MORSON**  
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,  
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.

OFFICES:  
Inform Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post  
Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island,  
Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building, Sum-  
merside, P. E. Island.  
MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at  
moderate interest.  
Jm McLeod. W. A. O. Morson.  
Nov. 24, '82.—pres her

**JOHN MAGEACHERN,**  
(Late of Italian Warehouse)  
AGENT FOR

Royal Fire Insurance Company, of  
England,  
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance  
Company, of England,  
City of London Fire Insurance Co.,  
of England,  
HAS REMOVED  
His Office to his New Building,  
Cor. Queen and King Sts.—Up Stairs.  
Ch'town, Dec. 7, '82.

**INSURANCE OFFICE.**

Queen Insurance Company,  
OF ENGLAND.

Lancashire Insurance Company  
CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
Insurance effected on all kinds of property  
at current rates. Losses settled promptly  
and equitably.  
DESBIRISAY & ANGUS,  
General Agents.  
Office—South Side Queen Square.  
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

**Bank of Nova Scotia.**  
ESTABLISHED 1832.

Paid up Capital . . . \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000  
An Agency of this Bank will be opened on  
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building  
lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward  
Island, under the management of the under-  
signed.  
Deposits will be received on interest, and  
on current account.  
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and  
correspondents of the Bank.  
Selling and other Exchange bought and  
sold, and general banking business transacted.  
D. C. CHALMERS,  
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—1f Agent.

**ARCHIBALD McNEIL & FORBES**

SHIPPING AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
44 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.  
Cash advanced on consignments of Island  
produce. Agency for canned goods solicited  
for New York. Apply to  
C. H. McNEILL,  
AGENT.  
Ch'town, April 28, 1883.

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
GENERAL

Commission Merchants,  
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,  
(ROSS MARKET)  
BOSTON, MASS.  
Eggs and Produce a Specialty.  
April 26, 1883.—wky 1f

**SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.  
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown.  
Money to Loan.  
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL.  
Jan. 16, '83.

**BOSTON STEAMERS.**

EVERY  
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AT 5 P. M.  
PASSENGERS will find this the Cheapest  
and most pleasant trip to Boston. Accommo-  
dations on both steamers are splendid.  
**CARVELL BROS.,**  
AGENTS.  
Ch'town, May 17, 1883.—pat her sj

**P. E. ISLAND**  
Steam Navigation Co'y.

STEAMERS ST. LAWRENCE AND  
PRINCESS OF WALES.  
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,  
Commencing Wednesday, 16th May, 1883.

NOVA SCOTIA.  
Leave Charlottetown for Pictou Landing  
every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and  
Saturday mornings, at 7 o'clock, connecting  
there with the Train for Halifax. Returning  
to Charlottetown on Monday, Wednesday Friday  
and Saturday, about 2 p. m., on arrival of  
Train from Halifax.  
Leave Pictou Landing for Georgetown on  
Thursday, on arrival of train at 2 p. m.  
Leave Georgetown for Pictou Landing  
every Friday morning, at 5 a. m.

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA AND THE  
UNITED STATES.  
Leave Summerside every day (Sunday  
excepted) on arrival of Train from Char-  
lottetown, connecting at Shediac with  
Trains for each of the above named places;  
and at St. John, with steamers of the Inter-  
national Company and Railway for Portland  
and Boston. Also leave Charlottetown for Sum-  
merside every Monday morning at 1 o'clock.  
Returning, leave Shediac every day (Sundays  
excepted) on arrival of day train from St.  
John, for Summerside, connecting there with  
Train for Charlottetown. Also leave Sum-  
merside for Charlottetown every Saturday  
evening, about 5 o'clock.  
By order,  
F. W. HALES,  
Charlottetown, May 15, 1883. Secretary.

For Sale or to Let.  
A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, with Stable  
and one acre of Land, situate near the  
Mount Edward Road, at present occupied by  
Mrs. Harley. Apply to  
WILLIAM DODD.  
Ch'town, March 29.

**PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS**  
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD.

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any per-  
son who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, and be restored to sound  
health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no  
equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold every where, or sent by mail for  
eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON, 100, BOSTON, MASS.

**DIPHTHERIA**  
CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.  
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT  
Neuralgia, Indigestion, Sea Sickness, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Whooping Cough,  
Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera, Malaria, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the  
Spine and Lame Back. Sold every where. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY  
FRUIT, FRUIT  
WHOLESALE.  
NOW ON HAND:  
ORANGES,  
LEMONS,  
DATES,  
FIGS,  
APPLES.  
Orders by mail promptly attended to.  
Ch'town, April 24, 1883.—2aw wly

**BEER & GOFF.**  
SEEDS, SEEDS,  
—AT—  
BEER & GOFF'S.

Fresh Garden Seeds, Fresh Flower Seeds, Timothy and Clover Seed,  
Turnip Seed—Carter's Imperial, Champion, Laing's Purple Top, Sharp's West,  
Norfolk, and other choice varieties.  
Ch'town, April 24, 1883.—2aw wly

**EGGS. EGGS.**  
Farmers, Peddlers and Storekeepers will find it to their advantage to bring  
us their eggs. Liberal prices paid. Cash for goods.  
Ch'town, April 24, 1883.—2aw wly

**BEER & GOFF.**  
THE PUBLIC HAVE BEEN DECEIVED LONG ENOUGH.  
DOWN, DOWN WITH SHODDY BOOTS.  
SOLID LEATHER! SOLID LEATHER!  
BOOTS, BOOTS, BOOTS,  
FOR OLD AND YOUNG, MADE AT THE  
Charlottetown Boot and Shoe Factory.  
Our Boots and Shoes are taking the lead. Customers say they cannot get Boots like  
them. They give great satisfaction.  
DORSEY, GOFF & CO.  
Ch'town, March 22, 1883.—2aw wly

**CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST**  
**LIFE INSURANCE**  
IN THE WORLD.  
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association  
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.  
\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working  
under Government License.  
An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance  
at its actual cost.  
Good Canvassers Wanted.  
LEONARD MORRIS,  
General Agent for P. E. Island.  
Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—1y

**FURNITURE, FURNITURE,**  
AT COST.  
Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.  
BEDSTEADS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room  
Bedroom Suits, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and  
Picture Mountings.  
JOHN NEWSON.  
Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—1y

To Prince Edward Island and  
Return.

(From the Chignecto Post, May 10.)

During the past few weeks we have visit-  
ed portions of the five Provinces of the  
Dominion. To some of these we went for  
pleasure and found what we sought; to  
Prince Edward Island we went in response  
to the call of duty. Our aged and honored  
sire was called to his reward and we reached  
home just soon enough to attend the funeral.  
For fifteen years a soldier in the British  
Army he served his country well and faith-  
fully and for over thirty years a soldier in  
Immanuel's Arms his record is one of ear-  
nest and active labor as a Local Preacher  
and Sabbath School teacher. He died as  
he had lived—well.

As the steamer did not come over on the  
23rd ult., and anxious to get to the Island  
as quickly as possible, we crossed in a  
schooner in company with thirteen others  
who were returning to the Island. Some  
of these were from the lumber camps on  
the Metapedia and State of Maine, and  
some from far-off Manitoba, but all seemed  
glad to get home again. Indeed, several  
expressed their firm resolve to settle down  
and give up rambling as it did not pay.  
And judging from the statements of one  
very clever young fellow, Winnipeg and the  
West generally have some serious drawbacks  
which largely counterbalance their much  
talked of advantages.

Immense quantities of produce and large  
numbers of horses and cattle are being ship-  
ped from the Island, and the trade in this  
is nothing to what it will be. Such land,  
so easily cultivated, is hard to find, and  
yield can be immensely increased. No one  
need go abroad for good farming lands, and  
"the powers that be" certainly have a duty  
to discharge in directing the attention of  
intending settlers to the facilities afforded  
in the Maritime Provinces.

The N. P. is not so popular on the Island  
as here, for the people depend on farming  
rather than manufacturing. Still, to say it  
is unpopular and ruinous is all nonsense,  
and none know that better than those who  
talk so much about it. Factories will be  
started, indeed have been started, and we  
heard of companies to be formed at once  
for the carrying on of the manufacture of  
cheese and starch. Others will follow and  
the day is not far distant when the popula-  
tion of "the Garden of America" will be  
double what it is now.

The Cape Railway is a burning question  
just now, not indeed whether Amherst or  
Sackville is to be the Junction with the  
Intercolonial, but whether County Line or  
North Wiltshire will be the point to tap  
the P. E. Island Railway. As the latter  
is much nearer Charlottetown and passes  
through a more thickly settled region, it is  
thought it will be the one chosen. W.

**Fodder Corn.**  
GOVT. STOCK FARM,  
Ch'town, May 11, '83.

J. A. Gourlie, Esq.:  
DEAR SIR.—Concerning Fodder Corn I may  
say that if the ground is fit the 1st of June  
would be the right time to sow. In putting  
it in we use the gang plough, but I would  
advise to sow in every second furrow. A man  
following the plough should sow in the fur-  
row an amount equal to half the thickness of  
garden peas which would be equal to two half  
bushels per acre.  
The horse hoe should be run through the  
same as for potatoes and a slight mounding.  
Everything we have on the farm seems to  
be very fond of it and I think the farmer who  
sows one bushel this year will sow double as  
much next year. Frost will not trouble it.  
I am your obedient servant,  
FRANCIS BELL.

**Our Cotton Mills.**  
The St. John Sun says that the fears  
expressed in some quarters that cotton  
manufacturing in Canada bids fair to be  
overdone, are scouted by those who have  
taken the trouble to inform themselves  
with respect to the possible production and  
the extent of the market; and a writer in  
the Toronto Globe treating of this subject  
gives some interesting figures, from which  
we take the following:—At the close of  
1878, about 150,000 spindles were in opera-  
tion in Canada; while up to July, 1882,  
the total number in operation, building and  
projected, was about 490,000. The total  
number in Great Britain is about 55,000,  
000, and the total in the United States in  
the vicinity of 17,000,000, or one spindle in  
every three of her population, while Canada  
with 400,000 spindles, and 4,600,000 inhabi-  
tants, has but one spindle to twelve of her  
population. The United States exports  
some staple lines of cotton, but imports of  
manufactured cotton about three times  
more than she exports. If the United  
States requires 16,000,000 spindles to partly  
supply the home consumption, Canada  
must require an equal proportion, or say  
1,600,000 spindles, not allowing for the  
annual increase of population. The import-  
ation of manufactured cotton goods for  
1878 was \$7,500,000, for 1881, \$10,500,000,  
and for 1882 a trifle under \$12,000,000, in  
addition to the large output of our mills  
which may be put down at 250 per cent.  
increase. This clearly proves that there is  
not and cannot be competition for some  
years to come between our mills, until our  
mills increase and the production is equal to  
the demand.

ADVICES from Barbadoes state that the  
price of molasses has declined from 26c, the  
highest point touched since the opening of  
the season, to 21c, at which figure the market  
is firm. In Montreal, sales have been made  
of about 200 puncheons of Barbadoes at 47½c,  
and a lot of 299 puncheons was disposed of by  
one of the banks at about 45c per imperial  
gallon. Stocks are now said to be well con-  
centrated, being mostly in the hands of one  
firm, and higher prices will probably be the  
order of the day. A considerable portion of  
the 299 barrels lot was purchased for ship-  
ment. The Gazette quotes the market quiet  
but steady at 47½c for Barbadoes.

CURRENT NOTES.

Two inches of snow fell in Ohio on the  
21st inst.

France has the largest national debt of  
any Government in Europe.  
Dictator Vientimill has plundered the  
Bank of Ecuador, a private concern, of  
\$430,000.

Texas has endowed her University with  
a million of acres of land. Yet they say  
that ignorance is the foundation of Southern  
society.

The last surviving grandchild of the man  
who penned the Declaration of American  
Independence is living in utter poverty in  
Virginia.

Massachusetts is the only civilized com-  
munity in the world where they tan the  
skins of dead men and women and convert  
them into shoes and slippers.

Advices have been received from Mozam-  
bique that Portugal has declared war  
against Makalolo and other chiefs on the  
Schiree river. A Portuguese gunboat and  
troops have been despatched from Mozam-  
bique to the scene of hostilities.

It is semi-officially stated that the object  
of the French expedition to Madagascar is  
to obtain the payment of sums due the  
French Government from Madagascar by  
holding the custom houses there as security  
for that amount. If the Havas continue to  
resist, France will impose a treaty placing  
French subjects in Madagascar on the same  
footing with English subjects.

The hearing in the case of the men  
charged with having been connected with  
the dynamite conspiracy was resumed at  
Liverpool on the 22nd. The proceedings  
consisted of offering of evidence showing  
the connexion of the prisoners with the ex-  
ploration in the gas works at Glasgow. The  
counsel for Deasy and Finanag protested  
that this did not concern their clients. A  
policeman testified that he followed O'Con-  
nor in London, March 24th; saw him exam-  
ine the Houses of Parliament and West-  
minster Abbey. The hearing was adjourned.

Lord Dufferin has arrived in England.  
Prior to leaving Cairo he made a speech,  
which, underneath a light and sportive  
tone, is of deep consequence. Addressing  
the Europeans who now hold official posts in  
Egypt, he bade them recollect that they are,  
after all, subordinates, and then pro-  
ceeded: "You ought to remember to take a  
hint from your wives, who, in spite of an  
assumed submissiveness of demeanor, lead  
you along in the way in which you ought to  
go." The meaning is obvious. European  
officials are to obtain their influence over  
their Egyptian superiors as will render  
them mere puppets in their hands. In  
other words, England is to be the real ruler  
of the country, not only in the Khedival  
Council Chamber, but by gaining control  
over the entire administrative machinery.  
And this, after all, is perhaps the best and  
most politic manner of governing the land  
of the Pharaohs.

Mr. J. J. Jones, of London, England,  
a gentleman who was instrumental in  
bringing a large number of emigrants to  
Canada last year, arrived in Ottawa the  
18th inst., and had interviews with the  
Minister of Agriculture and Mr. Low, of  
the Immigration Department. In the  
various cities and towns in Canada he will  
visit he intends obtaining from immigrants  
who have been settled there some impres-  
sions of the country, which will be pub-  
lished in England as an inducement to  
emigrants. He reports that the prospects  
for Canadian immigration this year are  
very good indeed, and proposes bringing  
out two thousand persons himself. As  
showing the demand at present existing for  
labour, Mr. Jones received nearly one  
hundred letters while in Montreal from  
persons requiring mechanics, farm laborers,  
and domestic servants.

A Chinese gentleman bearing the name  
of Ton Kin Sing, who owns a farm of 100,  
000 acres at Tin Sin, is making a bold ven-  
ture. He has imported from England a  
consignment of high bred cattle with which  
to regenerate the native bovine race. This  
venture is a hazardous one, for supposing  
the cows escape the perils of the sea  
voyage, and the tramp of eight hundred  
miles up the country from Shanghai to Tin  
Sin, it will need all the prestige of the  
name of a popular Chinaman to preserve  
the newcomers from that jealousy which  
the Celestials usually exhibit for all ex-  
traneous products, whether in the shape  
of man or beast. It is not so very long  
since the foreigners who opened coal mines  
in China were imperatively ordered to desist  
for fear that the devil should escape from  
the open shafts. And some of the natives  
will undoubtedly regard the imported cattle  
as dangerous as the horse which brought  
about the fall of Troy.

The 24th was a gala day in Brooklyn.  
Throughout the city there appeared a gen-  
eral surrender of business to sight-seeing  
and celebration one way or another. The  
main business avenues, heights and many  
streets were decked most gaily with flags  
and bunting, and flowers for the bridal  
with the city over the river. Public buildings,  
private houses, street cars, wagons and  
trucks flying colors of all nations in honor  
of the opening of the big bridge. The city  
was filled with sight-seers and the decora-  
tions were most profuse and elegant. In  
the harbor flags flew from all shipping. Four  
war vessels lay in a row off Governor's Is-  
land flying the national colors. The navy  
yard and all ships along New York and  
Brooklyn front were decked with bunting.  
The exercises at the opening of the bridge  
were held on the Brooklyn side, and begun  
with music by the 22nd regiment band and  
prayer by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Littlejohn.  
The presentation of an address on the part  
of the trustees was then made by Wm. C.  
Kingsley, vice president. Responses were  
made by Mayors Low, of Brooklyn, and  
Edson, of New York; orations by Hon.  
Abram S. Hewett and Rev. Richard S.  
Storrs, D. D., followed.