appeared to blow everything into the air. Two embrasures of the battery were completely destroyed, and since then not a gun has been fired, except one at the extremity of the hill, farthest from where the explosion took place. Since this our batteries have fired heavily upon the place, injuring the parapets still further.

ANOTHER SHIP ON FIRE.

MARCH 27.—Nothing of importance occurred in the trenches last night, but the whole of Bala Clava was alarmed, about eleven o'clock, by the rapid ringing of the ships' firebells. It turned out to be a fire on board the transport No. 113, a vessel *lying alongside* one of our powder-ships. Fortunately the promptitude with which the alarm was given brought such assistance as put out the fire with little difficulty, though great alarm and confusion for the time prevailed in the harbour, and many vessels slipped their cables, though not one of them could have got out. The fire, it appears, must have been the act of an incendiary, and two Greek sailors belonging to the vessel, and who had only just returned to their duty, after an absence on shore of two or three days, have been arrested on suspicion, and were examined on board the Leander. The particulars have not transpired.

THE VISIT OF THE EMPEROR OF THE FRENCH.

The Emperor and Empress of the French are expected to visit the Queen on Monday. They will chiefly remain at Windsor, attended by a very distinguished court; but will also visit London, a large portion of Buckingham Palace having been newly furnished and superbly decorated for their reception. It is not improbable, that the Emperor and Empress will receive an invitation to a banquet at the Guildhall. At a special court of aldermen and common council of the city of London, held on Monday, the Lord Mayor stated, that he had had an interview with the Earl of Clarendon, and had also received an official notification, that the Emperor and Empress of the French would arrive at the London-bridge station of the South-eastern Railway, at one o'clock on Monday, the 16th instant, and that his Majesty had expressed his desire to proceed at once to the Guildhall to receive the address of the Lord Mayor and the citizens of London on their arrival, and had also expressed his and his august Empress's desire to be present at the *déjeuner* to be given on the occasion. A committee was appointed to carry out the reception in the most sumptuous manner possible. A procession of the entire court is to be formed to receive their Majesties, and her Majesty and Prince Albert are to be solicited to be present on the occasion. We understand that the Emperor Napoleon has intimated to the Lord Mayor, through official channels, his desire to visit for the Empress to pay a personal visit to the city. Their Imperial Majesties also propose going to the Crystal Palace on Thursday, the 19th. The public will be excluded from the building itself while they are making their inspection, but in their progress they will present themselves on the balcony to the people assembled in the gardens. Season ticket-holders will be admitted to the interior during luncheon in the Queen's apartments, and her Majesty and her august visitors will then pass down the entire length of the place to the place of exit behind the Pompeiian Court. By these arrangements the inhabitants of the metropolis and the public at large will have ample opportunities afforded them for evincing the warm satisfaction with which they hail the presence of the Emperor and Empress of the French upon English soil.

AMMUNITION FOR THE TURKISH CONTINGENT.—During the past few days a vast quantity of stores and ammunition for the Turkish contingent in the Crimea, including no less than 3000 tons of the newly-invented shells, have been deposited for shipment on the premises at Old Shot Tower Wharf, Lambeth. The shells are being conveyed thence in barges to Woolwich, where they are charged with the combustible material, prior to transmission to the Crimea.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE April 2.

The journals announce that the Emperor of the French is expected, and that Abd-el-Kader will come and congratulate his benefactor.

The abolition of the personal tax on Christians, upon their admission to the rank of colonel is about to be abolished.

The Duke de Brabant is expected at Beyrout; he will visit Constantinople where a brilliant reception awaits him.

AUSTRIA.

[*By Submarine Telegraph*]

VIENNA.—An imperial decree will be issued to-morrow, granting a complete amnesty to 586 political offenders, and a partial amnesty to 311 more.

THE CRIMEA.

VIENNA, Thursday, April 12.—According to a telegraph despatch from the Crimea, dated April 1, the allied armies were quite ready to open their fire on Sebastopol. The Generals probably only awaited the arrival of despatches from home before beginning the bombardment, which might be expected to take place during the ensuing week. The Generals wished to spare the town and public buildings.

The Russians still shelled the allied camp and batteries, but the guns of the allies were nearly silent.

The fire of musketry on both sides was active every night.

The weather was fine and dry.

Two fires had occured at Balaclava, a circumstance which excited suspicions of treachery.

The Russians were concentrating themselves towards Baidar.

The garrison of Sebastopol was on short rations, as the authorities preferred storing up their supplies in magazines to issuing full rations.

Advices from Balaklava and Kamiesch of the 6th, viâ, Bucharest, state that nothing import nt had taken place before Sebastopol to that date. Alertes and skirmishes were frequent. Both sides were pushing on their works with great vigour. The general fire had not commenced.

MARSEILLES, April 12.—The Hydaspes, which left Constantinople on the second of April, has arrived. 800 Egyptians left Constantinople on the 2nd for Eupatoria.

BALACLAVA, March 31.—The Russians have constructed two new batteries, and have converted the ambuscades into an advanced parallell. The allies have also constructed two new batteries. The firing has been slack; It was said positively that the bombardment would commence on the 3rd of April. The weather was not so fine; it was very cold. Of seven Russian admirals at Sebastopol at the commencement of the siege two only now remain.

According to another despatch from Marseilles, a third stockade had been formed in the harbour of Sebastopol, by sinking vessels in front of the careenage.

VIENNA, Friday Morning, April 13.—Nothing new has taken place at Sebastopol up to the 4th inst., inclusive.

THE BALTIC FLEET, DEAL.—Friday Morning.—Her Majesty's steamer Driver, with the Pelter and Ruby gun-boats in tow, has sailed for the Baltic.

LEVY OF 100,000 MEN IN FRANCE.—The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* (Second Edition) says:—"It is rumoured that we are to have another levy of 100,000 men in France, and that from 60,000 to 80,000 troops will be placed at the disposal of Austria, should war be the issue of the Conferences of Vienna."

RUSSIAN POWER IN THE BLACK SEA.—Letters from St. Petersburg, received in Paris, speak in very positive terms of the determination of the Emperor of Russia to consent to no limitation of his force in the Black Sea, on the ground that the allies have gained no advantages which would justify them in making any such demand.

SUFFERINGS OF THE RUSSIANS.—It appears that the Russian officers, at least such of them as have an opportunity of communicating with the French officers during an armistice, have expressed their weariness and disgust at the war, and the delight they should feel at its conclusion. They speak of the intense sufferings they have been obliged to endure, and which are greater even than those of the French or English.

Mr. John Ball, M.P. for Carlow county, is appointed Under-Secretary for the Colonies. No new election is rendered necessary by this appointment.

PARISIAN CONJECTURES.—The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* writes as follows:—"I am informed, in a quarter in which I have every confidence, that the French Emperor has no thought of throwing up the game. The idea of assaulting Sebastopol is, I believe, renounced for the present as impracticable. But a large army, formed of English, French, Turks, and Sardinians, will shortly be assembled at Eupatoria, with the Emperor at their head, a campaign in the Crimea will be undertaken. The Russians who, well as they fight, are much more formidable behind fortifications, than in the open field, will be encountered wherever they can be found; and the course of the summer Sebastopol will, it is to be hoped be completely invested by the Allies. An immense army will be necessary to accomplish this point, but the French Government is determined, that men shall not be wanting."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—THREE MEN SMOTHERED.—We regret to learn, that a serious and fatal accident occurred on Thursday 5th inst., in the Township of Seymour West, at Mr. Wm. Baker's Flouring Mill, by which three men were killed and others injured. The accident occasioned by the building parting, which let the joists out of their sockets, when the weight of the wheat laying upon the floor (some 2000 or 3000 bushels) instantly fell upon those below, and into the road. Unfortunately, there were from 6 or 8 men standing immediately under the wheat, and before they could escape, four were buried beneath it, three of whom were smothered to death. The fourth who was covered with the exception of his fingers was rescued, but not until he was senseless. Three or four others were partially buried, some as deep as their waists, and had to be dug out. The names of those killed were: Robert Ramsay, Miller, a single man; Jno. Landrigan, a single man, from Ashpodel; and Jeremiah Curtain, married, from Ashpodel, who leaves a wife and four children to mourn his death.—*Lelleville Intelligencer.*

ADOPTION OF LORD DUNDONALD'S PLAN FOR DESTROYING CRONSTADT.—It is now exactly twelve months since we were enabled to inform our readers, that the Earl Dundonald had submitted to the Admiralty a plan for the certain and speedy destruction of Cronstadt. That plan was rejected, if not received with ridicule, by Sir James Graham. Having lately got a new First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord Dundonald determined on submitting the plan to him, and we are happy to be able to inform our readers, that it has been approved of, and is to be adopted by government. When we last year adverted to Lord Dundonald's project for destroying Cronstadt, we stated, on the best authority, that it would probably take three weeks for completing the destruction of that formidable fortress. Now, however, his lordship is of opinion, it can be done in less than half that time. We are enabled to add, that the alleged destructive appliances of Lord Dundonald will be put to the test towards the end of June or early in July, that being the period of the year in which there is the greatest probability of fine weather —a condition which his lordship admits to be essential to success.—*Morning Advertiser.*

HASZARD'S GAZETTE

Saturday, April 28th, 1855.

THE MAILS.—A British Mail arrived late on Thursday night, with news up to the 13th inst. up to the latest advices nothing important had occurred at the Crimea. The particulars of several sorties and other general news, will be found in full in our columns.

The Schr. *Martha Ann*, brought the British Mails. She sailed again this morning for Pictou with the Colonial Mails, and will leave Pictou on Monday.

A Colonial and American Mail was also received on Friday Morning, via Cape Traaverse.

We would call the attention of our readers to Mr. Ross's Advertisement in a different part of the paper, announcing the commencement of another class for Sacred Music. We were highly gratified at witnessing the improvement made by his pupils during the time they have been under his tuition, as well as the growing taste for music manifested by the number, rank and respectability of the audience that attended the close of the last quarter.

Summary of Government Advertisements

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

The Honbles. James Warburton, William Warren Lord and Robert Mooney to be additional Trustees of the Lunatic Asylum, in the terms of an Act initiatled "An Act in addition to an Act now in force relating to the Asylum for insane persons, and other objects of charity."

Mr. John Nicholson, junior, of Newtown, Mr. Alexander Dixon, of Pinette, and Mr. Donald M'Leod, of Orwell Head, to be Justices of the Peace for Queen's County.

The Hon. Louis C. Jenkins, D. C. L., to be Librarian to the Legislative Library, in terms of an Act intituled "An Act relating to the Legislative Library."

Mr. Angus Murchison to be Harbor and Ballast Master at Pinette, in the place of Mr. Angus M'Rae; and

Mr. John Lee to be Harbor Master at Crapaud,—in terms of the Act 15 Vic., cap. 33. Also, to be Surveyor of Timber and Lumber, in the several Acts relating thereto, in place of Mr. William Wright, resigned.

Mr. Patrick Moon, George Munro and Peter Macpherson of Charlottetown, and John Cairns, of Bedeque, and Lauchlan M'Phee, of Township No. 44, to be Landwaiters and preventive Officers, in terms of the Act 14, Vic., cap. 8.

Mr. Michael Kilbride, of Township No. 11, to be Surveyor of Timber and Lumber, in terms of the Act 12 Vic., cap. 19.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to accept the resignation of James Campbell, Esquire, as Commissioner for the recovery of Small Debts at Saint Eleanor's.

The appointment of Mr Neil M'Kinnon, of Lot 7, to the Commission of the Peace in Prince County, has been cancelled, by order of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

Andrew M'Intosh, Esquire, to be a Commissioner for the recovery of Small Debts at Souris, in place of Alexander Leslie, Esquire, resigned.

Alexander M'Donald, junior, Red Point, to be Commissioner for the recovery of Small Debts at East Point, in the place of Andrew M'Intosh, Esq., changed to the Court at Souris.

Mr William M'Neill to be Harbor Master for Rustico, in the place of Mr David Muich, resigned.

Mr Alexander M'Donald, of Grand River, Township No. 56, to be Landwaiter and preventive Officer in terms of the Act.

Hon. James Craswell to be a Commissioner for the recovery of Small Debts at St. Eleanor's, in the place of James Campbell, Esq., resigned.

ESTABLISHED CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

At the Annual Meeting of the Pew-holders and Congregation of Saint James' Church, held on Monday the 9th inst., the following gentlemen were unanimously elected Trustees and Office-bearers for the ensuing year:

Board of Trustees: H. D. Morpeth, James Anderson, James Watts, jun., E. L. Lydiard, John W. Morrison, Doctor Potts, Doctor Stratton, R. N.; H. D. Morpeth, Chairman; James Anderson, Treasurer; John W. Morrison, Secretary.

April 12, 1855.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE.

PRICES CURRENT.

ST. JOHN, N. B. APRIL 20TH, 1855.—Oats 3s. 9d. to 4s. per bushel; Barley 5s. to 5s. 6d. per bushel; Oatmeal 23s. 9d. to 25s. per cwt.; Potatoes 6s. 3d. to 7s. per bushel; Pork, Mess 85s. to 87s. 6d.; Prime 65s. to 90s.

BOSTON, APRIL 6.—Potatoes 90c. per bushel; Oats 60c. to 65c. per bushel.

NEW YORK APRIL 4.—Potatoes $2 75c. to $3 65c.; Oats 68 to 71 cents per bushel.

The Mails for the neighboring provinces will be made up on Tuesday or Wednesday next, at 9 o'clock, to be forwarded by the Steamer Bosphorus. We believe no permanent arrangement has yet been made as to the days of making up the Summer Mails.

Port of Charlottetown.

ARRIVED.

April 24th, Schr. Marchant, Arichat; bal. Reward, Grimes, do. do.

25th Leonard, M'Kenzie, Dennings, Cape Ann; bal. Loyal, M'Donald, Antigonish; bal. Providence, Boutin, Pictou. Curlew, River John, bal.

26th, Brigt. Jemima, Green, Georgetown, bal. Martha Ann, Campbell, Pictou; mails.

SAILED.

April 24th, Lady Jane Gray, Wooden, St, John's Newfoundland, produce.

26th H. Ingram, Sheduc passengers, &c. Martha Ann, Campbell Pictou; mails, &c. Julia, Ryan, Boston; oats.

26th, Trial, Walsh, Pictou. Loyal M'Donald, St. Peter's, to load.

27th Martha Ann, Pictou; mails, &c,

LIVERPOOL, April 13.—Sailed—Sir Alexander. Isabella. Loading—Anne Reddin, for P. E. I.

Married,

On the 29th ult., at St. Catharine's, by the Rev J. North, William Brown, Esq., Merchant, Charlottetown, to Isabella, daughter of W. A. Smith, Esq., of Falkner-square.

Died,

At Brown's Creek, on Thursday, the 12th of April, Mary McLean, eldest daughter of Mr. Donald McLean, aged 14 years.

A VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINE.

☞ So celebrated has Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge become, that it is regarded as the only specific cure for worms. Families should never be without a supply of it. At this season particularly, when worms are so troublesome and frequently fatal among children, parents should be watchful; and on the first appearance of those distressing symptoms which warn us of their presence, at once apply this powerful and efficacious remedy. We are confident, that it only requires a trial, to convince all that it richly merits the praises that have been lavished upon it. It is safe and infallible. Volumes of certificates can be produced, showing its great medical virtues.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, and take none else. All other Vermifuge, also his Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

W. R. WATSON, Agent for P. E. Island.

The best evidence that can be adduced in favor of the efficaciousness of Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, is the unprecedented demand for them from all parts of the Union; and although there may be many compounds prepared and represented as being worthy of a liberal patronage, yet we feel constrained to remark, that the vast number of testimonials with which the worthy doctor has been favored, by persons of the highest character and respectability, who found it necessary to have recourse to his preparation, is testimony sufficiently conclusive, that a more effectual remedy for the almost immediate relief of those afflicted with that direful malady, dyspepsia, has never been discovered. See advertisement.

Charlottetown Markets, April 25.

Beef, (small)lb.	6d a 7d	Oatmeal,	2d a 2½
Do. by quarter,	5d a 7d	Turkeys each,	4s a 6s.
Pork,	4d a 5½	Fowls,	1s a 1s 6d.
Do. (small),	4d a 7d	Ducks,	none.
Mutton,	6d a 8d	Eggs dozen,	10d a 1s.
Veal,	6½d a 7½d	Barley bush.,	3s 6d a 5s
Ham,	7d a 8d	Oats,	3s a 3s 3d
Butter (fresh),	1s 10 a 2s	Potatoes,	3s a 3s 6d
Do. by tub,	1s 8d	Turnips,	1s
Lard,	9d a 10d	Homespun yd.,	3s 6d a 5s
Tallow,	11d a 1s	Hay, ton,	70s a 80s
Wool,	1s a 1s 3d	Straw,	2s a 2s 6d
Flour,	3d a 3½d		
Pearl Barley	2d		
Clover Seed,			