

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 8.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To come into force MONDAY, DEC. 24, 1877

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 5 EXPRESS	No. 7 MIXED
GEORGETOWN	Dep. 8.59	P. M.
Cardigan	" 9.02	
Mount Stewart Junction	Ar. 10.25	
Royalty Junction	Dep. 10.35	
	11.46	
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 12.10	Dep. 2.40
	A. M.	P. M.
Royalty Junction	Dep. 9.00	" 3.05
North Wiltshire	" 9.25	" 4.02
Hunter River	" 10.22	" 4.20
Bradabane	" 10.40	" 5.00
County Line	" 11.18	" 5.10
	" 11.28	
	P. M.	A. M.
Kensington	Ar. 12.07	" 5.50
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.45	Dep. 6.20
	2.00	
Wellington	" 2.45	
Port Hill	" 3.28	
O'Leary	" 4.43	
Alberton	" 5.45	
Tignish	" 6.35	

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 2 EXPRESS	No. 4 MIXED
TIGNISH	Dep. 8.00	A. M.
ALBERTON	" 8.55	
O'Leary	" 9.52	
Port Hill	" 11.07	
Wellington	" 11.48	
	P. M.	A. M.
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.35	Dep. 8.35
	2.10	9.12
Kensington	" 2.48	" 9.50
County Line	" 3.30	" 10.10
Bradabane	" 3.40	" 10.48
Hunter River	" 4.20	" 10.50
North Wiltshire	" 4.35	" 11.56
Royalty Junction	" 5.30	
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 5.55	Dep. 12.20
	Dep. 2.05	
Royalty Junction	" 2.30	
MT. STEWART Junc.	Ar. 3.40	
	Dep. 3.50	
Cardigan	" 5.12	
GEORGETOWN.	Ar. 5.40	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 MIXED	STATIONS.	No. 6 MIXED
	A. M.		P. M.
Souris	Dep. 7.30	Mt. St. w't Jc.	Dep. 3.50
Harmony	" 7.55	Lot 40	" 4.26
St. Peter's	" 9.10	Morell	" 4.32
Morell	" 9.42	St. Peter's	" 5.05
Lot 40	" 9.48	Harmony	" 6.20
Mt St w't Jnc	Ar. 10.25	Souris	Ar. 6.45

C. J. BRYDGES, W. McKECHNIE
Gen. Superintendent Sup't. P. E. I.,
Govt. Railways. Railway.

Notice to the Public!

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, Corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.

Donations of money will be thankfully received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.

Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.
Nov. 30, 1877.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

ALL TEACHERS should send their certificate to obtain salary to the Education Office by mail, not later than the 8th of April.

This certificate is the only document required at the end of March and September, and should contain the number of the School District.

EDWARD MANNING,
Supt. of Education.
Ch'town, March 27-1w

1878.

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UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
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THE LADIES OF ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, intending holding a BAZAAR in the

MARKET HALL,

ON

Wednesday & Thursday,

The 24th & 25th April,

IN AID OF THEIR CHURCH.

Admittance 25 cents. Children half-price.

The following Committee have kindly consented to solicit and receive contributions for that purpose:—

- Mrs. Bayfield, Miss S. Longworth.
- " Ball, Mrs. Manning.
- " Bolton, " Newbery.
- " Brown, " Osborne.
- " Davies, " Palmer.
- " D. Davies, " E. Palmer.
- " Dodd, " C. Palmer.
- " Fitzgerald, " G. Peake.
- Miss Haszard, " Pope.
- Mrs. Hensley, " J. C. Pope.
- " Hobkirk, " Sneecston.
- " Ings, " Welsh.
- Mrs. H. Longworth.

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GENTLEMEN

Are invited to Call and Look at

NICE NEW CLOTHS

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Our Tailoring Department.

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Ch'town, March 23, 1878.

STADACONA

Fire and Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company have made a further call of

Four instalments, of Five per Cent. each,

on the Subscribed Capital of the Company, payable at its Office, No. 33 St. Peter Street, Quebec, as follows:—

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of August, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of November, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of February, 1878;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of May, 1878.

By order of the Board:
CRAWFORD LINDSAY,
Secretary

une 3 1877

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER Printing Rooms.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

WAR CERTAIN.

[From the Patriot.]

ST. PETERSBURG, April 5.

Mobilization has been ordered in the four remaining Russian military districts. Trilherndoff has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Russian special corps, consisting of Cossacks and Horse Artillery. This corps is destined to penetrate into the heart of Central Asia.

The authorities here are certain of war with England, and they are making preparations thus early in order that no time may be lost after hostilities have been commenced.

The Montenegrois have been requested to prepare immediately for a renewal of hostilities.

A rupture between Russia and Roumania is now considered very probable. The latter has come to the determination to resist any attack, as she believes that the excitement in Hungary would compel Austria to enter.

Ignatieff is now far less hopeful that the Congress will meet. He thinks that, everything considered, Congress would only lead to war. There are a number of conflicting interests at stake in the Eastern Question which could only be settled by war, and it is impossible that any Congress could reconcile them.

LONDON, April 5.

A number of officials of the English Admiralty department have gone to Belfast for the purpose of superintending the equipment of a number of private steamers which are to be used as cruisers in case of war.

Senator MacPherson on the Public Expenditures.

SENATOR MACPHERSON has taken up the question in relation to the public expenditure of the Dominion. He wants to know how it is proposed to restore the equilibrium between income and expenditure. He feels it to be his duty to criticize the extravagance of the Administration, which centres at Ottawa and extends throughout the country to its remotest bounds. The deficit of last year continues, and the equilibrium is as far from being restored as ever. There has been an increase in departmental expenditure year by year until the present year, when it was claimed by the Government there had been a decrease. He considers, however, that while there has been a decrease in some respects during the past year, there has been an increase in departmental expenditures in nearly every department. The decreases had amounted to \$1,810,340, but of this sum the large item of \$815,494 was in consequence of cutting down expenditures on public works, such as public buildings, harbours, piers, etc., which had been finished the year previous, and did not require expenditure last year; consequently it was not retrenchment. The expenditure on buildings at Battleford and Fort Pelly was enormous and uncalled for. He had been told, and he had no doubt in his own mind that it was a fact, that there had been a systematic holding back of the accounts of expenditure in the Northwest, so that they would not get into the Public Accounts for last year, an expenditure of so enormous a character that it might yet be a subject for a Royal Commission to enquire into. In piers and harbours there had been a reduction of expenditure last year, amounting in all to \$207,700. These harbours, he supposed, were completed and required no further expenditure, so that he could not give the Government credit for retrenchment on these points. In the mounted police and light-house and coast service, there had been considerable reduction, principally in salaries and maintenance. It showed that there must have been extravagance in 1875-6, when the expenditure for light-house and coast service had increased from \$394,904 to \$427,161, when in 1877 it could be reduced again to \$391,000. He asked if the Government, as well as every thinking man in the country, does not know that it was impossible from the present sources of revenue to meet the deficits. He believes the Government are perfectly well aware of, and they must have some scheme of taxation which they have not communicated to Parliament, or to the country—some unpopular scheme of income or land tax that they were afraid to make known for fear of turning the coming elections against them.

SIMS REEVES.—Sims Reeves, the famous English tenor, though elderly, is hale and active. He is described as a square-shouldered, thick-set man, rejoicing at home in a suit of tweed of uncertain hue—between a tortoiseshell and a tabby—relieved by a rose-colored necktie, a turquoise and diamond ring, and a famous watch chain of mingled gold and coral. It is entirely to the sage counsel of the venerable Mazzucato that the English tenor attributes his long lease of voice. The method of the master may be explained in half a dozen words:—"We must keep the voice in the middle." This is the secret of really fine tone, of the faculty of singing cantabile passages with effect, and of making a coup on a high note when it is wanted. Nothing is more destructive than perpetual exercise of the upper register.

The following is going the rounds of the United States press: "You don't get any money out of me," said he, as the man presented his bill. "I'm a savings bank—that's what I am." And the creditor went disconsolately away.

"Advice!" said an old man of much experience. "Why; I never had anyone come to me for advice who, before he got through, wasn't willing to give twice as much as he asked for."

Anecdote of Jefferson.

Mr. Joseph Jefferson is not only a consummate dramatic artist, but has gifts as a painter and speaker. At the dinner recently given to him and his son-in-law, Mr. Farjeon, at the Lotus Club, he made a few remarks which were quite pat on the occasion. He apologized for using technical terms, but asserted that it was an unconscious habit confined to no single profession or calling. He illustrated it by referring to a remark of a railroad conductor, who, after seeing "Rip Van Winkle," talked with the actor on the train, not on the merit of the star, but on the construction of the story. He said to Jefferson, "I couldn't see how you were going to get round it when you found Gretchen had switched off on to another fellow." The actor then spoke of former days, when he and his associates always made money enough in the winter to spend in giving plays at Reading in the summer. "In fact," said he, "the people of Reading expected it of us every year." On one occasion the manager, who had a talent for making speeches before the curtain, rushed out in grief and distraction to apologise for the absence of the leading man. "Ladies and gentlemen the fact is, our tragedian's father is dead. Under these circumstances, I throw myself on your generosity, faithfully assuring you, if you will overlook his fault, that it shall never happen again."

The Dangers of "Pig-tails."

Around the monkey's cages and the giraffes' pen in the Aquarium in New York are posted various notices to ladies, warning them not to approach too near, lest the animals seize their bonnets; yet the attendants say it frequently occurs that some lady disregards the notices and her millinery suffers damages. Recently, however, those in the Aquarium were startled by a sudden crash of broken china from the monkey's room, and hastened thither were greeted with a remarkable sight. The noise, or so much of it as did not consist of the chattering of the animals, came from the mouth of an almon-eyed oriental gentleman, in a blue blouse and black trousers. He stood with his back to the cage in which the largest monkeys are kept, and with both his hands to his head, was struggling to tear himself away. He was firmly held, however, by the pig-tail, which, firmly attached by nature to the back of his head at one end, was almost as firmly grasped at the other by as many monkeys as could get hold of it. The one at the end nibbled complacently at the neat bow of ribbon that secured the hair, and the others were blaspheming vigorously in their native tongue. As quickly as they could, from laughter, the attendants opened the door, and on entering beat off the monkeys and rescued the gentleman. He shook his fist vindictively at the cage, and hurried away without leaving his card, while the baffled apes made din enough to induce the seals, the hippopotamus, and all the birds to join the chorus.

The Laughing Hyena.

The laugh of the Hyena is a misnomer, as it has no laugh at all, though certainly when heard at some distance it has a great resemblance to the laugh of some humans; but it is no laugh, in fact just the contrary, as it is only when in anger or terribly excited that he thus lifts up his voice. Watch him then as he paces round and round his cage! See now the rough hair or mane which runs all along the dorsal line bristle up. No other animal presents such a peculiar back bone appearance. See his sharp fangs exposed, his eyes flashing, and his whole frame in spasmodic action, and all because his keeper has given his next-door neighbor his portion of meat, while as yet none to him; and you will readily perceive that these discordant sounds are the result of rage and unsatisfied desire, and in no way related to merriment or gleeful mirth. It has been supposed by some that the hyena is rather a cowardly brute, but it is a mistake, as his courage is quite equal to his voracity. Man he will not attack except in self-defence, or when driven to desperation for food, but he will wage fierce war against quadrupeds much larger than himself. He fears neither kingly lion, the white pantler, nor the fierce ounce; and by either stealthy attacks or cunning manoeuvring, the hyena seldom fails to conquer his foe. The most serious charge against the hyena seems to be that of robbing the graves of their dead, and feeding on putrid meat, which charges are doubtless true in those lands where other food is scarce; but certain it is that in the Zoo our hyena, be he striped or spotted, will not touch any pound of flesh or bone that is "high." Perhaps imprisonment has taught the brute better habits. As to the charge that he is untamable, we have said he can be made a companion of, and most travellers and naturalists now agree in the statement. Steadman says, "At the Cape (Africa) the spotted hyena (considered the most untamable) is domesticated in the houses, where he is preferred to the dog for sagacity and even qualifications for the chase." There is a saying of some one that "every kind of beast is tamed, and hath been tamed of mankind;" and probably the hyenas of either variety are as fully susceptible of kindness and as capable of education as other wild and ferocious beasts.

The happiest piece of intelligence we have read in many a long day is a despatch stating that a man in Memphis shot and killed another man for saying "What do you s-o-y?" to him. Send that man to Burlington; we'll pay his expenses, guarantee a two weeks' engagement, and furnish revolvers and ammunition. All we want is the man.—Burlington Hawkeye.

A Brooklyn lawyer was noticed at a recent concert quite enthusiastically applauding one of the singers. "Fond of music, isn't he?" said one acquaintance to another. "No," was the reply; "it's mere professional instinct. He's moving for a new trial."

Photographer—"Now, sir, if you will look a little less as if you had a bill to meet, a little more as if you'd been left a legacy, you'll get a picture."