

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 4.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1878.

NO. 467.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.
OFFICE:
INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50
One Week, 0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly advertisements, on application.
W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't

P. E. I. RAILWAY.

Special Running Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4th a SPECIAL STEAMBOAT MAIL TRAIN will run as follows:—

Going West.		Going East.	
Ch'town	Dp. 6.25	Summerside	Dp. 6.05
Royalty Jnc	" 6.40	Kensington	" 6.33
N. Wiltshire	" 7.20	County Line	" 6.58
Hunter River	" 7.32	Breadalbane	" 7.05
Elliots	" 7.52	Elliots	" 7.13
Breadalbane	" 8.00	Hunter River	" 7.33
County Line	" 8.07	N. Wiltshire	" 7.45
Kensington	" 8.32	Royalty Jnc	" 7.45
Summerside	ar 9.00	Ch'town	ar 8.40

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE,
Gen. Sup. Gov't Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R.
Ch'town Oct. 30.—p near h pres kca sp sj 3i

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 10.

Fall and Winter Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. Express.	No. 3 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 9.10 am	
Cardigan	" 9.35 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 10.55 "	
Royalty Jnc	dp 11.05 "	
Ch'town	ar 12.40 "	Dp 3.30 pm
Royalty Jun.	dp 9.00 am	" 3.50 "
N. Wiltshire	" 9.20 "	" 4.45 "
Hunter River	" 10.12 "	" 5.03 "
Breadalbane	" 10.28 "	" 5.41 "
County Line	" 11.07 "	" 5.51 "
Kensington	" 11.18 "	" 6.30 "
Summerside	ar 12.00 "	ar 7.00 "
Wellington	dp 2.40 "	
Port Hill	" 3.32 "	
O'Leary	" 4.16 "	
Alberton	ar 6.35 "	
Tignish	dp 6.40 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 7.50 am	
Alberton	ar 8.35 "	
O'Leary	dp 8.55 "	
Port Hill	" 9.58 "	
Wellington	" 11.16 "	
Summerside	ar 12.50 pm	Dp 9.45 am
Kensington	dp 2.30 "	" 10.15 "
County Line	" 3.00 "	" 10.56 "
Breadalbane	" 3.40 "	" 11.07 "
Hunter River	" 4.28 "	" 11.46 "
N. Wiltshire	" 4.45 "	" 12.03 pm
Royalty Jun.	" 5.40 "	" 12.55 "
Ch'town	ar 6.00 "	ar 1.15 "
Royalty Jun.	dp 2.55 "	" 3.15 "
Mt. Stewart	ar 4.30 "	" 4.40 "
Cardigan	dp 4.40 "	" 6.00 "
Georgetown	ar 6.25 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 Mixed.	STATIONS.	No. 5 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 8.00	Mt Stw't Jnc	Dp 4.40
Harmony	" 8.25	Morell	" 5.22
St. Peters	" 9.40	St. Peters	" 5.55
Morell	" 10.13	Harmony	" 7.12
Mt Stw't Jnc	ar 10.55	Souris	ar 7.35

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE,
Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R.
Ch'town, Oct 30, 1878.
p ne ar h pres kca sp sj 6i

THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.—Persons having relatives or friends abroad, and desiring to keep them informed concerning P. E. Island, cannot do so in a better or cheaper way than by subscribing to THE WEEKLY EXAMINER. Sent, postpaid, to any address in Great Britain, the United States, or the Dominion, on receipt of One Dollar.

ROBERT HARRIS, ARTIST,

FULL'S BRICK BUILDING, QUEEN STREET.

Portraits Painted from Life, &c., during the next six months.
Nov. 30, 1878—

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

BROADWAY HOUSE, BY MACKENZIE.

THE former "City Hotel," now the Broadway House, Great George Street, opposite the Catholic Cathedral, is now open for Permanent and Transient Boarders.
The rooms have been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
The tables will be supplied with the best market affords, and fares reasonable.
A Suite of Rooms convenient for a small family, together with board, &c., can be had in the Broadway House.
Nov. 23, 1878—t

FRANK COX, M.D. C.M., Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur.

OFFICE APOTHECARIES' HALL.
Residence: Capt. Mutch's, Water Street, next door to St. Lawrence Hotel.
N. B.—Particular attention paid to diseases of the chest and stomach.
Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1878—3m

E. G. HUNTER, Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Tablets, Headstones,

CENTRE TABLE TOPS, BUREAU AND COMMODOE TOPS, WASH BOWL SLABS, &c., &c.

Prices to suit, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Designs furnished on application.
Corner Hillsborough and Kent Streets, Charlottetown.
November 6, 1878.

JAMES HOBBS, CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, ETC.,

HAS REMOVED from McPhail's Corner to the premises just vacated by Mr. JOHN STUMBLER, Prince Street, where, with increased facilities, he is prepared to attend to the wants of his customers with punctuality and despatch, and on reasonable terms.

CARPETS cut and laid.
PAINTING and Repairing neatly done.
PICTURE FRAMES and Mouldings constantly on hand, or made up to order.
All kinds of Household Furniture made to order, cheap and good.
New Pattern School Desks made at short notice. A first-class article.
Don't forget the place: PRINCE STREET (near the new Baptist Church in course of erection).
Charlottetown, Oct. 26, 1878—

DR. CREAMER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Kent Street, Charlottetown.
(Three doors from Dr. Johnson's).
ENTRANCE BY SIDE DOOR.
Oct. 15—3m

RANKIN HOUSE, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

J. J. DAVIES . . . Proprietor
(Formerly of St. Lawrence Hotel, Pictou).

THIS well-known Hotel is now open under the present management; and, having been newly furnished throughout, it offers every comfort to the travelling public. Suitable Sample Rooms for commercial gentlemen.
Oct. 15, 1878—3m

Look Here!

W. G. MUGFORD, sole Licensee for City and Queen's County, for Lambert's Patents for Permanent Photographs being composed of Indian Ink and Parchment, they CANNOT FADE.
Took 1st Prize at Provincial Exhibition last Fall at Georgetown; Diploma for Excellency of Work at New York, Jan. 1st, 1878—contesting with the United States and Dominion of Canada, and
1st Prize at Summerside, Oct. 3, '78.

DAVID WILSON'S OLD STAND, CH'TOWN.
Oct. 5, 1878—3m—law

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

DECEMBER 16, 1878.

A YEAR and a half have rolled away; and the DAILY EXAMINER still lives.

Indeed it may now be truly said that the DAILY EXAMINER is one of the "institutions" of the Province.

An appetite for a daily paper has been formed; and, judging by the increasing sales of the DAILY EXAMINER in the city, along the line of railway, and in the various towns throughout the Province, it is doubtful if the people could live without their daily paper.

Hard though the times and dark the prospect of the coming winter, it is our intention to continue the publication of the DAILY EXAMINER, so that the popular demand may be supplied.

Throughout the winter we intend to supply to the public, by means of the DAILY EXAMINER, a daily telegraph containing news of all the notable events which shall transpire throughout the world in this great crisis of its history.

Through the DAILY EXAMINER the people of the Island shall—from day to day—and, independently of the Northern Light or Muttart and Irving—be informed of what is transpiring in Afghanistan, in Russia, in Germany, in the neighboring Republic, and most important of all—in the mother country.

We shall, if possible, send a special correspondent to report for the DAILY EXAMINER the Parliamentary proceedings at Ottawa, with special reference to those which most directly and most deeply interest the people of this Island.

The local news shall be given through the DAILY EXAMINER promptly, truly and as full as possible.

For the large means required to carry out this work we look to the people whose wants the DAILY EXAMINER will supply, and whose varied interests we shall assiduously endeavor to promote.

The original subscribers of the DAILY EXAMINER will, in the course of a few days, be called upon for a renewal of their favors.

The beginning of another term is a good time to subscribe; and persons who have not hitherto taken the DAILY EXAMINER would do well to subscribe now.

In connection with the DAILY EXAMINER the WEEKLY EXAMINER will be issued, at the unprecedentedly low subscription price of ONE DOLLAR a year—payment to be made in advance.

GENUINE NEW YORK SINGER SEWING MACHINES

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.



THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO. SOLD IN 1877

282,812 Machines.

being the largest number of Sewing Machines ever sold by any Company in a single year. Machines sold on monthly payments.
ROBERT YOUNG, Sole Agent of P. E. Island, South Side Queen Square, Charlottetown.
Nov. 30, 1878—2aw tf

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF TIME
To Suit English Mail at Halifax.

THE STEAMERS ST. LAWRENCE and PRINCESS OF WALES will, during remainder of season, leave CHARLOTTETOWN for PICTOU LANDING every Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday mornings, at seven o'clock, connecting there with day train for Halifax.

Returning, will leave PICTOU LANDING for CHARLOTTETOWN on arrival of morning train from Halifax, on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.
No change in Steamers from Summerside.

F. W. HALES.
Ch'town, Nov. 26, 1878—

PARLOR BRACKETS

JUST RECEIVED—cheap.
J. NEWSON.
Nov. 22—1m

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

The Debate on the Afghan War in Parliament.

LONDON, Dec. 13.

In the House of Commons, to-night, Right Hon. Mr. Percy re-opened the debate on the Afghan war on the part of the Government.

Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt followed, accusing the Government of forcing a quarrel on the Ameer. He declared that the acquisition of a "scientific frontier" would make Afghanistan another Bulgaria, and the continuance of such a policy would cause Russian influence to overshadow the earth.

A notable feature of the debate was the delivery of speeches by Mr. Newdegate and General Sir Alexander Gordon, both Conservatives, denouncing the Government's policy. Sir Alexander declared Lord Beaconsfield was responsible for that policy.

The Marquis of Hartington closed the debate. He said the very worst policy which was possible was that of partial and incomplete military occupation, which he was afraid the Government had determined to carry out, though an overwhelming concurrence of military opinion was opposed thereto. He believed the possibility of an invasion was decreasing yearly. No permanent occupation of any portion of Afghanistan against the wishes of the inhabitants ought to be sanctioned, and would only facilitate Russian intrigues, which would be best encountered by a wise administration, or, if external means were necessary, by direct explanation with Russia. He thought, above all, that Lord Lytton should be recalled, as "an incarnation of all that India's policy ought not to be." [Loud cheers by the Opposition.]

"But to effect this we must also get rid of the Government of whose nominal spirit, but really abject foreign policy he believed the country was nearly tired." He said, in conclusion, "Whatever differences of opinion there may be as to the justice of the war there is no difference on the subject of supporting the gallant troops engaged in it by every means in our power."

Sir Stafford Northcote made the closing speech, declaring that the recall, at such a crisis, of the Viceroy would be despicable. Lord Hartington ought not to weaken the Viceroy's authority. He pointed to the loyalty which prevailed throughout India as a refutation of the criticisms of the Opposition. He ended by declaring nothing could be more contrary to the feelings or the intentions of the Government than a policy of annexation, but they felt bound to guard the interests and security of India.

Whitbread's motion, censuring the Government for its Afghan policy, was rejected.

VIENNA, Dec. 13.

The Chiefs of the Albanian League have demanded the incorporation of Albanian districts as autonomous provinces. They intend to act on the defensive and have refused to aid the Porte against the Macedonian insurgents, have promised to protect Podgoritz against Montenegro, and have advised the inhabitants of Novi Bazar not to attack the Austrian troops occupying Bosnia.

EXECUTION OF A MURDERER.

Castafrolez Hung for the Murder of Matheron near lake Champlain.

HE AFFIRMS HIS INNOCENCE WITH HIS DYING BREATH, BUT MADE A PREVIOUS CONFESSION TO HIS LAWYER.

ST. JOHN, P. Q., Dec. 13.

At an early hour, this morning, groups of men were to be seen at the street corners discussing the tragic event which was to take place to-day. At nine o'clock a large crowd had gathered around the jail eager to get a glimpse at the prisoner. Your correspondent called on the Rev. Cure Aubrey, who has been with the prisoner ever since his confinement, and was informed by that gentleman that when the telegram was received from Ottawa, informing the Sheriff that the law must take its course, he called upon the prisoner, in company with the Sheriff, and upon informing him that his doom was sealed, Castafrolez, who received the news very calmly, threw up his hands and exclaimed: "I am not guilty of the murder of Matheron." The prisoner devoted most of last night to reading his prayer book and slept in all about three hours. His wife visited him two days after sentence was pronounced, when he bade her good bye, saying he did not wish her to visit him again, as he did not know how it would affect him. She is now in Fall River.

The execution was to have taken place at 11 o'clock, but owing to some slight delay it was not till a few minutes after 11 o'clock that the condemned man appeared. He was attended by Rev. Messrs. Aubrey and Daigneau, of this place. He mounted the scaffold with a firm step and his demeanor all through appeared cool and indifferent as to his fate. He then addressed those present without a quiver in his voice, saying "Gentlemen I suppose you expect a speech of me and a confession, but I have no confession to make. I am about to suffer the extreme penalty of the law for a crime of which I am entirely innocent." He then thanked the jailor and his family for their kindness and attention during his imprisonment, and also those people of St.

John's County and friends across the line who had kindly signed a petition to the Government asking his sentence to be commuted to imprisonment for life. He then, in a solemn voice, declared once more his innocence, and called on the Almighty as his witness. He said he had been high in position in this world, but now was about to descend, pointing with his finger to the foot of the scaffold. He then requested the Sheriff to tighten the rope around his neck. His last words were, "Oh, my God, if it was not for any faith in thee what would sustain me now." He was let hang for about the usual time and then cut down, when an eager crowd who were outside of the walls were admitted to see him inside of the jail yard. The square around the Courthouse was crowded, and some in their anxiety to see the man hung, climbed on top of the Courthouse.

After the execution of Castafrolez your correspondent interviewed Mr. H. J. St. Pierre, who was first retained as counsel by the murderer. He is perfectly confident of the guilt of Castafrolez, and says that he confessed to him. The confession was made in St. John's, Que., during the progress of the inquest. Castafrolez had drawn a map which St. Pierre still has in his possession, designating the exact spot where he murdered deceased, it being in American territory, about an acre and a half from Fort Montgomery. Then the prisoner introduced the matter by stating that he was alarmed lest they should find that the blows were made with the end of the handle of an oar, the jury being under the impression that they were made with the feathered portion. Mr. St. Pierre stopped Castafrolez in the midst of his confession, saying he would hear no more of it.

It was on account of this confession, as well as to the fact that the prisoner did not pay his expenses to St. John's, as promised, that Mr. St. Pierre dropped the case. Mr. St. Pierre believes that Castafrolez made a full confession to Mr. Perrault, the Vice-Consul of France.

Lord Dufferin on Canada.

We have already published a part of Lord Dufferin's Belfast speech. Our readers, doubtless, will be pleased to read the report of his hearty and whole-souled remarks in reference to his sojourn in Canada.

The past six years of my life have been spent among a population it was a delight to rule and serve. (Loud cheers.) Intelligent, industrious, sober-minded, loyal, I found them not only free from domestic discontent and intestine commotion, but enthusiastically enamored of their constitution, their political status in relation to the mother country, and their expanding destinies. (Renewed cheers.) Most of the social, religious, and other fundamental questions by which the Old World is still being agitated had either been satisfactorily settled, or had never gathered to a head, and whatever controversies existed were being discussed in and out of Parliament with as much decorum, sobriety and moderation of thought and language as we would find—well, where shall I say—in Ireland itself. (Cheers and great laughter.) The Ministers with whom I successively came into contact proved to be men of great ability, experience, and undoubted patriotism, who never failed to keep with me a scrupulous good faith. (Hear, hear, and applause.) My Parliaments were sagacious and constitutional, whilst, as far as my personal position was concerned, I experienced amongst all classes of the community, whether French or English, the greatest courtesy and an earnest desire to put the best possible interpretation upon anything the representative of Her Majesty might either do or say. (Applause.) As for the good-will shown me, both as Viceroy and in my private capacity, by my own immediate Irish fellow-countrymen—whether Catholics or Protestants, Nationals or Orangemen—words cannot describe it. Their loyalty and unanimity taught me a lesson in politics which, I trust, I shall never forget. (Great cheering.) But not only did I find good humor and contentment at home, but peace and security abroad. (Cheers.) Of course, no annoyance was to be dreaded along either of our ocean seaboard. As for our northern frontier, no suspicious emissaries or outposts menaced from Spitzbergen our Polar possessions—(loud laughter);—while to the south of us we were in genuine and close friendship with a people who, as far as my experience goes, merit in the highest degree the confidence and regard of Great Britain—(long-continued cheers)—who have evinced towards Canada the utmost consideration and good-will, and who, in the punctual payment of the fisheries award—(hearty applause)—in spite of a very widespread, though I do believe quite unfounded, conviction that it was excessive, have given an undoubted proof of their self-respect and good faith. (Loud cheers.)

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