

## DR. TUPPER IN SUMMERSIDE.

### A Handsome Reception.

### The Town Decorated—A Procession and a Banquet in His Honor.

### Ludlow Hall Packed—An Address Presented, and a Magnificent Reply.

### Great Enthusiasm at the Close.

DR. TUPPER, accompanied by a large number of the leading citizens of Charlottetown, took train at 11.40 yesterday en route for Summerside. Arrived at Kensington they were met by a deputation of Summerside gentlemen, consisting of Hon. John Lefurgey, M. P. P., Thos. Kelly, Esq., and Richard Hunt, Esq. On his arrival the Doctor was greeted with cheers—which, although the crowd on the platform was not so large as that present on the arrival of the Premier—were much heartier than those given by the officials who greeted Mr. McKenzie on that ominously solemn occasion. The day was as fine as a day could be; and, notwithstanding the fact that our farmers are now in the midst of their harvest, hundreds of them evinced their interest in the important questions before the country and their anxiety to hear the great statesman's exposition of those questions, by leaving their fields and coming into Summerside. The town, we believe, never presented a gayer appearance. Flags were flying and banners inscribed with appropriate mottoes were hung across the streets. Among other mottoes, we noticed—

"WELCOME TO DR. TUPPER AND HON. JAMES McDONALD, CANADA'S EMINENT STATESMEN AND NOVA SCOTIA'S GIFTED SONS."

"A CHANGE OF GOVERNMENT WE MUST HAVE—MCDONALD TO THE FRONT."

"RECIPROCIITY—A Free Market for our Produce."

Dr. Tupper was conducted to a carriage; and, headed by the Summerside Band and a marshal on horseback, he was escorted through the streets, accompanied by a procession of over forty carriages. Regarding the procession the *Patriot*—in a telegraphic report—to which we respectfully direct the attention of Mr. James—says:—

"The turnout of teams was quite large, and we are told that, with the exception of a few of the leading men, the processions who were not bankrupts or office-seekers were councillors."

In the procession were the Hon. John Lefurgey, Thos. Kelly, Esq., David Rogers, Esq., R. McStavert, Esq., and many others of the same stamp. As an absolute fact, every leading man in Summerside—with the exception of Messrs. R. T. Holman and A. McMillan—was a member of the procession with which Dr. Tupper was honored. That there may have been some bankrupts in it is not strange—seeing that the term of the Grit Government—now nearly over—may be truthfully called an Era of Bankruptcy. That there may have been in it some who sell liquor is no proof that every man in it was not far more honorable and respectable than the one who wrote the words quoted above. In point of fact the reception of Dr. Tupper was a great credit to the Liberal Conservatives of Summerside; and, taken as an indication of the enthusiasm animating them, their victory on the 17th of September is assured.

After partaking of a banquet at the "Franklin House" and enjoying a short rest, Dr. Tupper was escorted to Ludlow Hall—which was speedily packed. In our judgment the number present was much larger than when the Premier spoke; and the *Patriot* estimated that there were then present an audience of a thousand. The platform was graced by the presence of a large number of ladies; and also seated upon it were the following, among other gentlemen: Senators Montgomery, Howland and Haviland, Hon. John Lefurgey, M. P. P., Donald Ferguson, Esq., M. P. P., William Campbell, Esq., M. P. P., Rev. Ronald McDonald, Cornelius Howatt and Edward Hackett, Esqs. (Liberal-Conservative candidates for the County), C. B. Saunders, Esq., Alfred Schurman, Esq., Thos. Kelly, Esq., and David Rogers, Esq.—the latter of whom occupied the chair.

Thomas Kelly, Esq., on behalf of the Liberal-Conservatives of Prince County, presented and read the following

#### ADDRESS:

To the Hon. Charles Tupper, C. B.:

SIR,—In the name of the Liberal-Conservatives of Prince County, we cordially welcome you to this Western Capital of our Province, in the neighborhood of which, as many of us can recollect, a portion of your early years has been passed.

Like our fellow-countrymen throughout the Dominion, we are deeply interested in its material, social and political condition,

and have watched the introduction, discussion and effects of the public measures and policy which have engaged the attention of our politicians since the era of Confederation.

With those questions and with the course of Legislation resulting therefrom no man, in our opinion, has been more patriotically identified than yourself; and we have had ample evidence of the ability, wisdom and tact with which, under various and difficult circumstances, you discharged your duties as one of Canada's most eminent statesmen.

In your native Province we find your name associated with Free Education, Law reform and other proceedings that have left their impress on the Country, and place you in the front rank of the many gifted sons of these Maritime Provinces; while in the more extended arena of the Parliament and Cabinet of the Dominion, you have been commissioned with higher trusts, and have always been found equal to their demands.

To the period during which Sir John A. McDonald filled the position of Prime Minister of Canada, we revert with a sense of satisfaction and regret—satisfaction when we recall the state of prosperity which marked the general trade and pursuits of the Dominion, and with regret in realizing the fact that this prosperity should have been succeeded by so great a depression as that which has prevailed for the last four years. To whatever causes this unsatisfactory contrast may be ascribed, we entertain a confident hope that a change for the better is rapidly approaching; and in you, sir, we recognize the able advocate of a system of commercial regulations that will be endorsed by this Dominion, and as best designed to promote the welfare of its inhabitants.

The audience now before you, assembled from different parts of our Country to hear, as far as practicable, from this platform, your views and recommendations upon the important fiscal and other subjects now receiving the anxious consideration of electors in all the Provinces. And permit me to say, that amongst this audience are young men who gratefully remember the fact that you, though specially entrusted with the guardianship of a particular district, were ready at a moment's notice to assert the larger privileges of the true Representative whose constituents are not confined to the limits of mere localities. The young men of Prince Edward Island are indebted to you for an eloquent vindication of their status as a body of intelligent electors. When their rights in this respect were assailed in the House of Commons, and sought to be wrested from them—when threatened with political annihilation, they found in you a prompt and generous defender, and though overpowered in the struggle by numerical force, you are none the less entitled to their esteem. The demonstrations of respect which have greeted you on your present visit to this Province, attest the fact that we are not unfamiliar with your past services.

May you and other good and discreet men of business be shortly summoned to Ottawa, on a mission that will inaugurate an improved administration of public affairs and to this end Prince County stands ready to offer her assistance.

The address was supplemented by two magnificent bouquets—presented by two of the youngest of the fair sex on the platform.

Dr. Tupper first expressed regret that his voice was not equal to the great theme he was called upon to discuss. Then he thanked the Liberal-Conservative electors for the address; and alluding to the fact, stated therein, that he had passed some years of his boyhood in the vicinity of Summerside, he said that if the kindness of the reception he had received, on the present occasion, was any indication of the way he would have been treated had he remained, he regretted that he ever left it. He paid a high tribute to the influence of the ladies; and gave several instances, drawn from his own experience, of the beneficial exercise of it in elections. Then he referred to the allusion of the address to his services in "protecting" the franchise rights of the young men of this Island when those rights were attacked by the Government and defended by our representatives in the House of Commons. He gave great credit to Senators Howland, Haviland, Haythorne and Montgomery for the noble stand they took in that (on the part of the Government and our representatives) scandalous matter.

This is a time when all, young and old, should combine to drive those men from power and to install better men in the positions of trust and responsibility they now hold. The leaders of the old Liberal party of the Maritime Provinces are the friends and supporters of the Liberal-Conservative party; and every supporter of theirs should now be found in the ranks of that party, fighting the battles and promoting the interests of our common country. The questions now before the people are higher and grander than party, for they concern the whole people; and as they are decided so will be the prosperity or the adversity, the advancement or the retrogression of this great Dominion. He had arraigned the Government of "Purity" on the floor of Parliament on the charge of having, at the eve of an election, given out of the public treasury \$69,000. That charge was not and could not be met; and on that charge each and every member of the Government is liable to impeachment. He had charged the men pledged to oppose coalitions with having coalesced, for the sake of office, with men who had been life-long Conservatives. He had challenged those men in Parliament to point out one promise they had made that they had not broken—one principle to which they stood committed that they had not violated; but the challenge has never been accepted. And are these the men to be again invested with power, especially at such an important crisis in the affairs of the country as the present. These men had seduced the representatives of the Island by a seat in the Cabinet—of which the Island was deprived—as soon as it suited their purposes. Are those the men to receive a renewal of confidence at the hands of the electors of P. E. Island? The election of Mr. Pope two years ago shows that the electors of Queen's County (at least) do not think so. One of these men—Mr. Thomas Coffin—has sat in the Cabinet for five years, and has received \$45,000 of the public money; but he has never said a word in Parliament, or contributed a single idea towards the advancement of the interests of the country. Is a Government composed of such men as this worthy of support? They know that they have forfeited the confidence of the people. And the proof that they know it, is found in the fact that they passed by their own supporters and offered to Tilley and Archibald renewals of their Governorships, and that they offered Mr. King a Judgeship—in order to keep those gentlemen from opposing them in the political field during the coming contest.

But apart from the question of men (and of all other minor questions), there is a question of the first importance to the people—the question of the Tariff; and that question Doctor Tupper unhesitatingly asks the electors to decide in favor of the policy propounded by the Liberal-Conservatives. The policy is, in brief, identical with the policy pursued by the late Government—and under which the country prospered in an unprecedented manner. It is a judicious readjustment of the tariff, so distributed that the burden of taxation shall fall more equitably than it does at present; that the various industries of the country may be fostered; that the Inter-Provincial trade may be stimulated; that Reciprocity may be brought about. Why should there be any fear of such a judicious readjustment? Is the tax on tea, which falls heavily upon the poor and lightly upon the rich—so sacred that it may not be touched? Can the tax imposed by Cartwright upon certain shipbuilding materials not be removed with advantage at least to the Maritime Provinces. May not many other taxes now imposed be taken off with advantage to the whole country? And if taken off, how will the country be more heavily burdened by increasing, in a corresponding measure, the duties upon other articles of importation, and thereby giving advantages to those concerned in the industries of our own country? It is said that the adoption of this policy will lead to direct taxation. The fact is, that if the tariff be not judiciously adjusted, direct taxation must ensue. For three years there have been heavy deficits and the money required to carry on the public affairs of the country must be made up some way. If the tariff be not changed, it must be made up by Direct Taxation. Under the present tariff the sugar industry has been destroyed, and the West India Trade has followed in its train. Under the present tariff the tea trade of Canada has been transferred to the United States, and Boston and New York have been made the Commercial Emporiums of this country. Under the present tariff, the capital invested in Coal and Iron Mines has been unproductive, and many of the men employed in those industries have starved and gone away; because, in the one case, the United States has shut our coal out of their markets, and in the other the iron manufacturers have slaughtered their goods in our markets. The Liberal-Conservative party propose to change this state of things. They propose to make it the interest of the United States to grant Reciprocity; they propose to lower the duties on raw sugars, and thus encourage the establishment of refineries, and thus promote a direct trade with the West Indies; and thus stimulate a domestic coal trade and thus give employment to the shipping and to the men of this country; and in this way, foster the various industries of the country "now so sadly depressed."

We regret that we are unable to follow Dr. Tupper in his lucid and eloquent exposition of the National Policy. The Doctor spoke for three hours. He was repeatedly interrupted by a Mr. Cairns (not Mr. Thomas Cairns, whom we are proud to know, is one of the most enthusiastic of Liberal-Conservatives); but he treated the interrupter gently and courteously, and at last succeeded in silencing and, perhaps, convincing him.

When the Doctor sat down he was saluted by a salvo of genuine applause such as we have not heard for many a day.

R. McSTAVERT moved, seconded by F. McNeill, Esq., and several others, a vote of thanks to Dr. Tupper for his address. The vote passed unanimously. Enthusiastic cheers were given for Dr. Tupper, Sir John McDonald, the Queen and others; and shortly after nine o'clock the meeting adjourned.

A special train, provided through the kindness of the Superintendent, brought the Charlottetownians home last night; and Dr. Tupper left Summerside this morning in the steamer for Shediac.

One of the Brown Boys Writes.

(COPY.)

STANLEY BRIDGE, Aug. 31, '78.

Mr. McCoubrey:

DEAR SIR,—I have just got home from a small party caucus we had to-night among ourselves. I think, so far as Clifton Polling Division is concerned, we will be able to do pretty well. Things look at all events brighter here than they did. We are going to work in good shape, and will canvass every man where there is a ray of hope. I drop you this note just to try to urge you to renewed effort. Let your Reformer put his shoulder to the wheel. Get the Laids, Dickiesons, Moffats and even the Brown boys out to the meetings, and if they can do nothing more they can cheer the Reformers and hoot down the Opposition. There is work for all. The electors must not leave all to the candidates, or else our cause will be a failure. Try your hand among the French; I have not got much hopes of doing very much among the Irish. Rally around the flag. Inscribe Free Trade on your banners and spread them to the breeze, and I feel if our party only take their part of the work it will be crowned with victory for the REFORMERS.

Yours in haste,

A. B.—S.

The mackerel fishing excursion, advertised to take place on the "Southport" to-day, was abandoned, owing to the small number of ticket holders. A number of those who were bound to go fishing left in a sailboat which was provided by Mr. Haszard, at 4 o'clock.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### LACROSSE.

THE members of the Ch'town Lacrosse Club are requested to meet at the Citizens' Skating Rink on FRIDAY, the 6th inst., at 7 o'clock, p. m.

A full attendance of members is requested; and persons wishing to join the Club are also invited.

E. R. BROW, Sec'y.

Sept. 5—li

### Coal. Coal.

PER schooner "Advance," PEAKE'S WHARF No. 1,—

100 Tons Superior Large Coal,

at \$2.80 per ton.

WM. KOUGHAN.

Sept. 5—pat li

### MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

THE steamer "HEATHER BELLE" will leave Steam Navigation Co's Wharf on

Monday Evening, Sept. 9th, 1878,

AT 7.30 O'CLOCK,

and also at 8.30 o'clock, remaining out till 11 o'clock, p. m.

GALBRAITH'S BRASS BAND will be in attendance.—REFRESHMENTS on board.

TICKETS 25 cents, to be had from the Committee on board the steamer.

Should the evening prove unfavorable, the Excursion will be held on Wednesday evening, the 11th.

Ch'town, Sept. 4—

### Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by Public AUCTION, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 11th day of September next, 1878, at the hour of eleven o'clock, a. m., under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the Thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1877, and made between William Murphy, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, baker, and Bridget, his wife, of the one part, and Fenton T. Newbery, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, merchant, of the other part,—

ALL that Tract, Piece or Parcel of Land situate, lying and being in Charlottetown, aforesaid, being part and parcel of Town Lot number seventy-one, in the first hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, aforesaid, and bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a stake fixed in the north side of Dorchester Street, and in south west corner of Town Lot number seventy-two, in said hundred of Town Lots, and running from thence along the western boundary of said lot number seventy-two, northwardly, eighty feet; thence westwardly, parallel with said street, thirty feet, to a lane or right-of-way eight feet in width, leading from the said street; thence southwardly, along the said lane or right-of-way, eighty feet, to Dorchester Street, aforesaid; and thence eastwardly along the same thirty feet, to the place of commencement, together with a free use and privilege of the said lane or right-of-way, which is not to be closed up or built on, as is set out in a certain deed of release between James E. S. Bagnall and Catherine, his wife, to the said mortgager, dated 18th July, A. D. 1851, together with all houses, buildings, rights, members and appurtenances to the same belonging.

For particulars apply at the office of Hodgson & McLeod, Solicitors, Charlottetown.

FENTON T. NEWBERY,

Sept. 3, 1878.

TO ARRIVE, per schr. "Maggie H." from

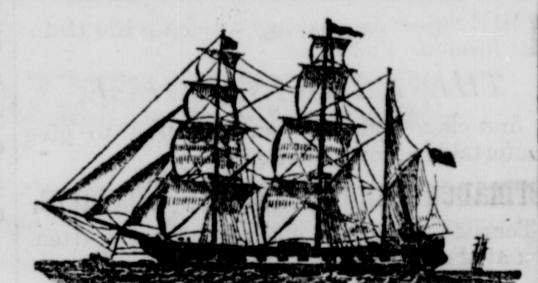
Boston:

2,000 Bushels CADIZ SALT.

Will be sold low while vessel is discharging.

Sept. 2—3i

### FROM London to Charlottetown



PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, DIRECT.

### FALL TRIP . . 1878.

The Splendid Clipper Barkentine

"ETHEL BLANCHE,"

428 tons Register, Coppered and

Classed 9 Years A1, in

Eng. Lloyd's.

JOHN GRAHAM, COMMANDER,

WILL SAIL FROM LONDON

On or about the 10th September,

Carrying Freight at through rates to Pictou,

Georgetown, Summerside and Shediac.

This vessel was built expressly for the London

trade, being thoroughly fitted out in every

respect, with splendid accommodation for

Passengers, and offers every inducement to

shippers, as she has made remarkably quick

passages.

Parties wishing to have their goods delivered

here early in the season will do well to forward

their order in time, so as not to detain

the Vessel.

For Freight or Passage apply, in London, to

JOHN PITCAIRN & SONS, 59 Cornhill; in Liver-

pool, to PITCAIRN BROTHERS, Brockley

Buildings, 51 South John Street; or here, to

the owners,—

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

Ch'town, Aug. 10, 1878—

THE place to get your Printing done is at

the EXAMINER Printing Room s

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### FURNITURE!

A FEW ELEGANT BEDROOM SETS, from \$20.00 to \$85.00 each, at

A. MCNEILL'S AUCTION ROOM,

No. 11 Queen Street, Sept. 2—ti

### No. 35 Water St.,

Charlottetown.

### Prince Edward Island Branch

—OF THE—

### NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

### FIRE AND LIFE.

### INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00

Paid up Capital, 1,216,666.00

CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess

Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.

Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assur-

ance Business are divided every Five Years.

The Tables of Rates are moderate.

Fire Insurances effected on nearly every

description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES

of Premium, corresponding to the nature of

the risk.

Losses settled with promptitude and liber-

ality.

G. W. DEBLOIS, General Agent.

### AGENCIES

—OF THE—

### General Mining Association, Limited,

—AND THE—

### Halifax Company, Limited.

### ORDERS FOR COAL,

—ON THE—

Old Sydney Mines, Cape Breton,

Lingan

Albion Mines, Pictou, N. S., can be obtained

on application to the Subscriber. Terms as

usual.

G. W. DEBLOIS,

Sole Agent for Prince Edward Island.

May 18—2aw

### Steamer "Heather Belle."

—OF THE—

### SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1878.

WILL leave Charlottetown for Orwell

every MONDAY and WEDNESDAY even-

ings.

Leave Orwell for Charlottetown every TUES-

DAY and THURSDAY mornings, at 7 o'clock.

Leave Charlottetown for Orwell same

evening, at 3 o'clock.

Returning from Orwell to Charlottetown

same evening, arriving at Charlottetown about

8.30 o'clock.

Leave Charlottetown for Mount Stewart

every WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY mornings, at

4 o'clock.

Leave Mount Stewart for Charlottetown a

7 o'clock.

Leave Charlottetown for Mount Stewart

same evenings, at from 2 to 3 o'clock, accord-

ing to tide.

Return to Charlottetown same evenings.

Leave Charlottetown for Crapaud every

SATURDAY, weather and tide permitting, and

every alternate Saturday will make a return

trip.

All goods should be prepaid at Charlotte-

town, otherwise they will be stored at their

destination, at the risk and expense of the

owners.

JOHN HUGHES, Agent.

Ch'town, P. E. Island, April 25, 1878.

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### Wants, Lost, Found, &c.

Advertisements under this heading, in space

not exceeding half an inch, will be insert-

ed for Ten Cents per day.

STRAYED—From the premises of Mr.

McCary, about the 20th of August, ult.,

a large RED COW, with white back and

large horns, with tops sawed off. Any person

finding her will be rewarded by leaving in-

formation at the Queen's Hotel, Charlottetown.

Sept. 4—5i

DUNCAN McMILLAN.

TO LET—Two large new ROOMS in

Fraser's Building on Queen Street, very

suitable for offices or parties engaged in the

millinery business. Rent moderate. Apply

to P. G. FRASER.

Ch'town, Sept. 5—5i

WANTED—A smart young man. Apply

to S. GREY, Railway Station.

Sept 4—3i

WANTED—A CLERK, to act as Sales-

man and Book-keeper in a country

store. Enquire at this Office.

House-keeper Wanted—Must be of

steady habits, fond of children and not

afraid of work. Any who will answer the

above requirements apply 3 Richmond St.,