

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 9, 1895.

FREE OR TAXED DUTY MATERIALS—WHICH?

The Leader of the Opposition has avowed his intention to tax raw materials...

1. "If a tariff in articles cheapens them ought it not to be put lightest on finished products..."

It will be noted that the morning organ prefaces both quotations with an "if" concerning which an explanation is required.

Having disposed of the morning grit organ's "if" we proceed to answer its questions. In reply to the first question we say that the duties ought not to be "put lightest on finished products and heaviest on the raw material."

In reply to the second question, we say that the 20 per cent duty imposed on imported raw material, subject to duty, is refunded because the manufacturer imports his raw material...

The representative of the Bank of Quebec has also arrived and will establish an agency if the prospects will warrant the expense. But of exchange to a large amount were returned by the Silvia, the banks on which they were drawn having refused to honor them on a count of the suspension of the local banks.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The "situation" of Newfoundland is lamentable. But nothing can be gained and much may be lost by contact with the "situation" as described in The Examiner's telegrams.

In 1878 the number of bankrupts in this Province was 52, and the liabilities amounted to \$209,928. In 1892 the number of bankrupts was 10, and the liabilities amounted to \$160,116—about the large amount in the ten previous years.

The Patriot publishes a statement which sets forth that the in earnest part of account of the public debt of Canada last year was \$3,165,713 more than it was in 1878.

The Chief Justice Presiding Without a Jury. Alexander McKinnon and another vs. Degald Mann, Roseneath, action to recover the price of a water wheel sold to defendant.

W. B. Robertson vs. Charles Richards, action on promissory notes. Judgment for plaintiff for \$22.50.

The Queen vs. Russell Gilpin, indictment for larceny of a horse. The Grand Jury returned "No Bill" and the prisoner on motion of M. Stewart, Q. C., his counsel, was ordered to be discharged.

The Queen vs. Wallace Rice, indictment for neglecting to provide for his children under 16 years of age. The Grand Jury returned "A True Bill."

Affairs in Newfoundland. St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 6.—A number of the citizens who lead in the affairs of the colony have combined to bring about the holding of a patriotic convention...

The establishment of a food depot is contemplated. Now that the Government is provided with money to purchase supplies, it may be started next week.

The financial agent of the colony, has established a branch here and the outfit for the officers arrived by the Silvia to-day. The Silvia also brought \$100,000 in specie for the use of the Government and an equal sum for the general business of the bank.

Government securities are being sold by the holders who are in financial difficulties, for 60 per cent. of their par value, the persons selling demanding good payments.

A few speculators are making large profits off these transactions. James and Alexander Allan, of the Allen steamship line, have written to the London Times offering to take over 2 1/2 per cent. of the shares of the Dominion Steamship Company in Newfoundland by their steamship Aseyrian free of charge.

Try C. C. Henry's, Upper Great George Street, for groceries. The stock is good, the prices low, and customers will receive every attention.

Mr. T. J. Dillon, Dairy Superintendent, for this Province, will leave this evening on a business trip to Ontario. He will be absent about a month, and will attend to Dairy Conventions in that province.

Mr. Jas. Unsworth, of the P. E. Island railway, is spending a few days in town, accompanied by Mrs. Unsworth. They are guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Knight, Bedford Street.—Moncton Times.

The German Military Weekly is seriously talking war. At present the Emperor is not regarded with the veneration essential to the maintenance of his position, the army is ridiculously large, the ruling classes are apprehensive of social unrest, and industrial problems are pressing for solution. These are the most potent causes of war in the present day.

Priestley's Cravenettes may be had in all the nearest fabrics. Absolutely rain-proof, they are not to be distinguished from the same goods not waterproofed. This is their great merit. Cravenettes include serges and all dress fabrics. They are perfectly pure, non-odoriferous, and they never change in appearance. These are merits which no other waterproofing process has been able to demonstrate. They are rolled on "The Varinised Board" like all Priestley's dress goods.

Keep your blood pure and healthy and you will not have rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives the blood vitality and richness.

DIED. At Boston, Highlands, Mass., Dec. 26th, ult., Annie J. Lynd, aged 21 years and 6 months.

AN OPEN LETTER

To Those Interested in the Establishment of a Factory and Cheese Factory at Mount Herbert or Hazelbrook.

GENTLEMEN:—In beginning this letter, I might say that it is not for the sake of favor one side more than the other, and consequently leave impressions on the minds of the opposite party that this letter emanates from a feeling of fear, or that I have been deputed to endeavor to effect a reconciliation, I here declare that such is not the case, and that I alone am responsible for what I write.

Believing that there is a majority of persons in both parties with prudence enough to carefully consider the reasons given in this letter, with others that may not have occurred to the writer, and doing so, to endeavor to arrange matters amicably between the parties, instead of being led on by persons who appear to have selfish interests far more than the public good at heart, to do an act that, from the beginning, would be the ruin of all, as I will endeavor to show.

We all believe that one factory would be better than two, but we may not all have considered the reasons why one would be benefited by one instead of two. The first and greatest reason apparent to me why only one factory should be built is that by running two the butter business would be killed in both. You cannot expect to have winter dairies thoroughly established with one factory and all parties united inside of three or four years, but when you have it on a paying basis, the two opposite parties will be doubtful if it would during your life time, and as it is winter dairying that we are most desirous of obtaining, that reason alone should be sufficient to call a halt.

A second reason would be that one factory would run from four to six weeks longer every season than two could, because the season of milk spring, and fall, would hinder the opening and closing—the closing to the extent of time lost. A third reason would be that as the running expenses and shareholders' dividends are obtained by 2 1/2 cents per lb. being charged on every pound of cheese manufactured, therefore the more milk the more pounds of cheese, and consequently the more money in hand after the expenses are met, as the expenses are the same to manufacture 5000 lbs. of cheese that quantity, and on the other hand, if there is not enough milk supplied to meet the expenses by 2 1/2 cents per lb. of its product, and your 70c. per hundred is cut down to 60c., to suppose that the quantity will then begin to realize what you have done. How long do you think patrons would be willing to supply milk at such prices. Results in a closed factory with so much capital sunk.

These are three reasons that we surely should consider. Let us as men then decide them in our own interests; there are others reasons of minor importance, but we will not consider them now.

One party may perhaps also think that if they go on building that the other party won't, but will drop in with them through time. No human nature is about the same all round. There are men everywhere who would do themselves an injury rather than give up an opinion, and we have no assurance that the majority interested in this project are not of that nature.

Now, gentlemen, one factory can be built and milk taken from all parties wishing to patronize it, with no milk hauled further than six miles, except that supplied by three or four patrons. Such being the case, you can see it is sheer folly to hold out in this matter and decide on erecting two.

You ask, how are you going to settle the dispute? I say by measurements. Three disinterested persons would soon arrive at a settlement, were they acquainted with the facts. You say, all I but what are you going to do with those shareholders from Vernon River factory who want to come in. I say these men are just as well off now as they would be with us. The milk wagon passes their gate and takes their milk every morning, and brings their whey back with them on the return trip. They are shareholders, and they cannot do otherwise with them. Handling their milk costs them no more than if they lived within 100 yards of the factory.

But you say they are not satisfied. We answer, a few are not, but take those few in if you will and make your losses at Acorn's mills. Even then the figure given above are not affected, and no milk need be hauled further than 6 miles. I might here notice—milk is but 5 1/2 miles from Vernon River factory.

The distances here given are correct as can be easily proved by a pair of dividers and an Island Atlas two inches making one mile. But you say the directors of Vernon factory wish to get rid of those shareholders. I say they don't or at least a majority of them don't. One of them does I believe, but that is an unaccounted for old adage that "blood is thicker than water" and I think, that director, who he fairly understands the facts, will at least be neutral.

Those shareholders beyond Acorn's Mills are, I believe, satisfied to remain as they are—and why not? They have a level road to the factory, everything working smoothly, and a 10 per cent. dividend, besides the Dominion Government making \$500 per year to boot. It is, undoubtedly, to those men's interest to remain as they are, or when given up by the Dominion Government, the \$200,000, settled by that time to perhaps \$200, will be the time, and instead of receiving a 10 per cent. dividend, they will receive a 40 or 50 per cent. one. Why referring to the fore part of this letter, you will clearly understand the reason why those large factories will pay so much better than small ones.

Now if only one factory be built and that at Hazelbrook, what would be the result? Simply this: that four miles of the river road, including Johnston's River, Red Point and Glenfennan settlements, all admirably adapted for the production of milk, would be cut off with no prospect at least for a long time of participating in factory privileges. Now, I ask, would it be fair to cast those men off and take them from the other end, who are now enjoying the privilege those men so much desire? I leave it to the directors of Vernon River factory. I leave it to the shareholders in dispute of Vernon River factory, and I leave it to the good sense of a majority of those interested at Hazelbrook and Mount Herbert to decide the question, and I cannot but think that after due consideration they will most emphatically say "No."

J. C. HENRY, Upper Great George Street, Jan 9—1, 95.

CARD OF THANKS. We desire to thank our customers for their patronage during the past year. We have had a very prosperous year, but we want our trade to still increase. We beg to remind our yearly customers that we will give a valuable present at the close of each year to every person who will trade with us, and we further say that we will sell as low for the quality of the goods as any house in the trade. We can do it, for we work hard and do all the work ourselves. Please remember the place.

SANDERSON & CO. Upper Great George Street, Jan 9—1, 95.

The Modern Mother has found that her little ones improved more by the pleasant laxative Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Many diseases arise from one cause—blood impurity. Beecham's Pills Purify the blood and, thus, go to the root of many maladies.

A Complimentary Banquet WILL BE TENDERED TO MESSRS. McDONALD & McLEAN BY THEIR SOURIS-FRIENDS, At the Sea View Hotel, WEDNESDAY, 23rd INST.

Arnone wishing to attend will kindly procure tickets from the Secretary before the 19th. TICKETS \$2.00 Through the kindness of Superintendent McDonald, return tickets will be issued at single fare on that day from Summerside, Charlottetown, Georgetown and intermediate stations, good to return on following day.

J. G. STERNS, Chairman of Committee, A. A. McLELLAN, Secretary, Jan 9—1y 2aw wy 11

A Big Surprise. SATURDAY will be the day that the buying public shall receive a surprise at Prowse Bros' Great Store. We want everyone to come and see what it is. No one shall be disappointed and many shall be made happy. It's to your interest to come.

PROWSE BROS., The Wonderful Cheap Men. Charlottetown, Dec. 19, 1894—4 t

TO YOU, DEAR READER, WE WISH—A Happy and Prosperous New Year! Begin it well by saving money. You wear Shoes, of course! Become a customer of ours, and see what money you will have saved by the end of 1895.

Yours for Footwear, A. E. McCAIGREN, THE SHOE MAN, dec 29

CLEARANCE SALE. ST. GEORGE PHARMACY. All our splendid stock must be cleared out before the end of January at 16, 20 and 35 per cent. discount, FOR CASH ONLY.

Accounts due us must be paid in before the end of January. DAVIES' DRUG STORE, Jan 2—dv & wky

CANNED GOODS. LOW PRICES. WE QUOTE: Tomatoes, Corb., 9 cents per can; Peas, 1 gal., 20 " " ; Wax Beans, 2 lb., 18 " " ; Apples, 1 gal., 18 " " ; Strawberries, 2 lb., 18 " " ; Tomato Catsup, 2 lb., 9 " " ; Asst. Jams, 1 lb jars, 20 " " ; " Jellies, 1 lb pails, 20 " " ; " Jams, 7 lb pails, 75 " " ; " 14 lb " 81.45 " " ; Every Can warranted fresh. For Cash only.

SANDERSON & CO. Jan 2

PROVINCIAL TREASURY, Prince Edward Island, 25th June, 1894. Under authority of the Act of last Session, 57 Vic., Cap. 6, the Government of Prince Edward Island is now prepared to receive, from any person or persons, Temporary Loans, at 4 per cent. interest, on call or on such terms as may be agreed upon. This will afford a good opportunity for the investment of large or small sums for short or long periods.

ANGUS McMILLAN, Prov. Treasurer, Jan 25—pat

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

TROUBLE IN NEWFOUNDLAND

A Bread Riot In St. John's

Conflict Between Mob and Police.

Men-of-Warman Patrolling the Streets.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 9.

Disaster prevails here. The unemployed mob burst open the Leg slave buildings here yesterday, demanding relief. The few retailers who were in the building quickly got out.

Later in the day the mob again gathered at the building flying a flag bearing the motto, "Work or bread." The mob made a rush for the doors. Premier Greene appeared on the balcony and made a speech. He promised that employment would be given within three days, and asked the crowd to have patience and confidence in the Government. This did not satisfy the crowd, who told him plainly that they would break into the stores and get food. This threat the mob immediately put into effect. Marching into the city, the rioters made an attack upon the premises of Ed- win Duder, but the crowd found the place empty. They met with similar results in other places. Johnston's store received the mob's attention, and in this establishment a large quantity of provisions was found. Just as they were being carried out, a large force of police appeared on the scene and drove the mob away, after a struggle, during which the police were forced to draw swords in self defence. A body of mounted police arrived shortly afterwards, and the combined force managed to keep the mob at bay till darkness came, when the rioters dispersed. Four of the leaders were arrested. A guard from the warship Tourmaline is doing patrol duty in front of the principal buildings, as it is feared other riots may be attempted.

Meeting of the Cabinet. OTTAWA, Jan. 9. Hon. Mr. Ferguson arrived in the city yesterday and attended yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet. All the ministers were present, except Sir MacKenzie Bowell, Hon. Mr. Olinette, Sir Frank Smith and Dr. Montague.

The Grit Candidate. ANTONIO, Jan. 9. The grits in convention here yesterday, nominated Colin McLean as their candidate for the seat in the federal Parliament made vacant by the death of Sir John Thompson.

Senator Tasse's Condition. MONTREAL, Jan. 9. Senator Tasse has become unconscious and will not last long.

Buy your boots at J. B. Macdonald & Co's. Real grain boots \$1 at Goff Bros. Jan 3 fin.

THE ECHO RINGS TRUE FOR THE 15TH.

The Inspiration of Enterprise.

AN ORIGINAL PROBLEM.

This business is unique. Everybody that knows it all knows that. In the effort to apply original liberal methods, to supply broad-gauge service, to furnish goods for universal wants, we may attempt the impossible, but the problem must be solved.

STOCK-TAKING IS OVER. The following list is a few additions:— LADIES' ULSTERS, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00. LADIES' HEAVY WADDLED CLOAKS, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.75. FUR-LINED CLOAKS, \$6.50, \$7.50 and \$10.00.

No use estimating what the above goods are worth. They must be seen to be bought.

JAMES PATON & CO.

Could you attend to that amount just rendered? If so, it would please us. J. M. McLEOD & CO. Charlottetown, January 7, 1895.

Look This Way. We have decided to sell at a rattling discount the balance of our heavy goods in Meltons, Naps and Friezes. We are bound to sell these all this season.

NOTE.—We have marked those goods down to the lowest possible cash prices, and we do a strictly cash business, as we find it the only sure road to trade. Call at our store when up town. S. A. McDONALD, FASHIONABLE TAILOR. Successor to A. J. Murphy, Queen Street, dec 1

The Big Rush Is On. HAZARD & MOORE'S. OUR STOCK OF HOLIDAY FANCY GOODS Is Going at a Sixty Mile Clip. COME AND GET SOMETHING out of our CHOICE STOCK at such a low price.

Flour is Cheap, Tea is Cheap, Sugar is Cheap, And Everything in the Grocery Line is Cheap. AT McKENNA'S CHEAP GROCERY STORE, QUEEN STREET, CORNER OF DORCHESTER. Charlottetown, November 29, 1894—dy & wy 3m

JUST RECEIVED! E. R. BROW, Agent for P. E. Island. Charlottetown, January 3, 1895.

PHOTOGRAPHY! Superior workmanship, refined finish and moderate prices combine to make these Photos the most satisfactory in Charlottetown to-day. GEO. H. COOK, Corner Queen & Grafton Sts. nov 26—m w f & wy ly

Provincial Loan. Under authority of the Act of last Session, 57 Vic., Cap. 6, the Government of Prince Edward Island is now prepared to receive, from any person or persons, Temporary Loans, at 4 per cent. interest, on call or on such terms as may be agreed upon. This will afford a good opportunity for the investment of large or small sums for short or long periods.

ANGUS McMILLAN, Prov. Treasurer, Jan 25—pat

Garments worth \$16.00, \$15.00 and \$12.50. Now only 11.00, 10.50 and 9.00. Garments worth \$10.75, 9.75 and 8.25. Now only 7.75, 6.75 and 6.75. Garments worth \$ 6.00, \$ 5.00 and \$ 4.10. Now only 4.25, 3.50 and 3.00.

Special Low Prices on FUR CAPES, FUR COLLARS AND MUFFS. STANLEY BROTHERS.

Great Sale of Ladies' Jackets and Capes. NEVER BEFORE. has such surprising bargains been shown; every garment is thoroughly in touch with the latest vogue, handsome, serviceable and stylish. Therefore be prudent and purchase with celerity, as such another opportunity will not occur again this season.

STANLEY BROTHERS. STANLEY BROTHERS.