

them, took a number of bullocks, and brought them into their entrenchments."

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL.

A letter received in Paris from Calcutta, of the 31 September, states that Sir Colin Campbell had left that city on the preceding day for Allahabad, where he proposed to establish his headquarters.

THE REBELS IN DELHI FIGHTING AMONG THEMSELVES.

From Delhi we receive cheering intelligence: the insurgents had commenced fighting among themselves, and the King had transmitted a secret message to Mr. Colvin, offering to give in, provided he was replaced in a position he occupied before the revolt. It is to be hoped that this offer was rejected with scorn, but the Government have acted so strangely on so many occasions, that no act of theirs would surprise the public. It is believed that the final assault upon the imperial city will not be much longer delayed. Sir Colin Campbell, it is rumoured, has sent orders to make short work of them, and General Wilson is not the man to retard the execution of such an order a single hour. In connection with the siege of Delhi it may be stated that Mr. Greathead, late Commissioner of Meerut, had received instructions to try and ascertain from the wounded Sepoys or deserters the real cause of the revolt. In every case the reply was the same—"the cartridge." As evidencing the opinions of the natives themselves on the subject, the following distich, composed by the King of Delhi, who was always proud of his pretensions to be ranked as a poet, may be quoted:—"The mighty English, who boast of having subdued Roosa and Iran, have been vanquished in India by a single cartridge."

LORD CANNING'S REFUSAL TO PROCLAIM MARTIAL LAW.

A question which the Governor-General and his Council have had to decide, was, whether martial law should be proclaimed throughout the Bengal Presidency. A petition had been sent to him, calling his attention to the want of police, and the necessity for taking such a step. To this his lordship replies, that the substitution of courts martial for that of the ordinary courts of justice, would "be accompanied with much private inconvenience, uncertainty and hardship, and he is not aware of any commensurate public gain." Martial law will not, therefore, be proclaimed.

SAFETY OF THE LUCKNOW GARRISON.—REBELLION AT BHOPAL.—COMMERCIAL CRISIS.

The Calcutta mail brings accounts to the 30th September. The waters of the Ganges and the Jumna are higher than ever. The excessive rains render the march of the troops very difficult. The enemy was entrenched before Cawapore, on the banks of the river. Cawapore and Lucknow were provisioned for a month. At Agra the opium depot had been fortified, and had received supplies of troops and cannon. A report was current that dissensions existed among the besieged in Delhi. The Governor of Calcutta had permitted the usual processions at the feast of the Mohurrum, but the attitude of the Mussulmans was such that it became necessary to station the volunteers, with some guns, in the various public places. The Mohurrum passed over quietly in every part of India. Lord Canning had refused to comply with the request of the people of Calcutta, that he would proclaim martial law. The mutineers inside Delhi only numbered 17,000 men, of whom one-fourth were cavalry. On the 30th of August, before Delhi, some of the enemy's breastworks were taken between the Sammy-house and the town. All in the camp are elated at the prospect of offensive operations. The Gwalior Contingent had deposed the Maharajah Scindia, and placed a Prince of the Delhi family on the throne.

The Alma brings dates from Calcutta of the 10th September; Madras, 15th September; Point de Galle, 27th September; and Aden, 30th September. The news from the North-west Provinces is not later than that received via Bombay. When the Alma passed Galle H.M. ships Penelope and Cleopatra, with troops on board, had reached that place, and 2,500 troops were reported to have already arrived at the Mauritius.

The safety of the garrison of Lucknow was looked upon as perfectly secured. Intelligence, dated Lucknow, September 2, had been transmitted by Gen. Neill. A second successful sortie had been made, two guns captured, and a large quantity of provisions brought into the fort.

It is stated that the troops at Bhopal have rebelled. The Begum, who continues friendly, had already sent away the Europeans in safety.

The Bank of Bengal refuses to make advances against Government paper or bills having more than 30 days to run.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND MEN BEFORE DELHI.—DOOM OF THE CITY. Our latest accounts from Delhi extend to the 26th August. The Punjab reinforcements, mentioned in last message, reached camp on the 14th August, and more recently an auxiliary force of about 2,000 men from Cashmere has marched to join the force. It is expected to do good service. A new siege train from Ferozepore is expected by the end of August, and the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab calculates that, by the middle of this month, the force before Delhi will be little short of 15,000. This estimate may be somewhat too high. There has been the usual skirmishing, with the same result. The troops in good health and spirits. Wounded doing well. Supplies abundant. It is said that some overtures have been made by, or on behalf of, the King. They will not be entertained. The garrison have been levying contributions in the neighbourhood.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

MURDER, ROBBERY AND ARSON.

SHOCKING AFFAIR ON THE BLACK RIVER ROAD.—TWO HOUSES DESTROYED, AND SIX LIVES LOST!—Much excitement was occasioned in this City yesterday morning on the arrival of the intelligence, that the premises of Mr. Robert McKenzie, about 10 miles distant, on the Black River Road, had been consumed by fire on Saturday 24th ult., and that all the inmates, six in number, consisting of Mr. McKenzie, his wife and four children, had perished. Those who visited the scene of conflagration on Sunday morning had their suspicions aroused, and at once suspected that it was the diabolical act of some miscreants, who had first murdered the inmates, and then set fire to the premises, in order to hide all traces of their guilt—the object being robbery, as Mr. McKenzie was thought to keep a considerable amount of money in his house.

We learn from Wm. Hawks, Esq., of Black River, who visited the ruins on Sunday, that from appearances there is no doubt but the inmates were destroyed, as he made a partial examination of the ruins, and discovered in the fire-place the remains of Mrs. McKenzie and one of the children. The chimney had fallen down and covered their bodies, and when the bricks were cleared away, it was evident that the bodies had been thrown there, together, no doubt, with those of the other children. The blackened remains of Mr. McKenzie were found amid the ruins of another house owned by him, situated some distance from his dwelling, and which was appropriated to his hired men, but was empty at the time. It had been occupied during the week by a young man named George Leet, and a strange man who gave his name as Williams. The latter, who is supposed to have been concerned in the awful deed, had only been hired a few days before, and left on Friday morning for the City, to take, as he said, his wife down. Leet left on Saturday evening to go to West Beach, about five miles distant, to spend the Sabbath with his friends.

One circumstance connected with this shocking affair, and

which points strongly to its having been the work of some miscreants, is, that the farm house where Mr. McKenzie's remains were found, was so far from his dwelling that it was impossible that sparks could have communicated to it from that quarter. A barn was situated between them, containing hay and cattle, which was uninjured.

Messrs. Robison and O'Hare, the next neighbours of Mr. McKenzie, were the first to discover the calamity, and immediately sent word to Squire Hawkes, who at once started for the spot, accompanied by several of the neighbours, and who afterwards sent for Leet, and brought him into town yesterday morning. He gave a description of Williams, and also of two other men who had been hanging about the premises for several days, and who had excited his suspicions. It is thought that the villains left yesterday morning in the steamer Admiral. Telegraph despatches were afterwards forwarded, describing their appearance, &c.

There is no doubt that the bloody deed was committed early on Saturday night, as persons at a distance observed the light about 10 o'clock. What appears conclusive in the matter is, that the door of the iron safe was open and the key in the lock.

Another important circumstance connected with the affair, is, that the remains of Mr. McKenzie were found in his farm house. He must have got the alarm, and escaped to this building, where he was no doubt pursued and murdered, and the house afterwards set on fire. Circumstances may shortly transpire which will lead to something more definite respecting this deplorable affair.—St. John News Brunswick Oct. 20.

The St. John Courier, of the 31st ult., has a lengthy article in reference to this fearful tragedy, from which we make the following extract:—

The principal evidence before the Coroner on the adjourned inquest, was that of a little boy, a son of Slavin's, about ten years of age, which, if his statements can be credited, leaves no doubt about the guilt of the parties suspected. It appears that Williams, alias Breen, &c., was at Slavin's house on Sunday, and came into town on Sunday evening, where he slept all night, and went out to Slavin's again on Monday morning, after which he and the two Slavins, father and son, went into the woods where they have since remained in hiding. This was elicited from the evidence of several parties besides that of the little boy, but the principal light was thrown on the affair by that of the latter in regard to what took place at Slavin's on Saturday night and Sunday, after the fire. The amount of this was, that late on Saturday night his father, Patrick Slavin, brother of the same name, and Breen, alias Williams, &c., returned to Slavin's, after having been absent from forenoon, that they brought a bag with them containing apparently clothes and heavy articles, that they washed their hands and held a good deal of whispering and mysterious talking, and had a long purse, a pocket book, a watch, and money in their possession. He also said that next morning the three in question went into the bushes near the house, and disposed of the bag and its contents, and that at a later hour of the day he saw them counting and dividing the money. And on a re-examination, he further stated that he heard them on the Saturday night, after their return, speak about seeing the light still burning when they came into the house, and about how the murder and robbery was effected, particularizing the part each took in the transaction. In several particulars, such as the description of a purse that Breen had, and the fact of the young Slavin having a number of sovereigns in his possession on the Sunday afternoon, the boy was fully corroborated by other evidence as to leave no doubt on the minds of the jury about the guilt of the parties.

A good deal of the evidence taken before the Coroner seemed more with a view to aid the police in finding traces of the guilty parties, than such as pertained essentially to an inquest, an assumption of the functions of the police magistrates, the propriety of which in a public court where hundreds were hourly crowding out and in, seems very questionable. At least in this case there can be little doubt but intelligence of what was doing in the inquest room was speedily conveyed to the hiding place of the fugitives, notwithstanding the Coroner's attempt to such being the case, by prohibiting the publication of the evidence in the morning papers.

By evidence given yesterday shortly before the closing of the inquest, the police were enabled to secure the whole three persons implicated in the murder. They were found in a temporary shelter of boughs and birch bark made up in the woods, about half a mile from the house of a man of the name of Haggerty, situated on what is known as the four mile road, above Patrick Brown's, and about ten miles from the house of Slavin, and seventeen from the city. They were discovered to be there by the evidence of Haggerty and his son, who were brought into town on Thursday evening, and who had been supplying them with food, coverings, and information of what was going on, and the police had twice been at Haggerty's house, and within half a mile of them.

The public mind has been intensely excited with this tragic affair during the whole week, and last night when the culprits were brought in there was a little risk of Lynch law being executed on them by the infuriated mob at the Watch-door. Much dissatisfaction was felt and expressed by the public in the early part of the week at the supineness of the people residing near McKenzie's, for not having given earlier notice to the city authorities, and for the last day or two to the Executive for not overstepping the boundaries of red-tapeism and at once offering a reward for the apprehension of the guilty parties. The feeling on both these points will likely soon die out now that they are arrested, but had they escaped, the charges might have become serious. The inquest terminated last night in a verdict of "wilful murder" against Breen and the two Slavins.

No resistance was offered by the men when found, nor do they appear to have had any fire-arms or other weapons. They seemed thoroughly beat out and cowed by their situation, and exposure to such a continuance of wet and cold. The police were led to their place of concealment by the younger Haggerty, with much reluctance, which was not unnatural, the elder Haggerty being married to a sister of the elder Slavin. The younger Slavin made a slight attempt to run away, but was easily frightened to come back, and afterwards took the police to where a good deal of the booty was concealed, which they last night brought into town. All three men are committed to day for trial on Coroner's warrant.

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.—On Monday, the 26th inst., an Inquest was held before Stafford Benson, Esq., Coroner, on the body of Ellen Bride, who was found suspended on a tree in Delaney's Pasture, on Sunday morning. It appeared in evidence that the deceased had quarrelled with her husband on the Saturday previous, and in a fit of passion had committed the fatal act. She was a woman of ungovernable temper, and had on several occasions threatened her husband with self-destruction. The Jury after mature deliberation, brought in a verdict of Felo-de-se.

She has left five children, including one of two months old, depending on her for subsistence.—Miranichi Gleamer.

WRECKS AT RICHIBUCTOU.—The Norwegian bark Louise, loading in the roadstead of Richibuctou, broke from her anchorage, and ran ashore during the late gale, and is a total wreck. The crew was saved with much difficulty through the noble daring of John Bell and Edward Moore, seamen belonging to the steamer Enterprise, which the proprietors, Messrs. Holderness & McLeod, sent down to render assistance. The seamen above alluded to, volunteered to proceed to the wreck in the life boat of the steamer, and after much toil and peril, succeeded in rescuing the crew. We understand much credit is due to these men for the manner in which they risked their lives in the cause of humanity, and we hope the people of Richibuctou will bestow on them some mark of respect.

During the same gale the schooner Maria, Odell, from

Quebec, with a general cargo, and consigned to Messrs. Gilmore, Rankin & Co. at this port, ran ashore inside the bar at Richibuctou. We have not learned the state of the vessel or cargo.

The brigantine Maria Louise, Ferrier, from Quebec, with a general cargo, bound to this port, and consigned to various parties, got ashore outside the bar at Richibuctou, during the same gale. The vessel we learn is a total wreck. The crew of both vessels succeeded in reaching the shore.—Id.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The annual session of the Grand Division of Prince Edward Island, was held at the Division Room, Temperance Hall, on Thursday, the 29th of October. An unusually large number of Representatives were in attendance, and the most lively interest characterized the proceedings on the occasion. The following Worthy Brothers were duly elected Officers of the Body for the ensuing year, viz:—John P. Tanton, G. W. P.; John Bowers, G. W. A.; Samuel Prowse, G. S.; Benjamin Williams, G. T.; William F. Morris, G. C.; John Pickard, National Division.—Hon. Dr. Young, Rev. D. Fitzgerald and C. J. Burnett, John Arbuckle, J. B. Cooper, J. T. Fildwell, W. Heard, J. W. Morrison, P. G. W. P.; J. P. Tanton, G. W. P.; W. B. Dawson, W. C. Trowan, W. Sanderson, John Rider, P. G. W. A.; John Bowers, G. W. A.; and P. Desbrisay, P. G. S.—Com.

New Advertisements.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

The Prince Edward Island

ALMANAC FOR 1858,

Will be issued from the Office of The People's Journal on or before Tuesday, November 10. Price 9d. A liberal discount made to wholesale dealers. Terms—cash on delivery. All orders promptly attended to. Nov. 9, 1857.

CARD.

THE subscriber in returning thanks to the public for the patronage bestowed upon him whilst in business, wishes to announce to his customers, and the public generally, that he has rented the shop lately occupied by Mr. G. W. Millner, (Millner's Building, Great George-street), and trusts, by punctuality to business, to meet a continuance of favour.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PICTURE-FRAME GILDING, PLAIN AND DECORATIVE PAPER HANGING, CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH PAINTING, performed at short notice and on reasonable terms. Ch. Town, Nov. 9, 1857. Edw. MARTIN.

NOTICE.

THE Tenants of Sir G. Graham Montgomery, Bart., James F. Montgomery, Robert Montgomery, William Montgomery and G. F. Montgomery, Esquires, on Townships Nos. 34, 51 and 59, are hereby notified that T. HEATH HAYLAND, of Charlottetown, Barrister-at-Law, has been duly appointed the Agent of the aforesaid Proprietors to manage their aforesaid Estates. The said Tenants are therefore requested to pay all arrears of rent without delay to the said T. Heath Hayland, at his Office in Peake's Buildings. Nov. 9, 1857. 1st Im T. HEATH HAYLAND.

To Let,

THAT new and commodious two story DWELLING HOUSE on King's Square, and immediate possession given, enquire of the owner next door. WILLIAM BUTCHER. Ch. Town, Nov. 9, 1857. (all papers 1 month.)

Grand Piano Forte.

FOR sale by the subscriber at his Sale Room:—1 very fine and well-toned PIANO FORTE. November 9, 1857. JAMES MORRIS.

Jeffery's Family Ointment.

THIS article is an invaluable, certain and speedy remedy for all sorts of external inflammation, such as Indurated Eyes, Burns, Scalds, Blisters, Abscesses, Piles, Fistula, Coughs, Hemorrhoids, Ulcers and Fever Sores, Erysipelas, Ring Worms, Comp. All Throat Affections, Asthma, Broken Breasts and Sore Nipples, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Scarcie Fever, Rheumatism, Scrofula and Scalp Diseases, Sprains and Breach, Kidney Affections and Pleurisy, Warts, and Corns, Felons and In-growths, he is stings and bites of insects, Restoration of Hair, Freckles and Tan, Inflammation of the Bowels, Scratches in Horses and sore teats in Cows, and all sorts of Fresh Wounds. This Ointment acts directly upon the parts affected, but where there is no inflammation it will produce no effect. Remember, price is only Twenty five cents a box. Each box contains twice as much as ever sold by proprietors of any similar medicine for that price. In severe cases use it free and frequently. M. S. Burt & Co., 1 Cornhill, Boston, General Agents. Sold by M. W. SKINNER, Charlottetown. Charlottetown, November 9, 1857. 6m.

Notice.

THE Subscriber, in introducing himself to the citizens of Charlottetown, and the inhabitants of the Island generally, begs to announce that he has commenced business as a TAILOR, in DESBRISAY'S BUILDINGS, next door to the Monitor office, and is now prepared to execute all orders with promptitude that may be entrusted to him; and having confidence that his experience in the business will prove satisfactory to the public, having served his apprenticeship in one of the principal cities of British North America, and having likewise received his knowledge of cutting from one of the best mechanics of this city. He would also state that having had the honor for the last 3 years of working for some of the most respectable individuals of this city, he has no hesitation in offering his services to a discerning public, confident that he will give satisfaction, both as regards style and price, to those who may favor him with their patronage. All orders from the country will be strictly attended to with neatness and despatch. And having received the latest fashions from the United States, gentlemen wanting their work done up in the first style, are respectfully solicited to give him a call. P. CLONEY. Upper Queen-street, Oct. 19, 1857. 1m

THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS wanted immediately, who must be capable of finishing their work in first-rate style. Liberal wages will be given. Also.—The subscriber is now prepared to give instructions in CUTTING. Young men wishing to learn this particular branch are requested to give him a call. Hours—from 8 till 10, on Tuesday and Thursday evenings. P. CLONEY. Ch. Town, Nov. 9, 1857.

At Saint Eleanor's.

FOR SALE by Auction on TUESDAY, the 17th day of November next, at the hour of 11 o'clock, on the premises of the subscriber, by Mr. Geo. ANDERSON—

THE LEASEHOLD INTEREST OF HIS FARM, consisting of 80 acres of land, 30 of which are under cultivation, the remainder consists of Hard and Soft-wood, together with a comfortable two storey Dwelling House, a Barn 62 feet in length, Out-houses, &c., all of which have been erected within the last two years. There is a Brook running through the whole length of the farm, and an abundance of black mud. It fronts the Main Road to Charlottetown; is a mile and a half from the St. Eleanor's Court House, and the same distance from Summerside.

ALSO, the Freehold of a Marsh which cuts annually 20 tons of Hay,—with Live Stock, Farming Implements, Hay, &c. Terms made known the day of sale. St. Eleanor's, Nov. 2, 1857. 3w JAS. WIGGINS.

Keep your money on the Island!

DIXON'S CLOTH MILL.

THIS MILL being now in first-rate order—several recent improvements having been made—the proprietor is enabled to turn out Cloth with despatch, and equal in finish to any Establishment in the Provinces. Cloth left with the Agents will be forwarded weekly by mail, and quickly returned. JOHN DIXON. St. Peter's, Sept. 28, 1857. 1m

AGENTS.—Charlottetown, George T. Hazard, Georgetown, Messrs. Owen & Moore, St. Andrew's, Patrick Griffin, St. Peter's, William Sterns.

New Advertisements.

Extensive Sale of Horses, Carriages, Sleighs, Harness, &c.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Livery Stables of Mr. MARK BUTCHER, King-square, the following stock of HORSES, &c., viz:—

- 1 very superior Blood MARE, 6 years old
- 1 do do do 7 years old
- 6 other HORSES, (good travellers)
- 4 single sets HARNESSES, (brass mounted)
- 4 do do (black mounted)
- 1 double sett do (brass mounted)
- 2 do do (black mounted)
- 1 Tandem Sett Harness
- 2 Brass Collars
- 1 sett Cart Harness,
- 5 single Sleighs and Furs, (complete)
- 1 Hooded Sleigh, (new)
- 2 single Sleighs, (latest style, quite new)
- 1 do do steel shod
- 3 double-seated Sleighs
- 1 close Sleigh, (for four or six persons)
- 2 American Hooded Buggies
- 2 double-seated Wagons
- 3 single-seated do
- 1 close Carriage,

Also, several articles second-hand FURNITURE, with a variety of other articles. TERMS.—All sums under £5, cash; from £5 to £10, 3 months; £10 to £30, 6 months; over £30, 12 months on approved Joint Notes. Nov. 5, 1857 (all pa.) Wm. DODD, Auctioneer.

For the benefit of all concerned.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the

Hull Spars, Sails, Standing and Running Rigging, of the Brig "NESTOR," 209 tons, iron-kneed and copper-fastened, John Stewart, master, and from Carlisle, and bound to Miramichi, where she now lies stranded on Cavendish Sand Island, opposite Lot 11; together with Paint, Oil, 1 Patent Signal Lamp, 140 Tons Newcastle Coals, a lot of small Cham and Rafting Dogs, 2 Ship's Bots, 2 Harness Casks, 100lb. Sugar, 70lb. Coffee, 15lb Tea, 500lb Ssa Bisuit, and numerous other articles of sea stock; 1 Patent Timber Winch, 1 Medicine Chest, containing 40 Bottles Medicine, 4 Pots Ointment, Scales, Weights and Measures for sale. 1 Code Marryat Signals (new), Ship's Colours, &c., 1 Deep Sea Lead and Line, Log Line and Reel, 2 Sand Glasses, 3 Compasses, 1 Kedg Anchor, 1 Warp, 1 large Ship's Bell, 1 small do., and a quantity of other articles too numerous to mention. Lot 11, Nov. 2, 1857. JAMES KILBRIDE, Broker.

New Goods!

EXTENSIVE AND WELL-SELECTED ASSORTMENT of Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Sole Leather, Indigo, Brooms, Brandy, Spirits, &c. To be sold by Auction, on TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, 24th and 25th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the subscriber's Sale Room, Queen-street, a large assortment of BRITISH MERCHANDISE, in part, viz:—

Grey and white Cottons, striped Shirtings, blue and fancy Prints, Cotton Warp, Bed Ticks, Lining Cottons, Cloths, Doeskins, Coatings, Orleans, Coburgs, Delaines, Fur Caps, Fur Gloves, Victorines, Cuffs, &c.; Coats, Trousers, Jackets, Vests, Hats, Caps, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, white, brown and black Thread, &c., &c.

Also—Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Sole Leather, Indigo, Brooms, Soap, Candles, Brandy, Spirits, Alcohol, Stoves, &c. TERMS.—£10, 3 months; £25, 4 months; £50, 6 months; £100 and upwards, 9 months' credit will be given upon approved Joint Notes of Hand. Nov. 9, 1857. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

Notice.

THE Prince Edward Island Jockey Club will meet at the Agricultural Hall, Globe Hotel, on the first MONDAY in every month. The Committee of Management will meet at 7 o'clock, and a general meeting of the Club at 8 o'clock, p. m. By order, JAMES COLES, Secretary & Treasurer. Ch. Town, Nov. 9, 1857. 1st Im

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has received, per late arrivals, an Extensive and Well-assorted Importation of BRITISH and AMERICAN

Merchandise,

comprising DRY GOODS of the newest style and description, amongst which are elegant assortments of Ladies' DRESSES, MANTLES, Shawls, Ribbons, Gloves, Cloths, Flannels, Blankets, Ready-made Clothing, &c. Also, a select STOCK of

Groceries,

the whole of which is offered to purchasers, at extremely low prices, for cash only. THOMAS KELLY, Queen-street, Charlottetown, Nov. 9, 1857.

CALL AND SEE the finest assortment of FURNITURE in the city, consisting in part of

PARLOR AND CABINET FURNITURE, Handsomely finished chamber sets; large and small Mirrors; CHAIRS of all descriptions and qualities, of the best material; Mahogany, Black Walnut and Marble Top TABLES; Sofas, Lounges, Bureaus, Secretaries, Music Stools, Centre, Extension, Card and Fancy Work Tables; a fine variety of Bedsteads, French, &c.; Mattresses, Feather Beds, &c. &c.

Parties wishing to purchase will please call at this Establishment before purchasing elsewhere, as the subscriber will warrant every article, and sell cheaper than any other in the city. GEORGE DOUGLASS. Kent-street, adjoining the residence of Hon. G. Coles. Charlottetown, Nov. 9, 1857. w.

Large and Extensive Sale of

BRITISH Manufactured and other GOODS, Tea, Crushed Sugar, Molasses, Soap, Spices, &c., just arrived, per "AURORA" and "MAJESTIC," from Liverpool, and other recent arrivals.

BY A. H. YATES.

To be sold by Auction on TUESDAY, 10th day of November next, at the subscriber's Store, Great George-street, commencing at 11 o'clock:—

150 Packages of Manchester and London GOODS, comprising a well-selected Stock of grey and white Cottons, Striped Shirtings, Orleans, Coburgs, Lustras, Rolled Linings, Casbans, Tickings, Cotton Warp, fancy and other Prints, Braces, Threads, Blankets, black, blue and brown Broad Cloths; Beavers, Whiteings, and fancy Cloths for Over-coats; black and fancy Doeskins in variety, Cotton Handkerchiefs, wool and filled long Shawls and Squares; Velvets, cotton and silk; black and colored Gros de Naple and Glacie Silks, with various other articles, imported expressly for wholesale, and can be strongly recommended to Country and City dealers.

- 50 Chests choice TEA,
- 10 Bbls. Crushed Sugar,
- 2 Cwt. Black Pepper,
- 4 Cwt. Whiting,
- 10 Puncheons Muscovado Molasses,
- 50 Boxes Liverpool Salt,
- 5 Tons Round Iron, 8 and 1,
- 10 Cwt. Cut Nails,
- 3 Cwt. Currants,
- 10 Crates assorted EARTHENWARE, &c.

TERMS.—£10 and up to £30, 3 months; £30 and up to £50, 4 months; £50 and upwards, 6 months. Approved Joint Notes required. Oct. 19, 1857. H. HASZARD.