

The N. Y. Herald's Havana special says: The whole island is excited. A telegram from the American consul, asking that a few United States war vessels be sent there, was refused transmission over the wires.

A woman was recently charged at the Lambeth Police Court, London, with having killed her little boy seven years of age. The deceased, who was sitting at tea, had been guilty of some slight misconduct, when the mother, in a moment of passion, threw a table knife at him. The knife entered his side, and in a short time the child died.

A CREDITABLE ACT.—Gen. Grant's refusal of a public reception on his return to Washington from the West, we must say, reflects infinite credit upon that gentleman. That refusal was in the most excellent taste. It indicated a magnanimous unwillingness to parade the triumph of the North over the South. It suggests the hope that Grant really desires the restoration of fraternal feeling between the hostile sections of the Union.

It is reported that the Provisional Government of Spain has ordered the immediate restoration of the steamship Tornado, with payment of damages to the owners, and compensation to the crew on account of their imprisonment by the late Government. It is stated at the same time that this act of justice is due to Gen. Prim.

The Roman Catholics of London are to erect a cathedral which will be the most spacious and attractive in the world. It is to be a memorial of the late Cardinal Wiseman. The ground on which it is to be built cost \$260,000. This will be the first recognized Roman Catholic Cathedral in England since the days of Queen Mary.

Among the wealthy foreign residents of Paris are fifty negro and mulatto families who hold intercourse with a great many aristocratic French families on terms of perfect equality. M. Pontechery, a wealthy negro from Port-au-Prince, lives with his family in one of the finest houses on the Chaussee d'Antin, keeps half a dozen white servants and was invited last winter to all of M. Roucher's parties.

An Ottawa despatch of the 5th inst. says that no decision will be arrived at relative to the portion of the Intercolonial line in New Brunswick between the Province Line and Shediac, until the return of the Minister of Public Works from England.

A difficulty has arisen between the Austrian Government and the Tyrol. The Diet of the Province rejected the Government School Bill, whereupon the Diet was closed and an intimation given that the present Government reserved the right for enforcing the new law.

The Montreal Gazette says the reason why Quebec and Ontario have such a surplus of revenue over expenditure, is that the local assessments, through municipal institutions, pay for their roads and bridges and education.

A woman in Leipzig, in anger, broke the heads of her five children with a hammer, because her husband scolded her.

An Archbishop and five new Bishops have just been appointed for Mexico by the Pope.

A fire in Montreal on the 27th ult., destroyed property to the value of \$48,000.

The Swedes are population, Kansas. One party is purchasing 26,000 acres.

Ladies are flogged if they wear black or grey dresses in Poland.

At Port St. Mary's opposite Cadiz, there is a college for young priests; they were all (twenty-four in number) packed in an open boat and sent adrift by the Spanish revolutionists, but were picked up by a vessel passing.

The debt of the United States, represented by dollar-notes laid out in a straight line, would extend thirty-seven miles round the earth, and is increasing in length at the rate of three thousand seven hundred and twenty-one miles of dollars per month.

In Chicago, during Saturday and Sunday, occurred two suicides, one in suicide, two deaths by drowning, one man killed by cars, half a dozen severe but not fatal accidents, one highway robbery and nine burglaries.

The Roman Catholics of Sarnia have given up their separate school. After a few months trial they found that they paid more and the children were not as well educated as those in the common schools.

Minister Romero writes from Mexico that the political affairs of that country continue to improve. The people are really tired of war and earnest in their support of the Government.

The Spanish revolution will cost the Pope the sum of \$13,000 sterling per year. This was the amount of subsidy sent to his Holiness, under Isabella's regime.

A vigilance committee recently hanged a man for murder, in Iowa, before the victim had died. It is now said that the victim is likely to recover.

A man in London kept the body of his dead daughter in the house seventeen days, until he could get up a raffle to pay the funeral expenses.

A young gambler at Hamburg staked 260,000 francs, and his blonde hair turned gray while the deal was made. But he won.

The King of Siam has twenty-nine sons and thirty-three daughters, by thirty-five wives. An interesting family.

A man in Leipzig was sent to prison for breach of promise of marriage with 141 wives. Oh, the wretch!

J. M. Johnson, Esq., M. P. P. for Northumberland, died at his residence in Chatham, N. B., on the 9th.

Mr. Cunard, the Boston Traveler says, has declined to restore his mail steamers to that port.

The Massachusetts Homeopathic Society pronounces against the use of butter.

Victor Emmanuel is writing the memoirs of his reign. They will be interesting.

Bellevue Hospital, Richmond, Va., was destroyed by fire on the 18th inst.

There were five murders last week in a single county of New Hampshire.

The Irish Church revenues reach the pretty total of £881,000.

In the city of Marseilles a man lived on bad terms with his wife. One day, while waiting for his dinner, he remarked that flies fell dead on touching his bowl of soup. Without saying a word he changed the bowl, giving his wife the one she had placed for him. Before long the acute sufferings of his better half convinced him that he had narrowly escaped being poisoned.

Ben. Butler, our readers are aware, has been elected for the Fifth Congressional District in Massachusetts, over his opponent, Mr. Dana. The Boston Daily Advertiser, one of the most respectable Republican papers published in the United States, has the following in regard to the election, and the opinion entertained of him by his own party:—

General Butler has gained an apparent advantage over all opposition,—the machinery which worked so well in the caucus carrying him safely through the election. The result is disgraceful and deplorable, both because it continues in the public service a man notoriously unfit to be trusted, and because it reveals such wide spread servility to caucus dictation put forth in its worst possible form. It shows who have aided this result are satisfied with their exploit and their prize, those who have existed in his good faith and public decency certainly ought not to complain. The advantage gained by this defiance of the sense of republicans throughout the country is apparent only; the real success is with those who, with nothing to gain personally, and in the face of an overbearing public opinion, were willing to stand by their principles if only to protest against the outrage that was done to them. General Butler brought into the canvass a style unknown to the present generation in Massachusetts, the manners of the plantation, and the morals of the police court, the effect of which is doubtless as surprising to him as it will be to the country at large. But great as his immediate success has been here, it will in the face of the courageous protest made against him, give him a little prestige before a tribunal where such agencies are estimated at their proper value, and where as he has already learned by an experience which would have been humiliating to any other man, personal triumphs are less easily won.

Tennessee owes a debt of \$28,000,000.

The corn crop of Ohio this year is estimated at 141,000,000 bushels.

One hundred and sixty-six persons have been murdered in Louisiana during the past year.

Montreal is protesting against the payment of school tax.

Easton, Pa., has a young damsel who only weighs five hundred pounds.

A mermaid that eats oranges has been found at the Sandwich Islands.

A Chinese temple has been built in Portland, Oregon, where idol-worship goes on daily.

The Queen of Portugal, Victor Emmanuel's daughter, is crazy.

General Butler has been elected for Congress by a majority of about 6,000. John Morrissy is elected by 11,000.

The sum of \$2,000 has been presented to the successful owners of New Brunswick, by the citizens of St. John N. B.

It is reported that Capt. Hammond of the steamer Margretha Steenson is to receive the appointment to the command of the Government steamer La Canadienne, vacant by the death of Capt. Tott.

DEPARTURE OF REV. C. M. GRANT.—We sincerely regret to learn by the Witness this morning that this worthy and estimable clergyman is shortly to leave here for India, where he is to labor in connection with the Mission of the Church of Scotland. Mr. Grant will carry with him the best wishes of this community.—H. Express.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

The Halifax Reporter says that Messrs. Annand and Melville have been to New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of a Union of the Maritime Provinces. If these gentlemen were here on such an errand, they must have been very confidential in their communications. The day for such a Union, we fear has gone by. It would hardly be safe for this Island to accede to the principle of a Union of the Maritime Provinces, as it would no doubt be taken hold of by designing politicians as a lever to pry us bodily into the jaws of the Dominion.—Pat.

Presbytery of P. E. Island.

This Presbytery met in Covehead Church on the 9th inst.

The Rev. P. G. McGregor, of Halifax, agent of the Church, and the Rev. G. W. Stewart of St. Peter's Road, (Kirk) being present were invited to carry on.

The first business before the Court was the hearing of Mr. Lawson's trial for ordination, he being under call to Murray Harbor. These trials were unanimously sustained, and his ordination appointed to take place on the second Wednesday in January 1869. The ordination was postponed to this date on account of the present difficulty of travelling. Mr. Lawson was instructed in the meantime to commence his labors in the congregation.

A letter was read from the Rev. A. Fraser, stating that he had carried out the appointment of Presbytery, and moderated in a call at Lot 14, which called him to carry on in favor of Mr. R. Cumming, probationer. The call was placed upon the table, and Mr. Harkness appeared as Commissioner in its support. It was sustained as a regular gospel call, and the clerk was instructed to forward it to Mr. Cumming. Trials for ordination were assigned in the event of Mr. Cumming's accepting the call.

A communion cation was submitted from Rev. T. Duncan of Charlottetown, bearing upon the effort now being put forth to disturb the present system of education, and stating that the Kirk Presbytery to visit this Presbytery and send matter, but regretting his inability to carry out his appointment. The Rev. Mr. Stewart and Mr. Robertson, Elder (Kirk) were heard advocating united action on the part of all Presbyteries in opposition to the present agitation. The Rev. Mr. Allan stated that he had previously decided to submit a resolution on this subject to the Presbytery, and was pleased to find both Presbyteries about to act in concert in the matter; he then submitted the following resolution, which being seconded by the clerk, was passed unanimously:—

"That the system of schools in operation in this Island is, notwithstanding some defects productive of inestimable benefits, bringing as it does, the means of education within the reach of all.

"That it is entitled to the confidence and support of the whole community, being equally intended and adapted to promote the interests of all, without the partiality and prejudice to the religious views of any.

"That the Presbytery view with any apprehension and even alarm, the demand made, in a recent issue of the Halifax Herald, by the Bishop, for public money to sustain schools intended to be placed exclusively under his control, and in which instruction in the Roman Catholic religion is to form a principal feature. The demand, if acquiesced in, must operate to the destruction of the present just and equitable system, and by consequence place the means of education beyond the reach of great numbers of the population. And no enlightened Protestant can give his sanction to public money for such a purpose without a violation of his conscience, inasmuch as the Roman Catholic religion is antagonistic to the Bible, opposed to the well-being of man, and in all countries where it has the ascendancy, is found to be subversive of civil and religious liberty.

"That the Presbytery view with scarcely less concern, the advocacy of what is called the Denominational system, avowedly in support of the Bishop's demand, by certain influential Protestant Ministers. The system in question has no doubt been in operation in Britain for some time, but only as a compromise to the rivalry and jealousy of sects, is everywhere considered as unsatisfactory, and nearly soon to be abolished in favor of another, approximating in its great features to the one in use among ourselves.

"The Presbytery would therefore in union with their brethren of the Kirk, earnestly appeal to the enlightened conviction and conscience of their people and all sound Protestants, to come forth in this crisis of our country, to the rescue of the public school, in defence of our School System, the birthright of our children, and transmit it to posterity as the noblest inheritance of an earthly description it can bequeath."

The Rev. Mr. McGregor reported that he had been engaged, during the last few weeks, in carrying out the instructions of Synod in the advocacy of the supplementary Fund, within our bounds, that so far he had been enabled to fulfil the appointments of Presbytery, and that he had everywhere met with the same hearty and cordial support, and that he deemed it advisable to postpone his visits to those congregations, not yet overtaken, till some future time. The Presbytery agreed to express their satisfaction with Mr. McGregor's visits, their conviction that they will be productive of much benefit to the church, and their approval of his decision to postpone his visits to the congregations in the eastern part of the Presbytery, for another season, which they will be pleased again to see and welcome him in their midst.

Adjourned to meet in the Church in Murray Harbor South, on the second Wednesday of January 1869, for the ordination of Mr. Lawson, Mr. J. G. Cameron to preach; Mr. McNeill to preside and ordain, Mr. Allan to address the minister, and Mr. Munro the people.

ALEX. FALCONER, Pay. Clerk.

Kirk Presbytery of P. E. Island.

The following is an extract from the minutes of a meeting of the Presbytery of P. E. Island in connection with the Church of Scotland, held at Charlottetown, on Thursday, the 5th inst.—

"After some remarks on the movement now in agitation, for the purpose of effecting serious changes in the system of Education at present established, the Presbytery felt constrained to express their concern at the injurious consequences to the community, certain to ensue, should this agitation unfortunately prove successful.

"It was therefore resolved that in the opinion of this