

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENT

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1888.

VOL. 23.—NO. 70.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by
The Examiner Publishing Co.
From their office, corner of Water and
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,
Prince Edward Island.

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Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.
New Moon 7th day, 2h. 5.5m. p.m., S. W.
First Quarter 14th day, 0h., 31.6m. p.m., E.
Full Moon 21st day, 0h., 7.5m. p.m., N.
(below horizon.)
Last Quarter, 29th day, 10h., 5.5m., a.m., SW

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M	rises	sets	rises	water	len
	h	m	h	m	h
1 Wednesday	4	47	7	25	5 33 1438
2 Thursday	4	48	23	0	16 6 43 35
3 Friday	4	49	2	0	50 7 45 33
4 Saturday	5	1	21	1	35 8 19 30
5 Sunday	5	1	19	2	25 9 25 27
6 Monday	5	1	15	3	10 10 47 22
7 Tuesday	5	1	10	4	29 11 26 19
8 Wednesday	5	1	5	5	38 12 26 17
9 Thursday	5	1	0	6	49 1 17 14
10 Friday	5	1	0	7	2 2 0 4 14
11 Saturday	5	1	0	8	13 3 0 4 11
12 Sunday	5	1	0	9	10 27 1 30 9
13 Monday	5	1	0	10	31 2 4 6
14 Tuesday	5	1	0	11	31 2 4 6
15 Wednesday	5	1	0	12	4 2 4 2 0
16 Thursday	5	1	0	13	16 5 26 1357
17 Friday	5	1	0	14	19 6 54 4
18 Saturday	5	1	0	15	19 6 54 4
19 Sunday	5	1	0	16	1 9 3 49
20 Monday	5	1	0	17	5 6 41 9 50 46
21 Tuesday	5	1	0	18	7 13 10 31 42
22 Wednesday	5	1	0	19	7 13 10 31 42
23 Thursday	5	1	0	20	8 7 11 8 59
24 Friday	5	1	0	21	8 7 11 8 59
25 Saturday	5	1	0	22	9 8 11 8 59
26 Sunday	5	1	0	23	9 8 11 8 59
27 Monday	5	1	0	24	9 8 11 8 59
28 Tuesday	5	1	0	25	9 8 11 8 59
29 Wednesday	5	1	0	26	9 8 11 8 59
30 Thursday	5	1	0	27	9 8 11 8 59
31 Friday	5	1	0	28	9 8 11 8 59

D. A. MACKINNON, L.L.B.,
Attorney, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c.

—HAS OPENED HIS—
Law Office in Georgetown,
King's County,

where he will attend to professional work,
and loan money on Real Estate.
nov25—wky

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RECEIVERS OF
Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS
Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &
Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,
BOSTON, MASS.

—FOR—
B-O-S-T-O-N

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Newport and Portland,
every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at
7.30 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd
class; \$9.50, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to
G. A. SHARP, P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.
P. O. Box 17, or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

May 7, 1888—wed wky

JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE
MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

—AND—
Commission Merchants,
HALIFAX.

Consignments of Island produce will receive
prompt attention.
REFERENCES: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier
Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George
Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia
Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,
TEA MERCHANTS,

71 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINING LANE,
LONDON, ENGLAND.
Represented in Canada by MORRISON &
MUSGRAVE, Halifax.
Oct. 24, 1867—

NOBODY HURT

But the Manufacturers.

\$7,000 WORTH OF READY-MADE CLOTHING,
FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Bought at a Great Sacrifice, and will be cleared out at Slaughter Prices.

—ALSO—
A LOT OF BANKRUPT CLOTHING.

SAMPLE PRICES:
550 suits selling for - - - \$3.75
800 suits " - - - 4.60
750 suits " - - - 5.50

Come straight along for the Best Bargains to
J. B. MACDONALD'S.

Ch'town, June 14, 1888—dy & wky

PERKINS & STERNS.

Seasonable Dry Goods at the Lowest Prices.

Muslins,	Print Cott ns,	Dress Goods,	Flannelettes,	White
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	Cottons,
				CHEAP.
Ginghams,	Parasols,	Umbrellas,	Silk Gloves,	Millinery,
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.
Corsets,	Shirtings,	Ribbons,Laces,	Straw Hats,	White Shirts
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.
Table Linen,	Cloths,Tweeds,	Bed Ticking,	Carpets,Rugs,	Oil Cloths,
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, July 7, 1888.

WALK RIGHT IN,

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,
—TO—

JOHN NEWSON'S FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT,
AND GET BARGAINS.

Largest, Oldest and Best Place in the City.
NEVER IN A DILEMMA!

Can supply you-all, and give you the best value. Sales
daily increasing. No slop work. Furniture as represented.
He does not advertise much, but gives his customers the benefit
of this saving.

Don't forget the place—OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, July 7, 1888.

TRYON WOOLEN MILLS DEPOT,

Cameron Block, Charlottetown Agency.

MR. J. D. REID having given up the above Agency, and sold out his Stock-in-
Trade to us, we give notice that we shall continue the business as a SALES
DEPOT for CLOTHS, TWEEDS, BLANKETS and YARNS of our own manufacture.
MR. R. D. COFFIN will remain in charge.

Wool that has been left with our Agent (J. D. Reid) will be settled for on demand
as well as any other liabilities that he has incurred in connection with said business
We also collect all debts due to him. All imported goods, excepting Cloth and Tailors
Trimnings, will be closed out regardless of cost during the next thirty days.

A large stock of our own manufactures will be kept constantly in stock to ex-
change for Wool at Mill prices. CASH FOR WOOL.
TRYON WOOLEN MILLS DEPOT,
Cameron Block, July 18, 1888—dy & wky

CASH PAID —FOR— WHEAT.

—ALSO—
Flour Exchanged

UP TO AUGUST 15th,
when Mills will close until the New Crop
comes in.

Charlottetown Milling Co.
July 19—61 cod

School for Children.
MRS. J. D. MARTIN has still a few vacancies
in her Morning Class.
Should a sufficient number of Pupils come for-
ward, an Afternoon Class will be formed. These
Classes will continue during the Summer.
For terms, etc., apply at residence, FITZROY
STREET.

CHEAP FLOUR.

A Few Bags Dark Flour
FOR SALE CHEAP FOR FEED.

—AT—
ROLLER MILLS.
July 21—4 cod

"ALL RIGHT!"

ALL RIGHT! after the all Charlottetown from
Monday afternoon till Wednesday morning,
and from Thursday at noon till Saturday morn-
ing of each week; and at Summerside from
Saturday noon until Monday at noon of each
week.
June 1, 1888.

For Liverpool, G. B., Direct.



THE CLIPPER BARKENTINE
EREMA.
—WILL SAIL FROM—

Charlottetown for Liverpool
ABOUT THE 15th AUGUST.

And will carry Lobsters at a low rate of freight.
For particulars apply to the owners,
PEAKE BROS. & CO.
Ch'town, July 26, 1888—cod tf

PIANO, ORGAN, SINGING.

Voice Culture a Specialty.

MR. J. D. MARTIN, Organist and Choirmaster
in St. Paul's Church, is now prepared to
receive pupils in the above branches of Musical
Study. In addition to the above, Mr. Martin
intends forming at an early date a SINGING
CLASS FOR LADIES.
For terms, etc., apply at Residence, FITZROY
STREET, or to Mr. C. P. FLETCHER, Queen
Street.

—1883— BOSTON DIRECT,

—BY THE—
Boston, Halifax and Prince Edward
Island Steamship Line.

THE ONLY DIRECT LINE
WITHOUT CHANGE.
Charlottetown to Boston.

THE staunch and commodious Steamships
CARROLL and WORCESTER, having been
thoroughly re-fitted and put into first-class
condition in every particular, will, during the
season of 1888, run as follows, commencing with
The Carroll, on Saturday, 5th May.

One of these vessels will leave Boston for
Charlottetown every SATURDAY, at noon; and
Charlottetown for Boston every THURSDAY,
at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Excellent Passenger Accommodation! Low
Rates!

PAKES—First-class Passage Berth in well-
furnished Cabin, \$3.50; Stateroom Berth, \$5.50.
Lowest rates for Freight, which is always care-
fully handled.

CARVELL BROTHERS,
AGENTS, CHARLOTTETOWN.
R. B. GARDNER, Manager,
34 WATER AVENUE,
Lewiston, Me., Boston.

Ch'town, May 3, 1888—pat sun jonr

Livery and Exchange Stables,
(Opposite St. Dunstan's Cathedral.)
GREAT GEORGE STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

P. P. GILLIS, - PROPRIETOR.
Horses, Coaches, Buggies, Barouches and open
Wagons on hire daily at all hours.
Telephone on all parts of the city.
may 10—wed

Lord Lansdowne.

AN ADDRESS OF CONGRATULATION ON HIS
NEW APPOINTMENT.

On July 26th Lord Northbrook gave a
dinner party, to which a number of noble-
men and gentlemen were invited to meet
the Marquis of Lansdowne. After dinner
a large number of Indian gentlemen resi-
dent in England were received by Lord
Northbrook, and an address was presented
on their behalf by Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji
to Lord Lansdowne. The address expressed
the most sincere congratulations of the
Indians resident at the present time in the
United Kingdom upon his lordship's ap-
pointment as Viceroy of India. It made
reference to the fact that so far back as
1833 his grandfather interested himself in
the Government of that country, and that
his lordship himself had been connected
with the Government of India for some
time. His lordship's success in the Do-
minion of Canada made them deeply thank-
ful that he had been selected as their
ruler. The progress of the people of India
since 1833 had been marked by their in-
creasing and sincere loyalty to the British
supremacy, and this applied also to the
princes and people of the native states own-
ing allegiance to the paramount power.
Were a foreign foe to assail the Empire,
none would be found readier to defend the
land from invasion than the princes and
people of the native States. They trusted
that the pledges made by the statesmen of
Great Britain with regard to the good
government of India might be redeemed, and
it was their earnest hope that it might be
his lordship's privilege to redeem those
pledges, and thereby to link as in bonds of
triple brass the Indian subjects of the
Queen-Empress with their fellow subjects
in these realms in strong and enduring
loyalty to the monarch and institutions of
Great Britain. It would be the prayer of
many millions that his lordship's period
of rule might be marked by advancement,
prosperity and peace.

The Fate of Gen. Gordon.

A London despatch says: "The arrival
at Zanzibar of two messengers escaped from
captivity at the hands of hostile tribes and
bringing more definite news of Mr. Stanley
than has for nearly a year been accessible,
has quieted the interest felt in the fate of
that intrepid explorer and given his friends
renewed hope that he may yet achieve the
object of his mission, and return safe and
well to be crowned with fresh honors, and
also strengthened their belief that the
"white pasha" reported to be marching
toward Khartoum is none other than he.

Moreover, the allusions of Lupton Bey to
the "Europeans in Khartoum," whose
lives he evinced anxiety to save through
Emin's submission to the order of the new
Mahdi, are held by many to suggest more
than a bare possibility that Gordon may
be found to be one of the Europeans men-
tioned.

The latter theory, however, is entertain-
ed by very few persons other than those
who have steadfastly refused to believe
that that Christian soldier met the fate
which the history of the unfortunate cam-
paign in the Sudan has allotted to him.

Still there is abundant reason to assume
that many Europeans, long mourned as
dead by their friends, are yet alive, and
may ultimately be enabled to reach their
former homes, and there is also ground for
hope that among these may be found
many of Gordon's and even Hick's fol-
lowers.

The hopes and fears aroused by the ar-
rival at Zanzibar of these couriers cannot
fail to give great impetus to the idea ad-
vanced by Tueday Lavignie, Bishop of
Algiers, at Tuesday's meeting of the
Foreign Anti-Slavery Society, of organizing
an expedition of white men to crush the
slave trade in the Sudan, and it is not un-
likely that the expedition will be made
sufficiently strong to enable it to reach
Khartoum and effect the release of the
Mahdi's hostages.

Sewage on the Clyde.

The Duke of Argyll has called attention
in the House of Lords to the very unsatis-
factory state of affairs attending the exca-
vation of the Clyde river channel. This
great work, which has built up Glasgow as
a seaport, has been going on for forty years,
and that time dredging has removed forty
million tons of material, a large portion of
which has been dumped into Lochs Long
and Gail. These being bathing resorts,
have been much injured by the pollution of
the water. The villa residences along the
shores are no longer healthy to live in, and
as for the channel of the Clyde itself, his
Grace says to travel that way is like navigat-
ing a sewer. This latter undesirable
condition is caused by Glasgow sewage, for
which other provision must now be made,
since the evil has attained enormous pro-
portions. From the expressions of press
opinion drawn forth by the Duke's speech,
Glasgow recognizes the importance of the
affair, and is disposed to apply the remedy,
whatever it may cost, by finding some other
way of draining.

Largest Dam in the World.

The largest dam in the world is to be
built across the upper end of the San
Mateo canon, about four miles west of the
village of San Mateo. The dam will consist
of a solid wall of concrete from hillside
to hillside, the measurements being 700
feet long, 175 feet high 175 feet thick at
the base, and 20 feet thick at the top.
The reservoir of which will be formed
by the construction of this dam will have
the enormous capacity of 32,000,000
gallons, and at a future time will be con-
nected with the San Francisco watershed
by a tunnel five miles long.

To the DEAF.—A person cured of Deafness
and noises in the head of 23 years' standing
by a simple remedy will send a description of
it FREE to any person who applies to NICHOL-
SON, 30 St. John Street, Montreal. 4m—m14

STICKY FLY PAPER, "Catch 'Em Alive,"
Wilson's Fly Pad, Insect Powder, at Reddin's
Drug Store. 26—aug10

Captain Doughty

PICKED UP AT SEA IN AN OPEN BOAT IN A
STORM WITHOUT FOOD OR DRINK.

The schr. Mary H. Lewis arrived at
Portland, Me., Aug. 7, from a fishing trip,
and during the trip, one day last week,
rescued Captain Doughty, the bigamist,
who escaped in a boat from the islands a
short time ago, from a terrible fate, that of
starving at sea in an open boat, if he sur-
vived the storm that had been raging at the
time. The particulars are as follows:

Just at the close of the storm, when the
Lewis was some fifty miles to the south-
ward of Seal Island, which lies off the
southern extremity of Nova Scotia, an ob-
ject was seen in the distance tossing on the
waves. From the fluttering of what seemed
to be a signal of distress, it was judged
that the object was a boat, that had either
left a sinking vessel, or had been lost in a
fog and belonged to some fishing vessel.

It was with great difficulty and the ex-
ercise of the greatest caution that the float-
ing object was approached, and that a boat
put out from the lee side of the schooner
and made for the object, which proved to
be a boat some 21 feet in length, and con-
tained three men, a woman and two child-
ren, and had in tow two dories.

The party was in a pitiable condition.
They had left a Nova Scotian port in the
long boat, with goods and chattels, taking
the dories with them, intending to make
another port, when they were overtaken by
the storm, and had every moment expected
to go to the bottom. How they survived
is a miracle. Their provisions were all
spoiled by the salt water that they had
shipped, and which constant bailing had
only kept from swamping them. The
clothing and bedding was saturated, and
the little children were crying and shivering
with cold and hunger and thirst.

Captain Thomas took charge of the boat
and dories, transferred the party to his
schooner, and gave them something to eat
and drink, with dry clothing. Their own
goods were dried for them, and near Mat-
inicus the party was safely landed and their
boats handed over to them. Before leaving
the schooner, and gave them something to eat
and drink, with dry clothing. Their own
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boats handed over to them.

A Suspicious Circumstance.

(St. John Sun.)
The friends of Sir Adams Archibald
would do well to keep a good lookout until
election day. A never failing sign indi-
cates the purpose of the Grits to buy up
the county. The Opposition press of St.
John, Halifax and Truro announce that
the Tories have a large corruption fund. It
has hitherto been found that this announce-
ment is always made when the plan has
been laid for a corrupt Grit caucus. The
immortal member of the party who wrote
the famous private communication inviting
John to "come along and put down bribery
and corruption," adding "we've lots of
money," gave to the literature of this coun-
try a phrase which beautifully embodies
this piece of tactics. The Big Push appeal
asking friends "to come down handsomely"
was written coincidentally with the an-
nouncement of prospective Tory bribery.
Moreover, the most famous of the gallant
band whose special mission has been to de-
nounce the corruption of the Conservatives
have figured in the most striking election
trials in this country. The fact that the
notable expositors of Tory corruption have
been implicated in the worst bribery cases,
and that the exposures have been made
when, as afterwards transpired, the party
of purity was engaged in the most impure
work is not sufficient proof that a bar-
rel has been opened in Truro. But it is a
suspicious circumstance and should put
the friends of Sir Adams on their guard.

A year or two ago an election was going
on in an Ontario constituency. On the eve
of the election an alarm was given from the
reform caucus. It took the form of a cir-
cular announcing the discovery of a Tory
plot, and calling upon the faithful to arrest
the corruptionists. The intention was not
that the advice would be followed, but it
was followed to the letter. Early on election
day the hand of the officer of the peace was
laid upon certain mysterious messengers
who had been leaving sums of money with
the rural electors during the previous night.
The prisoners all turned out to be of the
party of "purity and reform."

Methodists in Newfoundland.

Governor Blake, of Newfoundland, has
been presented with a loyal address by the
members of the Newfoundland Conference
of the Methodist Church, expressing their
attachment to her majesty's throne and per-
son and their respect for the Sovereign's re-
presentative in that colony. The Governor,
in replying, thanked them cordially, declar-
ing his conviction that the ministers of the
Gospel had great influence over the future
of Newfoundland by the effect of their
teachings upon the character of the people.
He added that it was the wish of his wife
and himself to found a branch of the
Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to
Animals, having observed that the brutal
treatment of animals was very common
and should be checked. He asked for the
aid of all in the matter, and especially that
of the children in the schools of the different
denominations be made to take an interest
in the work.

St. John's, Nfld., Aug. 10, 1888.