

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

APRIL 30, 1890.

Notes and Comments.

Sir Charles Russell says the keynote to all future reform is the one man, one vote, principle.

Baron Lobig, the great German chemist, says that "as much flour as can be on the point of a table knife contains as much nutritive constituents as eight pints of the best and most nutritious beer ever made."

Italy's reported intention to reduce its military expenditure is due more to poverty than to good will. Italy is the poorest of the European great powers that have suffered from the war fever, and by all accounts the drain on her resources has been tremendous.

They have prohibition and woman suffrage in South Dakota. But in Sioux City the Mayor has arranged with the saloon-keepers to keep their places open if they pay a fine of \$50 once a month, and in Rapid City, at the municipal elections only the dem-mondians came to the polls.

Commenting upon the Provincial election which is to take place in Ontario on the 29th May—the Empire says:

The gage of battle is thrown down. Conservatives, accept it. Let the ranks be closed up, let every man do his duty, and the fifth day of June next will see the downfall of a most corrupt, incompetent and disorganized Government.

We have a neatly printed catalogue of Guernsey cattle, the property of Mr. E. R. Brown, East View Farm, Charlottetown, R. I. It conveys a short, but excellent, description of the characteristics of the celebrated breed of milkers, and will be perused with interest by those who are engaged in stock-raising.

Mr. Dana, of the New York Sun, one of the ablest newspaper men in America, and Mr. Cleveland are enemies. The Sun's other remarks derogatory to his character, throughout the ex-president's trial to Mr. Dana, as "senile," and characterized his conduct as dastardly, lying, cowardly and contemptible.

Canadians have good reason for watching more closely the needs of the British market. In the month of March 900,000 quarters of Russian wheat were exported. The large receipts of this wheat, the Mark Lane Express of the 14th April says, "is a feature agreeable enough to millers, who fully appreciate the strength and value of good Russian wheat. The Express adds:

"Another sort of foreign wheat which millers seek even more energetically than for good Russian and Polish is the fine red Eye wheat produced by the Canadian Dominion. We should be afraid of saying how many acres to the west of Ottawa are capable of growing this wheat, for fear of being held guilty of exaggeration, yet despite the vast extent of potential productive country, and the good and quick sale for whatever enters our ports, only 647,000 cwt. of such wheat has come into England since Christmas. We commend this undeveloped industry to the Canadian authorities."

Canadian wheat of the best kinds ranged on the 14th two shillings higher per quarter than any other wheat on the market. The top price was forty shillings.

What does the luminary of the Pioneer mean by the travestied report of proceedings in the Assembly as given in that paper of the 28th inst? The learned "pundit" says:

"The 'Status' could not be more cleverly defined as regards 'Statue' Labor, he thought that after a man had passed sixty, and did not perform statute labor, he should not vote."

The learned editor has evidently been studying the question of the nude in art which caused such a flutter amongst those praiseworthy dunces who contended that the highest of art which represented the "nude form divine," should be draped or clothed, in order that their sense of propriety should not be shocked by the too close examination of those "statues." But the unfortunate who have passed sixty years, are condemned to cold oblivion by the brilliant Pioneer. They are not to admire those "Statues" which are so clearly defined and which have commanded the admiration of the cultured in all ages—not even to have in admiration before the female "statue" which enchants the world."

An Ottawa correspondent reports that the distribution of barley by the officials of the Experimental Farm is now pretty well over. The demand for samples for experiments has been exceptionally heavy, and up to the present 9,200 bags, each containing three pounds of barley, or 27,600 lbs. of grain, have been distributed. An enormous number of sapling trees for experimental planting have been sent to Manitoba and the Northwest. During this time the mail from the farm has been very heavy, the bags and parcels filling a large van every morning. Seeding operations were begun some days ago, barley, wheat, oats, rye, etc., being sown. Work in this direction is being carried on. Prof. Saunders is also making some very interesting single plant experiments. In the poultry branch Mr. Gilbert has been unusually hard worked. He has had an unprecedented demand for eggs for British Columbia and other places, and in order to meet this has had to keep his own stock very well. He has, however, some very fine breeds of Plymouth Rocks, Houdans and White Leghorns. This year, as last, Mr. Gilbert will make experiments in hybridity. The farm is already looking well, and is a good condition for visiting.

THE BUDGET.

Speech of Hon. Mr. McLeod.

A REVIEW OF OUR FINANCIAL SITUATION.

TUESDAY, April 29.

The Order of the Day being read for the House in Committee of Whole on the consideration of the supply to be granted to Her Majesty.

Hon. Mr. McLeod, Leader of the Government, moved that the House do now go into the Order of the Day, and said: Mr. Speaker, in making this motion, it is customary to make a few remarks respecting our financial position as a Province. I shall occupy as little time as possible, and shall confine my observations strictly to the matter before the House. The present Government have not been in power very long, but they are successors to the Administration that preceded them, and are closely identified with that administration. In fact, it may be said to be almost the same Government. When we came into power in 1879 by ousting our opponents from the Treasury Benches, we found a balance against them of \$52,000, as certified by the then Auditor of Public Accounts, Mr. F. W. Hyndman. This amount had been carried over by the previous Government from the year 1878 to that of 1879, and when we assumed control of public affairs, we had not only to meet the ordinary current expenditure for the latter year, but the deficit of the former year as well. In order to do this, we adopted a policy of retrenchment and economy, and carried it out, as far as possible, consistently with the public interests. We commenced by reducing the salaries of the Ministers of the Crown. During the administration of our predecessors, these ministers who held a portfolio received a salary of \$1,600 per annum. We reduced these salaries to the extent of \$300 each. We then applied the pruning knife to the salaries of the other public officials, and reduced them in proportion. Following on in that direction, we reduced the indemnity or sessional allowance of hon. members of this House. Previous to 1879 they received \$200 per session and perquisites. We reduced it to \$160. This policy was pursued in order to keep the expenditure within the revenue of the Province. When the Liberals of Nova Scotia came into power they pursued a far different course, having run into debt to the extent of over \$3,000,000. Although we had no public indebtedness, except the balance to which I have alluded, we reduced the expenditure in 1879 in such a way as to save the country from financial difficulties. The salaries of the Nova Scotia Ministers of the Crown, who hold a portfolio, range from \$3,000 to \$2,200 per annum, and the sessional allowance to members of the Legislature is \$600. The Liberal Government there still maintain the Civil Service at its very highest point, without the slightest attempt at economy. Had we, as a Government, followed in the footsteps of our predecessors, we would to-day have a heavy public indebtedness. It is, therefore, altogether owing to our economy and good management that the Province is in its present good financial condition. It is true, we have a small floating indebtedness, but it does not amount to much. We have carried on the Public Works of the Province, and maintained all the departments of the public service in a far more efficient manner than has been the case in Nova Scotia. While that Province expended only \$212,000 for the support of education, we expended last year the sum of \$108,280.85. Had we expended for education according to our population, in the same proportion as Nova Scotia, our expenditure last year would have been only \$52,000, instead of \$108,000. If our expenditure for education had been in proportion to theirs, we would have had a surplus of over \$50,000 per year on that one item. The indebtedness of Nova Scotia has been caused by the payment of large salaries to public officials and other kinds of extravagance, while our small balance against the Province has been created by our efficient maintenance of the public works, education, and all the public departments. But, of course, our friends of the Opposition will continue to assert that the Government of Nova Scotia is a most economical one, because they are Liberals, and that the Government of this Province are extravagant, because they are Liberal-Conservatives. It has been stated by our opponents that our capital has been very much reduced, and completely wasted by the present Government, and that our revenue is decreasing. Let us see how the matter stands? Has our subsidy from the Dominion Government increased or decreased? I maintain that it is \$24,514.49 larger than it was in 1879 when we came into power. The following statement will show such to be the case:—

Table showing expenditure from 1879 to 1889. Columns include year, expenditure amount, and total for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years under present Government.

Table showing annual saving under present Government and total saving for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 2 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years under present Government.

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shall find the respective sums to be as follows, viz:

Table showing subsidies for 1890 and 1878, including capitalization percentages.

Increase of our capital at Ottawa \$490,259 80

We see, therefore, that notwithstanding the assertions of our opponents, our capital in the hands of the Dominion Government has very largely increased, after deducting all withdrawals therefrom. We have still very nearly half a million dollars of capital over and above what we had in 1878, under the Davies Government. But the Opposition have made a charge against us of having wasted the moneys received by us as revenue from the Land Office. In reply to this, we claim that the amount collected through that source amounted to no more than the interest on the sum expended on the purchase of lands, and that we have a perfect right to use it as revenue. We are not alone in that respect, as other Provinces of the Dominion do the very same thing. Nova Scotia expends its income from Crown Lands as ordinary revenue every year. Ontario realized from her Crown Lands last year the sum of nearly \$2,000,000, every cent of which was expended as ordinary revenue. But that Province is still far behind hand, notwithstanding its great wealth. When its present Administration assumed the reins of power, the yearly interest on its invested surplus was \$253,000, while at present it is only \$75,000. It will, therefore, be seen that both Nova Scotia and Ontario do the same as we do, with respect to moneys received through the Land Office. During the years 1877 and 1878, our opponents collected twice as large a sum through that source, as that which we now receive, yet they expended every cent of it. The hon. Leader of the Opposition was a member of the Davies Government at that time, and never found any fault with their action in that respect; but he never fails to blame the present Government for pursuing a similar course. I think we, as a Government, have good ground for claiming that we have pursued a policy of economy and retrenchment. Wherever the expenditure could possibly be controlled and reduced, consistently with the requirements of the country, we have carried out that policy. There are items in the public expenditure, such as that for the Administration of Justice, which cannot always be controlled. Let us compare our expenditure under that head with that of our predecessors. Hon. gentlemen opposite may say that we should act right no matter what our predecessors did; but we can only find our true position by making a comparison of that kind. Since we came into power we have saved in that department the sum of \$81,451.26, or \$7,404.66 per year. This is shown clearly from the following figures, viz: Administration of Justice under present Government:—

Table showing expenditure for Administration of Justice from 1879 to 1889.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 2 years.

Table showing annual saving under present Government and total saving for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 2 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years.

Table showing average yearly expenditure and total for 11 years.

Average yearly expenditure under present Government.

Table showing average yearly expenditure under Davies Government.

Excess of expenditure under present Government.

Excess in 11 years, under present Government.

(To be Continued.)

The Markets.

Boston, April 24

The following are the quotations for pork:—

Table showing market prices for various types of pork.

The following were the prices ruling in Montreal at the same time:—

Table showing market prices for various types of meat in Montreal.

In Montreal eggs are quoted at from 9 cents to 10 cents, and in Toronto at from 10 cents to 11 cents.

Dairy butter, in Boston, rules at from 10 to 15 cents per pound. For fancy lots of creamy butter as much as 20 cents per lb. is obtained. In Montreal, dairy butter is quoted at from 9 to 10 cents per lb. and in Toronto from 10 to 20 cents.

The Boston market for potatoes took a stronger turn immediately following our last weekly report, and since then has been ruling very firm. Demand has not been particularly active, but receipts have been moderate especially of choice Aroostook County rose and hebrons and stocks at the roads keep pretty closely sold up. P. E. Island cheapenings are going forward by rail and are selling fairly at about 85 cents per bushel.

Queen Victoria's Health.

HER MAJESTY SUFFERING FROM INCURABLE DROPSY AND RHEUMATISM

A London despatch asserts that it is well known in court circles that Queen Victoria's health is seriously imperilled. Her Majesty's visit to Aix les-Bains, whether she went for the cure of persistent acute inflammation of the muscles of the leg, has been in vain, although the English papers report great improvement. She is unable to walk, and is assisted in and out of her carriage. She is very ill and weak, and is suffering from incurable dropsy, which is only prevented from taking a malignant form by the highest medical skill and the greatest precaution. Her Majesty is very much depressed in spirits, and will return to London on Tuesday next.

Funeral Notices.

THE Officers and Members of Wilsey Lodge, No. 97, I. O. O. F. are requested to meet at Oddfellows Hall, to-morrow, (Thursday), May 1st, at 2 o'clock, p. m., to attend (with regalia) the funeral of their late Brother, Peter McLeuchan.

GEORGE WALLER, R. S. C. J. PATON, N. G.

The Officers and Members of St. Lawrence Lodge, No. 8, are summoned to meet at the Lodge Room, to-morrow (Thursday), May 1st, at 2 o'clock, p. m., to attend (with regalia) the funeral of their late Brother, Peter McLeuchan, of Wilsey Lodge.

J. S. NELSON, R. S. CHAS. LAWSON, N. G.

THE rate of Assessment on Real Estate for a Water Works Fund under Statute, for the year commencing the First day of January, A. D. 1890, and ending the 31st day of December, 1890, is hereby specified and fixed at the rate of one-eighth of one per cent. on every dollar of the value of Real Estate as assessed by the Assessors of the said City of Charlottetown in the General Assessment Book and Valuation Roll of said City, and of all persons liable to pay Poll Tax therein, made and duly returned by them on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1889.

THE rate of Assessment on Personal Property for such general Civic purposes, for the year commencing the First day of January, A. D. 1890, and ending the 31st day of December, 1890, is hereby specified and fixed at the rate of one-eighth of one per cent. on every dollar of the value of Personal Property, as assessed by the Assessors of the said City in the said General Assessment Book and Valuation Roll, made and duly returned by them, corrected, added to and revised as aforesaid.

T. HEATH HAVILAND, Mayor of the City of Charlottetown. D. McLEAN, City Clerk.

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BEST ROUTE TO BOSTON

CANADA ATLANTIC LINE.

ONLY ONE NIGHT AT SEA.

Quickest and Most Direct Route. Low Fares.

The Magnificent Clyde-built Steel

S. S. "HALIFAX,"

Is the largest, safest, fastest and best furnished and most comfortable passenger steamer ever placed on the route between Canada and United States.

Sails from Noble's Wharf, Halifax, every Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, and Lewis Wharf, Boston, every Saturday at 2 o'clock.

Passengers by Tuesday evening trains can go on board on arrival without extra charge. Baggage checked through. Through tickets on sale by P. E. I. Nav. Co., and F. T. NEWBERRY, Agent, Ch'town.

\$500 WORTH

NEW FURNITURE,

BY AUCTION.

AT Sales Room, on FRIDAY, May 2nd, at 2 o'clock,

Walnut Bedroom Sets, Sideboards, Hall Racks, and Extension Tables.

Also, lot Second-hand Furniture, 1 Organ.

R. BEARISTO, Auctioneer.

BEER DRINKS.

London and Paris Dress Robes.

We show Special Values in DRESS STUFFS, and particularly invite your attention to our large variety of the Latest Novelties and Newest Colorings in DRESS LENGTHS.

Fashionable Millinery and Mantles.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

ARRIVING DAILY AT THE BAZAAR STORE.

THE finest lot of Plain and Fancy Stationery ever shown in this City, including Note, Letter and Foolscap Papers of every quality, Fancy Stationery Boxes, Wedding Combinations, Drawing and Tissue Paper.

ROOM PAPER! ROOM PAPER! ROOM PAPER!

New shipment just received, superior Glits, latest patterns, Lowest Prices. Corrugated Carpet Paper, something new, just what is wanted to save the Carpet.

Day Books, Journals and Ledgers, 30 cents per 100 pages. Letter Pads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, etc. Fancy Goods of every variety, Vases, Toilet Sets, Glassware, Cups and Saucers, Dolls in great variety, Accordions, Toy Pistols, Caps, Purse, Satchels, Brushes, Combs, Hand Mirrors, etc.

BAZAAR STORE, Queen Street.

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A By-Law for levying and Specifying the rate of Assessment on Real Estate and Personal Property in the City of Charlottetown for general Civic purposes, under Statute, 51 Victoria, Chapter 12.

PASSED 28th APRIL, 1890.

BE it enacted by the City Council of the City of Charlottetown, as follows:—

1st. The rate of Assessment on Real Estate for general Civic purposes, under said Statute, for the year commencing the First day of January, A. D. 1890, and ending the 31st day of December, A. D. 1890, is hereby specified and fixed at the rate of one-eighth of one per cent. on every dollar of the value of Real Estate, as assessed by the Assessors of the said City of Charlottetown in the General Assessment Book and Valuation Roll of said City, and of all persons liable to pay Poll Tax therein, made and duly returned by them on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1889.

2nd. The rate of Assessment on Personal Property for such general Civic purposes, for the year commencing the First day of January, A. D. 1890, and ending the 31st day of December, A. D. 1890, is hereby specified and fixed at the rate of one-eighth of one per cent. on every dollar of the value of Personal Property, as assessed by the Assessors of the said City in the said General Assessment Book and Valuation Roll, made and duly returned by them, corrected, added to and revised as aforesaid.

T. HEATH HAVILAND, Mayor of the City of Charlottetown. D. McLEAN, City Clerk.

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Eligible and Handsome BUILDING & PASTURE LOTS, BY AUCTION.

I AM instructed by John McGill, Esq., to sell by Auction, on

Tuesday, 15th day of May, at 11 o'clock, on the premises.

A number of Building and Pasture Lots, situated in one of the most desirable parts of the City, being high, dry and excellent view.

For plan, etc., see handbills.

R. BEARISTO, Auctioneer.

AUCTION OF ROW BOATS.

I AM instructed by Mr. J. H. Slackford, to sell by Auction, at Peake's No. 3 Wharf, on MONDAY, the 5th day of May, at 2 o'clock:

A number of superior Boats, Single and Double Scull. Sale positive. No reserve.

R. BEARISTO, Auctioneer.

Gay's Seeds, Trees and Plants

WE think it unnecessary to blow a business should speak for itself. We give below a list of seeds sold in packages. We put up large lots and for less money than the small imported from abroad. All seeds sold are the same as we plant ourselves. The following mailed to any address at 50¢ per pkt. Beet, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Carrot, Tomato, Parsnip, Onion, Lettuce, Radish, Spinach, Cucumber, Squash, Pumpkin, Melon, Cress, Parsley, Sunflower, Savory, Sage, Sweet and Yellow Corn, Beans, Peas, Carrots, Parsnips, Mangos, Apples, Potatoes, Corn, Field Peas, late and early Red Alsike, and white Dutch Clover at our usual low prices.

Fruit Trees—Windsor, Bl. & White, Alexander, Red Astrachan, Apple, etc., at 25 cents each. Yellow Egg and Purple Plum, 50 cents; Red Cherry, 25 cents; Gooseberry, 20 to 40 cents; Lemon, Mountain Ash, and Elm, 50 cents; Spycorn, Oak-leaved Mountain Ash and Weeping Willow 75 cents; Snowball and Weibullia 50 cents. We will advertise in season a large variety of transplanted annual flower plants. We have also wintered over German Plinks, Indian Plinks, China Plinks, Pansies, Daisies, Sweet Rocket and Sweet Williard, etc. The above for sale at our place of business in the Market House, as well as at home. See sign on North Side of Market House. Our terms are cash with orders, postage stamps as good as cash. Address

J. J. GAY & SON, 4136-dy law and wky 2m. POWELL.

Imported Shire Stallion

LUCKY HARRY, 7756.

THIS horse will stand for the season at the owner's stable on Grafton Street, Charlottetown. "Lucky Harry" is a beautiful black bay 4 years old, good sized, stands 16 hands high, and has action as good as a trotter. He was imported last October from the celebrated stud of Mr. James F. Cropper, Mirfield, Yorkshire, England. Terms for the season, \$10, on approved note payable 1st November next.

GEORGE TWEEDEY, Owner. GUS MITCHELL, Groom.

The Imported Shire Stallion

HONEST LINCOLN, 3140.

HONEST LINCOLN will travel this season as follows:— Monday, May 5, by train to Mr. W. Hatherley's North Wiltshire. Tuesday, May 6, to Mr. Bagnall's, Hunter River. Wednesday, May 7, to Mr. R. Y. McCoubrey's, New Glasgow. Thursday and Friday, May 8 and 9, to Mr. John Hughes', Dominion Hotel, Emerald. Saturday, May 10, to Mr. Henry Clark's Hotel, Kensington, where he will remain until Monday, then by train to Charlottetown, where he will stand the whole of the week. N. B.—It is useless for me to say anything about Honest Lincoln as he has been well advertised by every station owner in Queen's County. Terms for the season, \$10, on approved note payable 1st November next.

GEORGE TWEEDEY, Owner. JOHN TUCKER, Groom.

Imported Yorkshire Coach Stallion

PREMIER, 1138.

PREMIER will stand for the season at the owner's stable on Grafton Street, Charlottetown. Premier is a rich bay with black points, seven years old, stands 16 hands high, weighs nearly 1300 lbs., splendid action, perfectly sound, and is a sure footed trotter. He was shown six times in England and gained 5 first and one second prize. He is a very fine specimen of the best every colt sired by Premier since he came to the Island is a bay. Full particulars on application at the stables.

Terms for the season, \$15, on approved note payable 15th November next.

N. B.—All accidents to mares at their owner's risk.

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DRIVING PARK.

THE track will be ready for training on Thursday next, the 1st May. Tickets for horses can be had at the office of Warton & Smallwood. Price, \$5.

A. W. WARDEN, Agent.