

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

NOVEMBER 10, 1883.

Mails and Passengers.

No doubt the Dominion Government and their officials regret as much as the people of this Province the withdrawal at this season, and at such short notice, of the "Princess of Wales" and "St. Lawrence"; for they have been put to the trouble and the country has been put to the expense of supplying means for carrying the mails and passengers on the Pictou route. This they have done with commendable promptitude, and in a way which cannot fail to give satisfaction. A steamer leaves Pictou every day in the week for either Georgetown or Charlottetown, on the arrival of the mail train from Halifax. Thus, the "Northern Light" leaves Pictou on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; and the "Napoleon III." leaves Pictou on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

From the Island to Pictou mails and passengers will be carried on every day of the week—Fridays excepted. The "Northern Light" leaves Georgetown on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at six o'clock, sharp. "Napoleon III." leaves Charlottetown every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday morning at 7 o'clock. She is obliged to stay in Pictou from Wednesday afternoon until Friday morning to take in coal, and so cannot make a trip from Charlottetown on Friday, or there would doubtless be daily communication to and from Pictou, as well as to and from Shediac.

We may remark that the fears respecting the "Northern Light" which the Patriot is striving to raise are groundless; for the "Northern Light" was placed upon the slip at Pictou last spring and thoroughly repaired. The "Northern Light" never had an Inspector's certificate—the enormous amount expended upon her every year, being doubtless considered a sufficient guarantee to the public.

Civic Repairs.

THE City Council will meet on Monday evening. We hope that orders will be given for the repairs of our sidewalks and streets where most needed. We hope, also, that the best means of draining the northern part of the town so that the purity of Spring Park Brook will be ensured, and the Charlottetown Woollen Factory will not be forced to do a civic work at their own expense, will be discussed. Election time is coming; and our City Fathers should now be on their good behavior.

Editorial Notes.

—Seven additional numbers of Pictou-que Canada have been distributed. Alike in engravings and letter press, they are excellent. The remaining numbers will not be distributed in this Province until spring.

—The Marquis of Lansdowne began his career as Governor-General auspiciously. One of the first, if not the first, of his official acts was an act of mercy—the reprieve of McCabe, who had received the death sentence.

—A sportsman in Maine, in denouncing the practice of hunting deer with dogs, says that a law should be passed forbidding the use of dogs in deer hunts, and that the penalty for the first offence should be hanging, and for the second, something severe.

—Reliable advices from the Upper Provinces state that trade there is in a prosperous condition; and according to the best opinions, the country is financially sound. The want of confidence which existed a few weeks ago, for the most part, resulted from the false reports and stock jobbers, and the failure of the Exchange Bank through the incompetency of its officials.

—A farmer in Vermont—poor man—says that potatoes were not worth raising this year—he could get nothing for them, only fifty cents a bushel! Last year he and his fellow farmers got one dollar a bushel for their potatoes. Our farmers would not be so despondent as the Vermonters if they could get fifty cents for their potatoes. In fact they would consider themselves particularly fortunate.

—The manager of the Windsor Cotton Factory has written a letter to the Toronto Globe respecting its gross misstatements about the wages of operatives, in which he says:—

"We pay a thousand dollars weekly to 180 operatives. Our weavers earn on an average \$6, some earn \$9 per week; mule spinners, \$10; spoolers, \$4 to \$5; drawers-in, \$4 to \$6; beam-warpers, \$5 to \$6; strippers and grinders, \$7; drawers, \$5 to \$6; and slubbers and rovers, \$7 per week; ring spinners, \$5; and we work sixty hours per week."

Whether or not these are "starvation wages," let the public judge. At the same time, be it remembered, cotton fabrics were never so cheap as they are to day.

—Mrs. Yeoman's, during the early part of 1883, was actively engaged in the temperance cause in the Province of Quebec, and addressed large audiences in many places. She organized some fifteen Women's Christian Temperance Unions, all of which, with four others organized since her visit, are in a flourishing condition, and doing good temperance work. Steps are now being

taken to form a Quebec Provincial Union of the Unions of those already organized, and also all others as soon as formed. Letters have been sent to ninety-three places where Unions may ultimately be formed in the Province.

—The "N. P. Depression" gives our Grit contemporaries a great deal of anxiety; but, naturally enough, they seem to know nothing whatever about the "Free Trade Ruin" in England—firms falling by the dozen! Apropos of "N. P. Depression," we read,—

"Over one hundred new houses were erected in Moncton during the past year, and in Woodstock the record is equally good."

"A gentleman, looking for an empty house, made a tour of the city of Halifax, a day or two ago. He traversed the whole north end, and from Cogswell street to the cotton factory, found but two small cottages and four parts of houses to let. In 1878 there were over 120 empty houses in the same district. And yet, the Recorder is praying for another era of depression! There is only one vacant house in the south end. John Naylor, the real estate agent, says he cannot begin to get houses for people who apply for them. In 1878 he had 176 houses to let; now he has only two. Consequently his real estate business has been 'ruined.' The bailiffs also say that their business has been ruined during the last few years."

WE are indebted to E. L. Lydiard, Esq., for the following statement of exports from Queen's and King's County, for the month of October, 1883:—

Table with columns for POTATOES, OATS, TURNIPS, MEATS, MISCELLANEOUS, FISH, all kinds, and PORK. It lists colonial and foreign quantities and values.

Under the new "Ships Licenses," we cannot get the proper exports, as we do not get the contents of ships.

The School Concert.

THE entertainment given by the teachers and pupils of the Upper Prince Street School, came off last evening in the main hall of their building. The pupils of the higher grades occupied the tiers of seats to the left of the Chairman; all the other available space was taken by the large audience present. Principal Mellish called upon W. E. Dawson, Esq., to preside. The programme was then proceeded with, and required fully two hours to render it. On the whole, it was somewhat too long. There are some things, even good things, of which too little is better than too much. The one leaves you with a sense of relief, the other with an uneasy feeling of satiety. The teachers were certainly generous with the measure they meted out for the small admittance fee, but they almost erred in their estimate of the receptive capacity of their hearers.

Of a performance which contained so many pieces it is impossible to speak in detail. The pupils sang in concert a number of popular airs, chiefly patriotic, such as "Hurrah for Canada," "Scots wha hae," "Twas in Trafalgar's bay," and another devoted to the glorification of England. The recitations also were of a patriotic turn, "Breathes there a man," "O Canada, stern and wild." It may be added too, that the opening organ solo by Miss Harvie was the French National Anthem, and the closing song, God Save the Queen. Here was truly an exhibition of all-embracing patriotism. There is nothing narrow in the range of sympathies fostered in the Upper Prince Street School. And not only were the pieces well sung as pieces, but they had a moving, stirring effect upon, at least, one member of the audience.

The most ambitious piece attempted by the pupils was the rendering of the trial scene in the Merchant of Venice. The seven or eight who took part in this knew the dialogue well, and repeated it with vigor and self-possession. It must have required very great care to make the performance as successful as it was. But the speaking was much too fast, and except in the case of the Shylock and the Duke, the speeches were, as in parliament, too much recited to the audience, and too little addressed to the characters taking part. The young ladies had entire self-possession, which is the first requisite in appearing on the platform; but they did not reach the point of self-forgetfulness, which is needed to personate a character.

We do not intend to comment on the readings and singing of the teachers themselves. In one case the reader was much annoyed by a chorus of boys outside who shouted in all keys that they had "one more river" to cross. It is to be hoped that in the passage they will all get a thorough drenching. In another case an encore was demanded, and as the sub-chairman put it, "Mr. Dawson in this instance might very well allow an encore." We had almost forgotten to refer to the solo by Hettie Lewis, which was very prettily sung.

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE is an unfailing food for the Brain and Nerves, and by its rejuvenating effect on these organs never fails to cure nervous exhaustion and all weaknesses of the generative organs. Sold in Charlottetown at Apothecaries Hall. See advertisement in another column. [Nov 3 1w wkly]

Foreign News Notes.

Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, is dying at Turin.

France having moderated her demands on Madagascar, an early settlement of the difficulty is anticipated.

Proofs of a fresh intrigue between Spanish political exiles and their friends in Spain with the object of preparing another military outbreak have been discovered.

At the beginning of 1882, Sweden possessed a merchant navy of 4,151 vessels, measuring 530,000 tons, of which 3,397 were sailers, with 450,000 tons, and 754 steamers, with 80,000 tons. The number of sailing vessels had, during the year, decreased with 184 ships.

The Marquis Tseng says that if war occurs between France and China, which he believes probable, Annam will become a Chinese ally. The French will require 40,000 troops to overcome their united forces. Meantime England's commercial interests will compel her to intervene.

A Rome despatch says:—Cardinal Manning has been specially active and gracious in his reception of the American bishops. It is rumored that the Vatican is displeased at the position taken by the Cardinal, as it is believed his views with regard to the re-organization of the American Episcopate differ from those of the Vatican.

A St. Petersburg despatch says:—The Nihilists are miserably weakened in men and means. They have lost many prominent members the last two years. The arrest of Vera Philipova, is the worst blow of all. They now regard Larvoff, who is in Paris, as their chief, and the campaign will be conducted from without. In Russia the Nihilists are broken up into widely scattered groups, and are driven to murder and robbery in order to obtain funds.

A special cablegram says the Pope is very decided in his opposition to the wholesale exportation of Irishmen from Ireland, and is very outspoken in his condemnation of the British Government for permitting Orangemen to commit outrages upon Roman Catholics. It is reported that the Archbishop of Toronto has addressed to the Pope and Cardinals and to the Bishops of Ireland a long letter on the loss of souls in America, consequent on the wholesale and impoverished emigration.

The new and thrifty town of Pullman, near Chicago, lies on a flat prairie, and the problem of drainage, which is so difficult to solve in a great many places, had to be met in Pullman. The following is the one adopted, and it is said to be satisfactory in its working and profitable in its results. Sewers are built to empty into a sunken tank, from which the sewage is pumped through a twenty-inch main to a farm three miles away. The system cost \$80,000; the farm yields a profit of \$8,500 a year.

British News Notes.

The recent rioting in Londonderry is to be made the subject of an official investigation.

The London Times, of October 25, contained a letter from an engineer describing and highly praising the state of the Canadian Pacific Railway from Port Arthur westward.

The Illustrated London News, of October 20, contained a full page of sketches at Rat Portage and on the Winnipeg River, entitled, "Sketches on the Canadian Pacific Railway." They were accompanied by a very eulogistic notice of the progress of this great work.

The Pall Mall Gazette states that the Government will probably introduce, next session of Parliament, a Household Suffrage bill, to apply to both town and country in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland. A like bill for the redistribution of seats in the House of Commons will probably follow.

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge consulted Mr. Charles Russell and other leading members of the English bar the other day regarding the differences of procedure in the High Courts of Justice of England and America. One of the points discussed was the admission of foreign lawyers to practise before English courts.

Home News Items.

During the month of October the shipments of cattle from Canada to the United Kingdom amounted to 5,886 head, and the shipment of sheep to 12,683. Under the rigorous system of inspection adopted by the Department of Agriculture the shipments of the month have been free from any scheduled disease. The farmers and others interested in this trade have warmly supported the efforts of the department.

In the Moncton cotton mill a woman who can manage four looms earns six dollars a week, and a man who can manage six earns nine dollars a week. But the mere fact that cotton mill operatives are paid at these rates will not prevent the voracious chronicler who says the Finance Minister thinks cigars are made of lard, from repeating his story that they earn only twenty-five cents a day.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

A RELIABLE ARTICLE.

Dr. E. Cutter, Boston, Mass., says: "I found it to realize the expectations raised, and regard it as a reliable article."

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

WE have received a consignment of the above medicines from Professor Holloway, and offer them at usual prices. We warrant these medicines genuine, as they have been shipped to us from Professor Holloway's Establishment, 78 New Oxford Street, London, England.

APOTHECARIES HALL COMPANY, DesBrisay's Corner, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Nov. 10—21 wkly 1m

JOE PRINTING of every description executed with neatness and despatch at the EXAMINER JOB PRINTING ROOMS, over Water and Great George Street.

EXHIBITION WEEK

WE invite the Citizens and those who may be visiting the Town, during the week of Exhibition, to the inspection of our immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

WE HAVE JUST PLACED UPON OUR SHELVES THE CONTENTS OF

Two Hundred and Sixty Bales and Cases,

OF

ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND CANADIAN, DRY GOODS,

Comprising everything necessary for Household and General use.

Varieties complete in every Department at the

Very Lowest Prices for Cash.

UPWARDS OF

Fifteen Thousand Grain Bags,

And a Large Stock of Very Choice

CHINESE AND INDIAN TEAS, Wholesale and Retail.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Charlottetown, Oct. 6, 1883

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS!

W. & A. BROWN & CO.,

HAVE now opened 140 Cases and Bales of New and Fashionable Dry Goods.

100 pieces Ulster Cloths, bought at half price. 100 pieces Mantle Cloth, bought at half price. 1,000 Wool Squares, very cheap.

200 pieces Winceys, 30 " Shirtings, 500 " Prints, 100 " Scotch Tweeds, 50 " Worsted Coatings, 50 " Scarlet Flannels, 50 boxes Silk Fringe, 25 " Silk Plushes, 50 " Velvetens, 30 " Silk Velvets, 50 " Frillings, 300 Jackets and Dolmans.

At twenty per cent less than prices of former years. Also, One Hundred Cases and Bales Canadian Manufactured Goods, Very Cheap.

All Goods we are selling very cheap this Season.

Wholesale and Retail.

60 PIECES CARPET DAILY EXPECTED.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, Oct. 6, 1883. dy wkly.

NEW FALL GOODS

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

I am now receiving New Goods for Fall and Winter.

Ladies' Dress Goods, in all the newest fabrics. Ladies' Mantle Cloths, in the newest makes. Ladies' Mantles, Shawls, Silk Velvets, Velvetens. Brocaded Silks and Satins. Ladies' Straw, Plush and Silk Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons. Woolen Squares, Scarfs, in variety.

IN THE GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT:

A heavy Stock of Cloths, in Beavers, Worsteds, Tweeds and Fancy Coatings. Ready-made Clothing, for Men and Boys. Underclothing, Flannel Shirts. Also Parks' and other makes Cotton Warps, at the lowest cash prices.

J. B. MACDONALD,

Ch'town, Sept. 13, 1883.—wkly pres h

Queen Street

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, AT COST.

Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

BEDSTEADS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room Bed Room Suits, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and Picture Mouldings.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, Jan. 9, 1883.—y

MARKET HALL, CHARLOTTETOWN.

SECOND WEEK

—OF THE—

Boston Comedy Company

H. PRICE WEBBER, - Manager.

The charming and talented artists

Miss Edwina Grey,

will appear in a series of her great impersonations, supported by an excellent Company.

PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRICES:

Admission, 25 cts. Reserved Seats, 35 cts. Reserve seat tickets for sale at Dods' Medical Hall, and at Apothecaries Hall. Doors open at 7.30 o'clock; Overture at 8 o'clock.

THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING:

THE OCTORON

Nov. 10, 1883.

Pine and Spruce Lumber.

TO be sold by AUCTION, on MONDAY NEXT, 12th instant, at half-past three o'clock, on Pownal Wharf,—

3,000 feet Planed Hemlock Boards, 15,000 feet Spruce Flooring (Planed), 18,000 feet Planed Pine Boards, 10,000 feet 1 1/2 inch Planed Spruce.

ALSO some half-inch and three inch planed stuff, fit for Cabinet Makers use.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Nov. 10, 1883.

BY AUCTION,

On the Market Square,

MONDAY NEXT, 12th INST.,

AT 11 O'CLOCK,

80 brls. choice Nova Scotia Apples, 10 brls. Herring, 10 brls. slightly damaged Flour, 5 M. Manilla and Brown assorted Paper Bags

CAMPBELL & RAYDEN, Auctioneers.

Ch'town, Oct. 20, 1883.—2i

MORTGAGE SALE.

TO be sold by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of DECEMBER NEXT (A. D. 1882), at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, in front of the County Court House in Alberton, Prince County, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale, contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the Twentieth day of February, A. D. 1882, and made between Peter Gavin, of Alberton, in Prince County, Merchant, and Anastasia, his wife, of the one part, and A. Banerman Warburton, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, trustee for certain creditors of the said Peter Gavin, of the other part,—

ALL the estate and interest of the said Peter Gavin, in and to all that tract, piece or parcel of Land, situate, lying and being in the village of Alberton, in Prince County, in the said Island, being part and parcel of a plot of ground lately in possession of Benjamin Rogers, and bounded as follows, namely: By a line commencing at a stake fixed on the north side of a street known as Princess Street, and on the south-west angle of a plot of land owned by John B. Larking, thence running north by the Magnetic Meridian of 1764, a distance of sixty links; thence west a distance of one chain and twelve links, or until it reaches a street, sometimes known as Queen Street, thence following the course of the last mentioned street southwardly to Princess Street aforesaid, a distance of sixty links, thence following Princess Street east one chain and five links to the place of commencement, being the present dwelling house and warehouse of the said Peter Gavin.

Also,—All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate at Brae, on Lot number Nine, in Prince County bounded and described as follows:—Commencing at a stake fixed at high water mark on the shore of Brae Harbor and running eastwardly a distance of two hundred and ten feet, thence westwardly a distance of two hundred and ten feet, thence southwardly following the course of the said Harbor to the place of commencement, containing one acre of land a little more or less, with all the houses and buildings thereon, the same being the site and establishment of a Lobster Factory of the said Peter Gavin, and being held under lease from Robert T. Oulton.

Also: All that tract piece or parcel of land situate at Brae aforesaid, and described as follows:—commencing at north west angle of the tract above described, and running thence eastwardly a distance of two hundred and ten feet, thence northwardly a distance of three hundred and thirty feet, thence westwardly a distance of two hundred feet, thence southwardly following the various course of the Harbor to the place of commencement, containing one and one half acres of land a little more or less, being the premises on which a Steam Mill, the property of the said Peter Gavin, is erected and held by him under lease from Robert T. Oulton.

Also: All that other tract piece and parcel of land situate lying and being on Sandy Island, in Casumpec Harbor, and fronting on the North Shore and running back as staked, containing two acres of land, a little more or less, being part of the estate of the late Edward Cunard, and devised by him to Benjamin Rogers for the purposes of a Fishery for a term of years, which by divers means assignments in the law has become vested in the said Peter Gavin, as by references to the same on file in the Registry office will more fully appear, together with all the houses, buildings, factories, stages and appurtenances therewith held, or enjoyed, or taken, or known as part hereof.

For further particulars apply to Warburton & Conroy, Solicitors, Charlottetown. Dated this First day of November, A. D. 1883.

A. B. WARBURTON, Mortgagee.

Nov. 10.—law sat wkly tl sale