

# THE EXAMINER:

## A Weekly Journal of Politics, Literature, and News.

"This is true Liberty, when Freeborn Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—Burleigh.

Vol. X.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Monday, December 24, 1860.

New Series.—No. 50

### VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE well known FARM, situated at Little River, Lot 55, King's County, owned by the late George DINGWELL, Esq., containing 200 acres under lease for 999 years at one shilling sterling per acre. There are about 170 acres under the highest state of cultivation; the remainder is covered with a splendid growth of Hardwood; a never failing spring of the very best water is within a few yards of the house. Part of the Farm fronts on Little River, where any quantity of Sea Weed and Mud can be procured; and partly fronts on the Sea Shore and Little River Harbor, where Sea Manure can be obtained in abundance, and most convenient for fishing. Grand River Harbor is about three miles distant, being about one of the best Harbors on the Island at which to ship produce. There are on the premises a large Two Storey HOUSE, completely finished, large Barn and Stables, Coach House, Granary, Pig Houses, Forge, Stationary Threshing Mill, and all necessary buildings required. The above Farm is in every respect so well known that a further description is deemed unnecessary. The Farm will be disposed of with the Stock, or Crop, or without, or with part or all of each, as may suit the purchaser. A part of the purchase money can remain on interest, by security on the property.

58 ACRES FREE LAND near the head of Kello Bay, fronting on the Main Post Road, and in a most convenient situation; a few acres clear, and a considerable portion ready to stump; with a convenient House and small Stable on the same.

75 ACRES OF LAND on the road leading from Grand River Bridge to Georgetown, East Side, and joining God's Road, chiefly covered with Hardwood, and in a most convenient situation; a few acres clear, and a considerable portion ready to stump; with a convenient House and small Stable on the same.

20 ACRES OF LAND near the head of Little River, about 10 acres under good cultivation; the remainder well covered with Hardwood and Fencing, and very conveniently situated.

LOTS IN GEORGETOWN.  
Half Lot No. 3, 3rd Range, Letter G, with convenient House and Stable.  
Lot No. 6, 1st Range, Letter D.  
Lot No. 7, 1st Range, Letter E.

A Plan of the above Farms and Lots, and all particulars, given on application to the Subscriber.

ELIZABETH DINGWELL,  
Little River, King's County, October 16, 1860. 3m.

### FREEDHOLD PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A FREEDHOLD FARM, consisting of 120 Acres, on the Tryon Road, Lot 27, 40 of which are in a high state of cultivation, the remainder covered with Hard and Soft Wood. There are a good Dwelling House and Barn on the premises, and also a good well of water within a short distance from the dwelling. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM MCKAY,  
Tryon Road, Lot 27, Nov. 19, 1860. 1f.

### FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a fine FARM of 50 acres, near CRABB'S, Malpeque Road, fronting 154 chains on the Malpeque and 27 chains on the Pottery Road, or 100 acres, with 100 Acres of Pasture, and six acres of Wood. Some large old Wood on the property. Lately in the occupation of H. N. CRAIG. Apply to SWABEY & ROBERTS, Charlottetown, July 3, 1860.

### ALMA.

FOR SALE, that valuable situation lately occupied by the subscriber, containing 100 acres of LAND, twenty acres of which are clear and mostly under hay. There is a house 27 by 25 feet and stable 40 by 21 feet, situated on the Main Western Road, on Township No. 5, in Prince County, one-half on each side of said road, being one of the best stands for a House of Entertainment on the East, as the road from the West Shore to Cassequee passes through the Farm, crossing the Western Road at the house. The house and stable were built particularly for the business. For further description of the premises apply to Mr. Benjamin McKewen, on the adjoining Farm. For terms of sale to the owner at Lot 10 The Farm is a leasehold.

JOHN CAMPBELL,  
Lot 10, June 19, 1860. 1f.

### BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD, by Private Sale, several BUILDING LOTS on the East side of the Malpeque Road, opposite Spring Park. If not previously disposed of, they will be offered for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, in lots to suit intending purchasers, on or about the First of MAY, of which notice will be given. Apply to

WILLIAM FORGAN,  
March 27, 1860.

### For Sale,

THAT FARM, consisting of 50 acres, lately occupied by Richard Milford, Esq., situated on Mill Creek, West River. On the Farm is an excellent Dwelling House, as well as new Out-buildings, consisting of Barn, Sheep-house, &c. Within a mile of the Farm are both Grist and Saw Mills, as well as Blacksmith's Forge and a Cartwright, and a short distance from the shore is a never-failing bed of muscle-mud. For further particulars apply to Mr. William E. Dawson, Charlottetown, or to

JOHN MILFORD, Royalty,  
April 18, 1859. (1f.)

### MAPS FOR THE DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

FOR SALE at HAZARD'S Book Depot, Cumdall's Maps of Prince Edward Island, new and improved edition, mounted on rollers, &c., price to Schools, 15s. 9d. only.—to be delivered, on payment, to the order of Teachers or School Trustees. The Board of Education has ordered that Trustees of each Public School heretofore supplied with a Map of the Island, shall forthwith procure a copy of the above.

JOHN McNEILL, Secy. B. Education,  
September 4, 1860.

### Accounts, Arbitrations, &c., &c.

COMPLICATED Accounts arranged, Arbitration Papers prepared, Insolvent's Papers organized for appearance and presentation before the Court, and all intricate or improperly kept accounts clearly and intelligently stated. Fees proportionate to time and talent required.

Address Accountant, care of SWABEY & ROBERTS,  
Great George Street Charlottetown.  
June 26, 1860. 1d 1/2.

### ALEXANDER MCKINNON,

### AUCTIONEER

### AND

### GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

### QUEEN STREET,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

Office in the same Building as A. H. Yates, Esq.

### J. T. MORRIS,

### WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Flour, Leather, &c.,

Import direct from Liverpool, New York and Boston.  
Charlottetown, Dec. 3, 1860. 3m.

### MEDICAL NOTICE.

ELZEAR D. GAUVREAU, M. D.

McGILL COLLEGE, MONTREAL.

Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Lower Canada.

Office at Mr. W. McKay's, Dorchester Street, Ch. Town.

May be consulted daily between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.  
October 2, 1860.

### FRANKLIN HOUSE,

SITUATED IN

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN,

Now complete and open for the accommodation of

TRANSIENT & PERMANENT BOARDERS.

PETER MAGGOWAN, PROPRIETOR.  
Aug. 7, 1860.

### Reduction of Duties.

CONFIDENTLY anticipating the above on the first day of May next, the Subscribers, till then, offer their enormous stock of West India RUM at 4s. 9d. per gallon.

Great George-street, SWABEY & ROBERTS,  
Charlottetown, November 19, 1860. 5w  
N. B.—Island made WHISKEY, also lowered to same price.

### Ex "Gazelle" from Liverpool, and "Carrio M. Rich" from Boston.

THE Subscribers have received their FALL STOCK of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, comprising a large and well selected Stock of

### DRESS MATERIALS,

in French Marine, plain and striped Wineys, Gala Plaids, Colours, Alpaccas, &c.

### MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS & SHAWLS,

in great variety. RIBBONS, Velvet Trimmings, Scarfs, Flowers, Plumes, &c. A few magnificent

### HEAD DRESSES,

GLOVES, Hosiery, Silks, Velvets, Linens, Muslins, grey and white COTTONS, Prints, striped Shirts, WAIRPS, Tickings, Blue Denims, Drills, &c.

### GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHS,

in Cassimere, Doeskins, Pilots, Beavers, Whiteens, Broad Cloths, &c.

### HARDWARE:

Table and Pocket Cutlery: Edge Tools; Saws, Files, Hinges, Locks, Screws, Saddlery, &c.

### GROCERIES:

TEA, Coffee, Brown and Crushed SUGAR, Molasses Raisins, Currants, Candies, Soap, Spices and Dry Saltery.

80 bags Nails and Spikes  
60 boxes best Smithwick Glass  
150 kegs Paints—black, white, blue, red, yellow & green  
6 casks Linseed and Pine Oil  
4 do Nip-it Turpentine and Burning Fluid  
248 coils Hemp and Manila Cordage  
6,500 yds Hemp and Cotton Canvas  
25 cwt Sanderson's best cast, spring and shoeing Steel  
50 tons Iron—various sizes  
3,000 bushels Salt  
67 Crates and Casks

### GLASS, CHINA AND EARTHENWARE.

With large stock of Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Oakum, Waring's Choice, Windlass Gear, Haynes Pipes; Bright and Nax-the Varnish; Buckets, Brooms, Trunks, Buffalo Robes, &c.

Wholesale and Retail.  
W. W. LORD & Co.  
Charlottetown, November 26, 1860.

### LADIES' FURS,

### Gloves, Fur Caps, Hats.

AN excellent assortment of the above, from the Establishment of COOPER, BOX & COMPANY, LONDON, with a few choice patterns from PHILLIPS', New York. Cheaply. Nov. 12, 1860. 3f BENJ. DAVIES.

### Furniture Warehouse,

### GEORGE DOUGLAS,

### MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER OF

### FURNITURE & UPHOLSTERY,

OFFERS FOR SALE AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICE, a large and select assortment of Rich and Medium FURNITURE, comprising Parlor suits of Mahogany and Black Walnut in Broastrel, rep., Chiffy, Damask and Hair Cloth Sofas & Lounges in Walnut and Mahogany; Drawing Room and Dining Room Chairs, do., Case and Wood seat Chairs of every description; Rotary and Office Chairs and Cushions, Desk Stools, Case and Wood; children's Chairs do., Bedsteads, wood and iron, large assortment; Extension Tables, centre do., side do., Leaf do., Sinks, Washstands, Towel do., Toilet Tables, Hat and Umbrella stands, Wharfts and Teapots, Chamber sets, beautifully painted; Bureaus with marble tops, and painted ones; Mattresses, palm leaf, excelsior and hair; Window Cornices, Rollers, Tassels and Curds, Mantle and Pier Glass, Swing do., Looking do., Plates all sizes and qualities; Gilt and Rosewood Molding for Picture Frames, Oval Frames and Ornamental with Prince's Feather, Window Blinds, Crayon side Lights for halls, &c.

Particular attention given to furnishing Hotels and Private Dwellings, with every thing that is usually kept in Furniture stores.

Please call and examine my STOCK, it being the largest on the Island, all of which will be sold to suit the times.

Charlottetown, Kent Street, next to Hon. G. Colos.  
November 19, 1860. 5m

### KING'S SQUARE

### Furniture Warehouses.

THE Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to his friends and numerous customers, of both Town and Country, for the liberal patronage he has received for the last twenty-four years, and solicits a continuance of former favors, having now on hand a large supply of MATELLAS of every description for the manufacturing of every article of

Furniture in the Cabinet Business, and a large quantity of good, substantial Parlor, Drawing-room and Bed-room FURNITURE, of the newest and most fashionable patterns ever made on the Island, and at the lowest possible prices.

GILT MOULDINGS for frames of every description, and BOOKING-GLASS PLATES of all sizes and qualities constantly kept on hand.

BEDROOM SETS complete, cheaper and better made than any imported.

UPHOLSTERING of every description done in the most fashionable variety, and at the shortest notice.

Iron, Brass and Wood Turning (plain, twist and ornamental,) done on the most reasonable terms.

### FUNERALS FULLY SUPPLIED,

### HEARSE, HORSES, &c.

A few MELODEONS on hand, manufactured by Messrs. S. D. & H. W. SMITH, Boston. Persons desiring to purchase may rely on Instruments from Smith's Manufactory, and can be purchased from the Subscriber at the same price as in Boston.

### CALL AND SEE.

### MARK BUTCHER.

East Corner King's Square, October 9, 1860. 3m

### CITY

### STEAM FACTORY.

encourage Home Manufacture.

Work done cheaper here than can be imported.

THE undersigned, grateful to the inhabitants of Charlottetown, and the Island in general, for the liberal support which he has received since his commencement in business, begs to inform the public that, being sole proprietor of the present business, he intends to carry on

### CABINET MAKING

in its various branches; SASH AND DOOR MAKING; Fitting up Machinery, and all descriptions: Gun and Lock fitting; also, planing and grooving, straight and sweep sawing, &c.

All of which will be executed at the lowest possible rates, and will warrant good workmanship in every case.

City, July 10, 1860. PATRICK HICKEY.

### THANKS TO THE PUBLIC.

W. A. & J. LOCKERBY most respectfully tender their grateful acknowledgments for the very liberal support they have received since their commencement in business. They would also inform the public that they have taken into the business another partner, Mr. AUGUSTUS HERMANS, late Engineer of Hickey's Steam Factory, who is prepared to execute all orders in

Lock, Gunsmithing & Bell-hanging, in the neatest and best style, and with despatch. The business in future will be conducted under the name of LOCKERBY & HERMANS.

WILLIAM A. LOCKERBY,  
JOHN LOCKERBY,  
AUGUSTUS HERMANS.

Oct. 16, 1860.

### W. M. HOWE,

### ATTORNEY AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c., St.

Eleanor's, P. E. I.  
November 12, 1860.

### Poetry.

### SHAKSPEARE'S WOMEN.

From All the Year Round.

Beyond me and above me, far away  
From colder poets like a land Elysian—  
The haunted land where Shakspeare's ladies stray  
Thro' shadowy groves and golden glades of vision;  
And there I wander oft, as poets may,  
Cooling the fever of a late ambition,  
'Mong' ghostly shades or palaces divine,  
And pray at Shakspeare's soul as at a shrine!

Fair are those ladies all, so pure as foam,  
And sadder some than earthly ladies are;  
From Juliet, calm and beautiful as home,  
Whose love was whiter than the morning star,  
To Egypt, when the rebel lord of Rome  
Lolled at her knee and watched the world from far—  
Selling his manhood for a woman's kiss,  
But fretting in the heyday of his bliss.

There Portia argues love against the Jew,  
With quips and quiddities of azure eyes;  
Fidele mourns for Posthumus untrue,  
And wanders homeless under angry skies;  
There white Ophelia moans her dirge divine,  
Sad as the swan's weird music when it dies;  
There mourning Hamlet in his golden weeds,  
Walk little Ophelia and tall Rosalind.

And slender Julia walks in man's attire,  
Praising her own sweet face which Proteus wrongs;  
Miranda, isled from kisses, strikes the lyre  
Of her own wishes into fairy songs;  
And stainless Hero, flashing into fire,  
Chides with her death the lie her love prolongs;  
With buxom Beatrice, whose heart denies  
The jest she still endorses with her eyes!

Shipwreck'd Marina wanders through the night,  
Blushing at sounds and trembling for the morn;  
And blue-eyed Constant rises up her height  
To fortify her hopes with words of scorn;  
The lass of Florizel in tearful plight,  
Still seeks her hope in labyrinthic forlorn;  
And high upon a pinnacle I see  
Cordelia weeping at the wild King's knee.

And in the darkest corner of the land  
Walks one with blacker brows and looks of pain,  
Heart haunted by the shade of past command—  
The pale-faced Queen, who sinned beside the Thane;  
And still she mourns, and eyes a bloody hand  
For her own wishes into fairy songs;  
And round about her, the fairies rise and fall  
Like daisies' shadows to an elin toun;  
Behind them, "plaining through a citron grove,  
Moves gentle Hamlet, chasing hope and love.

I dream in this delicious land, where song  
Epitomised all beauty and all love,  
Familiar as my mother's face, the throng  
Of ladies through its shady vistas move;  
Time listens to the sorrow they prolong,  
And fancy weeps beside them, and above  
Broods darkly, in a golden Paradise,  
The darkness of a satire's imaginings.

O let me, dreaming on in this sweet place,  
Draw near to Shakspeare's soul with reverent eyes:  
Let me dream on, forgetting time and space,  
For ever in a golden Paradise,  
Where smiles are conjured on the stately face,  
And true love kisses mix with tears and sighs;  
Where each immortal body still prolongs  
The life our Shakspeare calmed under in sighs.

And in the spirit's twilight, when I feel  
Hard visaged Labour recommending leisure,  
Let me thus climb to fairy heights and steal  
Soft communion with the shapes all poets treasure,  
Wrapt in luscious life from head to heel,  
Swimming from trance to trance of speechless pleasure,  
And now and then, not erring, dream of bliss  
Whose brinful soul runs over in a kiss!

### Miscellaneous.

### AN UNMARRIAGEABLE WITNESS.

—Witnesses are often exceedingly stupid, but we don't know whether this witness ought to be called stupid or not. It was before Baron Martin.

It was desired to get from him an exact account of a conversation which he had had with a witness, and he said he could not make his statement, because the form in which he was wanted to make his statement. So the court took him in hand.

"Now, my man, tell us exactly what he said."

"Yes, my lord, certainly. I said that I would not have the pig."

"Well, what was his answer?"

"He said that he had been keeping the pig for me and that he—"

"No, no, he did not say that—he could not have said it. He spoke in the first person."

"No, I was the first person that spoke, my lord."

"I mean this—don't bring in the third person—repeat his exact words."

"There was no third person, my lord—only him and me."

"Look here, my good fellow, he did not say he had been keeping the pig; he said 'I have been keeping it.'"

"I assure you, my lord, there was no mention of your lordship's name at all. We are on two different stories, my lord. There was no third person; and if anything had been said about your lordship I must have heard it."

So the Court had to give it up, though the witness was only too ready to tell all he knew.

If anybody wants to edit the *Vicksburg Sentinel*, he may be edited by the following brief history of some men who have figured in that position: Dr. James Hogan took hold in 1837, had a number of street fights, fought a duel with his brother, editor of *The Whig*, and was killed in 1842, in a street fight by Dr. W. Adams. His assistant, Isaac C. Partridge, died of yellow fever in 1839. Dr. J. S. Fall, another assistant, had a number of fights, in one of which he was badly wounded. James Ryan, next editor, was killed by R. E. Hammet of *The Whig*. Next came Walter Hickey, who had several rows, and was repeatedly wounded; he killed Dr. MacIn, and was soon after himself killed in Texas. John Lavins, another editor, was imprisoned for the violence of his articles. Mr. Jenkins, his successor, was killed in the street by H. A. Crabbe; Crabbe was murdered in Sonora. F. C. Jones succeeded Jenkins, but soon after drowned himself.

"May it please your honor," said a lawyer addressing one of the city judges, "I brought the prisoner from the jail on a habeas corpus. 'Well,' said a fellow, in an undertone, who stood in the rear of the court; 'these lawyers will say anything; I saw the man get out of a cab at the court door.'"

Not long since a premium was offered by an agricultural society for the best mode of irrigation; and the latter word, by mistake of the printer, having been changed to "irritation," a farmer sent his wife to gain the prize.

It is said that in some parts of Turkey whenever a shopkeeper is convicted of telling a falsehood his house is at once painted black to remain so for one month. If there was such a law in force in this country what a sable and gloomy appearance some people's houses would present.

PUNCA'S MENTAL PHENOMENON.—What is mind? No matter. What is matter? Never mind. What is the nature of the soul? It is immaterial.

### This Live World of ours.—Agassiz and Gould estimate that there are at least 250,000 different species of living animals!

When we think for a moment of the number of individuals belonging to each species, we can begin to have a faint idea of the innumerable throng of animated creatures that people this earth of ours, which is of itself only a minor satellite of one of a vast number of solar systems. We said a "faint idea," for who can grasp the magnitude of the figures required to enumerate the individuals of a single species, say of cattle among quadrupeds, or of pigeons among birds, or of herrings among insects—each one of which is a living, breathing, pleasure seeking animal.—*American Agriculturalist*.

DIRT.—Old Dr. Cooper of South Carolina used to say to his students, "Don't be afraid of a little dirt, young gentlemen. What is dirt? Why nothing at all offensive, when chemically viewed. Rub a little kaolin upon that dirty greasy spot on your coat, and it undergoes a chemical change and becomes soap. Now rub it with a little water and it disappears; it is neither grease, soap, water, nor dirt. That is not a very odorous pile of dirt you observe there. Well, scatter a little gypsum over it, and it is no longer dirt. Everything you call dirt is worthy of your notice as students of chemistry. Analyze it! Dirt makes corn, corn makes bread and meat, and that makes a very sweet young lady, that I see one of you kissing last night. So after all, you were kissing dirt, particularly if she whitens her face with chalk or flour's earth. There is no telling, young gentlemen, what is dirt."

When the American troops were quartered at Newbury, at the close of the revolutionary war, and the soldiers were stirred up to rebellion against the government by the famous anonymous letters, which it has been ascertained, were written by General Armstrong, then a major in the army, General Washington conveyed the officers for the purpose of addressing them on this subject and calming the tumult which was beginning to rage in their bosoms. He held a paper in his hand on which the remarks he intended to make were written—and then it was, that finding himself unable to read without assistance—as he was drawing out his spectacles from his pocket, that unperceived expression broke from him, of the most pathetic that ever broke from human lips—"Fellow citizens," said he, "your prejudice I have not only grown gray but blind in your service." The effect of this remark was electrical. No bosom, no eye was proof against it.

A clergyman wrote the following statement on the back of a dollar bill, which was circulating at St. Louis at latest dates:—

"This dollar bill, together with a miserably executed bogus half-dollar, was all that Mr. George H. Cox of Oskosh, Wisconsin, gave me for marrying him to Miss Colia Rice, on the 4th of October, 1859. The beautifully engraved certificate that I gave them was worth fifty cents, and the recording of the marriage (according to law) cost twenty-five cents, leaving me but one quarter of a dollar with which to advertise it, which would bring me in debt. I chose this more economical method of advertising said marriage, and letting the world know that Mr. George H. Cox and Miss Colia Rice are married according to law.

"HARRY RAIZA, Pastor M. E. Church."

CHOICE RHYMES.—I ploughs, I sows, I reaps, I mows, I cuts up wood for winters, I digs, I hoes, I cuts grass, and for night I knits. I cures the printer. I do suppose all knowledge flows right from the printing-press, so off I goes, in these ere clothes, to settle up—I guess.

We noticed a young man this morning, says the *Oswego Times*, with a large basket filled with froth, which had soiled and stained the logs in the river. From curiosity we enquired the purpose of such a perishable substance, and were kindly enlightened by the youth, who informed us that he designed "boiling it down into meerschaum pipes."

A quaint old gentleman, in speaking of the different allotments of men, by which some become useful citizens and others worthless vagabonds, by way of illustration remarked,— "So one slab of marble becomes a useful doorstep, while another becomes a lying tomb-stone."

Miss Tulip, in speaking of old bachelors, says:—"They are frozen-out gardeners in the flower-bed of love. As they are as useless as weeds they should be served in the same manner—choked."

WHAT SECESSION MEANS.—The *Herold's* special Virginia correspondent writes from Richmond on the 23rd as follows:—"The best informed men in this section—among whom I class some of our wisest representatives in Congress—seem to entertain very slight hopes of any good result from a Southern Conference. There is one serious obstacle, which will probably nullify all efforts at reconciliation, viz: The Cotton States believe that secession, intrinsically, involves much more benefit to them than could result from a continuance in the Union. Their prime animating motive in pursuing this policy is to re-open the African slave trade, and that they are aware they never can do within the Union. Secession is, after all, with them a matter of material interest. I do not mean to insinuate that the movement is solely actuated by that consideration, but there can be no doubt of its exercising a controlling influence in it. This you may rest assured of.

"I have no idea that the Cotton States will now forego the advantage which the election of Lincoln presents for the accomplishment of an object which to them is far dearer than the preservation of the Union. In the re-opening of the African slave trade, they recognize one of the greatest sources of wealth and prosperity that any country could acquire. With such advantages, they feel that they could control the destinies of the world, and make Europe and the North bow in obedience to their will. There is much truth in the idea; but, whether there is or not, they entertain the conviction firmly, and argument will be unavailing in the effort to remove it.

There is more truth in the above than usually finds a place in the *Herold*; in fact it is the real core of the matter. To talk of the election of Lincoln, or the Personal Liberty acts, or anything like these, as the cause of the present Secessionary fury, is just as silly as to make apologies for the circulation of *Halper's* book. The Fire-eaters think