THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 29, 1895.

EVENING ENTERTAINMENTS.

The long evenings of autumn and winter will be profitably spent if our young people become interested in domestic and social entertainments by means of music, literature and lectures. The time used in practising vocal and instrumental music, and in learning and rehearsing selections from the best authors, and in the preparation of papers upon historical and other subjects will be well occupied. Many an otherwise idle hour, in which mischief might be made, will thus be improved by those who take an active part in these entertainments; while for those who merely listen there is wholesome enjoyment and refinement, besides, and means of contributing, indirectly, an occasional mite towards the promotion of charitable religious, and other good objects. The season is now upon us. St. Vincent de Paul gave its first entertainment last evening to an interested audience, and the course will be continued for the benefit of the poor. This evening there will be an entertainment in St. Paul's Schoolroom, and we hope that many other entertainments will be held there throughout the coming winter. The popular lectures and entertainments which have from year to year been given under the auspices of St. James' Literary Society, will be continued this fall and winter in the beautiful new hall of St. James' congregation. In connection with the Baptist Church, there will be a lecture this evening, and, doubtless, many improving and enjoyable entertainments during the course of the season. We expect that the Epworth League will be active in the coming months, and hope to hear that the entertainment committee in connection with St. Peter's Cathedral will, ere long, decide upon a renewal of the popular Penny Readings introduced at St. Peter's Schoolroom. In this connection, too, it is pleasing to hear that Mr Earle has in contemplation the production of an opera; and we hope that Mr. Vinnicombe and his orchestra will give a concert ere winter shall fall into the lap of spring.

P. E. ISLAND CHEESE AND ITS FLAVOR.

There is encouragement for our dairymen farmers in the words of the editor of the Maritime Farmer, who personally examined the cheese shown at our Provincial Exhibition. He says:

"They were as like externally as beans in a pod and the plugs from them evinced a remarkable uniformity of make and natural flavor . . . This eveness of make, quality and appearance is one of the first essentials in building up an export trade. The I-land cheese have a distinct flavor of their own and we are inclined to think when the English consumers begin to recognize this that they will evince a preference for the product of Island factories. Perhaps in the exhibits of a few of the factories the flavor might have been a little too pronounced for the export trade, but taken as a whole they made a wonderful even showing."

If these words of a good judge of cheese should be verified, there need be no doubt or question about the future of the cheese factories of this Province. Given the preference in the British market, it matters not how many cheese factories are in operation elsewhere,—there will always be a demand for P. E. Island cheese. It is, therefore, the interest and duty of every patron to strive to obtain for P. E. Island cheese the "preference" that is desired. By the breeding of the best cows, the supply of the best fodder, the most scrupulous care and cleanliness in the handling of the milk, by every means within their power, let each and all try to win the preference of English consumers.

THE HOSPITAL MATTER.

The temper exhibited, this morning, by the Guardian is not wonderful. It was exasperating to have the figures it produced to prove that The Examiner was wrong show that The Examiner was essentially right. The strong adjectives employed by the Guardian are used to cover up its confusion. The Examiner has not exhibited "meddlesomeness," for it is not meddlesome in a public newspaper to discuss a matter effecting the pockets of the people. The Examiner has not shown fickleness or evasion in respect to this matter; for it has held closely to the point of its first and main contention, viz., that those who promoted the founding of the P. E. Island Hospital ought now, in view of the facts set forth, to endow it handsomely. It may be admitted that one or two of The Examiner's statements were literally inaccurate, though substantially and essentially true. But we deny and repudiate the charge of misrepresentation; and charge in reply that the Guardian has persistently misrepresented The Examiner from the beginning to the end of this discussion.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—Mail and Empire: Mr. Laurier has paid a visit to Galt, "the Manchester of Canada," and although a few flags were hoisted on some of the public buildings, and on one or two residences and hotels, not a single flag was to be seen on any of the half hundred manufacturing establishments for which the town is celebrated. The reason is obvious: The owners and operatives seem to wish it distinctly understood that they do not favor the eloquent gentlemen's policy of "free trade as it is in England."

—Montreal Gazette: Their success in Montreal Centre has opened to the Liberal eyes visions of the capture of the Ottawa Government and the accession of Mr. Laurier to power and of Sir Richard Cartwright to the control of the country's fiscal affairs. The maid of the fable saw how she could buy a cow out of the proceeds of the basket of eggs she carried on her head. The cow, however, was never milked by the maid's hands, and the eggs did not hatch. The N. P. voter has a way of stepping on the nest in which the eggs of Liberal hope are laid, and the story of the maid may be repeated in politics.

HAVE WE FARMS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE?

II.

In the report of the Dairy Commissioner of Canada for 1893, Prof. Robertson, at page 118, says: "Still it is my duty to say this: That Canadian cured and Canadian fed bacon was selling in London and Liverpool for within five or six shillings as much per 112 pounds as Danish fed and Danish cured bacon; whereas the Danish farmers last summer are reported to have realized from 2 to 3½ cents per pound more, live weight, than the Canadian farmers, and the freight rates from Denmark are not much lower than the freight rates from Canada." He says further, "As our Canadian name gets better known our products will be sought after at such enhanced prices that the men who cure them and handle them will be able to pay higher prices to the farmers and still make a good profit." In this the Commissioner was speaking of the pork products exported from the Upper Provinces. Continuing, Prof. Robertson said: "In fairness I must state that at the Danish packing houses a larger revenue is realized upon the offal and by-products, and the wages of the workmen are lower than in Canada"

In answer to a question by Mr. Featherston, Prof. Robertson said: "My reports are from the men who have been in the trade in Denmark, where swine fetched 9 to 9½ cents per pound, live weight." He also said: "What is called corn fed bacon will not fetch within from ten to fifteen shillings per hundred weight as much as the bacon fed on mixed cereals and by products from the dairies such as we send from Canada." (Report of the Select Standing Committee on Agriculture and Colonization, 1893, page 58.) At page 59 of the same Report, in answer to Mr Temple, M. P., the Dairy Commissioner said: "Swine products cured properly and exported regularly to the English market will pay. There have been only two packing houses in the export trade until recently, and there is a good demand for Canadian fed and Canadian cured bacon." The importation into Great Britain of hog products amounts to about $60,000,000 yearly, of which Canada's share has been much smaller than it should have been; and this Island has had none of it.

With the excellent quality of pork grown by the farmers of this Island, their product should command the highest price, especially as it is allowed to be of finer flavor and firmer texture than that produced either in the western States or western Canada. As is well known, the finest pork is made by feeding skim milk, roots and grain. No Province of the Dominion has better potatoes than P. E. Island, and in no Province are they sold as cheaply. With a ration of potatoes, dairy by-products, such as whey and skim milk, and a small quantity of oats, barley and peas ground together, the pig can be fattened and finished fit for the most critical market. Heretofore our farmers have figured that it did not pay to feed pork, because the price they got for it would not pay for the food consumed, and they counted little on the value of the manure. But if pork raising were made an adjunct of dairying, and if the farmers had a certain market for their hogs, at say 5½ to 6 cents a pound, live weight, which is not over the usual price paid in Toronto and other western cities of Canada,—they would change their views. A progressive farmer has told me that his plan is to have the young pigs farrowed in November, when they are fed on the skim milk from the butter factory with a small allowance, after they are a month old, of cracked grain. Then, in the spring they are put in to the orchard or a clover patch and fed on mangels and whey from the cheese factory, with the small ration of grain still continued. By the middle of August the early varieties of potatoes are fit for use, and they are fed to the pigs from that time. Along with the whey and grain ration pork is made very fast, and the pigs are fit for market early in October, and kill from 250 to 350 pounds each. By this system the farmer utilizes the skim milk and whey from the dairy, the coarse grains such as oats, barley and pease that otherwise he would have to sell at small prices, and finds a home market for a considerable quantity of mangels and potatoes. Besides, he has a large quantity of valuable manure to maintain the fertility of his farm. The great difficulty heretofore has been the uncertainty of the market for pork. One year it will be fairly good, but the next year it is a drug, and hardly anything can be got for it. All this would be obviated if we had proper packing houses established, where the entire animal would be utilized, and where the farmer could at all times during the season get the best possible price for his pigs.

With respect to the breeds of pigs, in the report of the agriculturist of the Experimental Farm for 1894, at page 82, Prof. Robertson says: "There was no constant or appreciable superiority in the breeds and breeding tested, in respect to the quantity of feed consumed per pound of increase in live weight." The difference in the thriftiness or power to increase in live weight per pound of food consumed, was greater between different animals in the same litter than between breeds or breeding as such, in different litters. On the whole, for fattening purposes, cross-bred swine and grades gave better results than pure-breds." The experiments at the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa included improved large Yorkshire and Berkshire grade dam; improved large Yorkshire sire and Essex dam; Grade Tamworth sire and grade Berkshire dam; improved large Yorkshire sire and Berkshire dam. At page 85 of the same report the following conclusions are given:

"1. On the average, 4.33 lbs. of grain (barley, rye, pease, wheat, frosted wheat and wheat bran) was the quantity consumed per pound of increase in the live weight;

2. In the feeding of grain, considering quantity of feed consumed, and the general health of the animals, it is profitable to feed the grain ground and soaked in water for an average period of about 30 hours;

3. It is profitable to add about 3 to 5 pounds of skim milk or buttermilk per head per day to the grain fed to fattening swine."

Again, at page 84 the following conclusions are also given:

"1. Skim milk may form the largest part of the feed of young and growing pigs with advantage and economy;

2. For the fattening of swine weighing, on the average, over 100 pounds each, live weight, it is economical to give an allowance of skim milk not exceeding 5 pounds per head per day;

3. In every case the swine fed with part of their rations of skim milk were lustier, more vigorous and of a more healthy appearance than swine fed wholly on a ration of grain."

From this data we see that dairying and pork production are two industries that can profitably go hand in hand. The dairy industry has taken a firm hold in this Province, and what is wanted now is encouragement for the production of pork. Our farmers have made great advances during the past few years in obtaining improved breeds of swine, many superior animals having been imported from Ontario. We have excellent grade-breeding sows, and all that is wanted is for the farmers to construct comfortable houses for their swine, and to go into the business with the same enthusiasm that they have shown in the cheese industry.

G. F. O.

—Montreal Gazette: A correspondent of a local Liberal paper says Mr. Laurier has no hope of winning Toronto to the Liberal column in the next election. The National Policy interests there are too strong, so he is devoting his attention to the districts where the farmers constitute a greater proportion of the voting community. As was the case in 1891, when unrestricted reciprocity with the United States was the main plank in the Opposition platform, the Liberals in 1895 appear to think their hope of success is in setting the country against the town. It was the country constituencies that five years ago saved the Conservatives, and history, as is known, has a way of repeating itself. Protection as we have it in Canada was designed to be a policy for the whole country. The whole country has repeatedly expressed approval of it. It is not likely to be knocked out now by a scheme its authors openly admit appeals to only a section of the country.

—It is semi-officially intimated that the Manitoba Government will reply before Parliament meets to the last communication of the federal authorities on the school question. The Montreal Gazette remarks that this was to be expected, the wildness of the West not yet going the length of treating an official communication of the Government with contempt. The Manitoba Liberals keep their contempt for the Privy Council decision as to what the law may do it to secure for the religious minority.

A NEW CLUB.

Name Suggested for a New Social Organization in London.

London (Special) Oct. 28.—It has been facetiously suggested that a new social club in process of organization in this city should be entitled "The Dodd's Kidney Pill Club" as the present members are all enthusiastic advocates of that remedy and in common with many other citizens declare that in all cases of kidney trouble no other agent has been found so completely effective. Most Londoners have at their fingers' ends the particulars of the many marvellous cures through the use of this specific. In every drug-store in the city the medicine is kept in large quantities and warmly recommended.

The London Times of a late date publishes a letter from Professor Goldwin Smith, dated from Toronto on October 10, and referring to the Sackville-West pamphlet incident. The professor says;—"The Irish vote is the bane of all Anglo-Saxon communities. In an intercourse of 30 years I have not met an American who has not felt ashamed of this subserviency." The professor then dilates upon the "subserviency" shown by the English Liberals to the Irish, and adds: Whatever the American politicians are, they are not the American people. Their nervous fear of unpopularity sometimes leads them astray. Had President Cleveland mustered courage enough to treat the Murchison letter with the spirit of a high-minded gentleman, he would have gained more votes than he lost.

Looks Plausible, but—

Trust it not, it is full of deception. Do not buy a label; buy a good wine in the bottle. The label may be imposing; and the long price may give confidence; but know this, that the day has come when all the people can drink good wine at a cheap rate, at nominal prices. Eight dollars, ten dollars, that day is done! For good Clarets and Burgundies—$3 and $4 per dozen quarts. Tested by the best judges, among whom is Lieut. Governor Chapleau; enjoyed by the people; asked for in all parts of the country. The famed Medoc at a trifle. Rich wines, a little more than the price of beer. No sting; muscle blood makers. Address—Berdeaux Claret Co., 30 Hospital Street, Montreal. 246

Building Operations.—The New Glasgow Enterprise says: The building operations in New Glasgow, Westville, Pictou and Stellarton this year will total up over $200,000. The most expensive structures erected in New Glasgow were the flour mill, which when completed will cost over $60,000, and the Y. M. C. A. building, $10,000. The main buildings erected in Pictou were the post office at a cost of $10,000 and the market over $2,000. In Westville the total amount spent in new buildings was in the vicinity of $50,000, (and another $50,000 was spent for water works.)

How to Roast the Succulent Oyster.—Select large oysters and have them scrubbed thoroughly, then place them in the oven in a large tin with the round side of the shells down, so that when they open the liquor will not be lost. As soon as they do open remove the upper shell, sprinkle them with salt, pepper and chopped parsley, add a little butter and serve hot as possible on a bed of watercress. Oysters served in this way make an excellent first course at dinner if accompanied by thin slices of brown bread and butter.—November Ladies Home Journal.

A Crank Heard From.—There is some trouble over a Presbyterian church down the line, says the Truro Headlight. The church is being painted, but it seems the job cannot be completed because one of the church members objects to one side, which rests on his ground, being painted. Law is threatened.

Ladies of the Household!

You should use ROYAL SILVER POLISH for the Silver. It is a liquid, guaranteed to contain no acid, absolutely free of grit and the after dust usually left by whiting. A great many ladies having used same, are very much pleased with it. 15 and 25 cents a bottle.

A. W. REDDIN, Phm. B.,
Agent tor P. E. Island.
oct29

PENNY READINGS
—IN—
St. Paul's Schoolroom,
In aid of the New Church,
Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1895

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1. Romberg's Toy Symphony.
2. Song.....Mr. Fred. Haszard
3. Reading.....Captain Weeks
4. Vocal Duet.....Mrs. Hedley Palmer and Rev. T. H. Hunt.
5. String Quartette, from Haydn's Creation.
6. Recitation.....Miss Enid McLean
7. Violin Solo.....Mr. Vinnicombe

PART II.

8. Vocal Duet.....Mrs. E. H. Norton and Mr. G. F. Beer.
9. Reading.....Mr. G. F. Scovil
10. Song.....Mrs. Hedley Palmer
11. Duet for Violin and Piano.....Miss Dodd and Mr. W. C. Harris.
12. Reading.....Mr. L. H. Davies
13. Toy Symphony.

God Save the Queen.

Admission 15 cents.
Home-made candy to be sold inboxes during the interval. o26

Better Than Fibre Chamois

against November chills is QUININE WINE. Seventy-five cents for large quart bottle. Will we send you one?

REDDIN BROS
Victoria Row, Opposite Post Office.
oct28

Supernumerary Fund of the Methodist Church.

The Rev. C. H. Paisley, M. A., Agent for the above Fund, will visit the Charlottetown District and address Meetings in the interests of the Fund as follows:—

Charlottetown—Sunday, Oct. 27.		
"	Upper Prince St.,	11 a. m.
"	First Church,	7 p. m.
Winsloe—October	28,	7.30 "
York, "	29,	" "
" Union Road,	30,	" "
Mount Stewart,	31,	" "
Souris, November	1,	" "
Cornwall, Sunday,	3,	" "
Pownal,	4,	" "
Vernon River,	5,	" "
Montague,	6,	" "
Murray Harbor,	7,	" "

JOHN GOLDSMITH,
Financial Secretary.
Charlottetown, Oct. 24, 1895—1&w

FURNESS LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Sailings between LONDON and HALIFAX. Under special contract with the Dominion Government.

S. S. HALIFAX CITY, 3,000 Tons.
S. S. ST. JOHN CITY, 3,000 Tons.
S. S. DAMARA, 2,500 Tons.

The Furness Steamships are the finest on this route. All boats are Clyde built, with saloon and sleeping berths amidships, where least motion is felt.

S. S. St. John City and Halifax City are electrically lighted, and carry ship's doctors. Freight accommodation unsurpassed.

For information regarding sailing dates, etc., apply to

FURNESS, WITBY & CO., Ltd.,
People's Bank Building,
Halifax, N. S.,

Or W. W. Clarke, Passenger Agent Charlottetown, P. E. I. oct22

Farm For Sale.

At Inkerman, Lot 29, 100 acres of land, 60 acres in a good state of cultivation, the balance covered with hard and soft wood; well watered, and comfortable buildings convenien, to churches. For further particulars apply to

JOHN McLEOD,
jy19—wy Inkerman.

HONESTY

is the best policy.

HONEST T

is the best beverage.

OUR TEA has always been honest value.

Try some and see for yourself that we are right in what we say.

STERLING VALUE—our 32c. Blend.

SANDERSON & CO.,
CASH GROCERS.
Victoria Row, Charlottetown, P. E. I
oct29

TELEGRAPHIC.

Special Despatches to the Examiner

WAR AMONG THE LIBERALS.

Laurier Repudiates the Policy of a Liberal Paper.

Montreal, Oct. 29.

There is a big sensation here over the repudiation by Mr. Laurier of La Patrie, the Liberal organ. Ex-Mayor Beaugrand had announced that the paper would be run on the old Liberal lines as in the days of Doutre and Doron, and Mr. Laurier wrote a letter of protest, saying that he belonged to the English school of Liberalism. La Patrie will reply and maintain its position.

CONSERVTIVE MEETINGS.

A Series to be Held in Ontario.

Ottawa, Oct. 29.

During this fall a series of Liberal-Conservative meetings will be held in the different portions of Ontario, at which the policy of the Government will be clearly enunciated. As a preliminary, a meeting has been arranged to be held at Owen Sound on Thursday next, which four Ministers have promised to attend.

Smuggling In Newfoundland.

St. John's, Nfld., Oct. 29.

Inspector O'Rielly, commanding the cruiser Fiona, has returned with information respecting a whole series of smuggling cases at Burin and its neighborhood. He arrested a dozen leading traders thereabouts and seized a large quantity of smuggled liquor, tobacco, tea and sugar.

Princely Cousins to be United.

London, Oct. 29.

It is announced that Princess Maud, the youngest daughter of the Prince of Wales, is betrothed to Prince Kail, the second son of Prince Frederick, heir apparent to the throne of Denmark.

Bulbs and Lilies Free!

("A thing of beauty is a joy forever.")

We want to popularize the growing of Bulbs. They are so easily grown and so beautiful that no house should be without some for winter blooming, and every garden should have its plot to unfold its beauty in early spring. Holland Bulbs and Lilies are grown in enormous quantities in Europe and the United States. We propose to give every householder in Charlottetown an opportunity to procure some of the most beautiful Lilies, Hyacintns, Tulips, etc.,

Absolutely Free of Charge.

This is our plan, viz.,—It is well known that our large Store is crammed full of Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, China and Glassware, Japanese Goods, Toys, Wall Papers, etc. It is an assured fact that every family in the city needs more or less of these goods. We ask everybody interested to come and buy their supplies right away, or before our Bulbs are all gone, and with each cash purchase of one dollar's worth of goods of any kind we will give

Twenty-five Cents Worth of Bulbs Free.

Purchasers to have their own selection of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Freesias, Narcissus, Easter Lilies or Chinese Sacred Lilies. Directions for culture given. Store open evenings until 9 o'clock. Parcels delivered free. Embrace this opportunity quick and get first choice of Bulbs.

GEO. CARTER & CO.,
Dealers in Books, Bulbs, Seeds, &c.

Genuine Japanese Chinaware.

Five O'clock Tea Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Chocolate Jugs, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Rose Bowls Rose Jars, Vases, Trays, Biscuit Jars, Salad Dishes, Jardiniers, Teapots, etc. We claim to have the

Best Assortment

ever shown in this city. Our prices are low on these goods. It costs you nothing to see them.

HASZARD & MOORE,
BOOKSELLERS, &c.
Charlottetown, Oct. 24, 1895.

Rejoice and be Glad

When you see our stock of German Felt Goods, in Children's and Ladies' and Gents' Slippers, the finest line in town. Just look at them. Warm, warm, warm. Cheap, cheap, cheap. If you see them you will buy.

Yours for shoes at low prices.

A. E. McEACHEN,
oct7 THE SHOE MAN.

Miss Edith Gallant
DRESSMAKER,

Is now prepared to do Fashionable Dressmaking at her residence, Dorchester Street, between Prince and Great George Streets.
Oct4—4i pd

WHAT WOULD YOU DO
—WITH—
1,000 Yards of English Flannelettes More Than You Wanted?

You'd sell them, of course. You would—but could you sell them at a high price? NO! Neither can we. We believe we can by making the price right for you.

TO-MORROW'S GREAT OFFER IS:

NO. 1 LOT.—1150 yards English Flannelette, 8c., extra good and heavy, eight or ten different patterns.—James Paton & Co.

NO. 2.—12 pieces Tweed Effects, suitable for House Dresses and Children's School Dresses, width 29 inches, price 14 cents.—James Paton & Co.

NO. 3.—8 pieces Aberdeen Suiting, 33 inches, in pretty colors, price 16 cents.—James Paton & Co.

Dressing Gown Flannelettes, heavy weight, 16, 17 and 18 cents.—Jas. Paton & Co.

(x)

JAMES PATON & CO.

E. R. BROW
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.
CHARLOTTETOWN.
OFFICE—BROWN'S BLOCK.

NOTICE.

I have withdrawn from the Undertaking business of Wadman & Wadman, and will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the firm.

OLIVER B. WADMAN.
Crapaud, Oct. 25, 1895—2i

Annual Meeting.

The general Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Hillsborough Skating Rink Company will be held at the office of M. & D. C. McLeod, in Charlottetown on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of October, instant, at 8 o'clock, p. m.

D. C. McLEOD,
Sec'y-Treas.
Oct. 12—dy tl 30th

All Ready Rubbers.

When you want Rubbers you want 'em—we have all Rubbers all ready. When you want 'em, write for 'em, telegraph for 'em—they are yours immediately.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.,
Money Saving Distributors of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

Save Cents 25 If You Can.

By buying a bottle of our own Sarsaparilla, as good as the best as a Blood Purifier, and only 75 cents for largest size bottle

WATSON'S DRUGSTORE.

MONCTON WOOLEN MILLS,
Masonic Temple Building, Grafton Street.

(x)

Any person needing anything in the line of Tweeds, Flannels, Blanketings or Yarns will do well to call on us. In order to introduce our goods all over this Island we will sell them low, and once introduced they will speak for themselves. They are the best goods in the market to-day.

W. C. TURNER, Agent,
Charlottetown, August 14, 1895—135 & wky WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Breakfast Foods!

PETTIJOHN'S BEST is made from the best Pacific Coast White Wheat, and is one of the most wholesome and nutritious Foods made. Once on your breakfast table you will not be without it.

BREAKFAST HOMINY is prepared from the choicest White Corn, thoroughly cleaned and dessicated.

SELF-RISING BUCKWHEAT FLOUR is coming into use more generally every day. With it you can make delicious Griddle Cakes in two minutes' time.

For use on the above we have Golden Syrup and choice Demarara Molasses.

BEER & GOFF.

Charlottetown, October 19, 1895—246

Positively no more at the price when these are gone—no telling how soon that will be.

ONLY 66 LEFT.

Odd lot Ladies' Undervests, advertised first of the week.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

I AM CALLED FASHIONED!

Why? Because I am shaped by Knitting instead of Cutting.

28 Ladies' Cream and Grey Vests, full fashioned, necks silk bound and feather stitched, former price 90c and $1 each. To close out, 60 cents each.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

22 Ladies' Fine, Heavy, Natural Wool Vests, buttoned fronts, finished seams, only two sizes, marked and sold in the regular way at $1.00 and $1.15.

Our price to clear, 75 cents each.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

FINE SCOTCH LAMBSWOOL.

ONLY 16 LEFT!

Full fashioned, heavy and fine, sizes 26, 28 and 30 inch, formerly sold at $1.35 and $1.65, This little lot at $1.00 each.

STANLEY BROTHERS.