

of the war, a peace between Russia and the Porte, was highly necessary to Prussia, and to us, as well as to the Turkish empire; and he trusted that this salutary end might be obtained without any interruption of public tranquility, and at a temporary expense; under all these circumstances, it must appear necessary to the preservation of the balance of power in Europe, and to the support of that alliance which is allowed to be of the highest importance to this country. Having spoke at some length to this point, he concluded by moving an address to his Majesty, the substance of which was, assuring his Majesty, that his faithful Commons would make any provision for the expense of the addition which he had found expedient to make to his naval forces.

Mr. Dundas seconded the motion, without making any other remarks. Lord Wycomb opposed the motion, and entered at length into the political state of things throughout Europe. He thought that too much confidence was placed in the Minister, and warned the House not to go rashly into the business.

Mr. Coke opposed the motion, and moved as an amendment, to leave out all that part of the address which followed the declaration of thanks to his Majesty, and to insert as follows: "That it not appearing to his faithful Commons, that the dominions of his Majesty, or of his allies, had been attacked, or that their interests were at all affected by the war between Russia and the Porte, they were not able to see any necessity for arming, or adding to the burdens of his subjects, which were already greater than they could bear."

This motion being seconded, Mr. Lambton said a few words, as did some other members. Mr. Fox made a long speech, and opposed the address with uncommon vigour. The house divided on Mr. Coke's amendment, when the numbers were, — For the amendment, 135 — Against it, 228 — Majority, 93.

The question on the Address, as originally moved, was then put, and carried without a division.

CHARLOTTE-TOWN, JULY 15.

We have the pleasure to inform the Public, that there has been exported to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick this spring, from the settlement of Bedeque alone, ONE HUNDRED BUSHELS OF WINTER WHEAT, OF A VERY SUPERIOR GROWTH, and the same quantity has also been entered at the custom-house for the consumption of the Inhabitants of this town. The industrious farmers of this very flourishing settlement are in full expectation of being able, in a few years, to furnish some thousands of bushels of this valuable grain for exportation. — God grant they may not be disappointed.

The opening of the Spring was early this year beyond expectation. All Nature seemed animated by the return of this vernal season. — Every heart danced with joy. — Every countenance beamed with happiness. — The little warblers sung their notes of cheerfulness to delighted

groves. — and the lowing herds gambol'd over the verdant fields. This scene of pleasure lasted not long. The chilling cold of winter again returned, the trees were encircled with ice, — the fields were a plain covered with frost, and nature languished in the midst of a season formed for delight and fertility, and when the eye of benevolence should sparkle at the prospect of approaching plenty. — Vegetation was retarded by this frigidty of nature. — By the genial warmth of the Summer's Sun, however, a sun restored to life and colour, and we may now sing with the Poet.

Et nunc omnis ager, nunc omnis parturit arbor; Nunc frondent silvæ, nunc formosissimus annus. "Now every field, now every tree, is green; "Now genial Nature's fairest face is seen."

A large body of Indians having lately arrived at an Island, contiguous to Malpec, the inhabitants were filled with the utmost consternation and terror. From the apprehensions they entertained, that these poor people came with hostile intentions towards them. A ridiculous report was immediately circulated throughout the country, that the Indians had come to avenge their vengeance for an injury said to have been done them by an inhabitant of this Island, and that they intended to depopulate and lay waste the whole country. — A great quantity of this kind of interference or violence to be the character of some horridous imagination. It appeared that these harmless people had only come to this Island in order to avoid the contagion of the small-pox, which was in the vicinity of their usual abode, and for an opportunity of seeing the reverend Gentlemen of their persuasion. — A correspondent informs, that the circulation of reports calculated to disturb the felicity of the Public, and which can have foundation only in the terrors of imagination, are not only highly reprehensible, but disgraceful to the fabricator. The credulity of the inhabitants ought not to be imposed upon by misrepresentation.

We do not remember to have seen more vivid flashes of lightning, or to have heard more tremendous peals of thunder, than the late storms were productive of. The artillery of heaven was awful in deed! — We have the pleasure to inform the public, that there has not been such luxuriant vegetation observed for many years past as the fields at present exhibit. The most flattering expectations are entertained by the industrious husbandman. We sincerely wish that these inspiring hopes of reaping abundant crops may not be blasted by contrary appearances.

Lately arrived in this harbour, from Broad-bay, State of Massachusetts, the schooner Abigail, James Smith, master, belonging to John Patterson, esquire. In this vessel came passengers, a number of industrious settlers for this Island. We are assured that a great many more will follow in the course of next spring. Were the Americans allowed to bring their stock, and grain for their immediate support, along with them, we venture to pronounce, that this Island would speedily obtain a valuable accession of inhabitants, well affected to the government; an object most desirable indeed, and of the utmost importance to the future growth, wealth, and prosperity of this country. We cannot forbear here to mention, that a Petition to his Excellency the Governor was set on foot some time since, which had for its design, the allowing an importation, from the States, of live stock, &c. and would have embraced the above object in an eligible manner. But the intention of it having been misunderstood, we are sorry to say, it had not the desired effect. Although signed by

a number of respectable inhabitants, it was not presented.

His Majesty's schooner Alert, commanded by Lieut. Cresson, on her way from Quebec to this place, while she was ordered by his Excellency Admiral Sir Richard Hughes, struck on a rock, during a time of high wind, and was entirely lost. It was about seven o'clock in the evening when she first touched. Signals of distress were immediately made, and immediately at length without hopes of assistance, and impatient at their situation, having scarce a pint of water in the hold, they attempted to detach the shore in their boat; this was effected with great facility, after much toil and labour, and a north-south wind blowing very high. The ship's company, reached this town on Saturday last, having been 19 hours on their way, in small boats, up to their middles almost covered with water, and with only the pint of water to allay their thirst. Although in this warm season, must have been almost insupportable on so fatiguing a journey. None of the crew received any hurt, except the poor man who fired the signals, whose arm was so much battered by the explosion of the piece, as to make it apprehended he will lose the use of it. The Revenue Cutter, with 60 of the crew of the above vessel, sailed immediately to endeavour to save the guns, stores, &c. from on board her, and has since returned, without having been able to effect her errand. Lieut. Sawyer, commander of the Chatham, who arrived here from Halifax a day or two before this sad disaster happened, sailed also for the same purpose; but has not yet returned.

Last week arrived here in the Chatham, from Halifax, the Hon. James Ramsay, brother to the Earl of Dalhousie, and Lieutenant in the 21st regiment, or Royal Scots Fusiliers.

On Tuesday arrived in this harbour, in his Majesty's ship Adamant, his Excellency Sir Richard Hughes, Baronet, Vice Admiral of the Blue, and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships of war in North America, and on Wednesday he was received on shore by Lieutenant Governor Fanning and principal officers of government, and escorted to the Lieutenant Governor's house by a detachment of the 21st regiment stationed on this Island. We hear that the Admiral means to honour us with a stay of several weeks.

Yesterday arrived here, from London, after a passage of seven weeks, the schooner Charlotte, Titus Alston, master, late the property of Walter Patterson, esquire, formerly Governor of this Island. Mr. — Patterson, a young gentleman, about 17, son to the above mentioned gentleman, came passenger in this vessel; as also Mr. John Webster, senior, of this town, Mr. John Townshend, of New London, and several others. We are told, that the brig Spedwell, belonging to Mr. John Cambridge, merchant, of this town, was to sail twelve days after the Charlotte. She may be hourly expected.

Characteristic Trait — A stranger passing St. Paul's Church, asked a Tar whom he met, what those figures were at the west front? to which the Sailor answered, "The Twelve Apostles." How the devil can that be, replied the other, when there are but six of them? — "D—n my eyes," says the Tar, "would you have them all upon deck at once?"