

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 4.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1879.

NO. 558.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.
OFFICE:
ING'S BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50
One Week, 0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly advertisements, on application.
W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. II.

Winter Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER
MONDAY, DECEMBER 30th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1. Express.	No. 3 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 8.10 am	
Cardigan	" 8.35 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 9.55 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 10.05 "	
Ch'town	" 11.20 "	
	dp 8.00 am	Dp 3.30 pm
Royalty Jun.	" 8.20 "	" 3.50 "
N. Wiltshire	" 9.12 "	" 4.45 "
Hunter River	" 9.30 "	" 5.03 "
Breadalbane	" 10.08 "	" 5.41 "
County Line	" 10.18 "	" 5.51 "
Kensington	ar 11.00 "	ar 6.30 "
Summerside	ar 11.30 "	ar 7.00 "
	dp 2.40 pm	
Wellington	" 3.32 "	
Port Hill	" 4.16 "	
O'Leary	" 5.33 "	
Alberton	ar 6.35 "	
Tignish	ar 7.25 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 7.00 am	
Alberton	" 7.45 "	
O'Leary	" 8.47 "	
Port Hill	" 10.05 "	
Wellington	" 10.48 "	
Summerside	ar 11.40 "	
	dp 2.30 pm	Dp 8.45 am
Kensington	" 3.00 "	" 9.15 "
County Line	" 3.40 "	" 9.57 "
Breadalbane	" 3.50 "	" 10.08 "
Hunter River	" 4.28 "	" 10.47 "
N. Wiltshire	" 4.45 "	" 11.02 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 5.40 "	ar 11.55 "
Ch town	ar 6.00 "	ar 12.15 pm
	dp 2.55 "	
Royalty Jun.	" 3.15 "	
Mt. Stewart	ar 4.30 "	
Cardigan	dp 4.40 "	
Georgetown	ar 6.25 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 Mixed.	No. 6 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 7.00	Dp 4.40
Harmony	" 7.23	" 5.22
St. Peters	" 8.42	" 5.54
Morell	" 9.13	" 7.12
Mt S'tw't Jnc	ar 9.55	ar 7.35

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE,
Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways Supt. P. E. I. R.
Ch'town, Dec. 27, 1878.
p ne ar h pres kca sp sj ap 6i

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. The Great Trade Mark. English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that

Before Taking follow as a se-After Taking. quence of self-abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free, by mail, on receipt of the money, by addressing
The Gray Medicine Co.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by all Druggists, and by all wholesale and retail Druggists in the United States and Canada.
January 24, 1879.

EMPLOYMENT.—In every village and township of P. E. Island not yet occupied, ONE ACTIVE, intelligent Lady or Gentleman can obtain a most respectable and very profitable engagement. Address, with full particulars,
D. DOWNIE & CO.,
Box 1964, Montreal.



Examiner Office!

1879.

JOB PRINTING

PROMPTLY DONE IN
GOOD STYLE

LOW PRICES!

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Local News,
Foreign News,
Political News,
Social News,
Commercial News,
Shipping News,

laid before Subscribers, Purchasers, and Borrowers,

EVERY EVENING, PRICE 2 CENTS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Quarterly \$1.25
Half-Yearly 2.50

THE DAILY

HAS A

Largely Increased Circulation

AND IS AN EXCELLENT

ADVERTISING MEDIUM

THE

WEEKLY EXAMINER

Made up from THE DAILY—a Compendium of all the News of the Week.

Subscription price only

One Dollar a Year!

IN ADVANCE.

Sent to any address in

Great Britain or North America.

Persons having relatives or friends abroad cannot do better than send them
THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.

A few Advertisements only, received.

J. W. MITCHELL, W. L. COTTON,
Office Sup't. Manager.

ELECTORS

Do you approve of falsely dating public accounts?

Do you approve of deliberate violations of the law?

Do you approve of sneaking arts to hide illegal practices?

Do you approve of members of the Legislature selling goods to, and otherwise contracting with, the Government?

Do you approve of members of the Government furnishing supplies to the Government at their own prices?

Do you approve of having public supplies paid for by the Government, if the Government does not know that the goods are of the quantity, quality, and value required?

Do you, in short, approve of a Government which pays the uncertified accounts of its friends and middlemen?

Do you approve of goods being furnished the Government and paid for though they were never ordered?

Do you approve of supplies being furnished for any department of the Government without a requisition signed by the authorized officer?

Do you approve of the extravagant Lunatic Asylum?

Do you approve of the Assessment Act?

Do you approve of pimps and spies going about to inspect your property?

Do you approve of unfair valuations and unequal taxes?

Do you approve of over-taxing the industrious and the enterprising and under-taxing the lazy and thriftless?

Do you approve of paying valuers and tax-gatherers ONE DOLLAR for every six dollars they collect?

If you do approve, vote for Louis H. Davies and his followers!

If you do NOT approve, vote for the new Government and its supporters.

UNDERTAKING, &C.

JAMES M. BUTCHER is now prepared to give close personal attention to all funerals that may be entrusted to him.

COFFINS, CASKETS, &C.

of various sizes, styles and quality, always on hand, ready-made.

"PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES."
Ch'town, February, 24, 1879.

COMMERCIAL

Union Assurance Company,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL - - \$12,500,000.

INSURANCE effected against Fire on all descriptions of Property throughout the Island.

Low rates and prompt settlement of losses.

HORACE HASZARD,

Agent for P. E. Island.
Ch'town, Dec. 20, 1878—

E. G. HUNTER,

Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Tablets, Headstones,

MANTLES, CENTRE TABLE TOPS, BUREAU AND COMMODE TOPS, WASH BOWL

SLABS, &C., &C.

Prices to suit, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Designs furnished on application.

Corner Hillsborough and Kent Streets, Charlottetown.

November 6, 1878.

RANKIN HOUSE,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

J. J. DAVIES - - - Proprietor

(Formerly of St. Lawrence Hotel, Pictou).

THIS well-known Hotel is now open under the present management; and, having been newly furnished throughout, it offers every comfort to the travelling public. Suitable Sample Rooms for commercial gentlemen.

Oct. 15, 1878—3m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y,

OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.

Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island

June, 1877—

BUY THE DAILY EXAMINER,

for the latest news—local and telegraphic.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—In last night's EXAMINER Mr. Walsh comes to the rescue of his master, Thomas Jobber Dodd, and admits that goods were supplied to the Government after Mr. Dodd became a member; but states that it was contrary to orders given the clerks in the employ of Dodd & Rogers.

This statement of Mr. Walsh is rather too thin to pass current just now. Every one acquainted with Mr. Dodd's strict business habits is well aware that the amount of goods paid for by the Government could not go out of his store without his knowledge. I would ask, where was Mr. Rogers? Was it convenient for him to be out of the way also? Truly it must be a model establishment according to Mr. Walsh's statement.

I wish Mr. Walsh would throw a little light on the mantle and register grate swindle, and inform the public how he arranged the dates (as he seems to be an expert in that business) in making out that account against the Government.

Yours respectfully,
ELECTOR.

Ch'town, April 3, 1879.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—Until you published in your valuable Daily, on the 1st April, inst., the amounts of Messrs. Dewar & McIntosh's and Mr. Corbett's tenders for the new Asylum contract, I was not aware that the difference was so small. But I, with many others, was led to believe that there were \$11,000 to \$13,000 between the contractors and the next lowest tender. Now, we find that the difference is \$2,058 of a saving to the country, supposing all things considered were equal, which is not the case. Take, for instance, Mr. Corbett's career as a contractor since he came to the Island. He has been engaged in erecting some of our best buildings; and, as far as I know, generally gave satisfaction, both to the Government and private parties. Not only this, but Mr. Corbett hired Island men and always paid them the highest wages. Now, then, if the Davies Government had not been "penny wise and pound foolish," they would have immediately called on Mr. Corbett to take the contract; and what would we have gained by the transaction? We would have had Island men furnishing brick, Island masons and bricklayers, Island carpenters, Island laborers, Island plasterers and Island horses at work. No fraudulent French drains, no sandy foundations, no hollow walls, lacking bonds, and cedar shingles put on the roofs in place of inspected No. 1 St. John pine shingles; no Government Commissioners to pay for inspecting Jobbery; no W. D. Stewart's expenses to pay to and from Halifax, to hunt up contractors; no \$3 per day for a tombstone cutter to look after masons, carpenters and bricklayers; no patched up walls, and no doors trimmed with heavy architraves, while the windows of the same apartments are finished without any architraves; and perhaps we would not have No. 2 glass, marble mantles, or a top price to pay for registered grates, besides a commission. Then if the country would have been clear of paying for discrepancy, inferior material, workmanship, etc., surely Mr. Corbett's tender would have been the lowest or most profitable to the country at large, if it was \$6,000 or \$7,000 higher than the tender that took the contract. For the money would be spent amongst us, besides the other benefits enumerated. Yet Messrs. Davies & Stewart would try and make the mechanics and working people believe that they are the friends of those people; but the mechanics can't see the point. Why, it is little short of mockery for those men to pretend friendship to the mechanics and laborers. I know it is said by some that Mr. DeBlois was equally guilty with Messrs. Davies and Stewart about this asylum. But I, for one, can't see it in that way. I think the Leader of the Government and the Commissioner of Public Works are the most to blame in the matter, one as the Leader, the other as the Commissioner of Public Works and the head of that department. And in conclusion all I have to say is that it is very little use in Mr. Davies coming out in his long speeches and, with throbbing heart for the bleeding mechanics, to wheedle them into supporting him as they are very shy of that decoy "duck and drake." Hoping that you may long be able to expose trickery and deception, I remain yours,

ONE OF THE UNEMPLOYED MECHANICS.
Ch'town, April 2, 1879.

To the Editor of the Examiner:
DEAR SIR—Nomination day is passed and the work progresses well. The grate philosopher smiled once more on the electors and told them that when he obtained the appointment of Commissioner of Public Works he determined "to do in that office as any other man would do for himself." I should like to know who doubts that now.

The Hon. L. H. Davies blew his trumpet again, but can only play one tune, that of self praise (which is said to be no recommendation) and defamation of others. He sometime ago called the new Government "blatant advocates of retrenchment," and, much needed as retrenchment was and is, may I ask when would Davies and party have advocated it had they not felt power and its emoluments slipping swiftly from their grasp. Then they were willing to do anything to retain office—lower their salaries, reduce their staff, and if nothing else would do, adopt in toto the Opposition policy. In fact, put into His Honor the Governor's mouth as their policy the very measures the Liberal-Conservative Party, backed by the whole country, have long been calling for. And, then, with the greatest effrontery, ask what the policy of the new Government is. When boasting of the saving effected by letting the public printing, Mr. Davies said a Government required the support of a press, and some pap must be given to the newspapers. As there is no pap left, why so cruelly resuscitate the Grit organ from its

semi-weakly, yet far from convalescent condition, to struggle again for a short time in support of a party self-condemned? The Hon. Mr. DeBlois' character stands too high to be damaged by the insinuations of Davies and Party. "Blood-sucker" and "traitor" were fine words for educated and pure-air men to use. Mr. Davies was over-matched, when, after being challenged and taunted, Mr. Prowse actually dared produce and read copies of correspondence referred to (which were not damaging, they say). Oh! not in the least. Mr. Campbell, too, was a thorn in their side, and Mr. Davies would not see that his day had passed and that he was only a creature of circumstance, but acted the part of the blind horse, to which a nod is as good as a wink, and, with his followers, held on to their stalls and their corn as long as possible, until the "no confidence" lash was tabled and the nine tails dismissed the Leader and his team.

No wonder Davies and party find fault with their colleagues for leaving them, or with the present Government for going to the country. The exposures that have been made gall them to the quick. It is seen that facts and figures were strange to them; of squares and perpendiculars they understood nothing; circles may have been more in their line; their policy was self first, the people must take Chance No. 2. Gritism has had its full swing here for a long time, as well as throughout the Dominion, and as Mr. Davies himself says, nothing but dyed-in-the-wool Tories will now do. Let the Liberal Conservatives, the merchants, mechanics and traders, show that they are all wool and all dyed-in-the-wool; that they can and will, on the 9th inst., place the Hon. G. W. DeBlois and the Hon. Neil McLeod at the head of the poll, and allow Davies and friends to retire to private life shaded by the matles of their greatness. I am, sir,
PRACTICAL MECHANIC.
Ch'town, April 4, 1879.

Meeting at Miscouche.

THE large and respectable meeting of the electors of Lot 17, held at Miscouche on Tuesday evening, the 1st inst., gave unmistakable evidence of the fact that Gritism has few, if any, friends in that locality. Not all the dogmatical utterances of W. D. Stewart, nor the elaborate editorials of the Grit Press, nor the assurances of Mr. Angus McMillan that the Assessment Act is strictly in accordance with Scripture, have been able to convince the people of Miscouche that oppressive taxes should be wrung from them, and the money thus raised expended in princely salaries for Davies, Stewart and their camp followers. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Lefurgey, who announced the policy of the new Government, and showed in what branches of the public service they propose to retrench. He was followed by Mr. Kelly, who promised, if elected, to assist in carrying out such reforms as would meet the wishes of his constituents; and he assured the meeting that he would employ every legitimate means to have a Registry Office established in Summerside.

When the nomination of Messrs. Lefurgey and Kelly as candidates for the representation of Lot 17 was put to the meeting by the Chairman, H. V. DesRoches, Esq., the motion was carried without a dissenting voice. The following resolutions were also carried unanimously:—

Whereas, It is necessary in the interests of the tax-payers of this country that such retrenchment as is consistent with the good government of this Province should be made in every branch of the public service; and,

Whereas, It has been clearly demonstrated in the case of the Province of Ontario that a stable government and one affording ample security to property owners can be carried on by one House of Representatives; therefore

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the time has arrived when the Legislative Council of this Province should be abolished.

Whereas, The experience of the past two years has shown that the present Roads and Bridges' Act is susceptible of a great amount of corruption, and that the money voted for any district is often distributed very unfairly; Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the present Roads and Bridges Act should be repealed, and replaced by a new Act similar to the old Statute Labor Act, making it optional with the people either to perform statute labor or commute the same in money.

A Curious Judicial Decision.

The claimant, wife of a mechanic who had been killed in a railway accident, obtained judgment, ordering the railway company to pay her \$5,000 damages, while the judge had accorded an indemnity of \$15,000 to a man who had lost a leg at the same time. Not satisfied with the decision, which appeared to her to be unjust, she exclaimed:

"What! \$15,000 for a leg! A single leg valued at three times the price of a whole man."

The judge responded: The decision is perfectly equitable. The man who has lost a leg could not for \$15,000 procure another equal to it; but a woman in possession of \$5,000 could very easily get another husband equally as good as the first.—*Ex.*

The Death-rate of

Our country is getting to be fearfully alarming, the average of life being lessened every year, without any reasonable cause, death resulting generally from the most insignificant origin. At this season of the year, especially, a cold is such a common thing that in the hurry of every day life we are apt to overlook the dangers attending it and often find, too late, that a Fever or Lung trouble has already set in. Thousands lose their lives in this way every winter, while had *Boschee's German Syrup* been taken, a cure would have resulted, and a large bill from a doctor been avoided. For all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, *Boschee's German Syrup* has proven itself to be the greatest discovery of its kind in medicine. Every Druggist in this country will tell you of its wonderful effect. Over 950,000 bottles sold last year without a single failure known.